Recipe Exchange. . .

Home on the Range

In these days of relatively high food prices, it's good to hear that the nutrient value of the least expensive meat cuts equals the more expensive cuts. Food scientists at The Pennsylvania State University report the food value of meat and milk is influenced only slightly by the animal's nutrition.

Indeed, fat content in animal products is the most variable constituent, according to Dr. Robert D. McCarthy and Dr. Barbara C. Raphael, food scientists with the College of Agriculture at Penn State. They observe that fat is directly related to diet and can vary from a few per cent to almost 40 per cent of the carcass.

They point out that feeding a dairy cow above the level required for maximum milk production has little consistent effect on milk composition. The major effect is to fatten the animal, they stated recently in "Science in Agriculture," the quarterly magazine of the Agricultural Experiment Station at Penn State. Underfeeding a dairy cow, on the other hand, tends to reduce milk yield.

In a few instances, underfeeding has been reported to drop the level of protein and lactose (milk sugar) but only to a slight extent. Farmers know that an inadequate ration results in poor growth and less meat and milk.

Lack of calcium and phosphorus in a dairy cow's ration, severe enough to limit milk production, does not change their level in her milk. Instead, the animal depletes her skeletal

reserves to make up this deficiency.

Likewise, feeding high levels of trace minerals does not significantly increase their level in milk. But a trace element, iodine, can be increased by feeding it to animals receiving food grown on iodine deficient soils, such as the "goiter belt" around the Great Lakes.

Bacteria and protozoa in the rumen or first stomach of cattle and sheep synthesize all the B vitamins an animal can use. As a result, there is no dietary influence on the B vitamin content of products derived from the animals.

However, levels of vitamins A, D, and E depend on the level in the animal's diet. Beef fat is naturally low in vitamin A while milk is low in vitamin D. Rather than supplementing a milk cow's feed with vitamin D, it is more economical and practical to supplement her milk directly. For many vears, commercial milks have been supplemented with vitamin D.

Shoofly Cake

4 cups flour 2 cups sugar

1 cup shortening Make crumbs, Keep one cup for top.

Add: 1 cup dark molasses

2 teaspoons baking soda

2 cups hot water

a little salt Bake at 350 degrees for 45

> Mrs. Dawn Gilbert RD1, Columbia XXX

Sandwich Cookies

434 cups light brown sugar

1½ cups butter 1½ cups milk

1 egg

minutes.

4 tablespoons vanilla

1 tablespoon cream of tartar

1 teaspoon soda

12 or more cups flour

Mix sugar and shortening till creamy. Add egg. Beat till smooth. Add milk, flour vanilla, cream of tartar and

soda and mix. Chill overnight. Roll and cut into cookie shapes. Bake at 400 degrees. Frost or fill.

Katie Beiler Narvon, PA

XXX Two Way Cookies 2 cups brown sugar

1 cup margarine 3 eggs

1 teaspoon vanilla cups sifted flour

teaspoon salt teaspoon soda

16-ounce package semisweet morsels Bake at 350 degrees 12 to 15

minutes. Miss Marian N. Weaver RD1

> Leola XXX

Oat-Molasses Cookies 8½ cups sifted flour

1 tablespoon salt tablespoons baking soda 8 cups quick roiled oats

2½ cups sugar 1 tablespoon ground ginger cups melted vegetable

shortening 2 cups light molasses

4 eggs, beaten

¼ cup hot water 3 cups seedless raisins

2 cups ground nuts

Reserve ½ cup flour. Sift together eight cups flour, salt, baking soda. In a very large bowl mix oatmeal, sugar and ginger. Stir in the melted shortening, molasses, beaten eggs, hot water, sifted dry

ingredients, raisins and nuts. Work dough with hands until well mixed. Add the one-half cup flour if needed to make dough workable.

Roll portions of dough to one-fourth inch thickness; cut with 3½ inch cutter. Place cut cookies on lightly greased baking sheets. Brush with water; sprinkle with sugar. Bake in a moderate oven (375 degrees) for eight to 10 minutes, makes six dozen cookies.

Eva S. Weaver New Holland RD1 XXX

Pineapple Drop Cookies

½ cup shortening

½ cup brown sugar

½ cup white sugar (may use one cup white sugar instead of brown and

white) ½ cup nuts

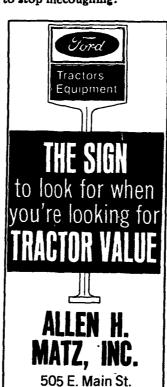
1 teaspoon vanilla

cup drained pineapple

(crushed) 1 egg, beaten



In England, dill has been used to stop hiccoughing!



New Holland, Pa.

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½ teaspoon salt ½ teaspoon soda

½ teaspoon baking powder 2 cups flour

Cream shortening and sugar. Beat eggs. Sift dry ingredients and mix in. Add pineapple and nuts. Drop on greased baking sheet. Bake in 375 degree oven, adding a few teaspoons of pineapple juice if needed.

Susan Burkholder Mifflinburg, RD1

Union Pie

1 cup molasses 1 cup sugar 2 eggs 1 cup thick milk

1 cup sour cream 1 tablespoon flour 1 teaspoon soda

Sprinkle cinnamon Makes one 9-inch pie.

Lavina Hoover East Earl RD2 XXX

Rivels for Soups 1 cup unsifted flour

Mix together till small

lumps appear. If large rivels are desired, use less flour. Add this to vegetable soup.

corn soup or just plain rivel soup. Cook during the last 10 minutes of soup or meat stock cooking time. Use with chicken or beef stock.

Mrs. Ira Davis Quarryville XXX

Whipped Gelatine

three ounce package gelatine, any flavor

1 cup boiling water 1 cup ice water

2 tablespoons sugar Pinch salt

Dissolve gelatine in boiling water. Add sugar and salt. Then stir in ice water. Put into bowl and chill in refrigerator for one hour and 15 minutes. Beat with a

rotary egg beater until very light and almost doubled in volume. Return to volume. refrigerator and chill until

Note: Do not let it chill too long before beating, or it will not get light.

Mrs. Daniel E. Wenger Stevens RD1

> XXX Steam Pudding

1 cup brown sugar egg

1 cup sour cream 3½ cups flour 1 teaspoon soda

¾ teaspoon sält

Add some raisins Put in a stainless dish in a large lettle with a little

water. Steam two hours. Serve with milk and fruit. Miss Marian Newswanger

RD1 New Holland XXX

Old Time Pound Cake

1½ cups butter 2 cups sugar

234 cups all purpose flour 3 cups cake flour

8 eggs

½ teaspoon baking powder ½ teaspoon salt

1 teaspoon vanilla or lemon extract Cream butter, add sugar

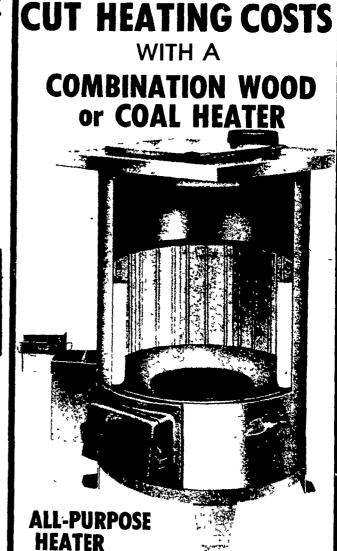
and gradually beat until fluffy. Add eggs one at a time

beating vigorously after each addition.

Sift flour, measure and sift again, add dry ingredients alternately with eggs and flavoring.

Beat mixture until it is light enough to float when a little is dropped into water. Pour into greased tube pan. Bake at 350 degrees for one hour.

Carolyn Maring Port Trevorton



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