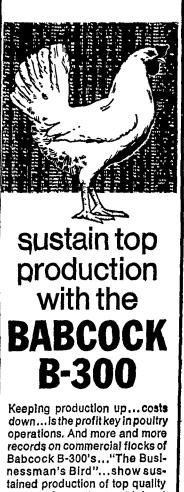
## Futures Trading Volume Sets Record in 1972 Fiscal Year

Volume of futures trading in regulated agricultural commodities reached an alltime record in the year ending June 30, 1972, continuing the upward trend of the three previous fiscal years. This was reported this week by the US Department of Agriculture in its release of data from the Commodity Exchange Authority, which supervises



eggs...often with an additional 20 to 30 eggs per bird housed over other strains. Come in... look at the records and the B-300 .... "The Businessman's Bird".



futures trading on all U.S. contract markets.

Futures trading in 17 commodities in fiscal 1972 increased 6 per cent over fiscal 1971 to a total of 126 million transactions valued at an estimated \$148.0 billion. Transactions amounted to 118 million valued at \$114.4 billion in the previous fiscal year. Soybeans, the most active

commodity, made an alltime record in trading volume in the year ending June 30, 1972 The 3,961 million transactions covered 198 billion bushels of soybeans, up 47 per cent from the 13.4 billion bushels in the year ending June 30, 1971.

Volume in the soybean-product commodities, on the other hand, turned downward Soybean oil trading of 1,365,538 contracts was a 7 per cent decrease from fiscal 1971 Soybean meal trading of 48,549,100 tons was down 23 per cent from the previous fiscal year.

Frozen pork bellies, one of the consistently high-volume commodities in recent years, ranked second in market activity during the period July 1971 to June 1972. Trading of 2,043,384 contracts was up 34 per cent from the comparable period a year earlier

Live hogs, following the pattern for pork bellies, rose substantially and made a new trading record. Volume reached an alltime high of 366,450 contracts, up 92 per cent from the 191,043 contracts traded in the year ending June 30, 1971

Activity in the live cattle markets continued at an increased rate and reached a record volume of 964,750 contracts, up a substantial 59 per cent over fiscal 1971

The cotton futures market was the largest in 17 years Trading volume reached 41,077,600 bales, more than double the 16,551,600 bales of the previous fiscal year.

Among the grains, corn continued as a large market but dropped to a volume of 7.8 billion bushels, down from its alltime record of 137 billion bushels in the year ending June 30, 1971. Wheat trading had a volume of 3 5 billion bushels, down from the trading of 42 billion bushels in fiscal 1971. Oat trading continued its downtrend. Volume of 196 million bushels was about half that of the previous fiscal year.

The futures markets for eggs and potatoes were less active. Shell egg volume totaled 374,216 carlots, compared with 523,976 carlots in fiscal 1971. Potato volume was 159,213 contracts against 238,419 contracts in fiscal 1971

Trading in frozen concentrated orange juice increased, reaching

**Poultry Food Safety Tips** 

All poultry is perishable. That's why, say Extension foods and nutrition specialists at Pennsylvania State University, you need to use care and cleanliness when preparing, cooking and serving poultry products. They recommend that you keep frozen poultry hard-frozen until time to thaw, and cook promptly after thawing Use fresh-chilled poultry within one to two days. Completely cook poultry at one time Never partially cook, then store and finish cooking at a later date. Left-over poultry, broth, stuffing and gravy should be covered and separated. refrigerated. Use these products with one to two days. For longer storage, freeze.

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132,568 contracts, compared with 116,879 contracts in the year ending June 30, 1971.

Less active commodity markets with slightly increased trading included grain sorghums and frozen boneless beef. Wool and frozen skinned hams had decreased trading volume in the 1972 fiscal year.



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