

Omaha Cattle

Thursday, August 19

Compared with last weeks close Slaughter Steers steady to 25c lower, the least decline on Choice and Prime 1150-1300 lbs Heifers steady to strong, instances 25c higher Cows weak to 25c lower Bulls steady Small feeder supply fully steady

Four day receipts 18,000 as compared 16,300 previous week and 19,900 a year ago Slaughter Steers approximately 40 per cent, heifers 40 per cent, predominance high-Good to average-Choice, moderate volume high-Choice and Prime with continued liberal numbers 975-1050 lbs steers and 800-900 lb. heifers. Cows 9 per cent, feeders 8 per cent A mild early price advance on Slaughter Steers more than offset on later sessions as one major buying interest completely out of market after Monday with labor difficulties and this decreased demand largely responsible for sluggish steer trade While the recently announced wage-price freeze created considerable confusion throughout the livestock industry, trading during period showed very little variation from normal Best demand still centered on well-finished 1150-1300 lb steers and 925-1025 lb. heifers

Average cost Slaughter Steers first three days 32.85 average weight 1079 lbs as compared 32.67 and 1089 lbs previous week and 29.87 and 1092 lbs. a year ago

Market Steers

Steers—Two loads Prime U S 3-4, 1249-1308 pounds, 35.25-35.50; High-Choice and Prime, 1050-1251, 34.00-35.00; Choice 2-4, 975-1275, 32.50-33.75; Mixed Good and Choice, 950-1250, 28.00-32.00; Good, 28.00-32.00, Holsteins 2-3, 1150-1505, 28.00-29.00, Standard and low-Good, 26.50-28.00 Heifers — High-Choice and Prime U S 3-4, 935-1105 pounds, 33.00-33.35, Choice 2-4, 825-1025,

Oklahoma City

Thursday, August 19

Estimated Receipts 8,000 Same day last week 12,248 Same day last year 10,117

Fairly active, compared to late last week, feeder cattle and calves generally steady, majority receipts Average Good to High Choice 350-750 lb offerings; fairly large attendance buyers; curtailment salable receipts due in part to general

31 50-32 75, Mixed Good and Choice, 775-975, 30 50-31 75, Good, 26 50-30 50, Standard and Low-Good, 25 50-26 50

Cows—Utility and Commercial, 21 00-22 50, Utility Dairybreds (few), 22 75-23 00; Canner and Cutter, 18 50-21 00, Mixed Cutter and Utility, 21 25-21 75

Bulls — Utility, Commercial and Good, 25 50-28 50; Commercial, 28 75-29 50, Cutter and Low-Utility, 24 00-26 00.

Feeder Steers

Feeder Cattle and Calves fully steady, supplies largely High-Good and Choice Fleshy Steers and Heifers with moderate showing Choice Heifer Calves Out-shipments approximately 1500 head compared 1800 previous week

Steers — Load Choice, 693 pounds, 34 00; High-Good and Choice, 818-1076, 30 25-32 25

Heifers — Choice, 425-492 pounds, 34 50-34 75; 712-733, 31 50-31 85, High - Good and Choice, 635-918, 29 25-31 00

showers over the entire marketing area during the past week Sales As Of 12:30 P.M.

Feeder Steers Choice, few Prime 350-500 lb 38 25-44 00, few small lots 290-325 lb 44 25-46 60 and small lot 281 lb at 50 75; 500 650 lb 34 50-37 75, part load 526 lb at 42 00, 650-750 lb 34 00-34 80, 750 905 lb 32-40-34 30; Good and Choice 400-500 lb 35 50-37 75, 500-650 lb 33 00-34 50, 650-750 lb 32 00-34-00; Good 385-500 lb 32 75-35 25, 500-600 lb 31 50-32 75, few 660-935 lb 29 00 32 00, Standard and Low Good 590-635 lb 26 50-29-00; 800-936 lb 26 00-27 75

Feeder Heifers: Choice, few Prime 350-450 lb 33 50-37 50, small lot 405 lb at 38 40 and small lot 298 lb at 39 30, 450-610 lb 31 75-35 25; Good and Choice 400-450 lb 31 50-33 50; 450-635 lb 30 00-32 00

Others: Good and Choice bull calves 33 00-38 25

Green Dragon Hay Market

Friday, August 13

Six loads hay, including One load Alfalfa, 45 00, few loads Timothy, 28 50-49 50; one load Mixed hay, 35 00

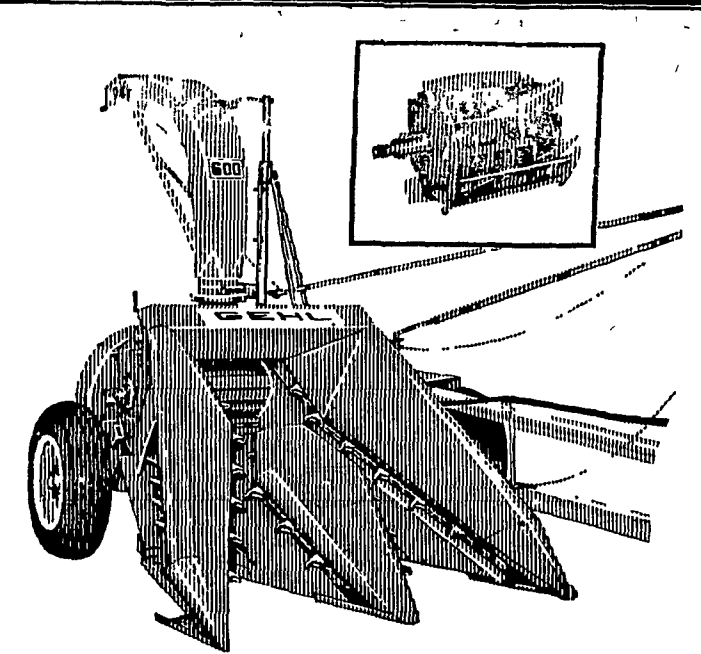
Eight loads straw, 30 00-33 00 Three loads ear corn, 43 50-48 00.

U.S. Inspected Livestock Slaughter

For the week ending Thursday, August 19

	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP
Thurs. 8/19/71	121,000	314,000	38,000
Week Ago	118,000	323,000	39,000
Year Ago	117,000	289,000	39,000
Week To Date	476,000	1,286,000	153,000
Same Period Last Week	467,000	1,273,000	155,000
Same Period Last Year	463,000	1,168,000	157,000

Estimated daily livestock slaughter under Federal Inspection.



INSTANT SHORT CUT

New Cylinder-Screen Chopper

New cylinder-screen cutting mechanism assures short, uniform chopping on the new Gehl "600" forage harvester. Powerful blower whips crops to the back of the box or into the silo. No feeder apron. Unit is shorter, front to back. Tough three-inch diameter shaft whirls cylinder at 1000 RPM. Six 21-inch long knives. 120 sq in throat area, 374 sq. in. screen area. Standard tungsten-carbide faced knives and cutterbar. . . built-in knife sharpener. Three attachments available: hay pickup, one-row, and a two-row that handles both wide and narrow rows

GEHL®
Gets into your system

FARMERSVILLE EQUIPMENT INC. R. D. 2, Ephrata, Pa.	N. G. HERSHEY & SON Manheim
CHAS J. McCOMSEY & SONS Hickory Hill, Pa.	ZOOK'S FARM STORE Honey Brook, Pa.
GRUMELLI FARM SERVICE Quarryville	NISSLEY FARM SERVICE Washington Boro

FUTURES TRADING

(Closing bids as of Thursday, August 19)

	Chicago Cattle	Chicago Hogs	New York Maine Potatoes	Chicago Fresh Eggs
August	33.85	19.85		28.50
September				34.10
October	32.35	18.80		33.70
November				36.60
December	31.85	19.27		36.75
February '72	31.65	20.40		
March			3.05	
April	31.40	19.70	3.26	
May			3.86	
June	31.22	21.70		
July		21.70		
August		21.00		

Trend — Cattle are lower, hogs are stronger, potatoes are steady, and eggs are weaker

a-asked b-bid n-normal

Markets provided by Commodity Dept., Reynolds & Company

Blight Considered Serious

Southeastern Pennsylvania farmers heard reports during the past week on the spread of the Southern Corn Blight and recommendations on how to manage the 1971 corn crop in order to minimize losses from blight

Reports by Penn State Extension personnel indicated that blight is well established throughout the region, although it appears to have hit some sections much harder than others. While there are some "hot spots" where the blight is taking a heavy toll, corn in other sections is reported to be looking very good.

Overall, current projections are that there will be severe blight losses in Southeastern Pennsylvania, probably much greater losses than last year. The greater losses this year are attributed to the blight's much earlier start this year than last year. The later growing season this year is believed to have more than offset the earlier planting this spring. Also, moist and dew weather in recent weeks is considered ideal for blight.

Nationwide, however, the recent prediction has been for a bumper corn crop. The crop in many of the most important Corn Belt areas is reported already at or near the harvest stage with only relatively minor blight loss. The USDA recently reported that corn acreage nationally is up 12.5 per cent over last year. The projection is for lower losses nationally than last year.

Including blend, as well as normal cytoplasm corn, between one third and one half of the crop this year is resistant to the blight and this is considered an important factor in keeping blight losses down nationally.

Southeastern Pennsylvania farmers have been advised to spend time in their corn fields to make certain they know

what's happening in relation to the corn blight in order to be prepared to act in such a way as to get the maximum possible feed value from blighted fields.

Extension officials have repeatedly emphasized that the crop this year may need to be handled somewhat differently than in the past in order to minimize loss from the blight.

In particular, farmers have been urged to put the most severely blighted corn into silage, rather than ensiling the better fields and harvesting the more blighted fields as grain. It is pointed out that severely blighted corn which is left in the field for grain may rot to such an extent that very little of the corn can be harvested and that which is harvested may continue to rot in storage.

Many Lancaster County farmers have signed up for various aerial spraying programs, including a helicopter service from Gettysburg. Helicopters have been working in Lancaster County.

In addition, Lancaster County Extension agents have urged the use of an blast sprayers which are already available on many Lancaster County farms. They are urging green chopping enough rows to get the equipment through the field and still provide total coverage.

While it is anticipated that several thousand acres of corn may be treated in this way, the percentage of the county's nearly 150,000 of corn is not expected to be large.

The spraying program is being urged primarily as a means of buying time when the crop is near maturity. One spraying is reported to be sufficient to stop the blight from spreading for seven to 14 days, the length of time varying according to weather, longer during dry periods and shorter during wet and rainy periods.

The spray does not eliminate blight damage which has already occurred, it merely coats the leaf surface and stops new spores from causing damage. Therefore, farmers are being advised that it's usually a waste of money to spray severely damaged fields, except possibly where there's enough green material remaining that a week or so of time could be gained to allow the corn to build up TDN for use as silage.

Where spraying can gain a week or two of growing time, the spraying can be very profitable to the farmer. Extension officials emphasized while the corn is making its ear, it will continue to have about 500

(Continued on Page 4)

Reported by Bureau of Markets Pa. Dept. of Agriculture.



A MILKMOVER SYSTEM

gets you out of the barn sooner—with more money in your pocket! It saves your lugging heavy pails of milk from barn to cooler.

- HAS MORE MILK CAPACITY
- PERMITS FASTER MILKING
- ELIMINATES EXTRA HELP
- PROTECTS MILK QUALITY
- IS 100% SELF-CLEANING
- HAS ELECTRIC CONTROLS
- FITS INTO ALL BARNS
- EASILY INSTALLED

See us at Penna. Ag Progress Days Aug. 31, Sept. 1 & 2 or at any of our dealers.

Harold R. Brandt

601 E. High St
Elizabethtown, Pa. 17022
717-367-1221

Haller Surge Service

Denver, Pa. 17517
717-626-6198

Almar Welding

R.D. #2
Parkesburg, Pa 19365
717-442-4058

Miller Surge

W. State St.
Quarryville, Pa.
717-786-7225