

# Weekly Poultry Report

## Eastern Pennsylvania And New Jersey

Prices of light type hens unchanged to the lower of times heavy and fully adequate for current processor needs. Demand fair but limited for fully adequate offerings of heavy type hens. Prices paid at farm: Light Type Hens 46c mostly 54-6c in Pennsylvania, mostly 55-2c in New Jersey. Heavy Type Hens Tfew.

## Fogelsville

(Prices paid dock weights, cents per lb., except where noted)

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 HENS, Heavy Type 5 1/2 17.  
 PULLETS 19 32 26 30 ROASTERS 6 28. DUCKS 8-30 1/2 26-30 1/2. DRACKES 12 40 1/2 37 1/2 40 1/2. RABBITS 15.99 19 25  
 GUINEAS 70-77 PIGEONS (per pair) 90 3 15 90 1 15

TOTAL COOPS SOLD 734

## HAY PRICES

For Southeastern and South Central Pennsylvania  
 September 28, 1970

All hay No 2 and better, prices paid by dealers at the farm, price per ton

Hay and Straw steady  
 Alfalfa 28 00-40 00  
 Timothy hay 20 00-30 00  
 Mixed hay 20 00 35 00  
 Straw 23 00-30 00,  
 few sales to 35 00

Mulch 10 00 20 00  
 Reported by Bureau of Markets  
 Pa. Dept. of Agriculture.

## Delmarva

Ready to cook movement continues but and disappointing especially in those where distributors will be closed Thursday in observance of Hebrew Holy Days. Offerings remain burdened in most quarters with prices forced for quick clearances in instances. Live supplies burdensome with weights continuing heavier than desired.

Pool trucklot prices for Thursday arrival in the New York area:

US Grade A 25-28 Mostly 26-26 1/2  
 Plant Grade 24-26 1/2 Mostly 25-25 1/2  
 Special packs including 1 3/4-2, 3 1/2 = sizes Tfew.

## Lancaster

(Continued from Page 2)

FEEDER STEERS — Choice 950 1050 lbs 28 85-29 35 Good 950-1000 lbs 26 75 27 50 1st Standard 23 75

VEALERS 125 — Vealers steady to weak. Standard Choice 44 00 48 50 Good 44 00 48 50 Standard 39 50 44 50 Utility 33 00 38 00 Cull 96-120 lbs 26 00 32 00, C5-85 lbs 22 00-23 60

SLAUGHTER CALVES — Choice 270-350 lbs 33 00-36 00 Good 26 00 32 00

HOGS 240 — Barrows and Gilts 25 higher

BARROWS AND GILTS — US 1 210-240 lbs 22 50-22 75 US 1-2 205-240 lbs 21 75 22 00 US 2-3 210-260 lbs 21 35-21 60

SHEEP 20 — Spring Lambs mostly steady

SPRING LAMBS — Good and Choice 75-100 lbs 27 25 27 75 Utility 55-75 lbs 20 50-21 00

# Green Dragon

The Green Dragon market reported receipts of 1.9 head of better quality cattle Friday. September 25 fair attendance with prices for fresh cows stronger, medium quality weaker.

Consignments included:  
 Load of Wisconsin fresh cows — \$420 00 590 00

Load of Penna cows and heifers — fresh 440 00 505 00 heifers — 255 00 375 00

Load of Canadian cows — fresh, 390 00 630 00, springers, 450 00-630 00 heifers, 325 00 415 00

Load of Penna cows and first calf heifers — fresh, 4000 00-550 00, heifers, 325 00-395 00

Load of New York State cows — 410 00 580 00

Local Yellow cows — 205 00 220 00

Pair local heifers — 420 00-430 00

One stock bull — 295 00

HAY MARKET SEPTEMBER 25  
 9 loads hay, including: one load alfalfa, 32 50; couple loads timothy, 22 00 and 34 00; few loads mixed hay, 25 00 35 00; one load clover, 54 00.

Few loads straw 27 00 31 00  
 One load ear corn, 42 50

Vintage  
 (Continued from Page 2)

FARM — Bulk 90-115 lbs 31 00 40 00 few Holstein Heifers 40 00 46 00

HOGS 462 — Barrows and gilts 25-1 00 lower

BARROWS AND GILTS — US 1 200-235 lbs 21 60-22 00 US 1 3 195-245 lbs 21 00 21 50

SHEEP 96 — Supply mainly 50-70 lb spring Slaughter Lambs

SPRING LAMBS — Good 50 70 lbs 23 00-25 50 Utility 40 70 lbs 20 00 22 00

# Weekly UEP Egg Market

Prices to the Producer

Tuesday, September 29 and Thursday, October 1

Region	Large	Medium	Small
Northeast	43 33 1/2	32 1/2 30	19 1/2 18
Northwest	33 34	28 27	14 13
Central West	35 32	26 25	11 10
Southwest	35 32	25 23	11 12
Midwest	40 35 1/2	29 26 1/2	15 13
Southeast	40 35 1/2	32 28	18 1/2 17
National Average	40 35 1/2	30 1/2 27 1/2	16 1/2 15

# Weekly New York Egg Mkt.

From Monday, September 28th to Friday, October 2nd

	Mon.	Tues.	Wed	Thurs.	Fri.
<b>WHITE</b>					
Fey Ex Lge	46	45	44	44	44
Large	42	40	39	39	39
Mediums	37	35	34	34	34
Pullets	24	24	24	24	24
Peewees	16	16	16	16	16
<b>BROWN</b>					
Fey Large	45	43	41	41	41
Mediums	Unquoted				
Pullets	Unquoted				
Peewees	Unquoted				
Standards	38	36	35	35	35
Checks	23 1/2	23	23	22	22

Tone — Buying still cautious. Ample amounts of Large and Mediums and some discounting. Retail orders improving in some instances.

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## Composite Report

(Continued from Page 2)

SLAUGHTER STEERS — Choice 950-1350 lbs 29 60-31 50 few 31 50 32 00 five head 32 25-

33 00 high Good and low Choice 28 50 30 25, Good 27 50 29 75, Standard and low Good 25 00-28 25 few 23 00-24 50

SLAUGHTER HEIFERS — Choice 775-950 lbs 28 50-30 00; Good 700-900 lbs 25 00-29 25

COWS — Utility and high dressing Cattle 20 75-22 50, few 22 75 23 25, Cattle 19 75 22 25; Canner and low Cattle 18 00-20 50

BULLS — Choice 28 50-30 10, Good 26 50-28 50 Utility and Commercial 26 00 29 50, few 29 50 30 00 with near 15 head 30 50 32 35

FEEDER STEERS — Choice 775-830 lbs 20 50 Choice 950-1050 lbs 28 85 29 35, mixed Good and Choice 810 900 lbs 28 75-30 25 Good 950 1000 lbs 26 75-27 50 Standard 770 950 lbs 23 50-24 35

VEAL CALVES 1625 — Vealers steady to 1 00 higher

VEALERS — Choice 48 00-50 00, few 50 00-52 00 Good 44 00-49 00 Standard 40 00 46 00; Utility 32 00 40 00 Cull 90 120 lbs 26 00-32 00 65 85 lbs 20 00-26 00

CALVES RETURNED TO FARM — Bulk 90-120 lbs 31 00-40 00 with Holstein heifers 40 00-51 00

## New York Eggs

Prices weaker on large, mediums, standards, about steady on smalls. Locally the market continues unsettled. Receipts are light and consist mainly of nearby large and medium whites and New England browns. Street trading is only fair and most activity centered on last minute pre-holiday fill-in needs. Supplies are adequate on all sizes of whites, ample and slow to clear on medium, large and extra large brown. Carton orders are fair to good with scattered advertised feature activity noted.

Try A  
 Classified —  
 It Pays

# No Tillage is nothing without a good winter cover crop.

Establishing a vigorous winter cover crop each fall is a key factor in turning out top yields in a no tillage program. This is true even if last year's crop was planted in a perennial sod. A mulch lasts only one season so a freshly killed cover is necessary each spring.

The heavier the mulch the more moisture it will trap for roots to tap next summer. It'll also keep soil erosion and surface evaporation of moisture at a minimum. There are four things to look for when choosing a winter cover crop: (1) Ease of establishment, (2) Winter hardiness, (3) Ease of killing with a herbicide, (4) Persistence of dead mulch. (Check with your seed supplier or soil conservation service for information on cover crops recommended for your area.)

Once your cover crop is established keep in mind that it doesn't pay to graze or harvest it for hay or silage. Stubble left after harvest won't provide enough protective mulch. In one university test for example, corn planted into a vigorous sod yielded 47% more than corn planted into stubble.

Why are we telling you all this?

Because we want you to know everything about no tillage farming. And that's why we also want you to use the best product you can to give quick kill and fast knock-down of any cover crop.

That's ORTHO PARAQUAT.

Proven to be the best herbicide developed for No Tillage Farming.



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Smoketown, Pa. Ph. 397-3539

## Federally Inspected Livestock Slaughter

For week ending October 1, 1970

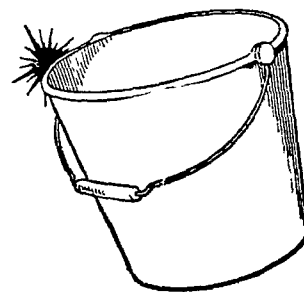
	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
First 4 days	460 000	1 315 000	160 000
Last week	487 000	1 293 000	168 000
Last year	472 000	1 206 000	166 000

Estimated daily livestock slaughter under Federal Inspection

## FREE Plastic Bucket

With each 100 lbs. BE-CO-NURSE or BE-CO-VEALER

From now until October 17th we are giving one 12 qt heavy duty plastic bucket with each 100 lbs of Be-Co-Nurse Calf Milk Replacer or Be-Co-Vealer. These products go into suspension easily, stay in solution. Clean pails show the calves get all the nutrients. Gains are rapid and efficient.



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