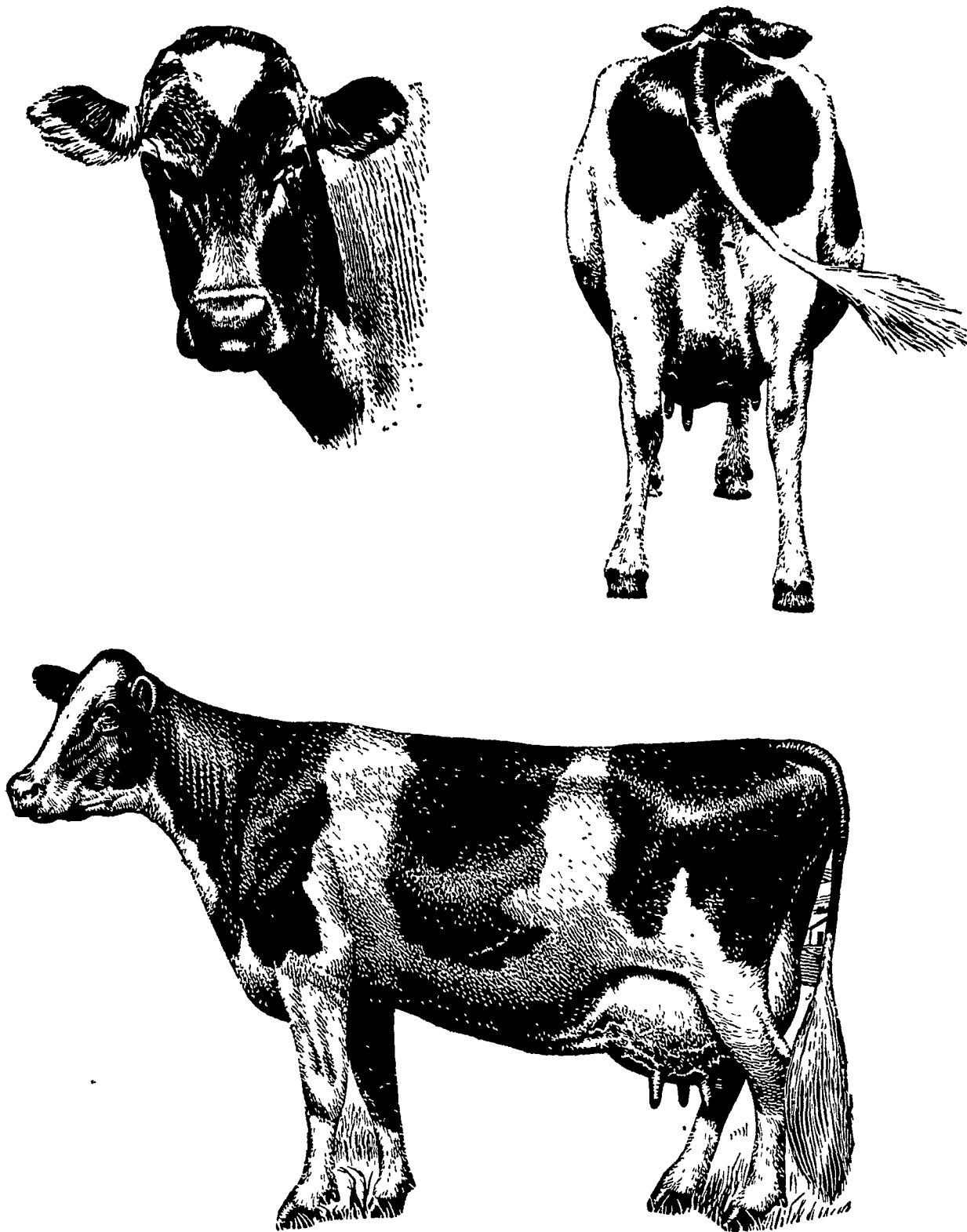


# Migrants' Services to Be Improved

**ANYWAY YOU LOOK AT IT . . .**



**More Dairymen  
Are Feeding HORNCO  
Feed Than Ever Before!**



Hornco Uni-Pel dairy feeds are formulated to **PRODUCE MORE MILK, IMPROVE HERD HEALTH,** and help correct **BREEDING PROBLEMS.** Why not check with your neighbor who feeds Hornco. Then call us direct for an appointment with our Dairy Representative.

**D. E. Horn & Co., Inc.** York, Pa. Ph. 854-7867

Improvements in many areas of services provided to Pennsylvania's migrant labor force are described in the annual report released recently by the Governor's Committee on Migratory Labor.

Clifford L. Jones, Secretary of Labor and Industry and Chairman of the Committee, said the report indicates that "considerable progress has been made during the 18 years since the committee was organized in Pennsylvania."

"Because of the concern of many groups both governmental and volunteer," the Secretary said, "conditions for migrants and their families in Pennsylvania are safer, healthier and more comfortable."

The report records 7545 migrants being employed in 33 of the commonwealth's counties during 1969—1128 of them in Adams County, 882 in Franklin and 636 in Schuylkill, the largest employers of migrants in Pennsylvania.

Seventy four per cent of the total migrant force were blacks from southern states, and the remainder from Puerto Rico.

The report also gave the following figures for counties in this area:

Lancaster, 36 camps and 36 camp operators with a total of 258 migrants, including 55 southern migrants and 203 Puerto Ricans.

Chester, 18 camps and 13 camp operators with a total of 187 migrants, including 50 southern migrants and 137 Puerto Ricans.

Lebanon, 7 camps and 7 camp operators with 46 migrants, all Puerto Ricans.

York, 22 camps and 22 camp operators with a total of 221 migrants, including 172 southern migrants and 49 Puerto Ricans.

For the first time in history, Pennsylvania farmers received more than a billion dollars from the sale of their produce in 1969. Migrant workers played an important part in harvesting a part of that crop.

Jones said the migrant program was marked by several highlights in 1969, including:

The Department of Labor and Industry inspection program was intensified. There were 965 safety inspections and 308 camp approvals during the year, the highest number in both categories since the inception of the program.

And health and dental services for migrants were increased during the year.

The state received \$322,189 under the migratory amendment of title I of the elementary and secondary school act supplemented by two existing Pennsylvania school laws. This combined appropriation helped to fund summer classes at nine locations in the state (West Chester, Cheyney, Kutztown, and Millersville State Colleges, Wilkes College, Chester, Adams, Columbia and Lancaster Counties). The children were also enrolled during the regular school terms where conditions warranted.

Jones said that seven of the Commonwealth's Departments, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and 13 volunteer agencies actively participated in this year's program.

Secretary Jones noted that through the efforts of many groups and thousands of individuals in the state, migrants and their families have been brought into a more personal relationship in the state. This, he said, is the ultimate goal—that the conditions under which migrants live be made comparable to those of other people.