

WASHINGTON REPORT

Congressman Edwin D. Eshleman

16th District—Pennsylvania



When President Truman gave the go ahead to the development of the H-bomb in 1950, the basis was laid for the nuclear stalemate which has held through the present day. Because this policy was successful in maintaining national and world security—an achievement recognized some what favorably by even the worst critics of military policy today—it might be hard to imagine that an effective attack could have been mounted against President Truman's original decision to build the super-bomb. Yet rather bitter opposition was voiced to Truman's determination and, significantly, the criticism was centered on points that should be quite familiar to those who have followed the anti-ABM position recently.

The Congressional opponents of developing a hydrogen bomb almost 20 years ago principally talked about a certain extension of the arms race. Sound familiar? One Republican Senator suggested that the United States should formally notify the United Nations that we would be ready to stop work on the new weapon as soon as Russia permitted effective control of atomic energy. A Democratic Senator proposed an alternative to the super-bomb—a \$10 billion peace offensive to end the "truly terrible arms race." A Republican Congressman said that President Truman had "muffed" an opportunity to stop the world's "mad" armaments race.

From within the scientific community came an attack centered on reasoning of a different kind. Some scientists claimed that the H-bomb was unworkable. Sound familiar? One scientist's assessment was that the "state of knowledge" was such that the "practical utility or even the workability" of a hydrogen bomb was "extremely questionable." Another said that even if a thermonuclear weapon could be built, it would be of "doubtful military value." These opinions and some like them led to a reasoning by the opposition that a huge expenditure of time and money might give no results at all, or results which were dangerously inadequate.

The strange comparisons between the anti-hydrogen bomb and the anti-ABM arguments should not go unnoticed. We may well be on the brink of ushering in another new era of policy for

Frey Cow Over 1/2 Ton Fat In 358 Days

Battleboro, Vt.—The 2,721st yearly production record exceeding a half ton of butterfat has been completed by a Registered Holstein cow, Fultonway Ivanhoe Bates 5164618 (VG) owned by J. Mowley Frey & Son, Fultonway Farms, Lancaster.

The Pennsylvania Holstein's official record of production totaled 21,910 lbs of milk and 1,002 lbs of butterfat in 358 days. She started her lactation at the age of 7 years and 4 months and was milked twice daily.

Fultonway Ivanhoe Bates was bred in the Frey herd. She was sired by Osbornedale Ivanhoe 1189870 (EX), a bull that has earned a Gold Medal Sire recognition.

Pennsylvania State University supervised the weighing and sample testing of her production in cooperation with the Dairy Herd Improvement Registry program of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America.

As but three of Ohio's 24 state-form on the Pacific

Lifetime Records By Area Holsteins

Lifetime milk and butterfat production levels for Registered Holstein cows in this area have been announced by Holstein-Friesian Association of America. The individual animals have been credited with career food production totals exceeding 100,000 lbs (46,500 quarts) of milk. The official testing program is sponsored by the Association and supervised by the state and local testing organizations.

Because of the high cost for herd replacements, cows that stay in the herd longer and achieve high lifetime production have proven to be more profitable. The Holstein Association has over 32,200 cows on file that have attained the 50 ton production milestone.

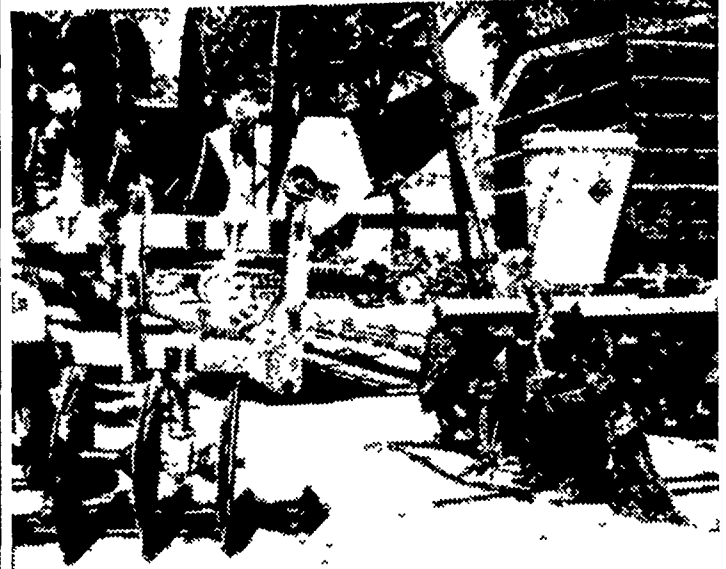
Local Holstein breeders and their long-time producers reported by the organization include:

Red Rose Leader Aibelle 525-0024 (GP), 108,803 lbs of milk and 4,045 lbs of butterfat in 2,259 days. She is owned by John

W. Eshelman & Sons, Red Rose Research Center, Lancaster.

Trout Spring Hoe Wren 5077-221 (VG), 100,942 lbs of milk and 3,905 lbs of butterfat in 2,503 days. She is owned by John E. Kreider, Lancaster.

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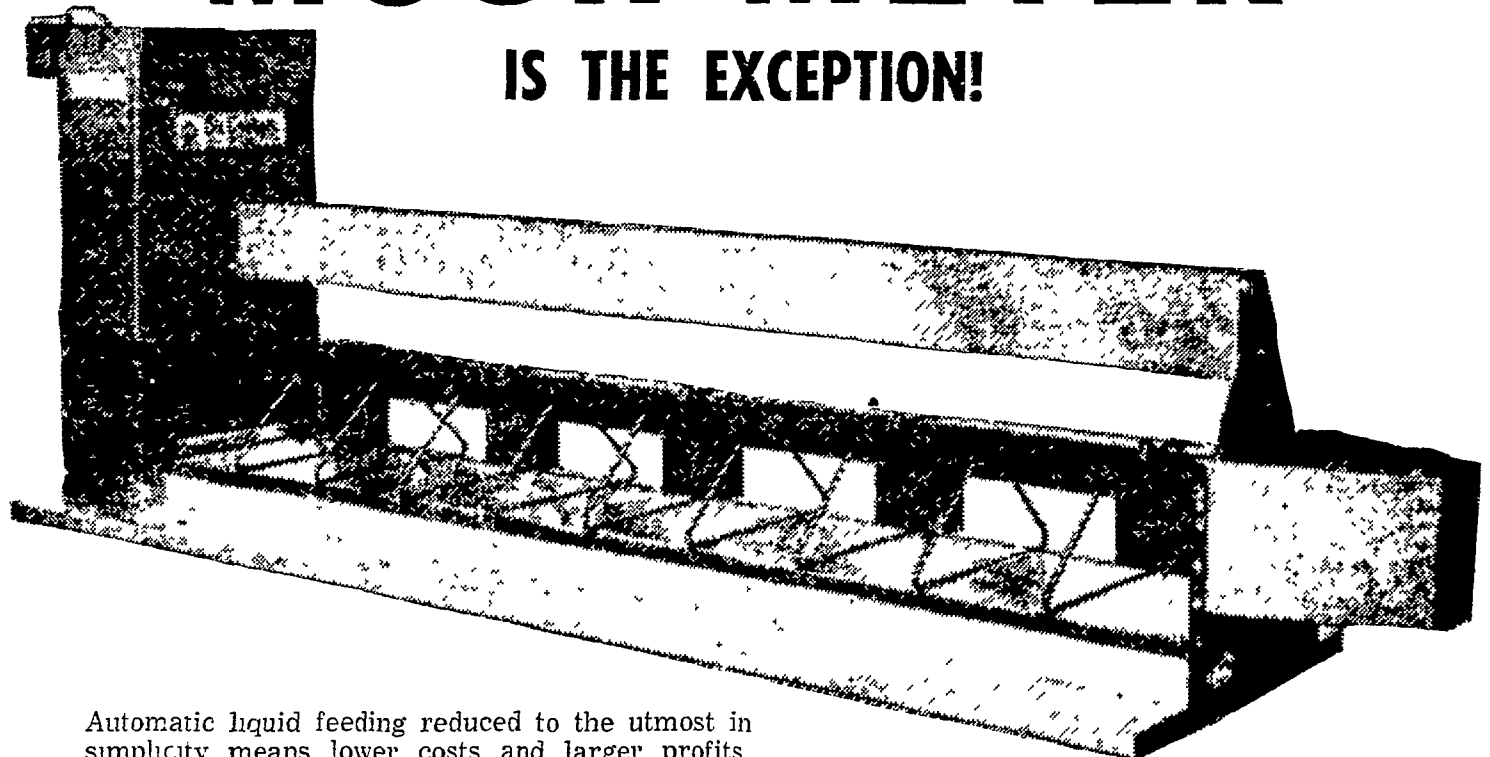
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