

Ultra-modern equipment in the new Soils Testing Laboratory at The Pennsylvania State University will enable technicians to analyze over 100,000

soil samples annually. Laboratory analysis includes pH, lime requirement, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium.

Soil Testing

(Continued from Page 13) soil type names reflect these

groups. A yield potential for group has been established." Dr Himsh emphasized.

The new program will also include a research phase, the specialist said. Computers will make it possible to automatically store analytical data. Pemodically, studies will be made using this information. These will include the nutrient status of counties and their soil types. and the relationship of potassium and magnesium. These data will be very useful to homeowners and farmers in

localized areas.
"This program," the agronomist pointed out "may now be linked with the Pennsylvania Soil Survey data to provide agricultural industry personnel, farmers, planning commissions, and highway builders with a wealth of information on our soils:"

Pennsylvania farmers were brought into the "computer age" in 1957 when Dairy Herd Improvement Association records were first processed by machine More recently, two successful programs, linear programming and farm record analysis, have been possible by the computer, Hinish said.

The Penn State soil testing program which is under the supervision of Soil Analyst Robert J. Thomas has analyzed over a half-million soil samples since the program wa initiated in 1951 The program is coordinated by county agricultural agents located in each

Sugar Is The Cause Of Mexican Deaths

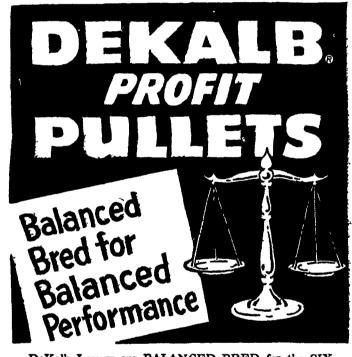
Although milk received the big black headlines as the reported cause of some 17 deaths in Tijuana, Mexico, recently, authorities now reveal that the cause of death was sugar contaminated by the insecticide parathion. It was finally discovered that the sugar used in making the "sweet bread," which earlier had been found to be the foodstuff at fault, had been stored in a government warehouse next to the ınsecticides

Unfortunately, the discovery that the bread, and the sugar, were the cause of the unfortunate deaths did not receive the same headline treatment as the original wire service stories quoting authorities as saying this poisoning was "definitely" caused by milk. It seems milk is a much bigger story!

of the 67 counties.

mal nutrition; Dr. William L. Bull, and Robert J. Thomas.

Henning, professor emeritus Those taking part in the ded- of animal science and former ication ceremonies Sept. 27 in- Pennsylvania Secretary of Agcluded: State Senator D. Elmer riculture; Robert E. Lenker, soil type names reflect these Hawbaker, chairman of the executive assistant for the Gencharacteristics, Commonwealth Senate Agricultural Commit- eral State Authority, Harrissoils will be divided into five tee; Dr. Walter I. Thomas, burg; Dr. Darrell E. Walker, head of the Penn State Depart- head of the Penn State Deeach crop within each soil ment of Agronomy; Dr. John partment of Horticulture; Dr. W. Bratzler, professor of ani- Hinish; Dr. Larson; Secretary



DeKalb Layers are BALANCED BRED for the SIX PROFIT FACTORS that make for success in your poultry operations-High Livebility-Longevity of Lay -High Egg Production-Top Interior Egg Quality-High Feed Efficiency-Superior Shell Strength and Proper Egg Size.



Chix, Inc. 40 Donegal Springs Rd. Mt. Joy Phone 653-1102 **DeKalb York Hatchery** P. O. Box 265 Hellam Ph. 255-7741

Sales & Service

Elmer Glick Smoketown 768-3962

Lester B. Good Ephrata . 733-7671

September Milk **Production**

rential rains at times but this and 1965. ran off rapidly and had little

mature. Early planted corn is 65 average. ed this year to fill silos, and erage.

diversion will be from silage

to grain.

Milk cows on Pennsylvania farms during September pro-Below Year Ago duced 532 million pounds of milk — a decline of 14 million pounds from September 1966, Soptember was generally a according to the Pennsylvania pleasant month with summer Crop Reporting Service. Seplike temperatures during the tember milk production was 24 day and mostly cool nights. million pounds below the 1961-Most areas received several 65 average, and 27 million light rains during the month. pounds less than the record Some areas had virtually tor high for the month in 1962

The number of milk cows on Pennsylvania farms in Sep-Prospects for a huge corn tember averaged 734,000. Milk crop for the State improved cow numbers are down approxthroughout the month. Each imately three percent from warm day and each night with- September 1966 and 14 perout a general frost helped corn cent from the September '961-

now generally mature. During August production per cow the month ensilage corn and was 725 pounds or five pounds corn for grain made excellent above September 1966 and 69 growth. Fewer acres are need- pounds above the five-year av-

IT PAYS TO

"RITCHIE-LINE"

YOUR FARM

THRIFTY RITCHIE **AUTOMATIC LIVESTOCK WATERERS**





73 Waterers in 27 Models For Every Farm Need INSURES water warmed in winter and pipe-line cool in summer. Use in Lot or in & Fenceline.

'Round the Clock They Make Money For You! Come In Today

LESTER A. SINGER RONKS, PA. 687-6712



Speedy roof rafters guarantee easy, proper placement of 190f panels the first time. Rafters add great strength to the roof. Panels need only to be bolted together in three places. It's another big time-saving feature you get only in Speedy Bar-Lok corn cribs.

Stands up best-lasts longer Wire mesh panels are 5-gauge wire - thick as a 1/4" bolt! No bulge or sag. Sturdy 26-gauge galvanized roof is securely anchored to 9 steel roof rafters and side panels. Can't blow off!

Come in today and see the Speedy Bar-Lok corn crib. Let us prove to you that Speedy is twice as fast - twice as easy to erect. I et us show you all the other features that make Speedy Bar-Lok your best corn crib buy.

GRUMELLI FARM SERVICE

Quarryville