Beacon Feeds (Continued from Page 1)

James Campbell will continue as production manager at the expansion in satellite feed

York plant, it, was announced. locations, which will number Beacon operated as a single ten when the newest unit at thing seldom stand for much.

it purchased feed manufacturing facilities at Eastport, N.Y. merged with Spencer Kellog general manager of Beacon's Three years later the Ander. & Sons, Inc. in 1957, and be-york area, That position is son Grain & Feed Co. at York came a part of Textron, Inc., now held by James A. Price. was purchased. When the latter acquired the In 1961, Beacon began its merged firm in 1961.

People who fall for every-Philadelphia, New York is com-

meeting new ideas, as well as cost

OL CONCRETE PRODUCTS. INC.

plant unit from 1920-1945, when pleted next year.

The original Beacon

Co.

Lancaster Farming, Saturday, November 5, 1966-9

Yost Cow And when the latter acquired the Greiner Herd, **DHIA Leaders**

Leading in the latest monthly report of the Red Rose Dairy Herd Improvement As-sociation of Lancaster County were a registered Holstein cow owned by John S. Yost, Kinzers R1 and the 19-head herd of registered Holsteins owned by Stanley Greiner, Manheim R4. The Yost cow completed the

highest September lactation producing 22,097 lbs. of milk and 892 lbs. of butterfat. Second high cow tested for 305 days was owned by Amos B. Lapp, Gordonville R1. This registered Holstein had 18,805 lbs milk and 874 of fat.

Completing the highest monthly lactation, the Gieiner heid averaged 1447 lbs of milk and 58 lbs of butterfat.

Runnerup for the month was the 353-head herd of registered Holsteins owned by John S Shally Manhaim B1 with S Shelly, Manheim R1, with an average of 1402 lbs of milk To Farmers In and 55 lbs. of butterfat,

Education is what you reyou learned.



Dr. Kenneth Goodwin, recent ly named head of the Poultry Science department at Penn State University.

Feed Grain Plan

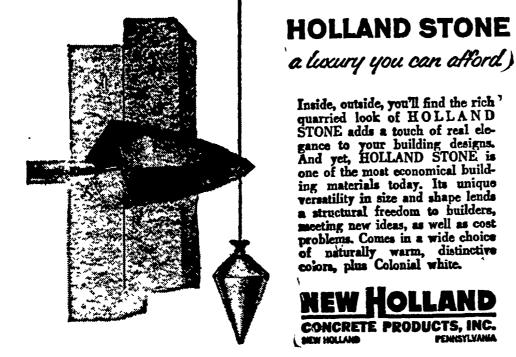
Advance payments to faimmember after you forgot what ers participating in the feed grain piogram will be continued in 1967, the U S Department of Agriculture announced this week

In the past advances were made only from diversion pay-ments Since diversion payments are being authorized only on small farms in 1967 50 percent of the price-support payment may be advanced to other farms On small faims, 50 percent of both the diversion and price-support payments may be advanced

To obtain an advance payment, the farmer applies for it at the time he signs up to rarticipate in the program, The dates for signup in 1967 have not been set but will be announced well before planting time. Advance payments are an important source of capital for farming operations. Price-support payments for corn are computed at the rate of 30 cents a bushel times the farm's projected yield on 50 percent of the farm's base acreage for corn For grain sorghum, the calculation is the same except that the rate 18 53 cents per hundredweight. Projected yields will average a little higher nationally in 1967 than in 1966

The diversion payment for small farms (farms with feed grain bases of 25 acres or less) will be equal to 20 percent of the total support for the first 20 percent of base acreage daverted and 50 percent of sup-

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NEW HOLLANS

Turkeys supplied by Buy Right Thriftway Markets Inc. - All Lanc. Co. turkeys.

B.F.Goodrich Snow Tires mean

