(Continued from Page 1) Susquehanna River. Among the a

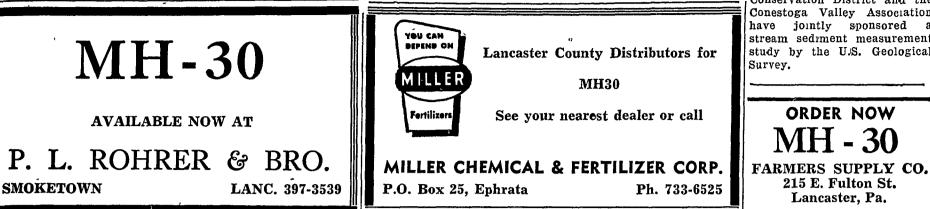
Conestega at the same time. point problem areas and sug- tion, fish and wildlife conser-

Corps of Engineers and other agencies could be interested in marking their surveys of the noint problem areas and sug- tion, fish and wildlife ronser-studies in the Swatara Creek, The cour-Studies of the tributaries gest possible solutions and al- vation, irrigation and duain- and is committed for surveys ment" within the basin and said.

Among the aspects that can McKeever said the study be investigated are flood conLancaster Farming, Saturday, July 13, 1963-

'McKeever's agency has al- vania and a New York State

The county has already apwill be incorporated into one ment?' within the basis and as all soil conservation, he Within the basis and soil conservation, he within the basis and soil conservation. Wyalusing Creek in Pennsyl- the Lancaster County Soil Conservation District and the Conestoga Valley Association have jointly sponsored a stream sedment measurement study by the U.S. Geological Survey.



# THE WATCHWORD THIS SEASON IN TOBACCO IS QUALITY

Here's how to get it from your MH-30 treated crop

### **SPRAY ONLY AT FULL FLOWER**



NOT NOW ...

There's a right time for spraying and a wrong time. The button stage (early flower bud) is the wrong time. All MH-30 labels and literature stress the correct time to apply, proper equipment and spray procedures. Be sure by following the label instructions.



HOLD IT...

Don't jump the gun. This is the early to mid-bloom stage. Hold off till the right time, and you'll get sucker control like you've never seen before, and a quality leaf that will bring top dollar.



#### **OK, NOW!...** Go to it. Most of the plants have flowers showing a brownish tinge and are starting to drop petals. Now

is the time to spray-but go easy. 1 pint MH-30 for every 1,000 plants, or 1 gallon for every 8,000 plants. Spray and then top or else top first and spray within 24 hours.

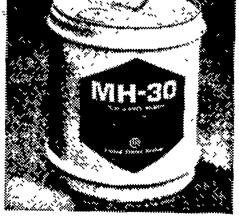
## WAIT-DON'T HARVEST TILL FULLY RIPE



MH-30 suckered plants take longer to ripen because there are no suckers to sap strength from the leaf. MH-30 may prematurely turn your top 4-6 leaves yellow. This is not an indication of ripeness, nor does it affect the quality. You can tell when your MH-30 treated tobacco is ripe by:

a. Leaving some untreated plants as a guide.

b. By taking one of your upper leaves and bending it between your thumb and forefinger. If the leaf cracks crisply, your tobacco is ripe. Harvest mature tobacco for a high-quality leaf whether MH-30 is used or not. By application of MH-30 at the proper time and rate, you can be sure your. tobacco will "field-ripen" without deterioration or loss of leaf. Follow these and other proper practices you know about and you will grow fine quality tobacco.



### MH-30 Use Not Restricted

The recent ruling of the U.S. Department of Agriculture does not oppose or discriminate against grower use of MH-30 for tobacco sucker control. The Department emphasized, the importance of all proper cultural practices.



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