by Donald W Burtor Assoc Dairy and Livestock Extension Specialist University of Delaware

Take a look at your calving records. Are your cows calving to it is month intervals? It so then you may be keeping. \$10 by missing one breeding adequately to maintain thrift can also have more calves to many cows

ms intervals n of production for longer and less burn space n 11 months following shemme Additional time and the 12 month interval resents a loss of profitable

11 month schedule

daximum production de- it requires seven years for a ids upon regular 12 month low to complete six lactations letence. To treshen regular Records By refreshning every 12 each year the cow must dewithe average calving in-months you can produce more liver her calf in a normal man- 15 months of use il tot all cows in Delaware milk more calves for heid 1e- net return to breeding condit note than 14 months. Few placement return more new ion rapidly, and conceive plets breeding records include is maintain a probable profit with less feed less labor promptly when bied. This is in a heat periods services su

> A simple matter of mathematics will tell you it you're dinyman can do to help selling milk for \$4.50 per hundred weigh. The avera exaccurate heat detection daily production of a cow pro-

worth \$1.48 If the con loses 21 days in her calving interval. it represents a sizeable loss to breedinyou. Even though the cow is not div during this lost time her production level will probperiod

Management makes the dufa bis order

2) alloy at least 60 days ducing 10 to the period is test after calving before the will avoid long an interest of

Lancaster Farming, Saturday, June 2, 1962—13

interfere with normal repro- take full advantage of high duction such as Brucellesis

and vigor

5) follow a good calf ann heifer raising so that heifers are large enough to breed at

he keep accurate and comused calving lites and inv Here are some things the difficulties noted and

7) consult a competent vet-1) Proceeding attention to eliminar it there we any unusual conditions

Attention to these detuis

periods of low production at 3) contro diseases which the end of lactition. You can milk pinces by getting peak select herd replacements from.

Farm Mortgages Are Doubled In Ten Years

Between 1919 and 1959, the Herase size faim moitgages increased more than 100 percent--from \$4,500 to \$10,050, according to a report issued todis by the I S Department or Asticulture

The average term of farm mettgages lengthened from \$ 5 to 107 years, and the average interest rate increased from + 73 to 5.41 percent

Lenders varied in both term and interest rate for loans. or example mortsase loans nade by the insurance companies and Federal land banks were senerally larger and ou the average had longer terms and lower rates than loans made by other lenders, while banks and some of the miscellaneous lenders specialized in relatively small short-term, hish-interest-rate loans

These are some of the findmas of a study made by a specialist in USDA's Economic Research Service in which he analyzed data on 55000 tarm mortgages obtained by managers of the Federal land bank associations county reconders insurance companies, and others from actual recordings made in the first quarter of 1959

Some 1 600 simple countres representing every state except Aliske and Hawan were in cludea

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