ancaster Farming, Saturday, September 30, 1961-5 out how cows and sheep

(etosis May Be Space Traveler III Iniversity Researcher Reveals

It is possible that future logy engaged in the use of ace travelers may suffer radioisotopes in the study of Kronfeld explained that Kem ketosis if forced to metabolic diseases of cattle tosis occurs in both man "hornate" on long jour- at the New Bolton Center and animals when the body pys, said a professor of of the University of Penn- fails to make proper use of armacology studying the sylvania School of Veterni- glucose It also occurs, he sease this week.

manage to get along with such a little bit of glucose in their body cells."

Speaking during the Conference on Animal Diseases and Ground Breaking ceremonies for a new clinic and dormitory at the center, Dr. ary Medicine near Kennet said, when animals are fast-Dr David Kronfeld, assis- Square, said Wednesday, "It ing or exercising severely, at professor of pharmaco- is important that we find and also in connection with

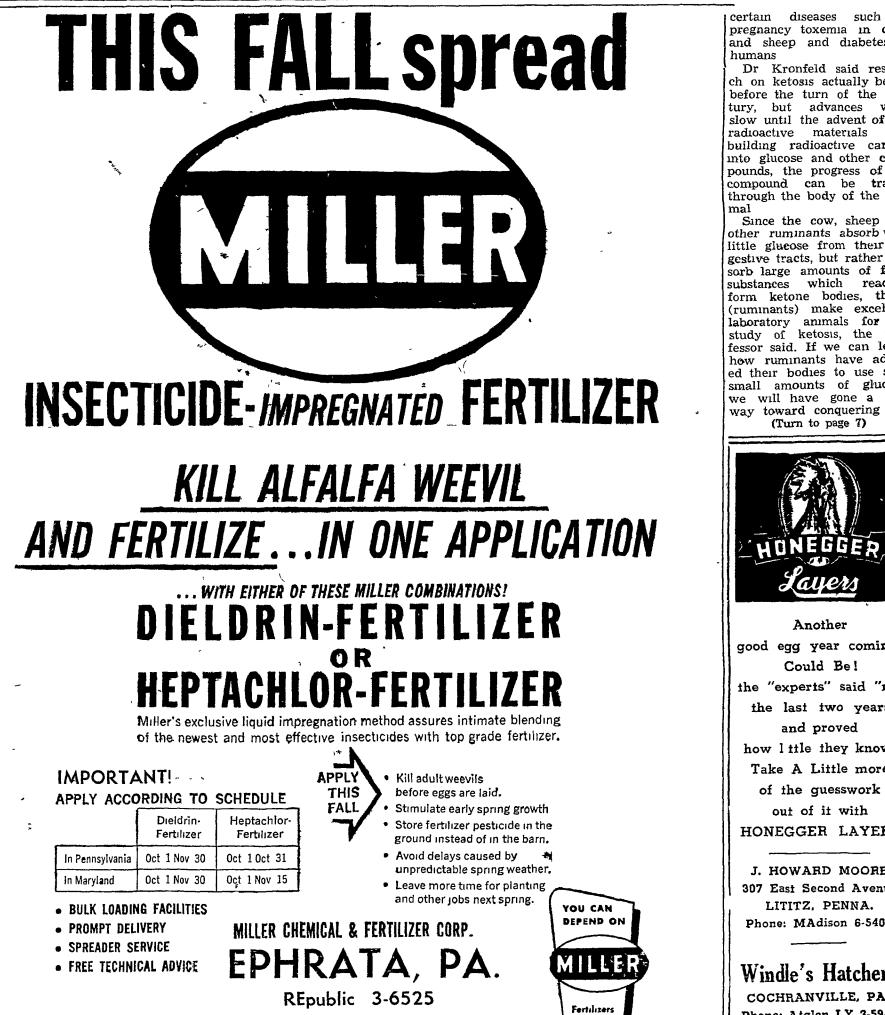
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EXAMINING A "SNORTER" DWARF Angus at Animal Disease Conference and Ground Breaking ceremonies for a new clinic and dormatory at the University of Pennsylvania's School of Veterinary Medicine Rehearch Center near Kennett Square are, L to R, Dr J Ellis Crow-shaw, associate in anatomy, William Reid, Oxford R1, Dairyman, and Chester County Agent, Robert Powers The helfer in the picture is two years old. She shows the typical shortened face and distended belly associated with dwarf Research at the school is concerned with developing a test which will identify cows and bulls carrying the recessive genes which produce dwarf offspring. -L .F Photo

> certain diseases such as pregnancy toxemia in cows and sheep and diabetes in

Dr Kronfeld said research on ketosis actually began before the turn of the century, but advances were slow until the advent of the radioactive materials By building radioactive carbon into glucose and other compounds, the progress of the compound can be traced through the body of the ani-

Since the cow, sheep and other ruminants absorb very little glucose from their digestive tracts, but rather absorb large amounts of fatty substances which readily form ketone bodies, they (ruminants) make excellent laboratory animals for the study of ketosis, the professor said. If we can learn how ruminants have adapted their bodies to use such small amounts of glucose, we will have gone a long way toward conquering dua-



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