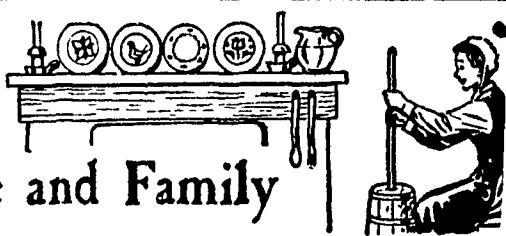


For the Farm Wife and Family



Efficiency in Housekeeping

FLOORS

Cleaning your floors regularly rather than letting them build up into one big job can pay off in dividends in the long run. Floors need to be kept clean so that grit and lint aren't ground into the floor. This will help to keep your floors from looking dingy.

Regular cleaning also will give them the protective finish that makes cleaning easy. It is much less expensive to give your floor frequent care than to renew its appearance after it has become scratched and dull. The type of wax you use depends on the wear and tear on your floor.

Floors waxed with a water base wax should be done at two to eight week intervals. If you clean, wax and polish your floors, they will last anywhere from one to three months. Paste wax should last on a floor between one and six months.

Coats of wax will build up on your floors when you use self polishing waxes repeatedly and it isn't worked off by wear and tear or ordinary cleaning. This wax often yellows or darkens your floors. To prevent this wax "build up", use thin coats of wax. Wax your entire floor one time and the next time, just wax the traffic lanes. Remove wax coating after a certain period of time.

You should be able to remove some of this wax through ordinary wear and cleaning. Special wax removers have been developed and are on the market, but you need to be careful in using these and follow the directions carefully.

Hard scrubbing will also take off part of the polishing type wax, but you'll probably have to use turpentine to take it off completely. If you use steel wool to remove the wax, be sure to use plain steel wool rather than pads that have been prepared for kitchen use.

RUGS

The findings in a recent study of vacuum cleaning of all wool rugs all wool medium to high grade wiltons and and velvets - may be helpful to homemakers at this season when much dirt may be brought in from outside.

Manufacturers of vacuum cleaners advise emptying the dust bag after every cleaning but this is not always done in home practice. The study emphasized that cleaning efficiency declines as the bag fills with dirt.

All air entering the cleaning nozzle must be drawn thru the bag, and as the bag fills with dirt, less air—and less dirt—are drawn in. However, keeping the bag free of dirt is more important to the cleaning efficiency of some vacuum cleaners than others, the study showed.

Twelve different cleaners were used in the study—four sweeper cleaners of different makes, four canister cleaners, and three horizontal tank cleaners. With one make of cleaner, the cleaning efficiency dropped only 9 per cent as the bag filled, while another showed a 31 per cent drop.

Sweeper-type cleaners removed more dirt from rugs in the test than other types (The newer canister cleaners with a rotating power driven brush in the nozzle were not included in the test.)

study showed that the most dirt was removed during the first runs of the cleaners—the first 12 minutes with a 9 by 12 rug; increasing amounts of dirt were removed as the time increased.

Most homemakers know that some rugs are easier to get clean than others. In a close woven pile rug, dirt may become so deeply embedded that vacuum cleaning will not remove all of it; periodic cleaning by professional rug cleaners is recommended in such cases.

WALLS

Washing walls with a mild soap and warm water seems to do as good a job as powdered detergent cleaners, according to a recent U S Department of Agriculture research. When you have stains that have stood for sometime you may need to use a mild scouring powder.

All three cleaning methods tested on 11 different wall materials showed that either the soap or detergent cleaner worked well on all types of walls.

Some walls washed more easily than others but wall-papers were the hardest to clean. Even washable papers were harder to get clean than any of the six kinds of paint tested.

Gloss, semigloss and one-coat paints rated good in soil resistance and were easy to wash. So did rubber-base and casein paint. Flat paint soiled easier and was harder to wash.

Wallboard materials made with a baked-on gloss paint, laminated plastics and wall tiles were all highly resistant to stains and easy to clean. The soap and water or detergent cleaner solution both washed these surfaces easily.

Stains that gave the most trouble on wall surfaces were ink, lipstick, crayon, shoe polish, mustard and shaving cream. Usually it took a mild scouring powder to remove these.

IRONING

Even with modern fabrics there seems to be some ironing that needs to be done. If it still seems to take too much time, you might look for some ways to cut down on ironing.

Start by taking time to hang things straight on the line so they will come off as smooth as possible.

If you use a dryer, you'll learn to dry clothes until they are just right for ironing or to fold. Too much drying just puts in lots of wrinkles.

WHAT KIND OF KLOOR WAX TO USE?

Waxing your floors can

SUPER
Self Service
SHOES
220 W. KING ST.
Lanc. Co.'s Largest
Shoe Store
All 1st Quality
SUPER LOW PRICES

Need ...

HAY-STRAW-EAR CORN

Buy Now and Save!

More and more farmers are buying from us for better value and all around satisfaction.

Delivered — any quantity

Phone Strasburg OV 7-3211

ESBENSHADE TURKEY FARM
PARADISE, PA.



The Directors, Officers and Employees wish Everyone

A

Happy and Prosperous
New Year

FIRST FEDERAL
Savings and Loan
ASSOCIATION OF LANCASTER



25 North Duke St.
Phone EX 7-2818



Gilbert H. Hartley
Treasurer

Emlen H. Zellers
Secretary

Geo. L. Diehl
Asst. Treasurer

James N. Esbenshade
Asst. Secretary



Season's
Very
Best

GREETINGS TO ALL OUR FRIENDS EVERYWHERE

WE SINCERELY APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE



SETTING THE PACE
IN SERVICE TO
AGRICULTURE 1934-1959

OWNED and CONTROLLED
by Lancaster County FARMERS

Lancaster
EX 4 0541

Manheim
MOhawk 5-2466

New Holland
ELgin 4-2146

Quarryville
STerling 6-2126