

W. G. Robinson, Kreamer, President Of Keystone Poultry Federation

UNIVERSITY PARK, Pa. — The Pennsylvania Poultry Federation elected new officers and directors at its annual summer conference at the Pennsylvania State University June 18-20.

Federation president is William G. Robinson of Kreamer. First vice president is Lawrence E. Kegerreis of Palmyra. Second vice president is George H. Schroeder of Honesdale. Re-elected secretary was Donald L. Baker of Lewistown RD 1. The new treasurer is Ray Morgan of Reedsville RD 1.

Elected directors-at-large were John Copenhaver of Elizabethtown, William Myers of Myers-town RD 1, George H. Schroeder of Honesdale, and John Wilson of New York. New directors appointed by county associations are Orville R. Carver of Friedens RD 1, and Charles Phillips of Pillow.

THE PENNSYLVANIA Poultryman of the Year title went to George M. Anthony of Strausstown, prominent poultryman who was president of the Federation from 1951 to 1953. The Anthony farm of 650 acres has 30,000 white leghorn breeding hens and produces nearly one million chicks yearly.

Anthony had the winning pen in the Pennsylvania Egg Laying Contest in 1952 and 1955. His pen of two-year-old hens set a world record for egg laying by old hens at the Hunterdon, N. J., Egg Laying Test a few years ago. The Anthonys have three sons: Gilbert, Donald, and Barry.

"**POULTRY PROFIT** pointers" was the subject of a panel moderated by Carl O. Dossin, Pennsylvania Poultry Extension Specialist. Kyle Trout of HyCross Hatchery, Doylestown, developed a three part program to conserve the bred-in potential of the chick. Maintaining good intestinal health accounts for 50 per cent of the results obtained in rearing. Minimizing competition among birds by supplying adequate feed and water space is 30 per cent of results, the balance comes from the feed for growth and production.

Ned L. Clark, Shamokin feed dealer reported results of caponette production in Northumberland County. Cleve Hastings of Miller and Bushong, Rohrerstown, emphasized the need for attention to small details in management. The profit on three broilers is needed to make up a two per cent loss, this actually means five chickens are lost as profit makers. Air and water are least expensive and most neglected; attention to these and other details can help reduce losses in returns.

DR. J. M. SYNDER, Cayuga, N. Y., listed the following standards of production: 250 eggs annually per bird housed, one-half per cent mortality per month, 4.25 pounds of feed per dozen eggs. For broilers, 3.4 pounds weight in 9 weeks at 2.35 feed conversion and 98.5 per cent livability. For caponettes, 5.55 pounds weight at 13 weeks with 2.85 feed conversion. For large type turkeys, 20 pounds weight at 23 weeks with 2.5 feed conversion.

James C. Kelly, Heatwale Hatcheries, Inc., Virginia, with a capacity of 1,150,000 turkey eggs developed in part the theme, "The consumer is boss." He suggested more emphasis on year round availability of many types of turkey products, more emphasis on cut up parts of large turkeys, or production of smaller birds.

Farm Women 9 Plan Picnic For July 20

A picnic is planned for July 20 at Pavilion One, Buchmiller Park, Lancaster, by Farm Women 9. Plans were made at a meeting held at the home of Mrs. Elmer Huber, Marticville.

On the program was a book review by Mrs. Kenneth Eshleman on Pennsylvania Dutch.

Donations were made to the county project and migrant workers fund.

Devotions were in charge of Mrs. Elmer Huber. Co-hostess was Mrs. Anna Stokes.



NEW OFFICERS of the Pennsylvania Poultry Federation, seated left to right, are: Secretary, Donald L. Baker, Lewis-town, president, William G. Robinson, Kreamer; and second vice president, George H. Schroeder, Honesdale. Standing are treasurer Ray Morgan of Reedsville and first vice president Lawrence E. Kegerreis of Palmyra. (Penn State Photo)

Farmers Urged To Start Poultry Promotion Fund

John L. Rainey, director of the Bureau of Markets, suggested to delegates at the Pennsylvania Poultry Federation's annual meeting that they "develop a promotable product and find the money and people with which to do the job."

"**WE ARE GOING** to have to try for a larger share of the market, even if that trying only results in our holding our own share," Rainey said. "If we do not strive to be competitive we are slowly going to be pushed aside."

"Georgia or Delmarva, or even Maine, will not be reducing their efforts to capture a bigger share of the broiler market," he added. "Ohio the Midwest and our good friend New Jersey, will be plugging away to grab a bigger share of the eastern egg markets. We are going to have to get into gear just to stay even, let alone to go ahead in a bigger way."



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made 373 lbs. fat with her original owner. At LOCUST CROFT, she made 588 lbs. fat in her first lactation, and 552 lbs. in 260 days of her second. Luck? No!

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Chicken Chatter

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Tips On

Keeping Hens Laying in Hot Weather

1. Put lights on hens from midnight on. This allows them to eat early in the cool part of the morning. Be sure there is plenty of fresh feed available in hoppers early in the morning, even if it means filling the hoppers in the evening. I would not recommend lights on laying pullets at this time of year as it may affect production later on.

2. On yearling hens, if an all-mash program is being used, feed consumption can be increased by switching to an all-crumble or all-pellet program. Hens became lazy in hot weather and can eat more with less effort.

3. If you have a pen that gets exceptionally hot due to no insulation under the roof, try white washing the roof. Ordinarily the white wash will last over most of the hot weather, and you'll be surprised at the difference it'll make.

4. Fans really pay off. Use large capacity fans and mount them so they blow into the pen. A thermostat can be used to stop fans if weather suddenly gets too cool at night.

5. Check for lice and mites. Lice and hot weather can wreck a good flock of layers.

Many poultrymen have told us that Greider leghorns hold up better than most other strains in hot weather. This ability has also been shown in egg laying tests. Why don't you try a flock of Greider leghorns and see for yourself.

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