SPAB Coop Members to Be Paid Back Soon

Nearly \$44,000 will be paid back to Southeastern Pennsylvania Artificial Breeding Cooperative members early this month.

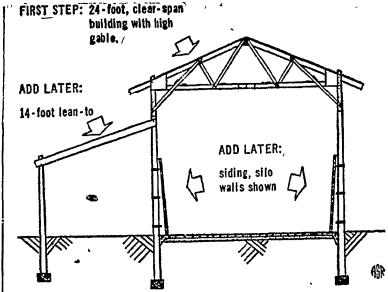
The cooperative board of directors determined that the financial status of the organizations was such that Series A (refunds on 1952 business) and Series B (refunds on 1953 business) revolving fund certificates could be redeemed for their full cash value



The Best Broiler Cross at its Best

Martin fuses the work of the nation's leading breeders to give you top quality chicks that mature early for quick broiler profits.

MARTIN'S HATCHERY POULTRY FARMS, INC. Lancaster, Pa. Phone EX 2-2164



Build the basic unit on poles treated with penta, then expand it or add to it whenever the time, labor or money is at hand. Use each "installment" as it is built.

'Installment' Pole Structure **Devised by Oregon State College**

type construction is the erection nicksen, assistant agriculture enof these pole-type structures in "installments" through the use of standard parts and details

Many different building sizes and shapes are possible in this "multicombination" construction. introduced recently by the agricultural experiment station at the soil should be treated with a Oregon State College, Corvallis,

More important, however, is the fact that any of the buildings can be.

One - expanded as the need arises.

Two - built when the labor is at hand.

Three - budgeted and built in easy stages

Four - used while you wait to expand it or add to it.

Details of the installment con-

Newest idea in farm buildings | struction of the pole-type buildsince the introduction of pole-ings are described by Leroy Bongineer of the college in Station Bulletin 557

Specifications call for poles with a minimum top diameter of five inches, treated against termites and decay. Splatter boards and other wood in contact with preservative such as penta

Farm Employees **Position Told** Under S. S. Act

When farm employees were first brought under social security in 1950, coverage under the old-age and survivors insurance program was restricted to those workers who met a rather strict and complicated regularityof work test.

The 1954 amendments changed the above test. The regularityof work restriction was removed and replaced by a cash wages test. Through 1956, if a farm employee was paid as much as \$100 cash wages by any one farm employer in a year, his earnings were creditable for social security purposes and should be reported by the employer to his social security account.

This year a further change has been made in the coverage test for farm employees. Under an amendment which became effective January 1, 1957 farm work will count toward social security benefits if the worker meets either of two conditions. (1) If the farm employer pays him \$150 or more in cash during the year (2) if he does farm work for an employer on 20 or more days during a year for cash figured on a time (that unit of time 'such as an hour, day, or week), rather than on a piecerate basis. For the \$150-ayear test, both piece-rate pay and pay based on a unit of time count and the total number of days worked does not matter; for the 20-day test, the total amount of cash pay is not a consideration so long as farm work is done for one employer on 20 or more days for cash pay.

The 1954 law did not cover agricultural work performed by workers from Mexico hired under contract or by foreign workers lawfully admitted from the British West Indies on a temporary

Under the 1956 amendments, service performed by foreign workers admitted to the United States on a temporary basis to perform agricultural work from any foreign country will not be covered by the law after 1956.

If you are a farmer, or if you gain a livelihood in any kind of agricultural or work, either in employment or self-employment, the social security law as newly amended is important to you and your family. It is well to realize that this program of social insurance is now three-fold-it provides oldage benefits for men at age 65 and for women at 62; it provides survivor protection for young wives and minor children and to aged parents and dependent husbands, it provides benefits to the insured disabled worker after he reaches age 50.

Bulk Milk Tanks Have Advantages, Disadvantages, Powers Says

The pros and cons of bulk milk | Work is saved in handling, washtanks have been "kicked around" in conversations about dairying and lifting cans. during the past few years

Here's what Chester County Agent Robert A Powers Jr says about the advantages and disadvantages of the bulk milk tank the entire tank of milk. systems

On the credit side, bulk tanks protect milk quality because of high initial cost of the tanks may prompt and excellent cooling facilities and the elimination of ticularly the small producers The cans plus time saving. Milk farmer has to wash and sanitize quantity is measured at the farm. the bulk tank, although most Less milk may be lost due to agree that it is not a difficult job. milk sticking in cans. Adequate Some changes are usually needed agitation of milk in the tank en- in the milk house, yard and lane. ables representative sampling for If the dairyman doesn't watch butterfat and milk quality. Cans milk quality closely, he may lose are eliminated, and savings made an entire tank instead of only a in initial and retinning cost. can or two.

ing, rinsing, sanitizing, racking,

Bulk tanks save time and make work easier. The faimer pays closer attention to milk quality because of the danger of losing

However, there are several objections to bulk milk tanks. The discourage some dairymen, par-



Give your chicks a Super-Start!

Your chicks should grow up to 5.4% faster on 7.6% less feed per pound of gain than ever before on Purina Startena!

Purina scientists have done it again! They have improved even last year's wonderful formula so much that you can see the faster growth-the better coloring-the extra fine feathering.

97% LIVABILITY. Last year over 11,000 folks who kept records on 2,364,891 chicks proved that they could get 97% livability. That is 97 chicks raised out of every 100 bought.

LOW IN COST. It costs so little to give your chicks a wonderful start on Super Startena. Feed just 2 lbs. per small breed chick or 3 lbs. for heavies. That is all it takes-just a few pennies-to grow big, well-feathered young pullets about 5 weeks old.



A new kind of plowshare by Oliver. Another way

New Standard-type Raydex shares make it more economical than ever to plow with an Oliver. They're made by a new, low-cost process. And the savings are passed along to you. Besides, you'll find Standard Raydex shares extra tough, extra springy and long lasting.

Raydex shares come in the grade, type and style to fit your soil and plowing conditions perfectly.

Come in and let us show you the world's most copied plowshare-Raydex-originated by Oliver.

Raydex shares are designed to run true, hold to even furrow depth, reduce draft. You can count on it—plowing costs go down when you switch to an Oliver plow with Raydex.

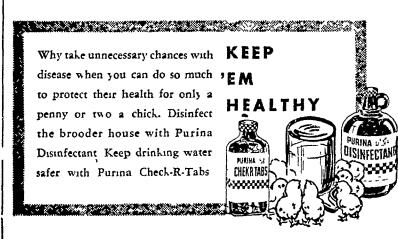


N. G. Hershey & Son Manheim. RD. 1

Farmersville Equipment Co. Ephrata, R.D. 2

> Chas. J. McComsey & Sons Hickory Hill, Pa.

> > E. L. Herr **Peach Bottom**



J. Fred Whiteside J. H. Reitz & Son Kirkwood Millway

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