Aews of the Week.

XLth CONGRESS-First Session. Senate. July 21.—A joint resolution declaring Senate.—July 21.—A joint resolution declaring the Fourteenth Amendment ratified by the vote of three fourths of the States, and therefore a part of the Constitution, was adopted. The joint resolution admitting steam plows free of duty, was passed. The Conference report on the Indian Appropriation The Conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill was agreed to; a joint resolution appealing to the Turkish Government on behalf of Crete, reported from the Foreign Committee, was adopted. ed from the Foreign Committee, was adopted.
July 22.—The credentials of Messrs. Sawyer and

d from the Foreign Commune. Sawyer and July 22.—The credentials of Messrs. Sawyer and Robertson, from South Carolina, were presented and after some discussion as to Mr. Sawyer's lovely both were sworn in. A joint resolution, the same discussion as to Mr. Sawyer's lovely both were sworn in. A joint resolution, and a foreign for a foreign the next Monday until red ing for a recess from the next Monday until red ing for a recess from the next Monday until red ing for a recess from the Funding bill were amendments to the Funding bill were amendments to the Funding bill were in, and a conference asked. The ine between the bill was considered, and also was passed, the striking out the retaliatory sport on the Pos.

in, and a considered, and alls was passed, tion bill was considered, and alls was passed, striking out the retaliatory spot on the Possistiking out the retaliatory spot on the Possistiking out the retaliatory spot on the Possistiking out the retaliatory spot of the Work and certain disk the carriage of In evening session a cheft vessels; was passed to hill was agreed to River and Farbor surface the House bill to protect the passengers of the House bill, protection of the House bill, proveys with the passenger of the House bill, proveys with the hold making awards for the of defersoon Dayis. A message from the

of Jefferson Davis. A message from the confidence of Jefferson Davis. A message from the central vetoing the Freedmen's bureau bill, was d, and the bill passed over the veto. George E. spencer, Senator from Alabama, was sworn in. A conference report on the Funding bill was agreed to. The report provides for a thirty-year 42 per cent bond and forty-year 4 per ceut. bond no commissions are allowed. The gold contract clause is structured from William Warner, Senator from Alabama, was sworn in Henry M. Watts. Eso Alabama, was sworn in. Henry M. Watts, Esq. of Philadelphia, was confirmed as Minister to Austris; also, J. B. Blair, of West Virginia, as Minister to Costa Rica; C. C. Cox, as Commissioner of Pensions; Judge Foote, Commissioner of Patents; J. Hubley Ashton, Assistant Attorney General, and Samuel Milligan, Judge of the Court of Claims. The nominations of John L. Dawson, as Minister to Russia; General McClernard as Minister to Mexico; Noah L. Jeffries, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and E. O. Perrin, as Chief Justice in Utah,

were rejected. July 27.—The conference report on the Alaska Appropriation bill was agreed to. In Executive Session the nominations of Gen. Rosencranz as Minister to Mexico, and of Charles G. Wilson as Chief

Justice in Utah, were confirmed. House.-July 21.-A resolution from the Judiciary Committee was adopted, making the pay of the Representatives from the lately rebel States, begin from the date of their elections. Messrs. Buckley, Norris, Pierce, Collins and Haughey, were sworn in as members from Alabama. The joint resolution, declaring the ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment, was concurred in. The Funding bill was passed by a vote of 79 yeas to 8 nays, in the evening session. The conference report on the Deficiency bill was agreed to.

July 22.—Francis W. Kellogg, from Alabama, was qualified as a member. A bill was passed re-

lieving the disabilities of Simon Casley, member elect from South Carolina, and also of Michael Hahn, of Louisiana, and John Milledge, of Georgia. A conference was asked on various bills from the Senate, including the Alaska bill. The bill to organize the new Territory of Wyoming was passed. July 23.—The concurrent resolution for an adjournment from Monday until the third Monday in September, was passed, after a long and animated

discussion. In the contested case of Hogan vs. Pile, of Missouri, the resolution of the Election Committee, declaring Pile, the sitting member, entitled to his seat, was adopted.

July 24.—The Senate Loan Certificate bill was reported from the Ways and Means Committee and passed. A conference was asked on the Senate amendments to the bill making awards for the cap-ture of Jefferson Davis; also, on the bill relating to a steamship line between New York and Europe. A conference report of the Alaska Appropriation bill was agreed to. A conference report on the bill to amend the Postal laws was agreed to. A bill allowing honorably discharged soldiers to secure titles under the Homestead laws in one year, passed. The Reconstruction Committee reported a bill providing for the provisional government of the States of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, which was passed. A conference committee was appointed on

the Funding bill.
July 25.—Messrs. Clift, Prince, Edmunds and Grove, members elect from Georgia, were sworn in: Mr. Hamilton, of Florida, offered a resolution for the impeachment of the President, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee. The Senate amendments to the Citizens' Protection bill were concurred in, and the bill sent to the President. The Freedmen's Bureau bill was passed over the ve-

July 27.—The conference, report on the Funding bill was agreed to. Messrs. Corley (S. C.), Tift and Young (Ga.) were sworn as members.

Treasury.—The aggregate of the principal appropriations made by Congress this session is \$161,000,000.

Bills.—The President has signed the Deficiency bill, which appropriates over \$500,000 for reconstruction purposes.—The President has signed the Tax bill, under protest, on account of its provisions

relating to supervisors.

Proclamation.—The President has issued a proclamation announcing the ratification by Alabama of the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment.

The Reconstruction Committee have appointed Mr. Paine, one of their number, to examine Gen. Gillem's report of the Mississippi election; also, a sub-committee to prepare a bill for a Provisional Government in Texas,
Impeachment.—At a meeting of Southern Rep-

resentatives held in Washington, July 22, it was resolved that the President ought to be impeached for his views expressed in his last veto message.

The President has nominated J. Eyle Dickey, of Illinois, and J. Hubley Ashton, of Philadelphia, to

be Assistant Attorneys General. The Fourteenth a mendment, which has now become a part of the Constitution by the necessary ratification of three-fourths of the States, reads as

follows: Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the States wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal pro-

tection of the laws. Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective number, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the liegisla-ture thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabi-The second secon

tants of such State, being twenty one yearly way and citizens of the United States, Tebellionion and citizens of the United Participation therein shall abridged, except for participation therein shall abridged, except for parenty of merein shall other crime, the basis of represent number of such

as araged in insurrection or rebellion against supe, or given aid and comfort to the enemies cof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds each House remove such disability.

Section 5. The validity of the public debt of the

United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and counties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, States nor any State shall assume, or pay any debt obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations or claims shall be held illegal and

Section 6. Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this STATES AND TERRITORIES!

Maine.—All the inmates of the State Prison, 141 in number, have voted in favor of the Prohibitory Liquor Law.

Massachusetts.—Hon. Charles Francis Adams had a public reception from the citizens of Boston,

New York.—There are 20,000 tenement houses in New York city.-One hundred and ninety-seven horses died in New York the hot week, from being overheated-one half of whom belonged to the horse car companies.—A convention of Fenian "Senators" from all parts of the country met at Buffalo, July 22, and held a secret session. General O'Neil was present, and General Spear was expected.

Philadelphia.—The Republican Convention to nominate a candidate for District Attorney, Messra. Mann and Hazlehurst having withdrawn, met July 23, and nominated Charles Gibbons on the seventh ballot.—The net deaths in this city last week numbered 522—a decrease 23 as compared with the previous week. 40 deaths were from sunstroke and 36 from congestion of the brain.

Indiana.—It is proposed by leading citizens of Cincinnati, to erect a monument to Gen. Harrison,

Illinois.—Chicago now claims 325,000 inhabitants—nearly double its population three years ago-The Crops.—Telegrams from a number of local

Illinois.—Chicago now claims 329,000 inhabitants—nearly double its population three years ago.

The Crops.—Telegrams from a number of localities in the States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, with two or three exceptions, announce the crops of small grains unprecedented, both in quality and quantity, and the corn never looked better. It is asserted that unless some blight should come, both the small grain crop and the corn never looked will be the largest ever gathered in the Northwest.

Maryland.—There was a terrible rain storm in Baltimore and vicinity, July 24, which flooded the city, causing the loss of several lives. The loss in the city is estimated at \$2,000,000.—Geo. W. Childs, Esq. of this city, has subscribed \$1,000 to the Relief Fund.

Carolinas.—Gen. Canby has issued an order restoring the supremacy of the civil power in the Carolinas.

Georgia.—Gov. Bullock was inaugurated, July 22, in presence of Gen. Meade and staff. His inaugural condemns the President's policy and approves negro suffrage.—Gen. Meade has suspended the proceedings of the military commission in the case of the citizens charged with the murder of Ashburn.—Gen. Meade has issued an order ranouncing the restoration of civil rule.—Gen. Willard Warner has been elected U. S. Senator, by the Legislature, for the term ending in 1871.—The House of Representatives has passed a resolution asking Congress to remove the disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth article.—The military commission for the trial of the Columbus prisoners, was dissolved, July 24, and the presoners will be released on bail. dissolved, July 24, and the prisoners will be released

Alabama.-Gen. George E. Spencer has been elected by the Legislature U. S. Senator for the term ending in 1873.—This State will raise this year four hundred thousand bales of cotton, worth \$40,000,000, says Gov. Patton.

Louisiana.—The Senate has passed a joint resolution, requesting the military authorities to furnish troops to put down lawlessness in Northern and Western Louisiana. -The resolution asking military assistance from the General of the Army has passed both Houses of the Legislature.

BY ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH. July 21.—Berlin.—Hesse has signified a desire to join the other German States in a Naturalization treaty with the U.S., and Mr. Bancroft is to arrive

at an early day at Darmstadt. July 22 .- London .- The Post affirms that if the Democratic party persist in adhering to the fluan-cial principles laid down in their platform, they will lose the sympathy which has always been felt for them in Europe,—Berlin.—Mr. Bancroft has gone

July 23 .- London, midnight .- In the Lords, this evening, Lord Shaftsbury asked if the ministers could give any information concerning the reported proposition of the Russian Government for the disuse of explosive bullets. Earl Malmsbury replied that steps were now being taken for the meeting of an international military convention, at an early day, at St. Petersburg, to consider the question and settle the details of a definite agreement. —In the Commons, to night, the bill providing for the purchase of all the telegraph lines in the United Kingdom by the Government, was finally passed.—The harvest reports from Russia are unfavorable. The grain crops in the northern and middle sections of the Empire have turned out badly, the yield being unusually small and poor.—Paris.—In the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, while the Revenue bill was under consideration, a proposition was made, by way of amendment to the bill, to restore the duties formerly imposed on all American products imported into France, on the ground that the duties on imports from America were justified by the excessively nigh tariff now imposed by the U.S. on articles of French production. The measure was strongly opposed by the free trade members. M. Mosenne, Director of Foreign Commerce, said France greatly lamented that such heavy burdens had been imposed upon French productions, but they were not disposed to adopt a system of retaliation, which would only result in injury to both countries. The amend-

nent was rejected. July 24.—London, midnight:—In the Commons, to-night, the Bribeey bill was passed.—Macao.—The entire rebel army which besieged Tien-tsin, left the Peiho river and marched south.—Japan.—The Mikado has re-issued edicts against the native Christians. Civil war continues. The party of the Ty-coon is gaining strength. It is reported that Stats Bashel had raised an army of 200,000 men, and assisted by seven vessels of war, was menacing Jeddo.
—Paris.—The Corps Legislatif was engaged to day
in a debate on the Franco-Mexican bonds.—Vienna. -The secretary and servants of Prince Georgevitch are now on trial for complicity in the murder of Prince Michael. The Prince has sent a telegraph despatch to Belgrade, denying the jurisdiction of the Court over members of his household, and de-

July 25.—London.—The grand annual encampment of volunteers at Wimbledon, was brought to a close to-day. The prizes for skill in marksmanship were awarded by Lord Napler of Magdala. other crime, the basis of the whole number of fellow, were present.—Advices from Belgrade state be reduced in proportion which State. I that the Saltenage of the state of the state of the saltenage of the state of the saltenage The Prince of Wales, Prince Alfred, and Mr. Longbe reduced in proportion whose number of lettow, were present.—Advices from Belgrade state that the Sultan of Turkey has confirmed the succession of Milan to the sovereignty of Service.—Paris.

The Corns Institute The Corns In male citizens twenty-one all be a Manator or Remale citizens twenty-one all be a Manator or Remale citizens. No persone elector for President or Section 3. No persone elector for President or presentative in Condany office, civil or military, presentative in Condany office, civil or military, presentative in ates, or unfler any State, who vice President taken an oath as a member of under the Uritaken an oath as a member of under the Uritaken of the Legislature, or having presentative of the United States, shall Congres Constitution of the United States, shall as allowed in insure each of the United States, shall as allowed in insure each of the United States, shall as allowed in insure each of the United States, shall as allowed in insure each of the Corps. Legislatif was engaged last evening in an exciting debate on the question of the Mexican bonds. M. Rouher denied that the collection of Jecker's bonds had any share in the cause of the Mexican war. Jules Favre insisted that that was the cause, as those creditors were the only ones who had received pay. M. Rouher replied that the French government only protected the Jecker bonds in French hands, and the bonds were paid by Maximilian, and that France had prevented other payment. M. Favre demanded the names of those who

received their pay.

July 26.—London.—The weather has been very favorable for the crops.—Paris.—In the Corps Legislatif a bill was passed providing 4,000,000 francs, in rentes, to be assigned as partial satisfaction to the holders of the Franco Mexican bonds.—Vienna. —Political riots took place in Prague last week. The garrison has been increased and quiet is restored

July 27. London. - A report of the forcible seizure of a Portuguese colony, on the African coast, by a British war ship, has led Portugal to send out three men of war to the place.-Lord Cranworth, the Lord High Chancellor, is dead.—In the Lords, this evening, the Bribery bill passed to a second reading, and the Public School bill was passed.—A question from Mr. Kingslake elicited the fact that England will not ask a restoration of her diplomatic relations with Mexico.—Political disturbances are reported in Bulgaria, and Turkey has sent troops to put a stop to them.—Paris.—The Budget has passed the Corps Legislatif.— Yeddo, June 30.— The for-eign Ministers here unite in a protest against the Mikado's decree against native Christians. The brother of the Ex-Tycoon is at the head of the rebellion, which seems likely to end in a division of the Empire. The rebels are advancing on Yeddo, where they have many friends.

FOREIGN, France.—A Belgian journal states that a meeting was recently held in London by M. Felix Pyat and other refugees, at which the expediency of as-sassinating the Emperor was seriously put and carried as one of the resolutions.

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For many months my hair had been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin upon my head became gradually more and more inflamed, so that I could not touch it without

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By the advice of my physician, to whom you had shown your process of purifying the Oil, I commenced its use the last week in June. The first application allayed the itching and irritation. In three or four days the redness and tenderness disappeared; the hair ceased to fall; and I have now a thick growth of new hair.

Yours, very truly,

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I send you a statement of my daughter's case, as requested.

She will have been sick six years, if she lives until the 1st of Au-

She will have been sick six years, if she lives until the list of august next.

When the hair came off she had been afflicted with neuralgia in her head for three years. She had used, during that time many powerful applications. These, with the intense heat caused by the pains, burned her hair so badly that, in October, 1861, it all came off, and for two years after, her head was as smooth as her face.

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John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall St., And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their sa fe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised agents

JOHN CISCO, Treasurer, New York. july30-tf.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice supplied Daily, to Large or Small Consumers, in any part of
the Paved Limits of the Consolidated City.

West Philadelphia, Mantua, Tioga, Richmond, Bridesburg, and
Germantown Families, Offices, &c., can rely on being furnished
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PURE ARTICLE, SERVED PROMPTLY, And at the Lowest Market Rates.

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL Best quality of Lehigh and Schuylkill Coal, at prices as low as the lowest for a first rate article.

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ORFICE, 435 WALNUT STREET.

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