Aews of the Week.

XLth CONGRESS-First Session.

Senate.-June 2.-The bill in reference to suits in the Court of Claims, was amended and passed. The Deficiency Appropriation bill was passed. The nomination of Henry Stanbery, to be Attorney General, was rejected in Executive Session.

June 3 .- Resolutions declaring that the Senate is not at any time a Court invested with judicial power, and that Senators are responsible to their constituents for their votes on impeachment, notwithstanding their oaths, were placed on the journal and printed. The bill providing a temporary government for the territory of Wyoming was passed. The Conference report on the Army Appropriations was

agreed to.
June 4.—George C. Gorham, of California, was elected Secretary, to succeed Colonel Forney, resigned. The Senate then adjourned out of respect to the memory of ex-President Buchanan.

June 5.—The bill to enforce gold contracts, was passed. The conference report on the Deficiency Appropriation was concurred in, and the bill goes to the President. The Senate insisted on its amendment to the Arkansas bill, and asked a conference.

—The Senate confirmed H.G. Worthington, of Nevada, to be Minister to the Argentine Republic, in

place of General Asboth, deceased.

June 6.—George C. Gorham, the new Secretary, was sworn in. The report of the conference committee on the Arkansas bill, making it substantially the same as proposed by the House, was adopted. The nomination of Gen McClellan as Minister to England was rejected.

June 9 .- The bill admitting the re-organized States was taken up, and amended to include Alabama, was concurred in—yeas 22, nays 21.

June 10 .- The bill amendatory of the Mail Carrying act was passed. It rescinds the section requiring pre-payment of postage between the States and Territories west of Kansas. The bill admitting North and South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Al-abania and Arkansas, was discussed and passed finally. Gen. Meade visited the Senate to protest against the admission of Alabama under the new

Constitution.

June 11.—The bill removing the political disabilities of R. R. Butler, Representative elect, of Tennessee, was passed.

June 12. The resolution requesting the President to intercede for Father McMahon's release, was reported and passed. The nomination of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, as Minister to England, was confirmed without the usual reference to a committee. June 13 .- The bill extending the time in which men guilty of capital offences against the United States may be punished, was passed. The bill relating to contested elections in Washington was

June 15 .- The bills refunding duties unjustly exacted, and for the relief of certain contractors for the building of war vessels was passed.

House. -June 3 .- The resolution declaring Columbus Delano entitled to the seat now occupied by Mr. Morgan, from Ohio, was adopted, and Mr. Delano was sworn in. A resolution, directing that a committee of seven be appointed to attend Mr. Buchanan's funeral, was adopted.

June 4.—A bill was passed relieving discharged

soldiers settling on public lands from payment of the Homestead fee. The Senate amendment to the Arkansas bill was non-concurred in, and a conference asked. In the contested case of Hogan vs. Pile, of Missouri, the Election Committee has decided that Pile, the sitting member, is entitled to his

June 5.—A conference report on the Army Appropriation bill was concurred in.
June 6.—On motion of Mr. Wood, of N. Y., the Speaker was requested to extend a public reception to the Chinese Embassy, in the Hall of the House, on Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock.

June 8.—The conference report on the Arkansas hill was concurred in. Wooley was brought in and expressed his willingness to answer the questions of the Committee of Investigation.

June 9.—The Chinese Embassy were received by the Speaker, and introduced to the members. A bill providing for the inauguration of State officers in Arkansas, North and South Carolina, Louisiana. Georgia and Alabama, and for the meeting of the Legislatures of those States, was passed. The Foreign Committe was directed to inquire whether the action of the Mexican Government in establishing free ports on the Rio Grande, is not unfriendly and in violation of treaty stipulations.

June 10.—A bill was passed authorizing a con-tract with the New York Commercial Navigation Company for the transportation of mails and passengers between New York and Bremen.

June 11 .- The Foreign Committee were directed to inquire into the truth of the reported flogging of Father McMahon in a Canadian penitentiary. resolution for Wooley's discharge from custody, he having answered the questions of the Managers, was agreed to.
June 12.—The bill admitting the reorganized

Southern States was reported from the Reconstruction Committee, and the Senate amendments concurred in, so the bill goes to the President. June 13.—The Comptroller of the currency was

requested to furnish a statement of the amount of dividends declared by the National banks, &c. June 15 .- The Ways and Means Committee were directed to report a separate bill for the taxes on tobacco and whisky. The President was requested to take measures for the release of certain Fenian

Diplomatic .- Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese Embussy were formally presented to the President, June 5 .- The State Department is informed that Dennis O'Connor, the last imprisoned American citizen in Ireland, has been released, and is on his way to this country.-The Committee on Retrenchment find that the iron-clads Oneonta and Catawba, were bought by Swift & Co., of Cincinnati, for \$755,000, and sold to Peru for \$2,000,000, threetourths of which has been paid.

Bills.—The bill making appropriations for the execution of the Reconstruction Acts has become a law without the President's signature.

Political.—The place of Senator Fowler upon the National Republican Committee has been declared vacant, and filled by the Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, of New York.

Mavy. -The iron-clads, Oneonta and Catawba. purchased by private parties to be re-sold to Peru, are dismantled and under surveillance of the custom officers at New Orleans.

Post Office.—Railway Postage Cars will, by July lst, be established on a continuous line from Bangor, Me., to Toledo, Ohio. It is asserted that when the service between Toledo and Chicago is established, there will be a continuous line from Bangor to Omaha.

Treasury.—The net total of the National debt, June 1, was \$2,510,245,886.74, being an increase of \$9,717,069.18. There is in the Treasury \$90,228,559.31 in gold, and \$43,379,120.33 in currency.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

Massachusetts.-The Senate, on Saturday, concurred in the House bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the completion of the Hoosac tunnel.—It is estimated that there are 500 bachelors in Lawrence, Kansas, and it is proposed to export young women from Massachusetts.—The ladies of Northampton, in despair of getting, proper female domestics at home, have sent to Nova Scotia for fifty of them. Rhode Island.—Senator Sprague was re-elected to U.S. Senate by the Legislature, without opposiNew York.—Gen. Grant has sent officers to litor accused of seditions writings, is still in close Rouse's Point and Ogdensburg, to inquire if Fenian confinement.—Florence.—The Pope has sent an by supposed Fenians, and one dangerously wounded.

adjourned sine die on June 6th, after adopting resolutions favoring national improvements, additional aid to the Kansas Pacific Railroad, and a reduction of the tax on whisky.—The Republican Nominating Conventions nominated Gen. Hector Tyndale for Mayor, and Wm. B. Mann for District Attorney. Sixty-four members of the District Attorney Convention nominated Isaac Hazleburst in opposition

New Jersey. Rev. Mr. Downing fell dead in the pulpit, while conducting services in the M. E. church at Westfield, N. J., Sunday week. He was subject

District of Columbia. The official returns of the Washington city dection gives Sales T. Bowen, Republican, 83 majority for Mayor. The Councils are conservative by three majority.—There is a dead lock in the City Councils. The Mayor (Bowen; Rep.) was sworn in and took possession by breaking in the doors of the office.—The Democrats of the Washington city Council demand another count of the votes for Mayor, but it is refused by the City

Illinois There have been 1123 bankrupts in Chicago during the year.—A city census, just com-pleted, aspresents the population of Chicago as a little over 240,000, an increase of 40,000 since November, 1866. The females are slightly in the ma-

Iowa The grasshoppers are destroying the growing garden and farm crops in Central lowa.

Nevada.- A municipal election at Gold Hall, has resulted in the success of the Republicans, by from 40 to 50 majority (1997) of Links 1899.

Oregon held its State election the 1st of June. The Democratic candidate for Congressman was the use of torpedoes and explosive projectiles in war. the Democratic candidate for Congressinan was elected hyrabout 1200 majority, and the Legislature is reported to be Democratic. At the general election in 1866, the Republicans had 553 majority.

The Senate will stand 12 Democrats to 10 Republicans. licans, and the Assembly 28 Democrats to 19 Republicans. The vote is nearly 22,000, being the

argest ever polled.
The Democratic Legislature just elected, does not elect a U. S. Senator. Governor Woods, (Republican), elected in 1866, will serve until 1870.

Texas.—The Reconstruction Convention met at Austin, June 1, but as yet has done no business of Importance.
Virginia.—The trial of Jefferson Davis, which

was to have begun at Richmod! June 3d, has been postponed until the fourth Monday in November. In the U.S. Circuit Court at Richmond, (Judge Chase) at Government Inspector was fired \$10,000 and imprisoned two years, for defrauding the revenue. Two assistants received a similar sentence.

Florida.—A company has been formed in Ham-

ourg, with a capital of \$200,000, for starting a German colony in Florida. It is expected that 20,000 North Germans can be directed thither in the course of two years.—Harrison Reed, Governor elect, has been sworn into office. The Legislature has not organized, for want of a quorum, the military au-thorities having insisted that they should wait until

Congress admitted Florida.

Mississippi.—The wheat harvest has commenced in Mississippi and Arkahsas. The first of the crop was in Memphis market, May 29. The first new wheat, grown in Panola county, Miss, was sold on Change in St. Louis, June 1, for \$7 a bush-

Louisiana. The merchants of St. Louis are moving vigorously for a re-opening of Bayou Manchac, by which a direct water route to Mobile will be opened, diverging from the Mississippi two hundred miles above New Orleans, thus leaving the latter city out of the way.—Gen. Buchanan announces the State, parish and judicial officers, and declares that the civil government provided will be provisional until the ratification of the Fourteenth Arti cle. The Legislature will not be convened until the acceptance by Congress of the State Constitution.—The Board of Registration direct the State officers elect to enter upon their offices on June 15, and the Legislature to meet on June 22d. This is in opposition to Gen. Buchanan's order that the State officers should qualify in November, and the Legislature should not assemble until Congress had accepted the Constitution. Mr. Packard, Chairman of the Beard, has been agrested and held on his own recognizance to appear before a Military Commission for trial a The board of registration having issued a proclamation sustaining their chairman, were arrested, but, on order from Gen. Grant, released again.—Mr. Conway, the Mayor elect of New Orleans was refused possession of his office by Heath, the old incumbent, who said he did acknowledge the legality of the election, or Gen. Buchanan's orders. Conway, however, was installed by a police force, which, under military direction, arrested Heath and transferred the office to Conway. -Gen. Grant has advised Packard to issue no more proclamations conflicting with those of the military authorities, as they will be in violation of the Reconstruction laws.—Gen. Schoffeld, with the approval of Gen. Grant, has sustained the action of Gen. Buchanan in regard to the installation of the muvicipal officers at New Orleans.

BY ATLANTIC TEDEGRAPH.

June 2 .- London .- Despatches from Abyssinia tate that Gen. Napier reached Senafe with the rear of the expedition on May 24. The widow of Theodorus is dead.—The Grand Jury has refused to bring an indictment against Ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamai an .- The Royal Commission on the neutrality laws have made a report in favor of granting the executive power to detain ships supposed to be intended for a belligerent purpose. They also recommend that the building, fitting out, and maining of such vessels in British ports be declared a misdemeauor, and that any ship built in Great Britain in violation or such law, shall not be permitted to enter any British port, and that their prizes, if brought within British jurisdiction, shall be returned to their owner. -Vienna.-Advices from Athens state that the representatives of Foreign powers, in that city, have ormally protested against the admission of representatives from Candia to the Grecian Chambers.

June 4 .- London .- A despatch from Gen. Napier dated at Atergerat, May 21st, says a small detatchment of troops will remain at Zoula. All the remaining troops of the expedition have gone to Annesly Bay to embark.

June 5.—London.—In the Commons an amend-

ment to the Irish Church Suspensory bill was offered, placing the office tenures under the Maynooth College grant, on the same basis as the livings in the Irish Church. The amendment was rejected. The House then ruled in favor of permitting new appointments to be made to the Maynooth College, and also in favor of the continuance of the regium donum during the pleasure of Parliament. The bill was then passed in committee. The result was received with cheers.

June 6 .- London .- The English captives in Abyesinia, have arrived at Suez, homeward bound.

arms are stored at those places. At Bothwell, Canada, June 12th, a party of volunteers were attacked by supposed Fenians and and the supposed Fenians are stored at those places. ica, entreating them, in behalf of Italy, to prevent Pennsylvania.—The funeral of ex-President Buchanan took place at Lancaster, June 4, and was attended by distinguished men and delegations from various parts of the country. About 3,000 persons were in the funeral procession.

Philadelphia.—The National Board of Trade adjourned and disconting resonance of the country. About 3,000 persons were in the funeral procession.

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Philadelphia.—The funeral of ex-President Buckless and was attended by distinguished men and delegations from the capture of Bokhara, are confirmed. The reported death of the Emir of Bokhara lacks confirmation. The Russians pushed forward, and had taken the city of Samarcand.

June 7.—Berlin.—Bismarck urges the adoption of a uniform system for the measurement of tonnage and capacity of shipping. He proposes the English method as the best, when modified by the metrical principle. He is prepared to open negotiations with foreign governments on this subject .-St. Petersburg .- The Czar has issued an ukase setting free all persons of foreign birth now exiled in Siberia, and all natives of Russian Poland sentenced to less than twenty years' exile.

June 8.—London.—Judge Blackburn's charge to the Grand Jury, which ignored the bill against ex-Gov. Eyre, was a ainst the opinion of a majori-

ty of the Court.

June 9.—Brussels.—Riotous demonstrations were recently made in Luxemburg in favor of France The disorder was promptly repressed, and the lead ers arrested.

June 10 .- Berlin .- The North German Confederation proposed to the Grand Powers of Europe and America, the adoption of an international treaty to guarantee absolute security from seizure of private property upon the high seas in time of war. The Prussian Government is about to commence the extension and strengthening the fortifications of

Cologne.

June 11.—London, noon.—The assassination of Prince Michael, of Servia, occurred at Belgrade esterday, in one of the public parks. He was suddenly attacked by three assassins, armed with re-Utah.—Bringham Young has the contract to grade the Union and Pacific Railroad from the head of Echo Canon to Sait Lake, and has begun work.

Volvers. They directed their the promiscuously at the royal party. At the first shot the Prince fell, and expired immediately. His cousin was also hit and died in a few minutes. Great excitement prewalls in the city and throughout the Principality. volvers. They directed their fife promiscuously at Two of the assassins have been arrested.—Paris.— The Moniteur states that the Czar has made a proposal to Napoleon that Russia and France unite in n effort to induce all civilized nations to abandon This meets with the approbation of the Emperor, who, however, thinks it may still be necessary to employ torpedoes for defensive purposes.

June 13 - London, evening .- Longfellow, who arrived by the Russia on Saturday last, has been the recipient of marked attention.—Belgrade.—A ne-phew of the murdered trince Michael was duly

proclaimed Prince of Servia to-day.

June 14.—London.—It is now generally understood that Parliament will dissolve in October, and writs will be issued for elections, which will take place in November, and on December 9th the new Parliament will meet. It is announced that ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamaica, will contest with John Stuart Mill. London. The Cabinet are maturing a plan to permit persons of foreign birth residing in Turkey to hold property, which right is to be guaranteed by treaties.—Berlin.—Bismarck will retire from office for three months, solely for his health.

June 15.—London.—The Engish papers express great satisfaction at the appointment of Hon. Reverdy Johnson as Minister to England. Egypt is to establish courts for the protection of foreign residents .- Berlin .- The bill for enlargement of the Federal navy has passed.—Lisbon.—An attack of the allies upon Humaita, (South America), was re-pulsed and abandoned, but the siege continues.

FOREIGN.

England Miss Lydis Becker, and other friends of female suffrage, waited on the Board of Overseers, to request them to place on the registry all women who had paid rates under the provisions of the Re-form act of 1867. Miss Becker made a speech, and asserted that 7,000 such women are in Manchester. Dr. Parkhurst stated that women formerly voted for members of Parliament, and that the disuse of the right had not invalidated it. Lord Romilly's act provides that "in all acts, words importing the masculine gender shall be deeped and taken to include females, indessittle contrary as to be entering

expressly provided." Het interred that the word "man," in the new Reform bill, included "woman." Canada.—Information has been received at Ottawa, of the transfer of the Fenian arms from St. Albans to various points along the frontier. Crete.—The Greek Government, by receiving a

Cretan deputy, has virtually recognized Crete as a part of Greece.

Australia—The Melbourne Parliament has made t penal to refuse to drink the Queen's health, and

to discuss the separation of the colonies. ..

, PA PACIFIC RAUROALO IN 3859.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY who are building stipe Western portion of the Overland Road across the Continent, commencing at the mavigable waters at the head of the Bay of San Francisco, have successfully carried their track across the snowy crest of the Sierra Nevada, and the whistle of the locomotive is now heard in the Washoe District at the western edge of the Salt Lake Basin. To cross the plateau to the eastward will be mere child's play in comparison to the work that is left behind, and there is a fair chance for the through connection being made in 1869.

Meantime the great mining and agricultural region of the Pacific slope are feeling the benefit of the railroad which is doing a large and profitable business. Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, the Financial' Agents of the Company, in their advertisement of the First Mortgage Bonds, in another column, present some interesting facts relative to the progress and prospects of this great work.

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The odor of Burnett's Florimel is that of an exquisite boquet of choice delicate flowers. Ask druggists to order this exquisite perfume.



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Intelligence from Abyssinia is to May 30th. Gen.
Napier hoped to reach the coast of the Red Sea, at
Zoulla, by the 1st of June.—Dublin.—Figot, the edSchuylkill.

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UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THEIR First Mortgage Bonds

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PAYABLE IN GOLD. The Great Pacific Railroad Line, extending 1721 miles from Omaha, on the Missouri River, to the tide-waters of the Pacific Ocean, is being built by two powerful Companies. The Union Pa-

ctric, beginning at Omaha, building West, and the Central Pa-cific of California, beginning at Sacramento, building East, until the two roads shall meet. Both Companies have prosecuted the work with great vigor, the

Union Pacifiic having already expended over the vib THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS, and the Central over Twenty Mutions, upon their re-pective parts of the undertaking. THE UNION PACIFIC HAVE COMPLETED

more upon the ground, and one hundred additional miles are ready for the track. They will have a much larger force employed ready for the track. Tuey will nave a much larger lorce employed this year than ever before, and it is expected that between 800 and 900 MILES will be in operation during 1968. There seems to be no reasonable doubt that the distance between Omiha and Sacrimento will be

traversed by radi in 1870. It has been meetled extended and site THE GOVERNMENT, GRANTS 12,800 acres of gland, and site Bonds to the average amount of \$28,000 per mile; to aid in the construction of the line, and authorizes the issue of the First Mortgage Bonds now offered for sale, to the same more. The Government takes a second lien, and gives to the First Mortgage Bondholders a prior lieu for their security, to which a large paid up capital is added. The Bonds cannot be issued except as each section of twenty miles is accepted by Government com-

mission, so that they always represent a real property.

It is universally admitted that on the completion of the Unio Pacific Railroad, its through business will make it one of the mos profitable in the world—but its way or local business is already several times, the interest on its bonds; so that, if not another mile were built, they would be a secure investment.

THE NET EARNINGS for eight mouths of last year on an aver age of 398 miles are officially reported at \$1.069.136, while the interest on all the Bonds it could issue on that length of road for

that time, reduced to currency, was only \$845,856. 1110 1119; The amount paid by the Government for the transportation of troops, munitions, stores and mails has been, and doubtless will continue to be, much more than the interest on the United States after the road is completed, and until said bonds and interest are paid, at least five per cent of the net earnings of the road shall be applied to such payment.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for \$1,000 each, and have coupon attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of hix per cent. in gold., The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bond pay an annual income on their cost of NEARLY NINE PER CENT.

AND IT IS BELIEVED THAT THEY WILL, SOON BE AT

A PREMIUM. The Company have but a very limited supply of their Bonds remaining on hand, but any subscriptions, accepted to a greater amount than can be filled from Bonds now in the Company's pos-session, will be supplied from the New Bonds to be issued on that portion of the road completed in the Spring, in the order in which they are received.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually raid at the Company's office before the time of such advance. Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the bonds and the accound interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions

will be received in Philadelphia by DE HAVEN & BRO., I that galgered recover the WM. PAINTER & CO., SMITH RANDOUPH & CO. AS POT OF N. P. S. H. CALLE

and in New York At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall St. And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New

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A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1888 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free, on application apany's offices or to any of the advertised ag JOHN CISCO, Treasurer, New York.

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The Cocolug holds, in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized COCOANUT OIL, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other compound possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly thit the various conditions of the human hair.

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I cannot refuse to state the salutary effect in my own aggravated case, of your excellent Hair Oil.—Cocoains.

For many months my hair had been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin upon my head became gradually more and more inflamed, so that I could not touch it, without pain.

By the advice of my physician, to whom, you had shown your process of purifying the Oil, I commenced its use the that week in June. The first application almost the tohing and fritation. In three or four days, the redness and tenderness, disappeared; the hair cessed to sail; and I have now a thick growth of new hair.

SUSAN R. 20PR.

of this stranger and cleared headed of all assemdored ore ABEMARKABLE CASE. June wild

MESSAS. BURNETT & CO.:—

The send you're well tement of my daughter's case, as requested. She will have been sick aix years, it she lives until the life, let of August next.

When the hair came off she had been affilted with neuralgia in the pead of the hairs obadly, that, in October 1861, it all came off, and for two years after, her head was as smooth as her face. Through the recommendation of a fire was finded to try your Googains, and the resultivas, astoniahing. She had not used haif he contents of a bottle before her head was covered with a fine young har. In four months the limit has grown several inches in length, very thick, soft and fine, and of a darker color than formerly. She will continues the Coccaine, and we have little fear of her losing her hair.

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rers and Proprietors. For sale by Druggists everywhere. HAT CASE OF

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS? And if not, why not? you need it every day, or may require it "And if not, why not? you need it every day, or may require it any, hour! that rever, or on, up, or cough, or singularism, plus or color may come again any day, and if will cost you more in time, sanfering, and money, five-fold, than the cost of the case, to do without it. Send, or go at once, and uget it, and you will have no 'reason' to regret it.' sorewarded is forearmed, preparation is preservation—in this case.)

The price is only \$10,00, all complete, with book of directions, and it will be sent to any address in the States on receipt of the money. Address,

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