

News of the Week.

XLth CONGRESS—First Session.

Senate.—May 4.—Mr. Bingham began his final argument for the Managers.

May 5.—Mr. Bingham continued his argument. A number of the spectators in the galleries applauded, whereupon the galleries were cleared out by order of the Chief Justice.

May 7.—In secret session, the Court decided to adjourn until Monday, and to render the verdict on Tuesday, the Senators being allowed to file their opinions.

May 11.—In secret session Senators Grimes, Trumbull and Fessenden, and all the Democrats who spoke, opposed impeachment. Senator Henderson was against all the articles, except the eleventh.

House.—May 6.—Mr. Stevens sent up to be read an explanation of his conduct in the Alta Vela business, but the reading was not finished, it being ruled out by the Speaker for unparliamentary language.

Mr. Cary's resolution withdrawing the tenth article of impeachment was defeated. May 7.—A joint resolution requesting the President to send warships to the St. Lawrence fishing grounds to protect American fishing vessels in their rights under the treaty of 1803, was passed.

The Canadian Government propose to levy a tax of \$1 per ton on American fishing vessels, and send war vessels to enforce the tax.

The Reconstruction Committee reported a bill for the admission of Arkansas, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted. A bill was referred for the establishment of a steamship line between Philadelphia and Europe.

May 8.—The Reconstruction Committee reported back the bill to admit Arkansas, with the condition that the Constitution of Arkansas shall never be changed in regard to suffrage.

The bill passed by 110 to 32. The bill admitting South Carolina was ordered to be printed and recommitted. The President was requested to order the seizure of the ironclads Onondaga and Catawba until Congress shall investigate a report that the parties to which they were sold intend them for the Peruvian Government.

May 11.—Bills appropriating \$87,000 for execution of the Reconstruction acts in the Third Military District, and removing the political disabilities of 200 North Carolinians were passed.

May 12.—The Court adjourned till Saturday, without voting on the Articles.

Political.—Eleven colored men, it is stated, have been elected delegates from the South to the Republican National Convention.

Pardons.—President Johnson has added another name to the long list of counterfeiter whom he has pardoned. The present subject of his clemency is described as the most notorious counterfeiter in the United States. His name is John H. Sims. He lives in Onondaga county, N. Y., and for years baffled the officers of justice; and by counterfeiting and robbery, especially by pilfering from canal boats, he had amassed a fortune. He was caught and convicted about a year ago, and was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. He is now, however, at liberty to renew his villainies, and to prey once more upon the people who have so long suffered from his crimes.—N. Y. Sun.

Treasury.—The net amount of public debt, April 1st, was \$2,519,209,687.23, being a decrease during March of only \$619,937.92. The cash in Treasury at this date was \$123,509,545.02. The net debt, May 1st, was \$2,500,528,827.56, being a reduction of \$18,679,859.67 during last month. The cash in Treasury at that date was \$139,083,794.82.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

Massachusetts.—The Hoosac Tunnel, when completed, will be over 27,000 feet (five miles) long. Only 7,000 feet of the mountain has been penetrated. The project has cost Massachusetts \$4,000,000 already, and will require \$3,000,000 to finish it.—In Boston, an effort is being made by the leading merchants to secure the construction of a "marginal street," to connect the various railroads with the harbor, so that goods can be at once transferred from the cars to ship-board, or vice versa. The total expense is estimated at \$1,000,000, but the city will acquire new land valued at \$8,000,000.—The National Convention of German Turners, held at Boston, recommend reconstruction on the basis of equal rights, uniform qualification for Representatives in Congress, the consolidation of the public debt and its payment according to the promises given, the equalization of the tariff, &c.—In Boston, the public school teachers have received no pay since February 1st.—The bill abolishing the State Temperance Consular has been vetoed by the Governor. Its passage is doubtful.

Connecticut.—Governor English was inaugurated, May 6.—A man in Bridgeport recently obtained a divorce without his wife's having received notice. A short time after the wife received notice that an estate in England, worth \$90,000, had been devised to her by a relative.

New York.—The opening of the Erie Canal, in New York, it appears, has let out over one hundred million bushels of wheat, which had been frozen in all winter. The greater part, as it arrives in New York, is being shipped to Europe.—The Legislature adjourned sine die, May 6.—There have been twenty-seven deaths from the recent disaster on the Erie Railway, at Fort Jervis. The company has already settled quite a number of claims for injuries received.—Ihon William B. Reed has presented to the Historical Society the entire collection of manuscript papers of his grandfather, President Joseph Reed, of Pennsylvania, extending from 1758 to 1784. It comprises an extensive series of autograph letters from General Washington.

Pennsylvania.—The Legislature, during its session, authorized forty-two school districts to borrow money for building purposes. The respective loans amount to \$380,000, of which Allegheny county borrows \$170,000.—Fulton, Forrest, Potter and Greene, it is a-serted, are the only counties through which no railroad will pass for many years.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. the city of Philadelphia, for arrears of taxes and interest due the State, was decided against the city, in the Common Pleas Court at Harrisburg, May 6.—The amount involved is \$37,512.—A Convention of editors, to be held at Bethlehem on May 23th, has been called.

City.—The street cleaning contract requires certain streets to be cleaned twice a week, and all others once a week, and for doing this faithfully, the contractor is allowed \$105,000 a year, to be paid monthly; the contractor has scraped some of the streets once since last fall, and large numbers of them have not been touched for the last half year certainly.

Delaware.—The Wilmington Commercial says that there are 1,047,025 peach trees along the main line of the Delaware Railroad, and that their yield is estimated at 1,101,140 baskets.

Ohio.—A Convention of the "National Manufacturers' Association" is to be held at Cleveland, May 27th.—A Convention of editors, to be held at Bethlehem on May 23th, has been called.

Illinois.—Satisfactory progress is being made by the tunnel under the Chicago river, and next year will see the work completed. Another tunnel is to be begun next year, and it is anticipated that in a few years there will be six or eight tunnels under the Chicago river and its branches.

Wisconsin.—If a farmer plants a row of trees along the road, he is exempted from working on the road.

Minnesota has 1406 school-houses, with 2585 teachers and 114,421 scholars. During 1867, the whole amount expended in the State for school

purposes was \$736,532. The school lands amount to 2,986,666 acres.

California.—The Legislature has passed a bill offering a premium of five dollars a ton on the first thousand tons of pig or blast iron produced in that State from native ore.

District of Columbia.—The National Medical Convention began its session in Washington, May 5th. About 450 delegates were present. Dr. S. D. Gross, of Philadelphia, delivered the annual address. The Convention indefinitely postponed the question of the professional recognition of female physicians.

The registration of Washington City, completed, shows 16,991 voters, of whom 6,737 are colored.—The second trial of John H. Suratt began May 12.

Maryland.—A convention of those favoring universal suffrage and opposed to the action of the Republican Convention of last March, met at Baltimore, May 6. Seventeen counties of Maryland were represented, nearly half the delegates being colored.

Virginia.—The Natural Bridge, in Rockbridge county, with a hotel and 165 acres of land, was sold, April 25, for \$9,355, to Col. Harman, of Staunton.—The freedmen's settlement, at Arlington, comprises 236 houses, lodging 2,000 inmates. Six hundred acres of land have been divided into acre lots, and rented for \$3 per annum.—The Republican Convention, May 6, nominated Gen. Welles for Governor, and James H. Clements for Lieutenant Governor.—The Conservative Convention resolved to select candidates for office without reference to their ability to take the iron-clad oath.—The State Supreme Court has decided in regard to debts contracted in Confederate money, that the amount shall be computed at the value of money when the debt matured, and not when it was contracted.

Georgia.—There is a majority of 18,000 for the Constitution. The Senate, so far, stands 27 Republicans to 16 Democrats; House 95 Republicans to 24 Democrats. Bullock's majority is 1,229.—Gen. Meade announces the majority for the Constitution as 17,699.

Florida.—The majority for the Constitution is about 3,000.

Louisiana.—The suit against Gov. Baker, for perjury, in taking the oath of office, has been dismissed.

Kansas.—A party of Indians made a raid on the Kansas branch of the Pacific Railroad, last Friday night, and burnt several freight cars.

South Carolina.—Gen. Caply has postponed the meeting of the Legislature until Congress approves the Constitution.

Missouri.—An injunction suit has been brought against the Pacific Railroad to restrain the Directors from paying \$193,000 to lobbyists and to legislators whose votes were necessary for the passage of the bill purchasing the road.

Texas.—Gen. Buchanan has ordered the Reconstruction Convention to meet, June 1st.

The Union Pacific Railway crossed the Rocky Mountains at an elevation of 8,242 feet, being, it is asserted, the highest point reached by any railroad. The summit was reached April 16th, and the iron is now being laid on the slope towards the Pacific.

Indians.—The Indians captured and destroyed a train near Tularosa, New Mexico, on April 18th, killing seven men. They had previously killed thirteen persons near the same place.—A delegation of Choctaw Indians were introduced to Gen. Grant, May 5th. The Indians, on behalf of the Southern tribes, assured the General of their willingness to preserve order on the frontier, thereby saving \$2,000,000 yearly to the Government.

BY ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

May 5.—London.—A Berlin despatch says the South German States threaten to leave the Customs Diet, in case the address issued by the party of Germany should receive consideration at the hands of the Zollverein.—Midnight.—In the Commons, to-night, Gladstone referred to the Duke of Richmond's assertion in the Lords, that the Queen left it to the Ministry to dissolve Parliament whenever it pleased. He said such power was unconstitutional. He asked for an explanation. Disraeli said he had offered to resign, but the offer was declined. His advice to the Queen was to dissolve Parliament when business permits. This was without any reference to the new constituencies; but if the work of the House was soon completed, a new House would be elected by them. He also said the right to dissolve was only reserved in case the issue on the Irish Church was postponed.—Evening.—Information from St. Petersburg is to the effect that Baron de Talleyrand Perigord, the French Envoy, had had a consultation with Prince Gortchakoff upon the subject of mediation by France and Russia in the Turkish-Cretan question.

May 6.—London.—A meeting was held in St. James' Hall in favor of the continuance of the Irish Church establishment. The attendance was immense, and the proceedings very noisy and turbulent. The Archbishop of Canterbury occupied the chair, and made a speech in furtherance of the objects of the meeting. Lord Mayo moved a series of resolutions in favor of a continued union of the State and Church, which were seconded by the Bishop of Oxford. The Archbishop of York presented resolutions to the effect that an attempt to withdraw the Irish Church was an attack upon the Church of England, and a movement towards the establishment of Papacy upon the country. There was much tumult and confusion at this point. The resolutions were finally adopted.—The entire domain of the Hudson Bay Company is to be ceded to the crown. France has suddenly broken off all diplomatic relations with Tunis, because of outrages on French citizens resident in that country.—The U. S. Minister to Japan, Gen. von Valkenburg, at Osaka, has made a demand for indemnity for damage to property of American citizens in the late disturbance.—Paris.—It is authoritatively denied that the French Ambassador at St. Petersburg had had any consultation with the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs in regard to the Eastern question.

May 7.—London.—John Bright, and others of the Liberal party, have united in a petition for a commutation of the punishment of the Fenian prisoner Barrett, who was recently convicted at Old Bailey, for complicity in the Clerkenwell explosion. They urge that the *abbi* was conclusively proved.—Evening.—In the Commons, to-day, Mr. Gladstone said, he proposed after the House had acted upon the resolutions relating to the Irish Church, introduced by himself, to offer a suspensory act, which should, if passed, remain in force until August 1st, 1869. He moved that the second resolve be put upon its passage. The third resolve was then adopted, in substance as follows: Resolved, That an address be presented by the House to Her Majesty the Queen, humbly praying that, to prevent by legislation at this session, or by the creation of personal interests, through the use of the public patronage, she would be graciously pleased to place at the disposal of Parliament her interest in the temporalities of all the dignities and benefices of the Church of Ireland. No call was made for a division.—A resolution was adopted withdrawing the annual grant of £30,000 to the Roman Catholic College of Maynooth and abolishing the Regium Donum grant to the Presbyterians, after the disestablishment of the Irish Church; which was agreed to.—The Reform bill for Ireland was read a second time.—Berlin.—The North German Diet, by a decided vote, rejected the address of the party of National Unity.

May 8.—Dublin.—Gen. Nagle and the other Fenians, captured on the Jacmel, have been released.—London.—Despatches have been received from Gen. Napier, dated Talanta, 21st of April. After the capture of Magdala, 80 guns and mortars were destroyed, and the town completely leveled; the rock on which it stood. The Queen and her attendant are in camp. The army will reach the coast

during May. All the troops are well, and the army trains were well up with the advance guards of the returning forces.

May 9.—London.—The *abbi* claimed by John Bright and others, in the Clerkenwell explosion has been disproved by further government inquiry, and the death sentence will be carried out.—The Right Hon. Henry Brougham, Lord Brougham and Vaux, the eminent lawyer, reformer, legislator, and ex-Chancellor of England, died in his rural retreat at Cannes, France, to-day, in the 90th year of his age.

May 10.—Barrett has been reviewed for a week, and further inquiry will be made.—Berlin.—Mr. Bancroft starts to-morrow for Baden and Wurttemberg, to negotiate for an extension of the Prussian Nationality treaty.—Vienna.—The persecution of the Jews in Jassey, and other places in Moldavia, has been stopped. The marauders and desecrators of the graves of Jews will hereafter be rigorously punished.

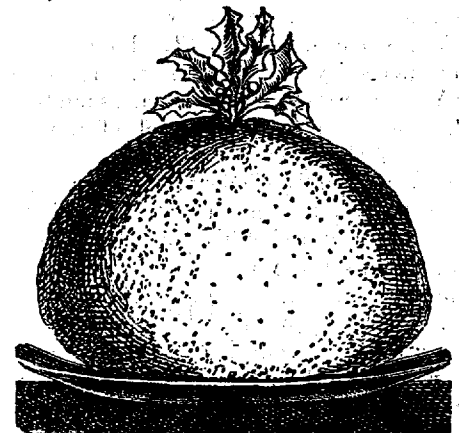
May 11.—London.—A serious anti-Popery riot has been suppressed at Ashton-under-Lyne. Houses were sacked and lives lost.

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