Aews of the Meek.

Diplomatic.—Our Consul at Palermo has officially no ified the State Department that the cholera has re-appeared in Sicily, and is very severe in his consular district.—Don Domingo Jose Gonsalves de Magalhaes, Minister Plenipotentiary from Brazil, was, July 5, presented to the President.

Treasury.—The amount of gold in the Treasury

on the 1st inst., was \$108,000,000. of which \$19, (100,000 is payable on certificates.—During the month of June the receipts from customs were \$11,000,000, and from internal revenue \$21,000,000.

Reconstruction.—The ex-rebel General Buckner joins Longstreet and Jeff. Thompson in favoring a radical reconstruction of the South.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Senate.-July 3 .- The roll being called, thirtyfour Senators answered to their names. Mr. Sumner asked leave to offer petitions from the South, asking relief from political disabilities, which were ordered to lie on the table, Supplementary Reconstruction bills were then introduced by Messrs. Wilson, Drake, Edmunds and Frelinghuysen. The Drake and Wilson bills displace the existing State governments in the South; the Edmund and Frelinghuysen bills make the military paramount over the civil authorities, and authorize suspension of State ordinances and removal of State officers. Drake's Bill was passed to a second reading and or-dered to be printed. Mr. Sumner obtained leave to introduce a bill securing universal suffrage in all the States and Territories, and the President was requested to communicate copies of all instructions, &c.. to military commanders under the Reconstruction acts; all opinions, &c., of the Attorney General; and also to inform the Senate what progress had been made in registration, and whether the appropriation to carry out the Reconstruction acts is sufficient. A committee appointed to wait on the President found that he was absent in Georgetown and returned. They met him in the evening.

July 5.—Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, introduced a

bill, which was tabled and ordered to be printed, empowering the registration boards in the South to examine and decide upon the qualifications of persons applying to be registered under the Reconstruction acts, and declaring that no person shall be entitled to vote who cannot take the oath prescribed by the supplemental act. Mr. Anthony's resolution declaring that the business of the session should be confined to providing for the execution of the Reconstruction act was adopted.

July 8.—The Judiciary Committee reported back several reconstruction bills, and with them a new bill making the military commanders paramount to the civil authorities in the South; giving them the power of removal and appointment, subject to the approval of the General in-Chief of the Army, and defining the powers of the registration boards and the qualifications of voters. The bill was read a second time and ordered to be printed. The Secretaries of War and the Interior were called on for intermation in regard to the Indian troubles. A resolution asking information of the Secretary of State in regard to recent events in Mexico was a lopted. The resolution of thanks to General Sheridan came up, and the Senate decided by a vote of 27 against 5, that it could not be adopted under the resolution of Friday last relating to the business of

House.-July 3.-In the House 127 members responded to roll-call. About half the Democrats were present, but all withdrew before the roll-call, except four. The members elect from Kentucky presented themselves to be sworn in, when Mr. Schenck, of Ohio objected to the oath being administered; presented a petition from Samuel McKee. ex-Congressman, against the admission of J. D. Young from the Fourth Kentucky District on the ground of disloyalty, and moved the reference of his credentials to the Election Committee. Mr. Logan, of Illinois, moved as an amendment, a similar reference of the credentials of all the Kentucky members. This was modified so as to except Mr. Adams, and adopted, after debate, by a vote of 67 yeas to 50 nays. The Tribune says: "This prompt action with the Rebel members from Kentucky is considered as a precedent for all similar cases that e, and it is thought will have a good effect in the coming elections in the South.]-A memorial from citizens of the Fourth Connecticut District, charging that Wm. H. Barnum had procured his election therefrom by bribery, was re-ferred to the Election Committee, with power to take testimony. On motion of Mr. Stevens it was resolved to appoint a committee of nine to report a new Reconstruction bill. Resolutions were adopted asking for copies of instructions issued under the Reconstruction acts, and of the correspondence with Lewis D. Campbell. A resolution was offered by Mr. Elliot, of Massachusetts, declaring for the consideration only of Reconstruction business, and that no proposition for general legislation be entertained during the extra session of Congress, and that all matters calling for such legislation be laid on the table or referred without debate. A few of the radical members opposed the motion, but it was adopted without division. The Secretary of War was directed to furnish information in regard to the flog ging of a civilian by Col. Dodge, at Fort Sedgwick, and under what law of the United States or article of war such punishment was inflicted,

July 5 .- A memorial of Green M. Adams against the admission of representative Beck, from Kentucky, was presented and referred. Resolutions of thanks to Major Generals Sheridan and Sickles for able and faithful performance of their duties as military commanders were introduced and passed, by a vote of 111 to 17 The Judiciary Committee were directed to inquire whether Congress has power to regulate suffrage in the States, and if so to report a bill accordingly. Mr. Shanks offered a resolution, expressing pleasure at the downfall of Maximilian, but the House refused to suspend the rules to receive it. Mr. Spalding, of Ohio, introduced unather supplementary Research another supplementary Reconstruction bill.

July 8.—Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, introduced a Constitutional amendment making ability to read and write English a qualification of voters; apportioning Representatives in Congress according to population; excluding from office rebels who had taken an onth to support the Constitution of the United States. &c. The President was requested to furnish information in regard to the capture and execution of Maximilian, and the arrest and reported shooting of Santa Anna. The Election Committee made a report detailing the case of each of the Kentucky members, and stating that disloyalty in the individual, and not in his constituency, should prevent him taking his seat. The report was tabled and ordered to be printed. The President was requested to furnish information in regard to the publication of the proceedings of a Cabinet meeting to consider the Reconstruction acts On motion of Mr. P. F. Butler, it was resolved that a special committee of five mem hers be appointed to investigate the facts connected with the assassination of President Lincoln, the committee being authorized to take testimony, and directed to report a bill of amnesty to conspirators who should volunteer as informers. The committee was then appointed, with Mr. Butler as chairman. The Reconstruction Committee reported a supplementary Reconstruction bill, defining the powers of military commanders, etc. It authorizes the deposition of State officers and setting aside of State

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

Pennsylvania.—The Pittsburg Post(Democratic) advises its readers, in case Grant is nominated for President by the Republicans, to disregard party ideas and vote for him.

New York -One of the draft rioters of July, 1863, named Kelly, has been arrested for the murder of Col. O'Brien.—New York city has had 1000 less deaths in the first six months of 1867 than in the corresponding period of 1866. Vermont.—It is said the leading citizens of Rut-

land bought up all the fire-crackers in town, and fired them off on a place outside of the town on the evening of the Fourth,

Ohio -Ex-Governor David Tod, in a recent leter, expresses his approval of equal suffrage in that State, saying that the abolition of slavery in all the States of the Union makes this a different question entirely from what it was when they were bordered

by slave States.
Indiana — A murderer of wife and mother at Valparaiso last winter, was convicted, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty, sentencing him to the

Penitentiary for life. Iowa.-A late fire in Council Bluffs, which caused a loss of over \$200,000, originated from fire

California.—One of the vessels sent from San Francisco to search for the newly-discovered Pacific island returned to that city on Saturday, with but a portion of its crew. The captain sailed next day with a large crew, without making a report, so that it is thought he found the island, with something valuable on it.

Montana.—Gen. Thos. F. Meagher was drowned at Fort Benton, on the Upper Missouri, by falling off a steamboat, on the 1st instant.

Washington Territory.—General Grant has ordered an investigation of the alleged flogging of a citizen by order of the military commander at Fort edgwick.—Alvin Flanders, Radical, has been elected Congressional delegate from Washington

District of Columbia.—Judge Wayne, of the U. S. Supreme Court, died July 5.—The testimony for the prosecution in the Suratt case, closed on Saturday, and Mr. Bradley, Jr., opened for the defence, in a speech setting forth the facts to be proved by the defence. These mainly tend to an alibi, and the discrediting the testimony for the prosecution.

Virginia.—The Mayor of Richmond issued a

proclamation recommending a general observance of the Fourth of July, as the best evidence Richmond can give of her loyalty.—It is charged that several colored women in male attire have registered Norfolk.—Fred. Douglass addressed a large Republican meeting in Norfolk, on the Fourth of July.—The colored people of Upper Ward, in Richmond, have decided to run a colored candidate for Mayor, and three colored candidates for Council--In Alexandria, 2603 voters have been regisered, of which 1400 are colored.

Tennessee.—From June 13th to June 27th there were 70 deaths from cholera in Memphis, according to a Louisville paper.—Gov. Brownlow issued a proclamation July 8, commanding the commissioners of registration to appoint the clerks and judges of elections in Tennessee. He orders the arrest of Judge Gant, chairman of the Conservative Central committee, and others, if they persist in trying to defeat the franchise law as construed by him. -Gen. Carter has gone to Franklin, Tenn., to investigate the recent political riot there.

Georgia.-The Board of Registration at Savannah, having received instructions to register all who can take the oath, invites applications which were rejected a few days, since.—The report that the Savannah Board of Registration have been instructed to register all who will take the oath, is denied by the military authorities at that city.—E. J. West, moreland, British Consul, was killed at Brunswick, by one Captain Martin, on the 5th. Deceased had

been married but four hours.

Louisiana — It is officially reported that within the past two weeks there have been 8 cases of yellow fever, and 6 deaths from that disease in New Orleans.

Texas. -The health officer at Galveston has learned officially that yellow tever exists at Indianola. A Union meeting was overawed by the Rebels at La Grange. The civil authorities were passive lookers on and no arrests were made. There are no troops in the neighborhood.—The Republican Convention adjourned on Friday, after adopting the principles of the National Republican party and ap-

ers: Abstinents, 17.13 per cent.; moderate drinkers, 50.77 per cent; occasionally intemperate, 19.82 per cent.; intemperate, 12.28 per cent. The causes which have led to crime are thus classed in the report: Bad company has led to the ruin of 44.62 per cent; gambling, 29.31; lounging at corners and visiting drinking honses has led to the ruin of 32.82; went to Sabbath school, 26.50; enjoyed good early training, 17.81.

The Indians are committing hostilities in New Mexico and Utah, Gen. Sherman says the Indians of Montana, in a recent council. boasted that they would have twenty-five thousand men to exterminate the whites. The Governor of Kansas is raising eight volunteer companies to fight the Indians,-There is great alarm in the country between Forts Yankton and Randall, as the Indians are reported to be descending the Missouri river to attack the settlements.—The Osage Indians, in Southern Kansas, have joined in the war against the whites. Gov. Crawford of Kansas, in a letter to Senator Ross, eprecates peace commissions, and says that war is the only way to quiet Indian hostilities; and further says that if Congress will not protect the citizens and the routes of travel he will take the matter into his own hands. The Indians have been attacking the railway laborers west of Fort Harker and the steamers on the upper Missouri.

The Crops.—The June report of the Agricultural Department shows a generally favorable condition of the crops. The yield of wheat throughout the country is expected to be at least 200,000,000

The Fourth of July was observed throughout the country in the usual manner. In many of the Southern cities the day was kept as a general holi-

Co-operation. - We summarize from the Tribune some facts in regard to the movement. A year ago here were in England 417 co-operative stores, realzing all together some \$600,000 of profits and dividing thirty five per cent. on investments. In France the movement does not stop at shops but is pushed into trades, exhibiting the principal of co-operative labor. The city of Paris has 30 industrial associations, the prosperity of which is so immense that all sorts of trades are striking into the system he small trades which require but little capital, such as last-making, spectacle-making, chair-making, finding it especially suited to them. The ousy city of Lyons has 30 stores conducted on the system, the profits of which on the capital were 60 per cent! All these are carried on entirely by the working-men, the capital being contributed by themselves. The movement has attracted so much attention and acquired so much importance in France that the Directors of the Credit au Travail (the Workingmen's Bank) have invited a congress of the cooperative societies of all nations to assemble in Par. s on the 14th of August for general consultationi Among ourselves the movement began in Cincinnatas early as 1852, with the Cabinet maker's Union. Since then three companies have been incorporated in Cincinnati—"The Queen City Turpentine Company," "The Cincinnati Furniture Association"—the and "The Central Furniture Association"—the last with \$20,000 capital, the other two with \$10,000. All three work well. The first mention ed pays ten per cent. to the working stockholder over and above the usual wages. There are also some movements of the same kind in Chicago.

Board in the same mission, has become the pastor of the Presbyterian church of Ballston Spa, N. Y.

Nova Scotia .- At Halifax, the "Dominion' holiday was a failure. The English, Irish and Scotch societies refused to join in the celebration, and many of the flags were half-masted. The "Yan kee annexation" feeling is said to be strong in Hal-

Cuba .- Advices from Havana to the 29th ult., state that several slave traders were on trial there. Mexico.-Vera Cruz surrendered on the 27th ult. Santa Anna was shot at Sisal by the Liberalists on the 25th. The French soldiers captured at Vera Cruz were allowed to leave Mexico, and they arrived at Mobile, July 5, in a Mexican steamer-General Porfirio Diaz's official report of the capture of the City of Mexico has been received in Washington.—Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister at Washington, discredits the report of the shooting of Santa Anna.—Commander Roe, of the U. S. steam er Tacony, at the request of the captain of the Austrian corvette Elizabeth, has written to Juarez, askng that the body of Maximilian be delivered on the Elizabeth, for conveyance to Austria.

South America.—A revolution has occurred in Colombia, President Mosquera being deposed and imprisoned, and General Acosta made Provisional President. There is much dissatisfaction in Hayti and riots has occurred in Porto Rico.

A Constantinople paper informs the world that "the Sheik ul-islam has issued a fetfa (religious decree), which declares that the Sultan may go to Paris; but to reconcile that declaration with the letter of the Koran, which assigns to the ruler of the faithful whatever country he sets his foot on, recourse will be had to a certain legal fiction, in virtue of which the soil of France will be considered as Ottoman territory during the whole time that the Sultan shall abide there, but with the reservation of subsequently making a retrocession of the country to the Emperor of the French

France. The naturalization laws are to be improved with the view of facilitating the infusion of the foreign element into the Gallic nationality. A project of law for this end has passed the lower branch of the Legislature, and the Senate has just

decided not to oppose its promulgation.

England. PARLIAMENTARY VICTORY FOR THE SABBATH. The English House of Commons, on the S. R. HILT, N. E. corner Fifth and Walnut. 19th of June, was engaged in discussing the Sunday question. Lord Amberley moved the second reading of his bill, the object of which was to repeal an act of George III., so far as it relates to the prohibition of lectures at which money was taken at the door. Mr. Mill spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Bright wished a thorough investigation of the subject, but at the same time expressed himself decidedly in favor of preserving one day in the week as a day of rest and religious observance. The bill was rejected without a division.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

July 3 — Liverpool.—Senator Sherman sailed to-day for New York, in the City of Paris.—Sir Morton Peto's estate has gone into bankrutey.—Berlin, evening.—The anniversary of the battle of Sadowa was observed to-day at Pottsdam, the residence of the royal family, by a grand celebration. The troops were reviewed by the king, who presented a stand of colors to each of the regiments which participated in that memorable engagement.

July 4 .- London, evening .- The English Government authorities have postponed the grand review which was to take place in Hyde Park, on account of the execution of Maximilian. The conduct of of the execution of maximilian. The conduct of the Mexican Government causes great indignation here and on the continent.—Paris, evening.—Lord Lyons has entered upon the duties of his office as Ambassador of her Britannic Majesty to the Court of Napoleon III., in the place of Lord Cowley.—In the Senate and Corps Legislatif to-day speeches were made denouncing the execution of Maximilian as a crime against civilization; and orders have been sent out suspending from their functions all French Consuls in the Mexican Republic.—All the festivities in this city have ceased, and preparations for the forthcoming fetes have been abandoned, out of respect for the memory of the ill-fated Maximilian.—Florence, 2 P. M.—The Italian Minister of Finance has resigned his port-folio.—Vienna, evening. The Imperial Court of Austria has gone into mourn-

proving the action of Congress.

City—Rev. John Ruth, chaplain of the Eastern
Penitentiary, gives the following statement in his annual report of the moral condition of the prison
ing for the death of Maximilia.

July 5.—London, evening.—All the courts of Europe have adopted mourning for the death of Maximilian.

—Manchester—William Lloyd Garrison was an unique to day at a dinner given in his known by entertained to-day at a dinner given in his honor by his friends and admirers in this city.—Paris, evening -The French Government has granted a concession to the new Franco-American Telegraph Company, which proposes to lay a submarine cable from Brest

to some point on the American coast.

July 6.—London, evening.—Ismail Pasha, Sovereign of Egypt, has arrived in London from Paris The railroad station was decorated with flags and flowers in honor of the illustrious visitor, who was accorded a grand reception, in which the Prince of Wales and Lord Stanley, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, played a conspicuous part. A large body of troops was also in attendance, and formed an escort to the King of Egypt, who is the guest of Earl Derby.—Minister Adams has succeeded in obtaining the liberty of the convicted Fenian, Gordon, who will shortly sail for America .- Paris .- It is reported that Napoleon has concluded upon disarming 34,

000 men of the French army immediately.

July 7.—London.—A detatchment of regular troops has been ordered by the English Government to Abyssinia, to compel the king of that country to release the British subjects who have been held as prisoners there for a long time past.—Paris.—The International Congress for the regulation of the gold and silver coinage, now in session in this city, has fixed upon the gold five franc piece and its multiples as the basis for a uniform currency in Europe and America.—Vienna.—An Austrian fleet is to be immediately despatched to Mexico for the body of Maximilia.

July 8.—London, evening.—The Government an nounces that the sixpenny system of postage between America and England will be put into operation about the first of January, 1868.—Berlin evening.—The States of the North German Confederation have accepted the plan of tariff proposed by

MINISTERIAL.—Rev. Dr. Burt, of Cincinnati. who has been absent in Europe and the Holy Land for the last twelve months, has returned -Rev. Herbert N. Morris has been installed pastor of Calvary Church, Rochester, N. Y .-Rev. John S. Hays was installed pastor of the Walnut Street Church, Louisville, on the 11th of June, by a Commission of the Presbytery of Louisville. - Rev. J. P. Safford, D.D., has resigned the church in New Albany, Ind., having been appointed District Missionary for Indiana and Western Ohio. --- Mr. Geo. S. Chambers, of this city, has accepted a call to the Second Reformed Presbyterian Church of New York, and has been dismissed by the Philadelphia, to the Northern Reformed Presbytery.—Rev. D. T. Carnahan, late of Gettysburg, Pa., has accepted a call to the Bellefield church, near Pittsburgh. Rev. J. Halsted Carroll, of New Haven, was received as a member of the Classis of New York, on certificate from presbytery and customary examination.—Rev. A. B. Morse, a missionary of the Pr sbyterian Board at one time in Siam, has recently taken charge of the Presbyterian Church of Baliston Centre, N. Y., and Rev. S. Mattoon, who was for a long time a laborer of the same

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