

News of the Week.

EXECUTIVE.

Diplomatic.—Our Consul at Palermo has officially notified the State Department that the cholera has re-appeared in Sicily, and is very severe in his consular district.

Treasury.—The amount of gold in the Treasury on the 1st inst. was \$108,000,000, of which \$19,000,000 is payable on certificates.

Reconstruction.—The ex-rebel General Buckner joins Longstreet and Jeff. Thompson in favoring a radical reconstruction of the South.

FOURTIETH CONGRESS.

Senate.—July 3.—The roll being called, thirty-four Senators answered to their names. Mr. Sumner asked leave to offer petitions from the South, asking relief from political disabilities, which were ordered to lie on the table.

July 5.—Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, introduced a bill, which was tabled and ordered to be printed, empowering the registration boards in the South to examine and decide upon the qualifications of persons applying to be registered under the Reconstruction acts.

July 8.—The Judiciary Committee reported back several reconstruction bills, and with them a new bill making the military commanders paramount to the civil authorities in the South.

House.—July 3.—In the House 127 members responded to roll-call. About half the Democrats were present, but all withdrew before the roll-call, except four.

July 5.—A memorial of Green M. Adams against the admission of representative Beck, from Kentucky, was presented and referred.

July 8.—Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, introduced a Constitutional amendment making ability to read and write English a qualification of voters.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

Pennsylvania.—The Pittsburg Post (Democratic) advises its readers, in case Grant is nominated for President by the Republicans, to disregard party ideas and vote for him.

New York.—One of the draft rioters of July, 1863, named Kelly, has been arrested for the murder of Col. O'Brien.

Vermont.—It is said the leading citizens of Rutland bought up all the fire-crackers in town, and fired them off on a place outside of the town on the evening of the Fourth.

Ohio.—Ex-Governor David Tod, in a recent letter, expresses his approval of equal suffrage in that State, saying that the abolition of slavery in all the States of the Union makes this a different question entirely from what it was when they were bordered by slave States.

Indiana.—A murderer of wife and mother at Valparaiso last winter, was convicted, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty, sentencing him to the Penitentiary for life.

Iowa.—A late fire in Council Bluffs, which caused a loss of over \$200,000, originated from fire crackers.

California.—One of the vessels sent from San Francisco to search for the newly-discovered Pacific island returned to that city on Saturday, with but a portion of its crew.

Washington Territory.—General Grant has ordered an investigation of the alleged flogging of a citizen by order of the military commander at Fort Sedgwick.

District of Columbia.—Judge Wayne, of the U. S. Supreme Court, died July 5.—The testimony for the prosecution in the Surrat case, closed on Saturday, and Mr. Bradley, Jr., opened for the defence, in a speech setting forth the facts as proved by the defence.

Virginia.—The Mayor of Richmond issued a proclamation recommending a general observance of the Fourth of July as the best evidence Richmond can give of her loyalty.

Tennessee.—From Jan. 13th to June 27th there were 70 deaths from cholera in Memphis, according to a Louisville paper.

Georgia.—The Board of Registration at Savannah, having received instructions to register all who can take the oath, inverts applications which were rejected a few days since.

Louisiana.—It is officially reported that within the past two weeks there have been 8 cases of yellow fever, and 6 deaths from that disease in New Orleans.

Texas.—The health officer at Galveston has learned officially that yellow fever exists at Indianola.

City.—Rev. John Ruth, chaplain of the Eastern Penitentiary, gives the following statement in his annual report of the moral condition of the prisoners.

The Indians are committing hostilities in New Mexico and Utah. Gen. Sherman says the Indians of Montana, in a recent column, boasted that they would have twenty-five thousand men to exterminate the whites.

The Crops.—The June report of the Agricultural Department shows a generally favorable condition of the crops.

The Fourth of July was observed throughout the country in the usual manner. In many of the Southern cities the day was kept as a general holiday.

Co-operation.—We summarize from the Tribune some facts in regard to the movement. A year ago there were in England 417 co-operative stores, realizing all together some \$600,000 of profits and dividing thirty five per cent. on investments.

FOREIGN. Nova Scotia.—At Halifax, the "Dominion" holiday was a failure. The English, Irish and Scotch societies refused to join in the celebration, and many of the flags were half-masted.

Cuba.—Advices from Havana to the 29th ult., state that several slave traders were on trial there.

Mexico.—Vera Cruz surrendered on the 27th ult. Santa Anna was shot at Sisal by the Liberalists on the 25th. The French soldiers captured at Vera Cruz were allowed to leave Mexico, and they arrived at Mobile, July 5, in a Mexican steamer.

General Porfirio Diaz's official report of the capture of the City of Mexico has been received in Washington, commending the Mexican Minister at Santa Anna—Com. which assigns to the captain of the U. S. steamer "Tacora," at the request of the captain of the Austrian corvette Elizabeth, has written to Juarez, asking that the body of Maximilian be delivered on the Elizabeth, for conveyance to Austria.

South America.—A revolution has occurred in Colombia, President Mosquera being deposed and imprisoned, and General Acosta made Provisional President.

A Constantinople paper informs the world that the Sheik-ul-Islam has issued a fetva (religious decree), which declares that the Sultan may go to Paris; but to reconcile that declaration with the letter of the Prophet, which assigns to his foot on, in virtue of which the soil of France will be considered as Ottoman territory during the whole time that the Sultan shall abide there, but with the reservation of subsequently making a retrocession of the country to the Emperor of the French.

France.—The naturalization laws are to be improved with the view of facilitating the infusion of the foreign element into the Gallic nationality.

England.—PARLIAMENTARY VICTORY FOR THE SANSONS.—The English House of Commons, on the 19th of June, was engaged in discussing the Sunday question. Lord Amberley moved the second reading of his bill, the object of which was to repeal an act of George III., so far as it relates to the prohibition of lectures at which money was taken at the door.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE. July 3.—Liverpool.—Senator Sherman sailed to-day for New York, in the City of Paris.

July 4.—London, evening.—The English Government authorities have postponed the grand review which was to take place in Hyde Park, on account of the execution of Maximilian.

July 5.—London, evening.—All the courts of Europe have adopted mourning for the death of Maximilian.

July 6.—London, evening.—The French Government has granted a concession to the new French cable from America.

July 7.—London, evening.—A detachment of regular troops has been ordered by the English Government to Abyssinia, to compel the king of that country to release the British subjects who have been held as prisoners there for a long time past.

July 8.—London, evening.—The Government announces that the sixpenny system of postage between America and England will be put into operation about the first of January, 1868.

MINISTERIAL.—Rev. Dr. Burt, of Cincinnati, who has been absent in Europe and the Holy Land for the last twelve months, has returned.

Rev. John S. Hays was installed pastor of the Calvary Church, Rochester, N. Y.—Rev. John S. Hays was installed pastor of the Walnut Street Church, Louisville, on the 11th of June, by a Commission of the Presbytery of Louisville.

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