# Mews of the Week.

# THE WAR. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Since the reconnoisance of the 28th ult. noticed in our last, nothing of very stirring interest has occured. On the Sunday night following, a part of our picket line in front of Fort Davis, was surprised and captured. Themen taken belonged to the 69th and 11th New York. They were for the greater part, onew men, and somewhat ignorant of their duties, and hence were not so watchful as the older troops who have been on duty at this part of the line.

This is the same place where our men some time ago played the rebels a similar trick. and the utmost vigilance has ever since been exercised on both sides to prevent a reperation of the occurrence, but when the late move commenced, every man in the ranks left behind had to take his turn on picket.

With reper deserters, whe, in most cases, are armed and organized, and abundantly able to protect themselves. In the Western part of the State they reign supreme; not only making repeated raids for wealthy planters and rebel depots for supplies but giving protection to ring way slaves who are also armed and some of these men, it is said, had tection to runaway slaves, who are also armed never loaded a gun. It seems the rebels did and accompany these bands of deserters in not carry off a single musket belonging to raiding expeditions. Dr. Ross says the not carry off a single musket belonging to our soldiers, as they were all found and of forcing these men back into the rebel brought in by Gen. Pierce's brigade, which ranks, having been repulsed in all efforts to went out to re-establish the line.

### GENERAL SHERMAN'S ARMY.

An extraordinary reticence has always pre ceded the most important and successful movements in this department. For some days and even weeks past, the accounts have been scanty, somewhat conflicting, but not alarming. Beauregard, on the 16th ult, assumed the command of the Military Division of the West, including the Departments under command respectively of Generals Hood and Taylor, leaving these latter in command of their re spective departments. Bebel authority (Richmond Examiner,) has it that the war has been transferred from Georgia to Alabama and that, in fact, the main armies are moving towards Tennessee, or are already there! "A few days ago," says the Examiner," the Southern papers stated that Beauregard was at Jacksonville with a considerable body of reinforcements for Hood. The two forces doubtless effected a junction four or five days ago, and as Gunther's Landing is only some thirty miles from Jacksonville, it is more than probable that Hood and Beauregard are now in Tennessee. "We doubt whether Sherman's whole

army, or any large portion of it is at Gayles ville. It is much more likely that the much body is moving down the Tennessee river in transports as rapidly as they can be steamed. and that only a corps of observation, consis ting principaly of cavalry, is kept in Hood, rear.\*

The above is confessedly speculation, and we have seen nothing which leads us to sur pose that it is worthy of confidence Louisville date of Nov, 2 says, "reliable desdatches received at an early hour this morn ing indicate that everything was all right

along the whole line of Sherman's army." A despatch dated Nashville, October 29. says: "Gen. Gillem had a fight yesterday with Gen. Vaughan's rebel command at Morristown, E. Tenn., completely routing himand capturing one hundred and sixty seven prisoners, five twelve pounders, and one mountain howitzer. The prisoners and artillery captured arrived here this mornwith the state of the state of

# WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI

Price's invasion is probably ended. The reports are, as they always have been from that distant region, vague and conflicting. As the accounts clear up, there remains but little doubt that the late splendid work of our troops under Gen. Pleasanton, in conjuention with the Kansas forces, turned the rebel advance into a disorderly retreat in fact's perfect rout. Probably the following from the correspondent of the Kansas Times' contains as concise and, intelligible account of our success, as any that has appeared;

"A glorious day for Kansas and Missouri. Kansas has been saved from invasion. A general battle has been fought and a great victory achieved. I have just returned from the front, fifteen miles distant. Price's entire army is routed, and retreating rapidly south. Our cavalry are in hot pursuit, to gether with Pleasanton's mounted men. The enemy may strike for Fort Scott, but they will be too closely pursued to do any damage. The battle began early this morning. Yesterday the volunteers were hotly engaged, and Colonels Jennison and Moonlight did, some splendid fighting, but the situation looked precarious for us when Price occupied the line of the Big Blue last night, General Grant, of the Kansas militia, was cut off, but has arrived safely at Olathe. General Pleasanton closed the ball on Saturday night at Independence, by capturing a large number of prisoners and three

pieces of artillery...
"This morning our line was formed five miles south of Ransas City, on the Wesport road. Skirmishing continued for several hours, when the whole force advanced and heavy fighting ensued. The enemy rapidly fell back a mile and a half from his first position. An artillery engagement ensued, our lines slowly advancing. Fighting was kept up for about ten miles from this point, the enemy gradually falling back. General Pleasanton came in on our left, and a grand charge followed, resulting in a total from of

the enemy.
When we left the front the pursuit was vigorously pushed by the whole cavalry force, the infantry following. General Blunt commanded the volunteer force on the left General Deitzler the centre and right, which was composed of Kansas State militia. The militia covered themselves with glory; not

a man faltered.
"The 2d. Colorado, Colonel Ford commanding, was in the thickest of the fight, and made several brilliant charges. Colonels Tennison and Hoyt, and the 11th, 15th, and 16th Kansas, were also conspicuously in the field, and displayed the utmost valor. General Deitzler and Governor Carney were constantly with the advance. The loss is known, but from indications of the dead and with about forty men on board. A force woulded left on the field, they suffered sehas been sent out to reconnoitre in the diquake occurred in Mexico on the 3d ult. It

wounded. Price had 25,000 men. burned several of his plunder trains. The rebel General McGee was killed."

A despatch from St. Louis, Nov. 4th, says that Major General Marmaduke, Brigadier General Cabel and four rebel colonels, captured by General Pleasanton at the battle at Osage, left here yesterday for Johnson's Is!-

A private dispatch from Springfield, Mo., says our troops whipped Price again at Newtonia, Newtown county, date not given. We now hold the town and the rebels are retreating into Arkansas.

# NORTH CAROLINA.

From Beaufort, N.C., we have the follow

ng account under date of Oct. 28. Dr. J. W. Ross, who stands high as a dergyman in North Carolina, arrived to day, direct from Raleigh, with important intelli-gence. He says that the entire State of North Carolina, as well as Georgia, is alive with rebel deserters, who, in most cases, are this end. Every expedition fitted out for this purpose has proved a failure, for those who were not killed in battle deserted to the insurgents, whose numbers were continually

Jeff. Davis said, when in Raleigh, that the deserters from the rebel army outnumber the rebel soldiers in the field TALT

### Recapture of Plymouth.

After destroying the rebel ram Albemarle, our naval forces on the coast of N. C. passed up a channel which brought them into Roanoke river in the rear of Plymouth. This, according to rebel accounts, was accomplished Oct. 31, after three days hard fighting. The rebel Gen. Baker, according to these accounts, fought until our gunboats passed the forts and dismounted all the guns in the harbor. An evacuation was then cordered, which was accomplished under a severe

### GUERILLA MOVEMENTS.

A party of guerillas made an attack on which resulted in the yout of the guerrillas. The captital device, of carrying on board every train on the Grange and Alexandria, Railroad, a forced "safety guard," made up of distinguished and malicious secessionists of Alexandria and vicinity, as a security against the fire of guerillas, is kept up. Me Snowden, the proprietor of the Alexandria Gazette, attraitorous sheet, and had at that, makes one of these "dead head" passengers. and his gaper is (in consequence suspended the Empress, in conversation with the crew

night, Smith's infantry moving eastward, one column on the north side and the other on the South side of the Missouri river, with instructions to clear the country of guerrillas.

From Cairo, Nov. 2, we learn that two nundred U. S. Cavalry, who were recently sent across the river from Memphis to hunt, he guerrillas, came upon a small force near Marion and captured thinty stand of arms, man. When two miles beyond Marion, they came upon 600 or 800 rebels, and after some skir. The first defeat of Gen. Price was Oct. 22d, mishing, our forces fell back to the river, the second, at Newtonia, Mo., by Gen. Blunt, followed by the enemy. The rebels were driven back in confussion by one of our gain? Oct. 28th. 620 rebel prisoners have arrived boats, and a number of prisoners and horses at St. Louis. were captured by our forces a crame to day has so unsexed bengelf as to become the leader of a band of murderous guerillas in Kentucky who on Nov. 1st, seized an unoffending old man named Harper living two miles South of Midway, and without provocation murdered him in the most brutal manner. Four guerillas held as prisoners were summarily executed by our government, on the same apot, the next day: A crippled negro in a sleeping car was burned, with the car, by guerillas Nov. 2d, on the Nashville railroad.

### THE NORTHERN FRONTIER.

The demonstration against Northern cities, by way of Canada, are becoming too senous in character to be trifled with. Government however is fully awake to them, and we expect efficient measures for the protection of exposed points, and the punishment of invaders. Cleveland has been the scene

some days that an attempt was to be made to burn and plunder the cities of Buffalo and Detroit by desperadoes who had left. Montreal and other cities in Capada, heavily armed and having possession of combustibles for the destruction of property by fire. These desperadoes were to operate in conjunction with confederates already in these cities. The attack was to be made on last Sunday night, but the authorities had made such preparations of receive them that nothing was attempted. It was then thought that, being frustrated in their design on Buffalo and Detroit, it was possible they might extend their operations to Cleveland and other

cities along the lake. Despatches were received from the highest authorities to the above effect and resterday afternoon our city authorities, civil and military, and the United States, authorities made ample, preparations, to receive the raiders, come from what direction they might and to foil all attempts to destroy our city.? Ogdensburg, on the St. Eawnender river, has also been threatened. A despetch from there on Nov. 3d, says that 'a large number of armed men are on the island above, and below this place. Many strangers have been in town all day, and a raid on the town is feared. Business has been suspended, and everybody is arming. A tug has been sent out to reconnoitre. Three men been sent out to reconnoine.

have been arrested for firing in the street. six to sight inches of snow ien at 50. Here and arms have been sent for. A secon the 3d inst.—The steamer Golden City Men and arms have been sent for. A secon the 3d inst.—The steamer Golden City on the 3d inst. cond despatch later in the day says, "A boat arrived to day and reported that an organized rebel force was occupying Wall's and Maple Leaf Islands, eighteen miles above this place. She also reported a number of armed men on the islands below. A service in the borders of that State. Inarge number of strangers have been in dusk, in the direction of the islands. Five Indians of Southern and Middle Oregon, by mentwere arrested, who refused to give any which seventy-five square miles of land is account of themselves. They were all armed with revolvers. A tugboat passed down of the usual annuities, and a certain sum to

being sent away, and preparations are going on for an attack

At Castine, Maine, an attempt was made on Monday night of last week, by a raiding party from the land side, to surprise the Water Battery. As they approached they fired upon the sentinel, who returned the fire. Sergeant Ramsdell was shot at as he came out of his quarters, and four balls lodged within two feet of him. The garrison was promptly mustered and pursued the raiders about half a mile firing upon them and they replying, when they took to a boat and escaped. Their object it is sup-posed, was to capture a United States citter lying in the harbor. This city has been put into a state of defence by orders from Governor Coney, and, the Home Guard, are, in readiness for duty. The city government has increased and armed the police.

Particulars of an intended raid on Buffalo,

with the intention of destroying it by Greek fire have been divulged by a friendly Can dian. A Buffalo despatch Nov. 5th says:

It has been reliably ascertained that th propeller Georgiana has been purchased b the rebels in Toronto, C. W., and is being strengthened and armed somewhere on th Canada shore, for the purpose of sinking th steamer Michigan, and for piratical excur sion generally on the coast.

An extensive plot to burn Chicago and liberate the rebel prisoners at Camp Doug las was discovered on Monday Reb officers were found in the houses of Demo cratic sympathizers, and car loads of arm captured. Many arrests were made.

# orders of PIRACY.

A little breeze of sensation swept over our city on Thursday last by a report apparently straight that a pirate, supposed to be the Tallahasse, had gone into the Breakwater, plundering and destroying several (vessels and landing a portion of her crew, who largely robbed the citizens of Lewes. The report turned out a manufactured scare: The advices from Portland are to the effect that the Tallahassee was off the coast of

Monday night 31st ult: on the colored company recently raised by Judge Underwood, of Alexandria, Va., at their station near longitude 70° 25. The Chicamanga carries Acotink, Va. Quite a spirited fight occured three guns—one 32 and two 24 pounders, captured and burded in latitude 39 10, and Durham, N. Y. let and is manned by a crew of 150 men.

The Olustee, another of these ocean pests, has recently captured the bark Empress Therese, of Baltimore, in lat. 35° 30'; long. 740 10 ! The bark was burned, when the diustee went in chase of another vessel, which fortunately escaped in the darkness of the night. Several of the captives from for the time being.

A St. Louis despatch of Nov 4 says that of the Olustee, learned that there were Gen. Rosecrans and A. J. Smith arrived last four pirates of the same class on the coast. all out of Wilmington and English built.

### Pirate Florida Captured

This pirate was captured Oct. 27, in the bay of S. Salvador, Brazil, by the U. S. Steamer Wachusett, without the loss of a

# Price's Defeats.

Hood and Sherman.

The rebel army under Hood, after several ineffectual attempts has crossed the Tennessee below the shoals, and is moving for middle and East Tennessee. Forrest has destroyed several U. S. gunboats and trans poarts, on the Tennessee, at Johnsonville, Sherman's position is believed to be entirely satisfactory, as his army is closing upon the front, flank and rear of the rebels. Thirteen heavy trains entered Atlanta by rail, Oct. 28th.

### The Treason in the West.

Horace Heffern, Deputy Grand Commander of the Order of the Sone of Liberty in Indiana, who for some weeks has been on trial for a participation in a treasonable conspiracy, has turned State's evidence, and made a startlirg revelation of the schemes of the Order. He said that nobody but. Democrats had ever been admitted into the Order, nor would be if they applied. He of some excitement. The Herald, of that confirmed the previous evidence of the milcity, under date of Nov. 1, says 2. 13 11 11 litary organization of the Order, and of the litary organization of the Order, and of the Appointment of a Major General to command. Heffern further swere that the committee of Heffern further swore that the committee of thirteen had appointed ten men to kill Governor Morton, and a few days since the Governor received a letter signed by one of the men declaring that the writer and his ssociates were sworn to kill him, and would

### Capture of Blockade Runners.

The London built blockade runner Lady Stirling, new, fast, of a thousand tons burden, and with 986 bales of cotton on board was captured Oct. 28th, coming out of Wilmington. She is said to be worth \$800, 000. Other recent captures are English steamer Lucy, captured on November 2d, laden with 414 bales of cotton and 23 tons of tobacco; and the steamer Anna, captured on Monday last, lader with 518 bales of cotton and thirty tons of tobacco and 15 barrels of turpentine, making seven captures and 4 destroyed blockade runners within the last thirty days. promote class of our clave

Items.—The U. S. Gazette says: The Coroer's jury in the case of Campbell, who was killed in this city, Oct. 29th, returned a verdict that death was caused by a blow struck by a party in the Democratic torchlight pro-cession.—The trial of the New York agents for fraud in the matter of soldiers' votes, is going on in Washington.—From six to eight inches of snow fell at St. Louis treasure for England, and \$367,000 for New York.—The Oregon Legislature has authorized the issuing of \$200,000 in State bonds, dian Superintendent Houghton has concluceded to the United States, in consideration rection of the islands. The citizens are shook the country within a radius of several "Marmaduke and Shelby command the forming companies, which are stationed at leagues from the peak of Orizaba, doing rebels on our front. The latter was severely railroad depots, etc. Flour, grain, etc., are much damage, particularly in Orizaba and

Puebla.—Gen. Butler is in New York, in temporary command of the department, in connection with Gen. Dix. This, for the benefit of Gov. Seymour's "friends."——All the gambling houses in New Orleans are closed by military authority. Wish we could have equally sagacious and salutary exercise of military authority in our northern cities.

Nearly \$2,000,000 in gold left New York during last week. Hence the rise to 2.45.

#### THE PUBLICATION CAUSE.

The Treasurer of the Presbyter an Publication Com mittee, would acknowledge the receipt of the following donations from October 1st to 31st, 1864, viz:

t	FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.	٠
17.0	Mercer Street Church, New York	ŝ
19	Cortland: N. W First Freshyterian Church	;
١,		
k,	Miss M. N. Baynard, West Philadelphia	
<b>1</b> -	Madison, N. J. First Presbyterian Church	
٠,	Crawfordsville, Ind.—Centre Church	,
	Albany, N. Y.—Samuel Anable, "Little Emma's	
ei	Fund,"	Š
y.	Dryden, N. Y.—First Presbyterian Church	i
-	Washington, D. C.—Fourth Church	2
g		l
0	Stephentown, N. Y.—Presbyterian Church	
e	Baldwinsville, N. Y.—	!
r- '	Wabash, Ind.	•
. ;	Gilead, Ind _ " "	i
	Shiloh, Ind.	•
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g-	Nelson, Pa.	
el:	New York. Henry Day, (for wood cut)	è
<b>)-</b>	ALOH, DL.—Presbyterian Church	2
	Philadelphia, Pa.—Central N. L. Church	,
s	Total for General Purposes\$3	ť
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—L. H. Alling.
Catskill, N.Y.—Misses J. and C. Day.

2
Buffalg, N.Y.—Mrs. W.P. Fisher.

.... 12 10

Total for Special Fund General Purposes WILLIAM L. HILDEBURN, Treasurer. PHILADELPHIA, Presbyterian House, Nov. 1, 1864:

### MARRIAGES

#### THE SEC OBITUARY. A. SEC.

OBITUARY.

Died, on the evening of the 26th nik., Mrs. ElilZA
BETH BINGHAM, relict of the Rev. Amos Bingham
flate a missionary in this city, in the 34th year of her age.
For, many years engaged in labors of love in the
female prisons and among the Magdalens of Boston,
Mrs. Bingham led an active and useful Mg, wholly
devoted to the aervice of her. Master; and even when
disease; attended with the most intense sufferings and
salmost total loss of sight, laid her saide, he still glo
rified Him by her patience under afflictions and her
faith in His promises never to leave or forsake His
people; 'The, prolonging of life to so great an age,
when, to human view, "to depart and be with Christ" was
"argotten;' was to her agreat westery; but she never when to human view, "to depart and be with Christ" was "far (betten)! was to her a great wastery; but she never murmured or grew impatient; striying, on the contrary, by ther bright example and her sage counsels to her young, friends to advance the cause of her Redeemer, even when on a bed of languishing and pain. When her work was done, she was not," for God took her; and falling asleep in Jesus, she went to her reward—a bright eternity in the presence of Him whom her soul loved.

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Wiltiam Ford,
D. H. Woire,

A. B. Jarden, Secretary.

# MOLIBRE ICE AND COAL COMPANY

WOLBERT & BROTHER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

### TCE AND COAL. 1864 Offices: { NO. 206 SHIPPEN STREET, NO. 621 NORTH 18th STREET.

JOHN TAYLOR, Agent, 185 South Seventh st. TICKETS; will be furnished to families for EXTRA ICE when required. If not used, they will be redeemed at the end of the season.

W. & Bro. inform their friends and the public generally that they have procured a full supply of GOOD CLEAR ICE, and are prepared to receive Orders at the following REDUCED rates for the year 1864: 8 pounds a day, 75 cents a week
12 " \$1 00
20 " 110

W. G. BEDFORD,

CONVEYANCEB And Real Estate Agent, NO. 53 NORTH TENTH STREET.

### DYSPEPSIA.

DISEASES RESULTING FROM Disorders of the Liver

And Digestive Organs, ARE CURED BY

### HOOFLAND'S **CERMAN BITTERS.**

The Great Strengthening

#### LONGO.

THESE BITTERS

Have Performed more Cures! Have and do give Better Satisfaction! HAVE MORE TESTIMONY! HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE

TO VOUCH FOR THEM! Than any other article in the market. We Dety any One to Contradict this Assertion,

And will pay \$1000 To any one who will produce a certificate pub-

#### lished by us, that is not GENUINE. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Will cure every case of CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH.

Observe the following Symptoms Resulting from disorders of the Digestive Organs,

Resulting from disorders of the Digestive Organs, such
as Constipa
tion, Inward Piles,
Fullness of Blood to the
Head, Addity of the Stomach,
Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food,
Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Ernotations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering of the Heart, Choking of Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head. Deficiency of Perspiration, Yelldwases of the Skin and
Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest,
Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of
Heat, Burning in the Flesh,
Constant Imaginings
of Evil, and great
Depression of
Spirits.

Remember, that this Bitters is

#### NOT ALCOHOLIC. Contains no Rum or Whiskey, AND CAN'T MAKE DRUNKARDS

Is THE BEST TONIC

IN THE WORLD.

READ WHO SAYS SO:

From Rev. Levi G. Beck, Paster of the Baptist Church at Chester, Pa., formerly of Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J.

'I have known Hoofand's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know, that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner: I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afficted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofand's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours truly,

LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Ency-clopædia of Religious Knowledge: Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ing redients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparations in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

of others.

I'do this more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Eeq., for the removal of this prejudice by Shoemaker, Esq., for the reimoval of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident refief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

Philada, June 23, 1861.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

From Rev. J. M. Luons, formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N J.) and Milestoion (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

Or J.) and Milestown (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

New Rochelle, N. Y.

Dr. C. M. ackson:—Dear Sir,—I feel it a pleasure thus of my own accord, to bear testimony to the excellence of the German Bitters. Some years since, being much afflicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I have often recommended them to persons enfeebled by that tormenting disease, and have heard from them the most flattering testimonials as the their great value. In cases of general debility, I believe it to be a tonic that cannot be surpassed.

J. M. LYONS.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa. Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Respected Sir,—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's German Bitters. I am very much improved, after having taken five bottles.

Yours, with respect,

J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES. Large Size, (holding nearly double quantity,)
\$1 per Bottle—half doz......
Small Size—75 Cents per Bottle—half doz.....

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the WRAPPER of each bottle. Should your nearest druggist not have the article, de

not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations hat may be offered in ta place, but send to us, and we will orward, securely packed, by express. PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,

No. 631 Arch Street, Philada. JONES & EVANS, (Successors to C. M. JACKSON & CO.) PROPRIETORS.

For sale by Druggists and dealers in every town the United States.

### SELLING OUT.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE.

The undersigned, having decided to retire from business, offers for sale at low prices, his large and well-sected stock of WATCHES.

watches, belock of Watches, JEWELRY, and SILVER and PLATED WARE. THOMAS C GARRETT, No. 712 Chestnut street, Opposite the Masonic Hall. PHILADELPHIA

REMOVAL

O. H. WILLARD, PHOTOGRAPHER. Has removed from 1628 Market Street, to his new and spacious galleries,

No. 1206 Chestnut Street.

961-4t

Mr. W. would say that his accommodations now are of the most commodious and extensive character; and he feels confident that, by close personal attention to his business, to give his patrons a much finer quality of work than has heretotore been produced in the city.

SKYLIGHTS ON FIRST AND SECOND PLOOR.

EDWARD P. HIPPLE, PHOTOGRAPHER. No. 820 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Photographs from miniature to life-size finished in the finest styles of the art.