## Other Churches.

**Baptist.**—The Baptists, next to the Methodists, are the largest denomination in the country, and Pennsylvania was one of the first States in which they erected the standard of their faith, yet it is a remarkable fact that in the Keystone State fourteen out of sixty-six counties have no Baptist church, that the capital of the State is still without a Baptist minister, and that there is one city of over 20,000 inhabitants (Lancaster) in which there is not a Baptist church. This partially explains the fact that no Baptist paper is now published in Philadelphia.—The *Examiner* learns "that the Toungoo scandal is likely to come to an end. Dr. Mason's circumstances have been of a very delicate character, but we have not doubted that at what he deemed the proper time, his personal influence would set in the right direction. The latest advices from Burmah confirm this expectation, and the friends of missions may hope for a wise and early settlement of disturbances which have temporarily afflicted a most interesting and fruitful missionary station."—*One* of the excellent ladies of New York, who loves to labor for the Grande Ligne Mission, sends the *Examiner* a letter to show that the missionaries have not *done* anything to forfeit the confidence of the Baptist churches—that while they hold the principles of open communion, to some extent, they admit none but immersed believers to their communion table. [It is stated that 2,900 Papists have become Protestants through the instrumentality of this mission—one hundred every year.]—Rev. H. Harvey, D. D., has decided to leave the Hamilton Theological Seminary early in the spring, and to accept the call of the church at *Dayton, O., to become* their pastor.

**Methodist.**—The Church has been startled by the announcement that the General Missionary Committee, with the concurrence of the Board of Managers, the bishops, and the officers of the Society, have appropriated $425,000 for the support and prosecution of our missions at home and abroad during the coming year. Some have heard this grand announcement with grave apprehension; but it has been more *generally* heard by the Church with great pleasure, and even with proud satisfaction.—The number of Methodist churches in New York, according to the *Advocate*, seems to be decreasing rather than increasing. Last summer Duane street church was sold. The society is still together, and after paying all its liabilities it has $25,000 left; but it appears discouraged in regard to the erection of a new church. The Ninth street church was sold some weeks since to another denomination, but we understand that the stewards have obtained an injunction to prevent the transfer of the property. The Beekman Hill church has become discouraged since the decease of its pastor, Dr. Floy, although great efforts are making to save it.—The *Methodist* receives "most cheering accounts of the condition of our border work. We are informed that ever *seventy* persons have been happily converted at one of the appointments on Cambridge Circuit, of which Rev. Henry S. Thompson is pastor. This revival completely sweeps the neck of land upon which this appointment is situated, and those who are now being converted come from a distance, and will probably spread the fire to other appointments near which they reside. We are also credibly informed that the whole lower district, (Snow Hill) of which Rev. Adam Wallace is presiding elder, is in a most favorable spiritual condition. Rev. George W. Lybrand, now stationed near Philadelphia, has been making a tour for historical *purposes* in that part of the Conference."

**Southern Items.**—*Justice to a Pastor.*—The Baptist church in Lynchburgh paid its pastor $1,200 before the war. Last year this amount was raised to $3,200, and it was instantly increased to $4,000, which, with the parsonage rent, will be $5.500. Would that all our churches were like-minded. *Not so Just.*—The Richmond correspondent of the *Christian Index* says: "A Baptist minister of fine talents and great worth, in an adjacent county, engaged to serve his churches, during the pastoral year just closed, at a salary of $600. He received only $340, a sum which would scarcely have been sufficient to purchase corn for his horse, but for the kindness of an Episcopal neighbor, who sold him the corn he needed at Government prices, while his own members required him to pay $25 per bushel for theirs! It adds to the significance of these facts that the churches he served were never more prosperous; as is illustrated by the boast of one of the members, that from the single article of butter, he had realized, during the year, a profit of $600!"—A *Memorial is reported to have* been laid before the 'General Council' of the Bishops, Clergy, and Laity of the Protestant Episcopal Church in "the Confederate States of America." It is understood to have been referred to a select Committee (of which Bishop Gen. Polk is chairman), with instructions so to revise the Prayer-book *as to free it from all traces of Abolitionism*, and also to consider and report on the expediency of a corrected Southern version of the Old and New Testaments especially the latter."—*Toronto Paper.*

## Foreign.

**Episcopal.**—A "Church Congress," or voluntary meeting of clerical and lay members of the Church of England, has been held annually, we believe, of late years. The meeting this year took place in Lancashire, in October. *Its decided* High Church character has been generally remarked. The London *Weekly Review* says: "It was very evident who are the men, and what the opinions, which are influential in the Church of England, and are shaping her future. It was significant that the eager and earnest men, the men who expressed clear and decided convictions on all the subjects debated, and who above all have an intense and unquestioning faith that the Prelatic Church is the only Church of Christ in the world, were the High Church party. The papers read were almost without exception contributed by High Churchmen, and in all the discussions they were the most prominent. The Evangelicals were nowhere; and those of them who took part in the discussion were thoroughly cowed, and dared not—at least they did not—honestly and boldly avow the principles which distinguish them as a party in the Church, or manfully battle for them. This was one of the most notable features of the Congress. The High Church men had it all their own way. The Evangelicals shirked the debates; and, more extraordinary still, in the papers contributed by prominent Evangelicals, the distinctive religious truths, which we were wont to regard as characteristic of the party, were ignored."

**Canon Stanley, the Broad Churchman,** having declined the Archbishopric of Dublin, lately occupied by the distinguished Whately, recently deceased, Dean Trench, of Westminster, a far more Evangelical man, and an eminent Biblical scholar, has received and accepted the appointment.

**Prelacy and Presbytery in Scotland.**—Most singular and anomalous of all movements or tendencies brought to light in the present era of ecclesiastical activity and readjustment of relations, is that transpiring in Scotland in the bosom of the Established Church. It appears that Dr. Caird, Professor of Divinity at Glasgow, published an essay in *Good Words* for July last, wherein he expressed the opinion, which many have entertained, that there is not "to be found in the Bible any prescribed and definite church polity; but that, while the great truths upon which the existence of the Church is based are immutable and everlasting, the arrangements of government and discipline under which these truths are propagated and professed have been by the Great Head of the Church left indeterminate and flexible." Dr. Wordsworth, Bishop of St. Andrews, Dunblane and Dunkeld, has caught hold of this admission, and in an address to his Diocesan Synod founds on it a lengthened pleading for the people of Scotland becoming Episcopalians. A newspaper discussion followed, in which the friends of a union with Episcopacy on a moderate scheme for a time had it their own way. The Bishop might be perpetual Moderator of the Diocesan Synod. He might ordain in conjunction with Presbyters. The use of the Liturgy might be left optional, and might be gradually introduced. Subscription to the Thirty-nine Articles could scarcely be refused by any who approve of the Westminster Confession, the general strain of which is much the same. The position to be held by Presbyterian ministers already ordained was not stated. The better educated young ministers of the Kirk are groaning under the restraints of their present subscription, and are all panting after a more free and fresh theology." The Free Presbytery of Perth and Stirling overtured the General Assembly to "take into consideration the best means of disseminating throughout the congregations of the Church a knowledge of the scriptural grounds of Presbyterianism, in opposition especially to the pretensions of Prelacy." Mr. McCorkle of St. Ninians, the mover of the overture, said: "A new crisis in the history of Presbytery *v.* Prelacy had arisen in this country. There were Presbyterian ministers, who had engaged to maintain Presbyterian Church government, who were now ready to abandon the very scriptural grounds of Presbytery. He did not say there were any such in their own Church, but there were such apparently in other Presbyterian Churches. And old Prelacy, so hideous in the eyes of their fathers—old persecuting Prelacy—was again rearing its crest in their Presbyterian land."

**Miscellaneous.**—Since the war began, the Am. Bible Society have sent to the army through the U. S. Christian Commission, nearly five hundred thousand Bibles, Testaments, and other bound portions of the sacred Scriptures!

## Domestic News.

**The Army of the Potomac.**—As before stated, the late forward movement of this army began Thanksgiving night, Nov. 26th. The next day, the 3d Corps, in the advance on the left, had a severe encounter with the enemy, totally routing him, and compelling him to leave his dead and wounded on the field. Our loss was 100 killed and 320 wounded. The movements of the enemy seem to be in a westward direction. Few prisoners (instead of 900) were taken.

On Saturday, the army advanced through the heavy rain, and pushed back the enemy to the western bank of a stream called Mine Run, 2½ miles from Robertson's Tavern, and a short distance from old Verdieville, still in the "wilderness," not far from Chancellorville, and twelve miles from Orange C. H.

At this point, there were evidences of an intention on the part of the enemy to dispute our passage, earthworks and abattis being visible on the clearing beyond. On Monday morning, Nov. 30th, at 8 o'clock, all our batteries which could be placed in position were ordered to open upon the enemy. The seige train was placed in motion in front of Sedgwick's command. After half an hour's slow cannonading, to which the enemy feebly responded, an attack was ordered. The left wing, under General Warren, came upon the enemy, who was found to be in stronger numbers and position than was anticipated, and further instructions were consequently asked for. Thereupon the forward movement was checked, and all further firing ceased.

At a council of war held the same night, the fact was demonstrated that the enemy was intrenched behind very formidable breastworks, which they were every moment strengthening. The fearful loss it would entail on us, and the impossibility of succoring our wounded before they would perish with the cold, in case we attempted to carry the rebel works by assault, were some of the considerations which induced the subsequent action. Our rations and forage had nearly run out, and the roads were too bad to allow of transportation from our distant base of supplies. These weighty considerations, it is claimed, induced the commander to fall back.

Accordingly, the retreat began Tuesday night, and the head of the army arrived at Brandy Station, near the south bank of the Rappahannock, on the next afternoon. Total loss in the movement 600.

Profound dissatisfaction prevails among the people and army at this retrograde movement.

**E. Tennessee and Georgia.**—Dispatches from Knoxville to Saturday, Nov. 28th, state that the enemy was still before the place, but had gained no advantage. He was delaying in expectation of reinforcements from Virginia.

On the preceding Wednesday, 25th, the enemy made a diversion upon our position over the river; but, after an hour's fight, were driven back. The same day, a detachment of the 2d Michigan made a gallant charge, and captured a rebel rifle pit within five hundred yards of our works. We subsequently were compelled to give way to a superior force, with great loss. A despatch from Gen. Burnside, dated Nov. 24th, says the enemy on that day moved up three brigades and attacked his brigade, which was posted in a strong position on South river, three miles from Knoxville. A hard fight ensued, in which the enemy were repulsed with a loss of 150 killed.

KNOXVILLE, Nov. 30.—During Saturday night the enemy made a general attack, in force, upon a large portion of our skirmishing line, and, about midnight, succeeded in driving in our pickets. Early in the morning, the enemy charged in strong force upon Gen. Ferrero's position at Fort Sanders. They were met midway with a murderous discharge of grape and canister, and a steady fire from the rifle-pits, under which they faltered, and finally fell back in broken fragments, leaving two colonels, several captains, and, in all, over a hundred dead on the field. A considerable force reached the foot of the parapets, where the wounded and dead were piled in an undistinguished mass. We captured 232 prisoners, and the loss of the enemy in the assault was not far from 700, while that on our side was less than twenty-five. General Burnside humanely offered a truce to General Longstreet until five o'clock this afternoon, to afford him an opportunity for the removal of his wounded and the burial of the dead. The truce was accepted, and the time subsequently extended for two hours.

An assault was simultaneously made on the right of our line, but the rebels were driven back. Our loss on that side was about fourty, while the nemy's loss was much greater. His total loss is 1,000.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—A despatch from Chattanooga says that sufficient reinforcements, under General Gordon Granger, have been sent to Gen. Burnside, to insure his success.

Meanwhile, the reports of scouts, brought into Knoxville, Dec. 1st, show that Longstreet is attempting to withdraw into Virginia. Gen. Foster moved from Cumberland Gap Nov. 30th, to intercept his retreat.

On the 2d, our cavalry met that of Longstreet, at Watson's Ford, on the Clinch river, twenty miles from the Gap. We were repulsed, with a loss of fifty, in attempting to cross, but took four cannon.

Rebel accounts, via Atlanta, Nov. 27th, acknowledge, with little reserve, their disaster before Chattanooga, up to that date. They estimate their loss in prisoners at 5,000, and say they have 600 captured from our army. The despatch says:

The enemy charged on Lookout Mountain 40,000 strong, at the same time occupying the attention of our right on Fort Mission Ridge. Breckenridge's corps met the shock unflinchingly. In the afternoon, the enemy's force was increased, and, by repeated attacks, made an impression on our lines.

At 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, our left and centre gave way, the enemy pouring through the valley like a flood. Our troops were cut off, got confused, and retreated in disorder; and, after repeated chages, we evacuated Mission Ridge on Wednesday.

Our army is now at Chickamauga. We have six hundred prisoners. Washington and Cobb's artillery lost all their guns. General Waltham was wounded. Our wounded are arriving.

Despatches of Dec. 1, from Chattanooga, say:

CHATTANOOGA, Dec. 1.—General Hooker is still at Ringgold, having burned the mills, depot, public buildings, and railway bridges. A cavalry reconnoissance, made for a distance of twenty-three miles southward, disclosed no signs of the enemy; but he was found to be in force at Tunnel Hill. The railroad track from Ringgold to Chickumanga has been destroyed by order of Gen. Hooker.

Colonel Gross' brigade are engaged in burying our dead on the old battle-field of Chickamauga. The bodies were found unburied, and the heads of a few had been severed from their bodies and placed on stumps and poles. This is no exaggeration. The heads were seen by General Craft and others.

STORMING OF THE RIDGE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Storming of the Ridge in the great battle before Chattanooga, on the 26th, is thus described by an officer in his report to the War Department.

The storming of the Ridge by our troops was one of the greatest miracles in military history. No man who climbs the ascent, by any of the roads that wind along its front, can believe that 18,000 men were moved upon its broken and crumbling face, unless it was his fortune to witness the deed.

It seems as awful as a visible interposition of God

Neither Generals Grant nor Thomas intended it Their orders were to carry the rifle-pits along the base of the ridge, and cut off their occupants. But when this was accomplished, the unaccountable spirit of the troops bore them bodily up the impracticable steeps, over the bristling rifle-pits on the crest, and the thirty cannon enfilading every gully.

The order to storm appears to have been given simultaneously by Generals Sheridan and Wood, because the men were not to be held back—hopeless as the attempt appeared to military prudence; besides, the generals caught the inspiration of the men, and were ready themselves to undertake impossibilities.

**Items.**—Cairo despatches, Dec. 1, speak of rebel batteries erected on the Mississippi, below Vicksburg, and defended by guerrillas, which fire into merchant vessels, sometimes killing or wounding persons in the crews. Our gun-boats silence but do not destroy them.—John Morgan, the notorious guerilla chief, with several associates, escaped from Columbus, O., about ten days ago, by nearly a month's digging under the walls. Two of his captains have been retaken.—C. G. Gunther, Democrat, has been elected Mayor of New York city. This is simply better than the worst choice that could have been made.—We believe Gilmore is still pounding the ruins of Sumter, and sending two or three shells a day into Charleston. Lively work!—Provisions are still going forward to our prisoners in Richmond, and it is believed they reach their destination.—Wm. Lloyd Garrison, in a recent speech in this city, said: "I am for the Constitution as it is."—Crawford's statue of Freedom, nineteen feet high, is now in its place on the dome of the Capitol.

**Henry Ward Beecher.**—A most cordial and enthusiastic reception was awarded this bold champion of our cause in England by the people of this city, on Thursday evening, Dec. 3d. The Academy of Music, the scene of the reception, was filled from top to bottom, a large fee having been paid for seats, the avails to go to the Sanitary Commission. Mr. Beecher was introduced by Governor Curtin, and made one of his characteristic and telling speeches, which was received with great applause. Resolutions of welcome, offered by Horace Binney, Jr., and seconded by Charles J. Stille, were adopted.

### Foreign.

Three important ecclesiastical meetings were held in Lancashire, simultaneously, in the middle of last October: The Church Congress, (Episcopal,) the Congregational Union, and the new English Synod of the U. P. Church.

**Denmark.**—The King of Denmark is dead, and Prince Christian, father to Alexandra, Princess of Wales has ascended the throne. The troublesome Schleswig-Holstein question is revived, Prussia claiming these pricipalities from Denmark. The accession of Prince Christian to the throne is declared illegal by certain rival claimants &c., The University professors and members of the Court of Appeals refuse to take the oath.

**Great Britain.**—Speaking of the late demonstrations in connection with Mr. Beecher's speeches in England, the London *Weekly Review* says:

"Undoubtedly the effect of such a demonstration must be to strengthen the hands of the Ministry in their policy of absolute neutrality, and in the course they have adopted of stopping the steam-rams. It will tend materially also to inform the better portion of the American people of the real sentiments which are entertained for them on this side of the water. In England there are two classes, just as there are in America—one bold, blatant, and rowdy, which has no sympathy to spare for men who have struggled, as Beecher has for a quarter of a century, to shield the slave and break his fetters; and another, which welcomes him with open arms for his work's sake, and sympathises with that party in the rebellion which is practically working out the great problem of emancipation. The latter party has ever proved itself strongest in the conflicts of the past. It embraces the educated, thinking, and religious portions of all classes; and although they may have, on various questions, to struggle hard for a time for supremacy, they are sure to succeed in the end. Earl Russell has had experience enough of public life to know all this, and does well to shape his course accordingly."

**U. S. Christian Commission.**—*Cash Acknowledgments to November 27th,* 1863:

Army Com. Y. M. C. A., Boston, per Jas. Story, Treas., $2,000; A Champion, Rochester, N. Y., $339,75; Tract Society M. E. ch., $333,33; C. S. Kauffman, Columbia, Pa., $300; Coll'n at Union meeting in Dr. Halsey's church, Norristown, Pa., $150,31, Oak st. M. E. ch., Norristown, Pa., $18,54, Junior Aid Soc., Norristown, $55, Mr. Hoover, do., 25, Mr. McKight, do., 5—253,85; Coll'n Hillsboro', Ohio and vicinity, per W. R. Smith, $240; "S. W." $100,66; George D. Wetherill, add'l, $75; Col. G. C. Childs, 40; Soldiers' Aid Soc., Kellingly, Ct., 26,60; Alex. E. Orr, Brooklyn, 25; S. S. of Presby. church, Rome, N.Y., 25; Mahlon Williams, 5, J. Williams, 5, Wm. Gladder, 10, Mich. Errickson, 5, per G. D. Wetherill, 25; Soldiers' Aid Soc., Prattsburg, N. Y., per Miss Orpha L. Cheney, 20; Wm. Stewart, add'l, 20; John C. Scott, add'l, 20; Cong'ns of Orland, Steuben co., Ind., 18; S. S. of Baptist ch., Williamstown, Pa., 15; Ladies' Aid Soc'y., Esperance, N. Y., 9,50; Miss Maggie Easton, Putnam, N.Y., 15; Mrs. Sarah Waring, 10; Presby. ch., Tioga st., 8,50; Jos. Jones, Co. D. 84th P.V., 6,50; Finlay Strong, Defiance, Ohio., 5; Bruce & Armada Cong'l Soc., Mich., per B. G. Whitney, 5; Wm. T. Kern, Nazareth, Pa., 5; Mrs. S. M. Irwin, Highland, Kansas, 5; A. A. Winegarden, Williamsport, Pa., 5; Seventh Penna. Reserves, per Chaplain Furman, 5; D. Focht and Bro., 3; "Mrs. M. M.," Niagara, 2,50; Cash, 2; "W. D.," 2; Adjt. Wm. F. Colton, Anderson Cavalry, 2; S. B. Dyckman, Boscobel, N. Y., 1; Contributions received for the relief of the Union prisoners at Richmond, Va., as follows: Army Com. Y. M. C. A., Boston, per Jas. Story, Treas., $3,000; J. P. Williston, Northampton, Mass., 300; Friends in Germantown, per Geo. D. Freas, 90; Cash, 50; Chas. Koons, add'l, 50; Ladies' Aid Soc., Harris, Centre co., Pa., 21; Wyalusing Tribe, No. 56, Improved Order of Red Men, Philada., 20; Two members of Beverly, (N. J.) Presby. ch., per Rev. Mr. Thorn, 12; Bethseda Mis. S. S. of Ch. of Epiphany, 11,50; "M. T. D." 10; "J. H. M." 10; "W. W." 10; Chas. Woodruff, 10,00; A Soldier, 75c.—3,595,25. $7,569,44. Amount previously acknowledged, $161,049,28. Total, $169,618,72.

JOSEPH PATTERSON,
Treasurer U. S. Christian Commission.

The U. S. Christian Commission beg leave to acknowledge the following additional hospital stores, up to the 28th ult.:

PENNSYLVANIA—Philadelphia, two boxes Ladies' Aid Soc., Kensington M. E. ch.; one sack, Cohocksink ch.; 1 parcel, Mrs. Granger; 1 box, Fowers & Weightman; 1 parcel, Trinity M. E. ch.; 1 parcel, Soldiers' Aid Society, Front st. M. E. ch. Mount Joy, 1 box, Ladies' Aid. Lansdisburg, 1 box Ladies' Aid Soc. Christiana, 2 boxes, Christiana Aid Soc. Coatesville, 4 boxes, Ladies' Aid Soc. Hatboro', 1 box; Ladies' Aid Soc. Bloomfield, one box, Ladies' Aid Society.

NEW YORK—New York, 2 parcels, N. Y. Com. U. S. C. C., Buffalo, 9 boxes, Ladies' Christian Com. Gansevoort, 1 box, Ref. Dutch S. S. Salem, three barrels, 1 box, Rev. A. Boardman Lambert.

NEW JERSEY—Trenton, one package, a family in Trenton. Belvidere, 4 boxes, 1 barrel, 1 keg, Ladies' Vol. Aid Soc; Newark, 1 parcel, donor unknown. Blairstown, 1 parcel, Miss J. Carroll. Mt. Holly, one box, Ladies' Vol. Aid. New Gretna, one box, Ladies' Aid.

MASSACHUSETTS—Boston, 20 boxes, four parcels, Army Com. Y. M. C. A. Waterford, four barrels, Mrs. G. W. Eddy.

CONNECTICUT — Thompsonville, one box donor unknown.

OHIO—Perrysburg, one box, Mrs. D. A. Spafford.

VIRGINIA—Wheeling, one parcel, Mission S. S., Lutheran church.

We must thank our friends for the great liberality with which they have responded to our appeal for the Richmond prisoners. We hope that it will continue. We still need large supplies of winter clothing and hospital stores of all descriptions. We rely still upon the patriotic and benevolent sympathy of our people to furnish us with what is now so imperatively demanded.

Send, as heretofore, all stores to
GEO. H. STUART, Chairman.
No. 11 Bank Street, Philadelphia.

## Marriages.

On Nov. 19th, by the Rev. T. Brainerd, D. D., Mr. GEORGE ALCORNS to Miss MARIA RYAN.

On Nov. 23d, by the Rev. T. Brainerd, D.D., Mr. JOHN M. DOMAN, Jr., to Miss ELIZA J. GAW.

On Nov. 26th, by the Rev. T. Brainerd, D. D., Mr. WILLIAM SMITH to Miss ELIZABETH RUMBLE.

On Dec. 1-t, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Daniel March, Mr. WILLIAM GREER to Miss MAGGIE E. MCCAULY, all of this city.

## Special Notices.

**Sudden Changes. To Avoid the Dangers** consequent upon what is termed a slight cold, use an effective remedy at once, one that, whilst it destroys the disease, strengthens the system and renders it less liable to a resttack. Such a medicine is

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In thousands of cases it has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases:

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AND ALL PULMONARY ATTACKS.

For thirty years it has been a standard remedy, curing the most obstinate cases, after all other remedies and treatment had failed. The original and only genuine "WILD CHERRY COMPOUND" is prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, No. 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

**Philadelphia Tract and Mission Society.**—A meeting in behalf of this society will be held on Sabbath evening, 13th inst., at 7½ o'clock in the Central Presbyterian Church, Coates below 4th St. Rev. J. Y. Mitchell, Rev. W. W. Barr, and R. C. Matlock will address the meeting.

Also on Thursday evening the 10th inst., at 7½ o'clock in the 1st German Presbyterian Church, corner of Howard and School Streets. Several addresses will be made.

All friendly to the cause are invited to attend.

A collection will be taken up to aid the Society.

J. E. SCHREINER, Agent.
No. 229 Chestnut Street.

**The Presbytery of Rochester** will hold its annual meeting in Pittsford, on Tuesday, the 16th day of December next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. O. E. FURMAN, *Stated Clerk.*
ROCHESTER, *Nov. 27th*, 1863.


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## Advertisements.

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*H. N. THISSELL,*
Dec2-5t. DISTRICT SECRETARY.

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BY WM. W. KEYS.

**SECOND EDITION.**

The second edition of this work is now ready for sale, the first edition having been sold off in less than one month—a gratifying evidence that it meets the wants of the church, and of its acceptability. This book comprises the whole Book of Psalms in metre, as now used by the United and Reformed Presbyterians, &c., with music arranged to each Psalm; or, where the sentiment changes in a Psalm, to the several portions of it. Much time, labor, and money have been expended to make it as nearly perfect as possible. It will be found to be an eminently practical work; and will, no doubt, be the means of improving Congregational and Social Music, wherever used.

The Selection of Tunes is of such a character as will make it a standard Musical Work.

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