PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONS.

The Irish Presbyterian Church has a mission in Surat, India, of which the oldest missionary, Dr. Glasgow, is about to return home. Some remarkable features of his case are mentioned in the Report to the last General Assembly of this Church, from which we quote:

On the 1st of January next he will have completed, if spared, the twenty-first year of active labors in the Mission-field, besides two and a-half years spent in his native land, and laboriously occupied by visiting and addressing a large portion of all the congregations of the Assembly. During this lengthened period he has been hardly a day off constant work. His mind and body have been in perpetual activity. His labors have been most extensive and varied. His literary attainments have excited the universal admiration of those who knew or could appreciate them. His character has commanded the respect and veneration of the community in which he dwelt. The Government of the country honored him, by placing him, unsolicited, in a position of great reponsibility and usefulness. His works, in preaching, and writing, and translating, praise him in the gates. And what shall we say of his self-denial? For ten years he has been separated from his family, whose health forced them to abandon a tropical climate. Alone, he has prosecuted his work without one murmuring word; and when he does return, as he expects to do in a few months, to his family and native Church and country, it will be only because Providence forbids his house-hold to live with him in the Mission-field, and it would be unreasonable, and wrong, and cruel to separate them longer.

Simplification of the Arabic character.—Mr. Ferrette, formerly missionary of the Irish Church to the Jews in Damuscus is also spoken of in the same report as follows:

"For a long time he had, in common with other learned men, lamented the complicated and cumbersome character of Arabic printing, and having invented a simple system of printing the language, by which he is confident that he shall be able to unlock the treasures of Arabic literature to the people, but especially to present the Word of God to them in a clear, unconfused, and readable type, consisting of some 200 instead of 1,800 signs, he came to this country, solicited the sanction of the Board and the means to enable him to undertake the experiment, and the Directors, influenced by the testimony of men most competent to give an opinion on the subject of the importance of the discovery, voted a sum of £200 for the purchase of a press and types, &c., with £200 a year for the purpose of printing according to this new and improved system."

Three other Societies including the Turkish Mission's Aid, were so favorably impressed with Mr. Ferrette's invention, that they voted in the aggregate the sum of £100 to assist him in the work. It is hoped that the British and Foreign Bible Society will ere long be a contributor to this object. Mr. F. had procured one complete fount of type, had the Gospel of Matthew set up and the proofs in part corrected, and was contemplating an early return to Damascus in July last.

Domestic News.

THANKSGIVING.

WASHINGTON, October 3.

By the President of the United States of America,

A PROCLAMATION.

The year that is drawing towards its close has been filled with the blessing of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of such an extraordinary nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever watchful providence of Almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequalled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to provoke the aggression of foreign States, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere except in the theatre of our military conflict, while that theatre has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

Needful diversions of wealth and of strength from the fields of peaceful labor to the national defence have not arrested the plough, the shuttle, or the ship. The axe has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines are full of iron and coal, and of the precious metals, and have yielded even more abundantly than heretofore.

Population has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege, and the battle-field; and the country, rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor, is permitted to expect a continuance of years, with a large increase of freedom.

No human council hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, has, nevertheless, remembered mercy. It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemnly, reverently, and gratefully acknowledged by the whole American people.

I do, therefore, invite my fellow-citizens, in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourning in Foreign countries, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next as a day of thanksgiving and prayer and praise to our beneficent Father, who dwelleth in the heavens; and I recommend that, while offering up the ascriptions justly due to Him for such singular deliverance and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our perverseness and disobedience, commend to His tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners, or sufferers in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wounds of the nation, and to restore it, as soon as may be consistent with the Divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility, and union.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

By the President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
WM. H. SEWARD, *Secretary of State.*

Army of the Potomac.—A retrograde movement of this army has been going on since the 11th, when General Meade's army quietly withdrew from the south to the north side of the Rappahannock, with all the trains, stores, and public property. The enemy's cavalry followed close upon our rear, and entered Culpepper shortly after the evacuation. They met with a check between Stevensburg and Brandy Station, from General Buford's cavalry division. The fighting for a while was spirited, but as far known the loss was not heavy on either side. Gen. Buford sent in a considerable body of prisoners. The Washington *Star* of the 12th says:

On Saturday the rebel General Stuart crossed Robertson's river and captured nearly the whole of the 106th New York, who were doing picket duty, but the 5th Michigan cavalry made a charge and recaptured most of the prisoners. Soon after A. P. Hills corps passed our right flank, and we fell back to James City and held the rebels in check with artillery.

On Sunday morning our whole reconnoitering force commenced falling back towards Culpepper, our rear being covered by artillery. Gen. Buford's cavalry fell back as it happened, faster than Kilpatrick, who brought up the rear, so that the latter was cut off by Stuart getting in his front and on his right and left flanks. A charge was ordered and Gen. Custer's brigade gallantly drove the enemy into a thicket of woods, from which they however recharged in large numbers, and our cavalry then made a grand charge in their front and flanks, cutting their way through and joined Buford. Our artillery was brought into play during the day in covering our rear, and with terrible effect. In one instance the rebels charged upon one battery, (M. 2d. artillery,) when the cannoneers mounted their horses, repulsed the charge and returned to their guns, and gave the retreating rebels, canister, killing and wounding many of them.

In this combat our cavalry performed the unprecented feat of making successful charges simultaneously in three directions. General Kilpatrick led the charges with reckless gallantry, cutting his way through several platoons of infantry drawn up in the road, in the midst of a fire from artillery on each flank.

On Saturday our loss was but slight, but yesterday, in killed, wounded, and missing, Gen. Kilpatrick lost about 150 men. Captain Dodge, Acting Major 5th Michigan, was killed; Capt. Oliphant of the same regiment, was wounded; Capt. Hastings, of the same regiment, is missing and supposed a prisoner; Capt G. M. Datcher, aid to General Kilpatrick, was slightly wounded; Major Pauldi, of 1st Michigan, and Lieut. Col. Sawyer, of 1st Vermont, are also slightly wounded.

Yesterday, about 400 prisoners, mostly of Gen. Fitz Lee's division were brought into headquarters.

The same authority, Oct. 13th, says that on Monday, two Pennsylvania regiments, the 4th and 13th, led by Gen. Gregg in person, were entirely surrounded by the rebels but cut their way out. Other regiments with four pieces of artillery came to their support; the enemy with twenty pieces pressed them heavily, but our troops gallantly held the ground for several hours, repulsing the charges of the enemy and gradually falling back on the Fayetteville road, the enemy following, but keeping at a respectful distance. Gen. Gregg had two aids with him, Lieuts. Martin and Cutler, both whom were wounded, the former severely and the latter slightly. Our loss was 400. One gun was lost but retaken by the 1st. N. J. Cavalry. General Gregg was at the head of his men in the thickest of the fight, and in several charges took the lead.

According to the *Herald's* correspondent, this attack decided Gen. Meade to abandon immediately the line of the Rappahannock, which he had intended holding sometime longer. Near Auburn on the homeward march on Tuesday morning, a portion of our troops composing the rear guard, were assailed by the enemys cavalry and artillery without much effect, a general engagement was avoided. On Wednesday this rear guard had a desperate fight with a large force of pursuing rebels at Bristow Station which resulted disastrously to the pursuers as the following official dispatch will show:

The Major-General commanding announces to the army that the rear guard, consisting of the 2d Corps, was attacked yesterday, while marching by the flank. The enemy, after a spirited contest, was repulsed, losing a battery of five guns, two colors, and four hundred and fifty prisoners. The skill and promptitude of Major General Warren and the gallantry and bearing of the officers and soldiers of the 2d Corps, are entitled to high commendation. By command of Major General Meade.

S. WILLIAMS.

The guns captured, four of which are United States regulation, 3-inch, and one Blakely gun, were exhibited in Washington the next day. The prisoners were mostly North Carolinians, about fifty of whom have expressed a desire to take the oath of allegiance.

The *Herald* gives the rebel loss in killed and wounded at five hundred. Our own loss it puts at 200.

Massacre of General Blunt's Escort.—The account published by us on Saturday, in the telegraphic despatches, from Leavenworth, of the brutal and cowardly murder of the escort of General Blunt, is another instance of the barbarities practised by the rebels that stamp them with eternal infamy.

Says the account referred to:

"The whole number killed from General Blunt's escort of one hundred men was seventy-eight.
* * * * All of his clerks, orderlies, and band were shot through the head, after being taken prisoners. * * * Major Curtis was found thrown from his horse, shot through the head, and evidently murdered after he was prisoner—as well as the rest."

The murder, in cold blood, of not merely staff-officers and the body guard of General Blunt, but also of the non-combatants who accompanied him—for such the clerks at least may be considered—is an act of damnable atocity that will not, we imagine be suffered to go long unpunished, and that in an appropriate manner.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

A Leavenworth dispatch of Oct., 12th says: I have news from Baxter's Spring up to 10 o'clock P. M., Oct. 10th. Gen. Blunt has scouted the whole country east and south of Fort Blair, and it is now certain that the raiders have gone South. Blunt followed them to within thirty miles of Fort Gibson. He then sent messengers in advance of the rebels to warn the garrison at Fort Smith and Gibson. The *Conservative* of this city learns that Gen Blunt is now returning to Fort Scott.

Of the eighty prisoners taken by the rebels, *fifty-five were shot through the head, after they had surrendered.*

The late guerilla raids in Missouri have come to a bad end. On Monday the 12th., Shelby was overtaken at Booneville, and a running fight was kept up for several miles, resulting in the death of *many* rebels. The same night the enemy were defeated at Dug Ford, when they divided into four squads. Gen. Brown pursued those going towards Sedalia and on Tuesday sent the following despatch from Marshall, Saline County:

"After an hour's fight we have whipped the rebels, captured their artillery, a large number of small arms, part of their train, and killed a number." Despatches say that Gen. Brown is pursuing the rebels in all directions.

Charleston Harbor.—ATTACK ON THE IRONSIDES.—On Monday night, Oct. 5th, a daring but unsuccessful attempt was made by the rebels to destroy the frigate New Ironsides, lying near Fort Moultrie, by a torpedo. They employed for the purpose a small and very swift steamer, cigar-shaped, and having but a small portion above water. She was manned by a crew of four persons, consisting of Lieutenant Glassett, who was the commander of the party; an engineer, named Toombs; a fireman, named Scott; and a pilot whose name is unknown at the present writing. She eluded the picket boats of our fleet by passing close into the shore of Sullivan's Island, She then made directly across the harbor, and came up to the vessel without attracting any attention. She struck the Ironsides fairly amidships, exploding a torpedo, containing sixty pounds of rifle powder, at the moment of contact. The explosion was severely felt on the Ironsides, but no material damage was done to her hull, engine or armament. One man had his leg broken, and one of the bulkheads of the vessels was knocked down, which can be repaired here. The Ironsides was prepared for action by Captain Rowan immediately, and is as efficient for offensive operations as ever. She is now regarded here as torpedo proof.

The Vote of a Judge.—Judge Strong, of the Supreme Court, a loyal Democrat and associate of Judge Woodward, voted the whole Union ticket in his precinct in the Seventeenth ward on Tuesday. When such high-minded intelligent men can forget party and vote for country, it is high time that the mass of mere partisans should emulate and thus profit by such an example.—*Press.*

Louisiana.—The advance of our army in Northern Louisiana according to New Orleans advices to Oct. 10th, had reached Monroe, one-third of the distance from Vicksburg to Shreveport. The rebels under Dick Taylor retreated to Shreveport. Our forces waited for reinforcements. The 19th Army Corps reached Vermillion river, a few miles south of Vermillionville, Oct. 9th. It it thought there would be no delay in crossing. There was sharp skirmishing, and some prisoners taken from the rebels. Their loss is not known. Gen. Banks is in the field.

By advices from Chattanooga dated Oct. 15th, we are informed that the rebel batteries on Lookout Mountain and on the left are silent. Our batteries have driven the rebels from Missionary Ridge and Lookout Mountain. Deserters from the 3d Kentucky state that a fight occurred on the 6th, between a Georgia brigade and the rebel regulars, the former refusing to go out of the State. Our trains are running regularly on the Nashville and Stevenson Road. A strong rebel picket guard, with a lieutenant, came into our lines in a body, reporting that the rebels were building pontoons. This is thought to be an indication of an attempt to dislodge us by a flank movement across the river, which Gen. Rosecrans has amply provided for. There has been no communication with Gen. Burnside for several days. His army is doing good service, but not in the manner generally supposed at the North. General Longstreet has suspended General Polk. The latter has issued a farewell address.

Three hundred thousand volunteers have been called for by the President, to serve for three years or the war. They will be received until January 5th 1864, at which time a draft will be made for the number necessary to complete the complement of the several States or districts which may be deficient.

The Elections.—The result of the election in this State has been a very decided success in the the re-election of Gov. Curtin by at least 20,000 majority. Vallandigham has been defeated in Ohio by John Brough, the Union candidate for Governor, by over 60,000. The returns come in slowly, but the above figures will not be materially changed when the returns are completed. Pennsylvania and Ohio are loyal to the Union. In Iowa, the Republican candidate for Governor, Col. Stone, was elected by 12 or 15,000 majority.

Latest,—Tuesday.

On the 18th, Gen. Meade's Head Quarters were at Centreville. His retrograde movement is not considered a disaster, but rather a shrewd divice to draw the enemy away from his base. A successful advance of our army in East Tennessee towards Abington, Va., is reported by the rebels. A dispatch to Rosecrans, dated Rogersville, Ala., Oct. 10th, from Gen. Crook, reports the utter rout of Wheeler's Cavalry in three encounters, with a probable loss of 2,000, including 4 guns and 1,000 stand of arms. A rebel-blockade runner—a propeller—has been destroyed off New Inlet by our vessels.

HOME MISSIONS.

The Presbyterian Committee of Home Missions acknowledge the receipt of the following contributions during the month of September:

Presb. church, Johnsonville, N. Y.,	6 00
Liberty street Presb. church, Troy, N. Y.,	6 00
Presb. church, Mendham, N. J.,	6 50
" " Poughkeepsie, N. Y.,	22 25
Mrs. Eliza E. Haldeman, Harrisburgh, Pa.,	50 00
Otsego Presb., N. Y.,	166 39
Presb. church, Seymour, Ind.,	25 00
" " Southport, N. Y.,	3 50
S. S. of the Presb. church, Rural, N. Y.,	1 05
Presb. church, (bal.) Birmingham, Mich.,	5 50
" " Greenville, m. c., N. Y.,	12 00
Luther Weston, Esq., Salem, Pa.,	350 00
S. S. Central Presb. ch. Haverstraw, N. Y.,	26 21
Presb. church, Perry, N. Y.,	23 55
" " La Porte, Ind.,	108 10
1st Presb. church and S. S., Phelp's Village, N. Y.,	30 00
T. Wheeler, do.,	5 00
Mrs. L. Wells, do.,	5 00
Presb. church, Mishawaka, Ind.,	10 00
" " (bal.) Grand Haven, Mich.,	9 23
1st Presb. church, Ripley, N. Y.,	32 20
2d " " " "	14 62
" " Hawley, Pa.,	25 00
" " Freedom Plains, in part, N. Y.,	1 50
Presb. church, Apalachin, N. Y.,	10 00
" " Lawrenceville, Pa.,	10 00
" " Republic, O.,	26 31
" " Middleport, Ill.,	8 25
" " Washingtonville, N. Y.,	33 25
" " Corunno, Mich.,	10 00
" " Jamesville, Iowa,	5 00
" " Mankato, Minn.,	14 50
" " Cedar Rapids, Iowa,	10 00
" " Fulton, Ill.,	20 00
" " Scott, Iowa,	3 60
" " Williamson, N. Y.,	10 00
" " Hancock, (bal.) N. Y.,	5 18
" " Wheatland, Iowa,	5 00
" " Jamesville, N. Y.,	9 00
Synod of Ohio, O.,	137 50
1st Presb. church, Pike, N. Y.,	5 00
" " Columbus, (in part) Wis.,	25 00
" " Dryden, N. Y.,	30 00
Lafayette Aven Presb. church, Brooklyn, (in part) N. Y.,	695 63
1st Presb. church, Brooklyn, (bal.) N. Y.,	80 00

EDWARD A. LAMBERT, Treas.

U. S. Christian Commission.—*Cash Acknowledgments to October 9th, 1863:*

Army Committee Y. M. C. A., Boston, per Jas. Story, Treas., $1,000; Newark Chris. Com., per James Douglass Orton, Treas., 269.17; Miss Elizabeth J. P. Shields, add'l, 135; Ladies' Aid Soc., United Pres. Cong'n. Chartier's Cross Roads, 106, Mrs. Agnes White, 5, Mrs. John L. Cooke, 3, all per Hon. C. M. Reed, 114; Contributions from the members of the Lodiana mission, India, per Rev. Wm. Calderwood, as follows: Rev. Wm. Calderwood, Saharanpur, 10, Rev. John Newton, D. D., Lahore, 10, Rev. Chas. W. Forman, Lahore, 2,50, Rev. J. S. Woodside, Kapurthala, 5,00, Rev. John Newton, Jr., do, 5,00, Rev. Reese Thackwell, Ambala,, 2,50, Rev. Adolph Rudolph, Lodiana, 2,50. Rev. Jas. H. Orboson, Kawal Pendi, 5, Rev. David Herron, Dehra, 10, Miss Catharine L. Beatty, do., 10, Rev. Jas. Caldwell and lady, Roorkhoo, 10—72,50; Coll'n public meeting, Bangor, Me., after address by Rev. Mr. Lyford, 71,75; Contributrous of soldiers at Hickman Bridge Hospital Camp, Nelson, Ky., 66; Upper Uwchland Aid Soc., Uwchland, Pa., per Chas. M. Grimm, 50,75; William McKee, 25; John M. Harper, 23,50; Matthew Fife, 20; Contributions Wash. Agency, per W. Ballantyne, 14,50; Cochranville Soldier's Aid Soc., per Miss Lizzie Johnson, Sec., 12,50; A soldier in the Army of the Potomac, 10; Wm. Watson and Everett Battelle, U. S. N., New Ironsides, off Morris Island, 10: Mrs. Captain Rogers, 10; Proceeds of a lecture in Amsterdam, N. Y., by Mr. Healett, 7; J. P. G., Belvidere, N. J., 6; Miss Fox, 5; E. T., Cleveland, O., 5; Mrs. Asher Starkey, Columbus, N. J., 5; Pres. Ch., Morrisville, Pa., per Rev. Mr. Tully, 4,50; West Charlton, 2,70; Cash, 2,50; H. N. Thissell, (Tract Agent,) 2; L., 1; Rev. A. G. Osborn, Chap. 14th Pa. Cav., 1.—$1,946,37. Amount previously acknowledged, $139,641.56. Total, $141,587,93.

JOSEPH PATTERSON,
Treasurer U. S. Christian Commission.

The U. S. Christian Commission beg leave to acknowledge the following additional hospital stores, up to the 10th inst.:

PENNSYLNANIA—Philadelphia, two parcels, ninety "housewives," 3d U. P. ch. S. S.; two parcels, sixty "housewives," 52 Young Ladies, Zane st. Grammar Sch.; 1 box, Soldiers' Aid Soc., Spring Garden Pres. ch. Germantown, 2 boxes, Ladies' Aid, Christ ch. Pittsburg, 1 parcel, Army Com. Easton, 4 boxes, 1 barrel, Ladies' Aid Soc. 1st Pres. ch. Abington, 2 boxes, Ladies' Aid Soc. Taylorstown, two boxes, Ladies' Aid Soc. Unionville, 1 box, 1 barrel, Union Relief Soc. Colerain Forges, 1 box, C. W. Stewart, Esq. Waymount, one box, S. S., Delaware county, (North) 3 barrels, Ladies' Union Aid Soc. Brandywine Ford, 2 boxes, Pres. ch. Lower Providence, 3 boxes, 1 keg, 1 barrel, Ladies' Aid Asso. Rohrsburg, 1 box, Aid Asso. Derry and Decatur's Aid Soc., 1 box. Donor unknown, 1 parcel. Strasburg, 3 boxes, from Patriot Daughters.

NEW YORK—New York, 22 parcels, N. Y. Com. U. S. C. C. Buffalo, four parcels, Army Com.; nine boxes, Ladies' Chris. Com. Dansville, 1 box, H. T. McNair, Esq.

DELAWARE—Wilmington, 3 boxes, from Delaware State Asso.

MASSACHUSETTS—Boston, three boxes, 4½ barrels, Army Com. Y. M. C. A. Enfield, 1 parcel, Mattie V. Leonard.

NEW JERSEY—Columbus, 1 barrel, 3 boxes, one parcel, Ladies' Aid Soc. Moorestown, one parcel, Mrs. Anna Thomas.

Cold weather is rapidly setting in, and the demands for warm clothing, and hospital stores of all descriptions are being constantly made upon us. These demands must be met; and that promptly and liberally. Let us not fail to be worthy of the opportunity to do good. While such sacrifices are being made by our brave heroes, in behalf of all that is dear to us, let *us* see to it that their hearts are cheered, and their faith in the justice of the cause confirmed, by our contributions and sympathies. Our stock of stores is very low, in consequence of the heavy demands upon us since the recent battle of Chickamauga. Let us be supplied, and largely too, by sending to

GEORGE H. STUART, Chairman,
No. 11 Bank Street, Up-stairs.

Married.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Oct. 13th, by Rev. Daniel G. Meallery, assisted by Rev. Richard A. Meallery, JAMES OGDEN, U. S. N., to ELIZA WOLCOTT NEALLERY, daughter of the late Daniel Meallery, and sister of the officiating clergymen.

In Wilmington, Del., by Rev. Geo. F. Wiswell, on the 5th inst., MR. ABOLPHUS BROWN, formerly of Maine, to Miss LIZZIE, daughter of Charles Stewart, Esq., of Wilmington.

Died.

In this city, Aug. 26th, MISS ANNA P. MARCH, only daughter of Rev. Daniel March, Pastor of Clinton Street Church, aged 20 years.

Half of the twenty years which measured the life of this afflicted daughter were years of suffering. Cut off from the pursuits and diversions which ordinarily engage the attention and afford the enjoyment of the young, she nevertheless found much in life to enjoy. God gave her many friends, whose thoughtful kindness and tender sympathy did much to comfort and strengthen her heart through all of her ten year's conflict with pain and disease. She thankfully accepted the chastisement of suffering as the appointed and growing means of leading her to the choice of a better portion than health and life can give. And thus she learned to count her great affliction her greatest blessing. Her last days were full of peace and joy; her last conversation was of heaven, and the last prayer heard from her lips was: "Come, Lord Jesus; come quickly."

At Knightstown, Water Cure, August 21st, 1863, **Lieut. John McKinlay**, 62d Reg. Ind. Vols., son of Francis McKinlay, of Bloomington, Indiana.

About a year ago, Lieut. McK., animated by that patriotic spirit which has called so many to the battle-field, enlisted in the 62d Regiment, which was very soon after sent to Kentucky. Though not called into action, he had much to endure in long and rapid marches in the pursuit of Gen. Bragg. His health was much impaired shortly after entering the camp. With the exception of a short furlough, he remained at his post, discharging his duties, till about three months ago he returned home to die. Lieut. McK. was born near Ballymena, Ireland, Nov. 26th, 1831; emigrated to this country with his parents August, 1839. He early made profession of religion in connection with the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and his life has always been in accordance with his profession. When at home, suffering under disease, he manifested no impatience. He was resigned to the will of God. While at the Springs, whither he had gone with a faint hope that he might be benefitted, he was not without the consolation of religion. The Rev. Mr. Axtell, who visited him on his death-bed, thus writes: "Upon approaching his bed and taking his hand, I proceeded to set forth the fundamental truths which concern the soul's salvation, presenting it as the work of the Lord Jesus and his Holy Spirit, and the soul's experience therein in conversion. On asking if such utterance were right, he replied affirmatively, and added that he had endeavored to live a Christian life, and that it would be well with him whatever the issue might be, and that his hope was in God alone; and, on my suggestion, that the Lord Jesus was the intermediate ground of hope, to this he assented." His punctuality in his attendance at the Bible Class and at public worship gave satisfactory evidence that his religion was not a mere profession. He died in the assurance of faith, hoping to meet those whom he loved in a world of happiness. About 7 o'clock of the day following his last interview with Mr. Axtell, his spirit departed. Thus another, in addition to the many thousands of our amiable and pious young men, who would willingly injure no one, but whose aim it was to do good to all, has in obedience to the sacred call of our country, fallen a victim to this wicked rebellion. W.

Special Notices.

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BALDNESS PREVENTED. BALDNESS PREVENTED.

BALDNESS PREVENTED. BALDNESS PREVENTED.

LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

This discovery for the preservation of the human hair is taking the lead of all hair preparations; besides restoring the color and making hair grow on bald heads, it is a beautiful dressing, keeps the hair soft, smooth and flexible, removes any eruptive disease, Itching Scurf, Dandruff, &c. Many who were bald and grey have had their hair permanently restored. Only one preparation. Large bottles, 50 cents; 6 bottles, $2.50. Sold wholesale and retail by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, No. 330 North Sixth Street.

Philadelphia Tract and Missionary Society.—A meeting in benaif of this Society will be held in the 12th Baptist Church, Richmond near Shackamaxon sts., on Sabbath evening, the 25th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Several addresses will be made. Tract distributors needed.

J. E. SCHREINER, Agent.

Sudden Changes. To Avoid the Dangers consequent upon what is termed a slight cold, use an effective remedy at once, one that, whilst it destroys the disease, strengthens the system and renders it less liable to a rettack. Such a medicine is

"DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY."

In thousands of cases it has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases:

SEVERE COUGHS,	CONSUMPTION,
ASTHMA,	BLOOD-SPITTING,
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SORE THROAT,	WEAK NERVES,
PAINS SIDE, BREAST, &c.,	LIVER COMPLAINT,

AND ALL PULMONARY ATTACKS.

For thirty years it has been a standard remedy, curing the most obstinate cases, after all other remedies and treatment had failed. The original and only genuine "WILD CHERRY COMPOUND" is prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, No. 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

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This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic,

And overcome Convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the Best and Surest Remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from Teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

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mar19 1y] PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

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This curious and interesting book is a brief history of the world from the creation to the Christian era."—*Commercial Advertiser.*

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