

Reformed Presbyterian.

In Memoriam.—At a special meeting of the Sabbath School Association of the Fifth Reformed Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, held on Wednesday evening, June 24th 1863, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously passed:

WHEREAS, it has pleased God in His all-wise providence to remove from our midst our dear friend and fellow laborer, GEORGE HOGG, and

WHEREAS, since the organization of the Sabbath school in connection with our congregation, he has been intimately associated with it as a scholar, a teacher and an officer, and

WHEREAS, in his untiring industry, his ardent zeal, his earnest love, his self-sacrificing devotion in the service of Christ in every sphere of labor in which he was engaged, he had so endeared himself to us, and left us such an example of his worth, it is proper that we should place on our record a tribute of our love.

Resolved, that in the decease of George Hogg, we have lost a kind friend, a faithful fellow-laborer, and a devoted Christian.

Resolved, that while we humbly bow to Almighty God in this dispensation, we cannot but acknowledge God's goodness to our dear brother in permitting him to return home after a brief separation from us, and die in the house of his parents.

Resolved, that in his useful and devoted life, and in his happy and peaceful death, we see the power of divine grace preparing for the conflict and the victory, and give to God the praise.

Resolved, that while we hold his memory dear, we will seek by divine grace so to live as to stand him at the right hand of God, continuing "steadfast, immovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as we know that our labor is not in vain in the Lord."

Resolved, that our pastor be requested to preach a sermon commemorative of the life and character of our departed friend, at his earliest convenience.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of our deceased brother, and published in the Banner of the Covenant.

ROBERT STENSON, President. SAMUEL McDOWELL, Secretary.

Rev. James C. Wyatt, chaplain of the 7th Regiment, N. Y. Vols., Highland Guard of N. Y. City, died at the Officers' Hospital, Memphis Tenn., on Friday, July 10th. He was a highly esteemed clergyman of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

King Radama I. of Madagascar whose administration opened so auspiciously to the cause of Missions among that interesting population, has been assassinated by some of his own courtiers, and his widow Queen Rodo has been elevated to the throne. Mr. Ellis' opinion of the sad event is that the king still more or less under the influence of old superstitions, became completely bewildered and alarmed, and finally lost his reason. He had issued a proclamation virtually legalizing murder, to gratify a knight of fanaticism surrounding him. Their ultimate object does not clearly appear, but revolution seems to have been the only resource of the better portion of the court. The Weekly Review says:

The intention of the revolutionists appears to have been to spare the life of Radama, and to give him his absolute power, refused to give any guarantee that the rebel chiefs would be pardoned, and threatened all who opposed him with severe punishment. "This led the nobles to determine that it was not safe for him to live, and he died by their hands the next morning within the palace. The fanatics were afterwards put to death." Such is the way in which the tide of nature, reduced to perplexity, cut the Gordian knots of a political situation.

Mr. Ellis has confidence in the new regime and believes that neither the intercourse with foreigners, nor the toleration of Christianity will be interfered with. "Our missionary prospects," he writes, "seem to rest on a better foundation than ever."

The Boston Watchman, under the head of "Summer Religion," remarks: "A kind of religiousness exists in many churches which is dissipated by summer heats, and becomes invisible and impalpable, but crystallizes again into its old form on the approach of winter. It could hardly endure the heat of summer, but it is vitality is lost before the coming of the dog days. It forsakes the meetings in the summer months, finds a single service on the Sabbath, and several hundred straggle off all restraints in excursion to the country. It disbands Sabbath Schools, shuts up churches, and never looks for a revival in the summer season. It is an appalling spectacle, and one which Christians lay aside all religious activity at the incoming summer, and seem to consider spiritual sloth an inevitable result of bodily relaxation."

Christian Communion.—In reference to the collection of \$25,000 in Boston in one week for the sufferers at Gettysburg, Mr. W. E. Boardman, Secretary of the Commission on Philadelphia, has written to C. Demond, Esq. of Boston, of the National Executive Committee: "You and your friends generally will never know in the history of our country, the number of lives, by your generosity. If all Boston had turned out to go in person to the field, they could not have done half so much, or done it half so well, as by this voluntary offering through the chairman of your committee." The Secretary also says that the Commission is putting three bodies of Union's Foot Cavalry, (the 1st, 2d and 3d) under military and medical supervision on three lines, with three bases of supply, for the bloody field that is to come soon beyond Antietam, if it is not already being fought.

The American Bible Society, at their last monthly meeting, made a donation of twenty thousand copies of Scriptures to the Secretary of the Secretary of the Commission on Philadelphia, for permission to transmit this donation to the Confederate States. His reply was a cheerful consent to the Testaments being sent. The Secretary says that it gave him great pleasure to be the means of circulating the Scriptures either to friend or foe.

Conversation.—It is said that Joseph Barker, who supported infidelity in a debate with the Rev. Dr. Briggs in Philadelphia, some years ago, has abandoned his infidelity and returned to the ministry. Truly "their rock is not as our rock, even our enemies themselves being judges."

Domestic News.

The draft proceeds in almost every quarter in an orderly manner. Our own city has been on its best behavior, receiving the decisions of the "wheel" with perfect docility. Auburn, N. Y. has however evaded circumstances. Auburn, N. Y. has however evaded circumstances. Auburn, N. Y. has however evaded circumstances.

Operations in Mississippi.—To prevent the rebel army from fortifying and holding Yazoo City a joint military and naval expedition started up the river and made a combined attack upon the rebel works, July 12th. The enemy soon fled, losing over 250 of his rear guard and abandoning 6 gun-boats and all the munitions of war. The common council of this city has voted \$1,000,000 towards the support of the families of the drafted men.

American Presbyterian and Genssee Evangelist.

Foreign.—The news of Gen. Meade's victories at Gettysburg reached England when the last steamer left. The tone of the press there is much changed of course. Great praise is accorded to our troops. The Times however believes Mr. Lincoln's hopeful anticipations premature. It had not yet heard of the fall of Vicksburg and Port Hudson. Mr. Roebuck withdrew his motion for recognition on the 13th, before the news arrived. The Russian answer to the four powers in regard to Poland is very pacific, and it is believed will prove satisfactory to all, but the party most concerned—poor Poland itself.

British Reprocity.—The ship Geo. Griswold at Rio Janeiro discharging her cargo from Cardiff; she had been captured by the private Georgia and bonded for \$100,000. This was the vessel that took out a cargo of produce to the starving Englishmen!

The Draft.—Both sons of Hon. Edward Everett (one of whom has just graduated at Cambridge, England) have been drafted in Boston. Both have vowed to their minds to serve in person. Instead of procuring a substitute or paying the \$300. Mr. Everett himself, it is said, declares that if he is drafted he will follow their example.

Financial.—On the 21st, Jay Cooke reported the sale of nearly \$1,300,000 Government bonds. On the 26th of June, according to the Richmond Exchange, Gold was \$8 to \$8.50 and Silver \$6.50 to \$7 premium.

Victory in Indian Territory.—On the 16th of this month, our forces under General Blunt, 2500 strong, with 12 pieces of artillery, met and totally routed a rebel force under Gen. Cooper of 5000 strong. Our army on reaching Fort Gibson and finding the enemy had fled was obliged to march 50 miles in order to come up with them. The rebel army lost 60 dead and 30 wounded on the field and 100 prisoners. We captured one of their guns. Our loss, 10 killed and 30 wounded.

More Testimony about Negro Soldiers.—A regiment of colored soldiers was engaged in a serious encounter with the Texas and Indians in the Cherokee country early in July. The correspondent of a New York paper says: "All those in the return train present at the Cabin Creek fight unite in praising the daring courage of our troops in crossing the stream under the enemy's fire. Especially do they accord praise to the valor and discipline of the negro soldiers whose drill, moral and valor, they are the admiration of all who come in contact with them. The rebel mountain men and miners of the Second Colorado were, while on the march, inclined to sneer at the "niggers," but now, after the exhibition they witnessed of their courage, are cautious of according them full credit. Not one of the wounded negro left his place in the ranks till compelled to do so by sheer exhaustion. One black sergeant, serving with the skirmishers, was severely wounded in the leg, a ball passing through the calf. He bound it up to stop the blood, and maintained his place, loading and firing steadily, till severely wounded in the hand. Even did he not return to camp, till, as he phrased it, "Dat dar hand got so mighty stiff I zee couldn't use it."

The Greatest Capture. Mr. Menton in our country history was made by Bonaparte at Austerlitz, where he took 20,000 men. Gen. Grant, it is now reported, took nearly 31,000 at Vicksburg. Napoleon's grant at Austerlitz was 150 pieces of artillery; Gen. Grant's at Vicksburg is stated to be 238—embracing nine siege guns and 200 pieces of light artillery.

The National debt on the 1st of July was \$1,097,274,366.99, which is less by twenty-five millions than the estimate of Secretary Chase made last December. Twenty-eight millions are at 4 per cent, one hundred and one millions at 5, four hundred and thirty millions at 6, one hundred and forty millions at 7, 30 and three hundred and ninety-six millions without interest.

Important Expeditions in North Carolina and Virginia.—The Petersburg Express of the 22d, in referring to the cavalry expedition sent out by Gen. Foster in North Carolina, says: "The Yankee Raiders burned the railroad bridge over the Tar river, near Rocky Mount, destroyed the depot at that place, tore up two miles of the track, burned 5000 bales of cotton, and a large cotton factory. The bridge over the Tar river was on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, and was about 300 yards long. They also captured a train of cars which contained two car loads of ammunition and 30,000 pounds of bacon, which they destroyed."

Cincinnati, July 24.—A cavalry expedition, under Col. Toland, of the 24th Ohio Mounted Infantry, and Col. Powell, of the 2d Virginia Cavalry, which was sent by Brigadier General Seaman, from Charlestown, Va., to cut the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, at Wytheville, has been successful. They captured Wytheville, after a severe fight, taking 120 prisoners, two pieces of artillery, and 700 stand of arms. Our loss was about 65 killed and wounded. Col. Toland and Capt. Delaney, of Cincinnati, were killed, and Col. Powell severely wounded. The enemy lost 75 killed and a large number wounded. Our troops were fired on by their citizens, from their houses. The town was totally destroyed. The command reached Fayetteville yesterday, after a hard march.

From Rebel Sources.—The retreat of Lee, and capture of Vicksburg, and the attack on Charleston, have thrown the rebel states and authorities into a state of confusion, never before experienced. Jeff. Davis has issued a proclamation calling out the entire force of fighting men in 48 and 45. This proclamation appears in the Richmond Enquirer of July 18th from which we quote two paragraphs.

"And whereas, in my judgment the necessities of the public defence require that every man capable of bearing arms, between the ages of sixteen, should now be called out to do his duty in the defence of his country, and in driving back the invaders now within the limits of the Confederacy. Now, therefore, I, Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States of America, do, by virtue of the powers vested in me aforesaid, call out and place in the military service of the Confederate States, all white men residents of said States, between the ages of sixteen and forty-five years, not legally exempted from military service; and I do hereby order and direct that all persons subject to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

The Ledger of this city estimates that there are but 70,000 fresh men in the South available under this call. The Press allows 100,000.

On Lee's Retreat and the Fall of Vicksburg. The way of the 9th says: The intelligence from Gen. Lee falls short of the promise of the dispatches published yesterday, and will prove a grievous disappointment to the high wrought hopes of the public. Superadded to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

The Ledger of this city estimates that there are but 70,000 fresh men in the South available under this call. The Press allows 100,000.

On Lee's Retreat and the Fall of Vicksburg. The way of the 9th says: The intelligence from Gen. Lee falls short of the promise of the dispatches published yesterday, and will prove a grievous disappointment to the high wrought hopes of the public. Superadded to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

The Ledger of this city estimates that there are but 70,000 fresh men in the South available under this call. The Press allows 100,000.

On Lee's Retreat and the Fall of Vicksburg. The way of the 9th says: The intelligence from Gen. Lee falls short of the promise of the dispatches published yesterday, and will prove a grievous disappointment to the high wrought hopes of the public. Superadded to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

The Ledger of this city estimates that there are but 70,000 fresh men in the South available under this call. The Press allows 100,000.

On Lee's Retreat and the Fall of Vicksburg. The way of the 9th says: The intelligence from Gen. Lee falls short of the promise of the dispatches published yesterday, and will prove a grievous disappointment to the high wrought hopes of the public. Superadded to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

The Ledger of this city estimates that there are but 70,000 fresh men in the South available under this call. The Press allows 100,000.

On Lee's Retreat and the Fall of Vicksburg. The way of the 9th says: The intelligence from Gen. Lee falls short of the promise of the dispatches published yesterday, and will prove a grievous disappointment to the high wrought hopes of the public. Superadded to this call and not now in the military service, do, upon being enrolled, forthwith repair to the respective camps established in the respective States of which they may be residents, under pain of being held and punished as deserters in the event of their failure to obey this, as provided in said laws."

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!!! DON'T fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most eminent and skillful Physicians in New England, and has been used with unswerving success in THOUSANDS OF CASES. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach, corrects acidity, soothes the bowels, and restores the whole system. It will also destroy worms, whether arising from Teething or from any other cause. And overcomes Convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in Death. We believe it the Best and Safest Remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHEA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURRIE & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicines Dealers.

Principal Office, 45 Dry Dock, New York (marked 12) PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

United States FIVE-TENTHS, or Twenty-Year Six per Cent. Bonds, PAYABLE AT THE OPTION OF THE GOVERNMENT AFTER FIVE YEARS. I am instructed by the Secretary of the Treasury to receive subscriptions for the above.

LOAN, AT PAR, The Interest to Commence from Date of Deposit. This avoiding the difficulty heretofore experienced by requiring payment in GOLD of the interest from May 1st.

JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, 114 South Third Street. On and after July 1st, 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of LEGAL TENDER NOTES INTO NATIONAL SIX PER CENT. LOAN, (commonly known as Five-Tenths), will cease.

JOHN F. CRIPPS, MARBLE WORKS, FIFTEENTH AND RIDGE AVENUE, PHILADELPHIA. If you want a cheap HEAD-STONE, call at J. S. CRIPPS'S, cor. 16th and Ridge avenu. apl6m

THE RICHARDSON PREMIUM BURIAL CASKETS. Dressed in lead throughout with Cashmere, Satin, or other material, and constructed substantially air-tight by the novel invention of patent Circular Air-tight joints, making it impossible for oxygen to penetrate from the outside, thus rendering them more durable, and better adapted to the purposes for which they are needed.

At our office also on call purchasers examine the relative merits of each style and are guaranteed ultimate and thorough satisfaction. Grover and Baker's Sewing Machines. \$46.00.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES. OUR NUMBER ONE MACHINES. Are admirably adapted to the wants of all manufacturers, and are far more simple, durable and cheaper than any other Sewing Machine, and a great favorite wherever introduced.

CALL and examine our Machines before purchasing elsewhere. We make a large variety of styles of each stitch, and adapted to the requirements of families and manufacturers of every good sewing machine employed, justly.

New and Valuable Books. SABBATH-SCHOOL LIBRARIES. A full and complete assortment of the publications of AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY, INSTALLED IN BOSTON, IN 1814.

Attorney at Law. PITTSBURG, PENNA. ONE PRICE CLOTHING. No. 601 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA. Made in the latest styles and best manner, expressly for retail sale. The lowest selling price is marked in plain figures on each article, and never varied from. All goods made to order warranted satisfactory, and at the same rate as ready-made. Our own price system is strictly adhered to, and we believe this to be the only fair way of dealing, at all seasons, by treated alike.

O. H. WILLARD'S CARDS DE VISTE and Photograph Galleries. No. 1628, 1628 and 1630 MARKET STREET. ALL work from this establishment is warranted to be of the very finest quality, and to give perfect satisfaction.

WATER'S CHORAL HARP. A new Standard Choral Harp of 100 strings, of both Nylon and Tones. It contains many new and "soft" keys which make it especially adapted for children, and for the "Bible School" and "Sunday School." It is called by HOLLAND WATER'S, author of "Sunday School" and "Bible School" Harps, and is published by HOLLAND WATER'S, No. 42 Broadway, N.Y.

The West Chester Academy, and Military Institute, AT WEST CHESTER, PENNSYLVANIA. WILLIAM F. WYBES, A. M., Principal. Assisted by more gentlemen of tried ability and experience. Boys and Young Men thoroughly prepared for Business, the Summer Term, of Five months commences on May 4th. Catalogues may be sent at the office of this paper, or by addressing the Principal at West Chester, Pa.

Family Boarding School, FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS, AT Pottdown, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. THIS School was established Eleven years since, by the Rev. M. Meigs, formerly President of Delaware College. The course of study is extensive, thorough and practical, including the usual preparation for Colleges, and the various branches of substantial English business education. The studies of pupils will be conforming to their future vocation, so far as it may be reasonably attained. Having finished many hundred Uniforms the past year for Staff Field and Line Officers, as well as for the Navy, we are prepared to execute orders in this line with correctness and dispatch.

THE LARGEST AND MOST DESIRABLE STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING IN PHILADELPHIA ALWAYS ON HAND. (The price marked in plain figures on all of the goods.) A department for Boys' Clothing is also maintained at this establishment, and superintended by expert tailors. CHARLES STOKES & CO'S, 118 1/2

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Advertisement for Charles Stokes & Co's clothing store, 118 1/2 Market Street, Philadelphia.