American Presbyterian am Genesee Evangelist.

this afternoon at 5 o'clock instead of to-morrow | continent. The great interest of an unborn posteri-Rev. Mr. Clark, of Illinois. It was understood

intended to express it. If I did not, I will do it that God may make the two branches of our Church now. My motion as I designed it, wast hat instead of going on Saturday afternoon when there would I shall witness this unity, I shall be ready to say, be no session, and when our action must be informal, with only a small portion of the members partici-pating, we should go this afternoon and as an As-

The question being put, on the amendment of Mr. Crowell as stated by himself, it was adopted unanimously. The motion of Dr. Cox as amended was The invitation of the Union Volunteer Refresh-

ment Saloon was then taken up and accepted. Tomorrow, Saturday afternoon, at 5 o'clock was fixed for the visit of the Assembly to the Saloon. REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLICATION.

The report of the Committee on Publication was presented, and was read as follows: Eleventh Annual Report of the Presbyterian

Publication Committee. The Presbyterian Publication Committee now presents to the General Assembly its Eleventh Annual Re-

I .- THE COMMITTEE The committee consists of the following persons: Term expiring May, 1863. Rev. John Jenkins, D. D., Charles S. Wurts, M. D., Rev. J. Glentworth Butler, Samuel C. Perkins, Esq., Hon. William Strong.
Term expiring May, 1864. Rev. N. S. S. Beman,
D. D., Rev. Asa D. Smith, D. D., Rev. Albert Barnes,

Mr. F. L. Bodine, Rev. George F. Wiswell.

Term expiring May, 1865. Rev. William E. Moore,
Rev. E. E. Adams, Rev. Henry Darling, D. D., Rev.
T. J. Shepherd, Mr. Wm. E. Tenbrook. The officers of the Committee are:—Rev. Albert Barnes, Chairman, Mr. William L. Hildeburn, Treasurer. Rev. John W. Dulles, Secretary, and Editor of the Committee's Publications. At the first meeting of the Committee after the Session of the last General Assembly, the officers of the

preceding year were unanimously re-elected.

The term of service of the following gentlemen exprires at the present time, viz:—Rev. John Jenkins, D. D., Rev. J. Glentworth Butler, Charles S. Wurts, M. D., Samuel C. Perkins, Esq., Hon. William Strong. II .- PUBLICATIONS.

That the Committee have entered upon few new enterprises during the past twelve months, will occasion with that body to use all his influence in this Assemno surprise to the Assembly. The state of the country, with the necessary absorption of public interest in a conflict so vast, so vital, so profound in its relations and issues, would in itself advise to caution on the part of an infant enterprise of the character of ours.

The immense advance in the cost of every material of

Rev. Dr. Spear stated that they wo book making, paper, muslin, leather, gold leaf, for-nished an additional reason for limiting new publica-attend at once. He said that both the commission-

Under these circumstances, the Committee thought

III.-TREASURER'S REPORT AND BUSINESS STATEMENT. The Treasurer's Report shows Balance on hand, April 1st, 1862... Donations received from March 31st, 1862. to March 31st, 1863.....

Total \$16,737.29 think that in our answer to this paper, this fact Orders paid by Treasurer 15,982 67 should be more explicitly stated than is done in the

of the Committee appear on the Treasurer's books. The sales have amounted to \$15,722 33, against \$13,170 98, the preceding year, showing an improvement of \$2,551 35. If to the sales we add \$1,112 72, the value of grants made by the Committee, it will any novelties. They adhered to the old Confessive a total of \$16,835 05. The orders paid by the Treasurer, were for the following purposes, viz:

He believed that the lack of concord between the two branches was constantly decreasing and that

For the Committee-Copyright,..... 418 54

Adver'g, freight, postage, &c., Total for Committee,..... For the Bookstore-Salaries,..... 1,095 56 Store Fixtures,..... 117,96

The assets of the Committee, April 1863,

Excess of assets over liabilities, Collection of Funds. - The sum received during the past year by contributions is \$4,212,44. Whilst this sum is very small, in view of the number of those who should contribute to it, and entirely in-adequate to the work to be done, there are not lacking reasons for satisfaction in the receipt of even this small amount. The Committee have had no collecting agency, neither are their donations, as always before, largely composed of special contributions from friends of the cause in Philadelphia. No such contributions have been sought or received the past year. The sums given have been given by the churches almost entirely, and without agency.

The report of the Committee on Publication was referred to the standing committee on that subject. The Assembly then adjourned with prayer.

Afternoon Session. Friday, May 22d, 1863.

The Assembly met at 31 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Moderator. TREASURER'S REPORT. The report of the Treasurer was read, and was re

ferred to a committee, consisting of Messrs. Am-REPORT ON FOREIGN MISSIONS. Mr. W. S. GRIFFITH presented the report of the

Committee on Foreign Missions, which was read, and referred to the standing committee on Foreign REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON COBRESPONDENCE.

Rev. Dr. SPEAR on behalf of the committee appointed on the subject, made the following report The committee to whom was referred a communication from the General Assembly of the Presby-terian Church of the United States, which met at Columbus. Ohio, May, 1862, addressed to the General Assembly, and proposing a stated annual friendly interchange of commissioners between the two Gene ral Assemblies, recommend the adoption of the following resolutions by this Assembly Resolved. That this Assembly with heart-felt plea-

sure and Christian salutation accept the proposition thus made, hoping and praying that it may result in securing a better understanding of the relations, which, in the judgment of the Assembly, are proper to be maintained between the two Assemblies. Resolved, secondly, That in accordance with the suggestion of the Moderator of the last Assembly meeting at Columbus, that this interchange of commissioners should commence at the earliest practi-cuble period, Robt. W. Patterson, minister, and William H. Brown, ruling elder, be appointed as commissioners to represent this Assembly in the General Assembly, now holding its sessions at Pe-

Resolved, thirdly, That it be suggested that fu ture General Assemblies of the two branches of the Presbyterian church in the United States, hereafter designate each other respectively by the places in which their sessions are appointed to be held.

Resolved, fourthly,—That a certified copy of this Resolved. action be at once transmitted to the Moderator of the General Assembly, now holding its sessions at Peoria, Illinois, and that the commissioners appointed, be requested to repair to that body, and express to it the fraternal and Christian regards of this As-

sembly.
The Rev. Dr. Spres moved the acceptance and adoption of the report.

Rev. Dr. Cox.—I do not wish to say anything that may appear invidious or unkind. Those who have much to be forgiven, should learn to forgive much. In the unhappy schism which took place in our Church some years ago, I experienced a wound which I shall feel till the day of my death, but it is more honorable to be sined against than sinning. I do think that the Presbyterian Church in this coundry is more primitive, more Biblical, more catholic, iry is more primitive, more Biblical, more catholic, instead of half-past 5 o'clock. The Assembly then adjourned with prayer.

ty of millions, may, and must be involved in the manner in which the two branches of this Church by those who made and seconded the motion for amendment, that it included the idea that we should go as a General Assembly.

The Moderator. That idea was not expressed in the motion for treat each other. I consider it a token of God's good providence, that things are now developed in the manner in which they present themselves. This Assembly, and the Church at large, as I understand, respond favorably to this section of our Committee. Mr. Crowell. I proposed the amendment, and I and I hope it will be made the subject of our prayers, "Now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace."
REV. ALBERT BARNES inquired whether the Assembly had any information that the General As-

embly meeting at Peoria will send commissi to this Assembly.

Rev. Dr. Cox. That is our understanding. THE MODERATOR. It was stated in the commuication from their Moderator that they would appoint commissioners this year, if we would respond o their action so as to enable them to do so.

REV. MR. SPEAR. The Moderator of the last Assembly in a letter to this body, made special request that we should at an early stage appoint commissioners to the next General Assembly now in session at Peoria, assuring us that that body would immediately respond by a corresponding

REV. Mr. BARNES. I will simply say, then, that I concur fully in these resolutions in reference that I concur fully in these resolutions in reference to an interchange of brotherly affection between these two religious bodies. The action imbodied in these resolutions is, I judge, just so far as we can go at the present time, and as far as they wish us to go. Our course during the last twenty-five years has been perfectly dignified and Christian. I have felt all along, that we have gone just as far as Christian propriety would allow us to go, in our approaches to that body.

REV. DR. COX. In 1840, they refused our overtures.

MR. BARNES. I was speaking merely of our own action. We have done what was proper. Now, that they have initiated this matter, I feel disposed, as I have no doubt the Assembly do, to go just as far as may be becoming. I do not think it necessary for us to make any further advances at the present time than is ambedied in the resolutions. present time, than is embodied in the resolutions before us. What this may lead to, no man can tell; it cannot, at any rate, do any harm. I like the report very much, and I shall cordially support

Rev. Dr. SKINNER stated that according to the information communicated to him, the action of the Old School Assembly on this subject was absolutely unanimous—that there was a most cordial desire for a better understanding between the two bodies. He Rev. Dr. SPEAR stated that they would be notified

Under these circumstances, the Committee thought it their duty to refrain from pledging the faith of the churches for any new publications involving large outdesire, both among the laymen and the ministry of both branches, for a reunion. He hoped to see such a reunion before his death.

Rev. Dr. DARLING stated that it had been observed by an examination of the communication from the other branch that they have frequently used the phrase "New School" Presbyterian church. Cash received on account of sales,....... 12,221 83 This, (Dr. Darling remarked,) is a phrase which we have always been very careful to repudiate. I

The cash received does not show the whole amount f sales, as, in some cases, the balances only in favor this Assembly. He said that he had seldom used the phrase "New School," and very much disliked it. This branch of the church had not introduced

two branches was constantly decreasing, and that they would, in time, like kindred drops, commingle on earth as they expect to do in heaven. REV. Dr. Spear hoped that the commissioners appointed by this Assembly would have no other instructions than such as may be embraced in the action of the Assembly. He had no doubt that those commissioners, repairing to the Assembly of the other branch, would make fraternal and of the other branch, would make fraternal and Christian speeches which would fully represent the feeling of this body. It was a simple matter of fact that the term "New School" had been adopted as a phrase of designation by members of both branches of the Church. It did not, necessarily, imply anything invidious. He thought that the fraternal letter from the other Assembly should at once negative the idea that anything invidious was intended by the use of the phrase "New School." He thought that the resolutions reported by the committee suggesting that the two Assemblies should be designated by their place of meeting, was a very polite hint that the phrase "New School" should hereafter be avoided; and he had no doubt

that hint would be effective.

REV. DR. FOWLER, of Utica, expressed his gratification at the spirit manifested by the two Assemblication at the spirit manifested by the two Assemblications. olies and at the results which their action promised. He hoped that the admirably drawn paper presented by the committee would not be marred by any alterations. He thought that the Assembly in all its action should studiously avoid any reference to the disagreements of the past. Let by gones be by-gones. He hoped that the two branches of the Church would speedily become, by the blessing of God, one and indivisible.

Rev. Dr. Spres stated that he fully concurred in the resolutions reported by the Committee. He had during the last four years in Dayton, Ohio, been asso ciated with Rev. Dr. Thomas, a distinguished and excellent member of the Old School body. That gentleman had expressed to him, just before he left, his hope that the General Assembly would most cordially entertain the overtures of the other branch for a correspondence. He thought that, in some localities at least, the feeling in favor of union was stronger in the other branch of the church than in this. In the General Assembly at Columbus, this matter of correspondence was the subject of deliberate and careful consideration with the leading members, including such men as Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge ing of the Assembly on the subject was mos cordial, and their action was taken with entire unan imity.
'Mr. W S. Griffith expressed his great gratification

in view of the proposed correspondence between the two Assemblies. He fully concurred in the action proposed by the committee, believing it to be the best form which their action could assume for ac-complishing the object desired. He looked forward to the happiest results from the proposed correspon-dence. He believed that the two branches united were destined to accomplish a most glorious work. Rev. Dr. Darling stated that the suggestion which he had previously made, had been made at the instance of two of the eldest members of this body. He would not have made the suggestion, had he supposed that the matter had been thoroughly can-vassed by the Committee on Correspondence. In what he had previously said, he had not intended to intimate any design on the part of the members of the other hranch to cast any imputation upon those connected with this. If in the view of the committee the difficulty was sufficiently met by the resolutions proposed, he waived all objections to the report. He remarked that if the prospect of a correspondence of the character proposed gave place to the older members of the Assembly, it was doubly agreeable to the younger members, who had not been engaged in the battles of the past, and had no wounds to show. He blessed God in view of the

time when the Presbyterian Church in this country should be one united body.

The MODERATOR. Before putting this most important question to vote, I hope that the Assembly will indulge me in expressing the happiness which I personally feel in being the medium through which such a question shall be put to such a body. Viewing the past, we may certainly say that thus far, the Lord hath led us on in ways that tend to charity and to peace-to the healing of all dissension and division. We can take the vote on this question without

inquiring anxiously what the future may be. What our present duty is, and that to which all our hearts now respond, is manifest. I believe that our action will be cordial and unanimous. On motion, the resolution was amended by inserting in the second resolution the names of Rev. Arthur Swazey and Elder Oliver H. Lee, of Chicago, as al-

The question then being taken on adopting the report of the committee, it was adopted unanimously. On motion, it was
Resolved, That the action of the Assembly be communicated to the commissioners and to the Assem-

bly at Peoria, by telegraph.

ly after the appointment of the standing committees.

The records of the Synods were presented and put into the hands of the committees appointed to exa-

NARRATIVES, STATISTICAL REPORTS, ETC.

The Assembly proceeded to receive the narratives, statistical reports, and other papers of the Presbyte-ries, which were duly referred to the standing com-Rev. Mr. Norton moved that the Presbytery of Lexington, Missouri, be added to the list of Presby-

Rev. Mr. Hatfield, the stated clerk, remarked that he had received a letter from the stated clerk of the

tachment to the Synod, and has been recognized as his blessing. constituting the Presbytery. Since that time the sededing portion has repealed their action, and there

[READ ON FRIDAY, MAY 22D.]

This eventful age is distinguished for nothing more remarkable and cheering, than the work which God is accomplishing in the world through the agency of Christian Missions. By His wonder-working providence, every barrier to the introduction of the Gospel is being removed and a highway is opened up for the progress o Christ's Kingdom in all the nations of the earth. The Word of God is not bound, but in most heathen and Papal countries, may be distributed with-

No adamantine walls now exclude the missional of the Cross or the Bible from the hundreds of milions of China. No murderous ruler threatens death to the convert in Madagascar. The turbanned Turk takes his place with the friends of the Redeemer at the communion table in Constantinople without fear of death or persecution. In all these respects, and others as important,

nessed. All providential preparations seem to be nade for an onward movement of the Church against the powers of darkness. The cries of the dying naions sound louder and louder. The voice of the Master utters the command with new and startling emphasis, "Go ye into all the world, and preach the Rospel to every creature." That command is addressed to us. We have claimed to be a missionary people, have been honored

to report that in respect to this glorious work great numbers of our people seem indifferent alike to the command of our ascended Lord and to the claims of the perishing heathen, and we are constrained to herewith. [Circular and responses omitted.] ask, "How can Christians so highly favored and so

So far as we can learn from the Minutes of the Assembly, or from any other authentic source, the amount contributed to this cause from our Churches In which sweeps so many millions annually into the abves of endless woe!

If this be so, the fact is full of most fearful interest to us all with reference to the honor, the peace and prosperity of the Church we love so well, and to the progress of the glorious Gospel in the world. It is plainly the duty of this Committee, as we suppose, to keep the Assembly advised of the facts respecting the interests of the great cause we are appointed to serve, whether these facts are agreeable or otherwise.

The following tabular statement is derived from the serve, whether these facts are agreeable or otherwise. Vast assemblage of deeply increated Christian men and women—most of whom, if not all of whom had Minutes of the last Assembly, and presents the re-sult of another year's offerings from our brethren connected with the interests of our beloved country,

Statement showing the amounts contributed for Foreign Missions, by the churches in the Synods and

	No. of resbyteries.	No. of Members.	Amount ntributed.	Amount per aunum each Memb
Synoda.	Program	Kem	30 A	Te Se
Albany;	5	8,285	\$4,072 00	\$0 49
Utica.	4	7,171	3,264 10	A) U 45
Geneva.	6	9,149		0 45
Onondaga,	4	8,102	2,598 16	0 28
Susquehanna,	3	0,1V#	2,844 63	0.35
Genesee,	6	3,815	1,269 67	0 33
M Vools Marie		12,285	4,184 97	0 34
N. York, N. Jers			24,929 00	0 94
Pennsylvania,	5	13,711	5,541 13	0 40
W. Pennsylvani	18, 3	2,948	956 44	0 32
Michigan,	9	8,444	2,816 35	0 33
Western Reserv	/e, 😥	6,529	2,870 21	0 44
Ohio.	4	4.834	1,244 46	0 26
Cincinnati,	3	3,046	960 39	0 31
Indiana,	4	3,530	7,273 16	2 06
Wabash,	4	2.771	436 99	0 16
Illinois,	4	4,333	669 26	0 13
Peoria,	6	4,829	2,671 34	0 55
Wisconsin,	3	1,236	172 35	0 14
Iowa,	6	2,139 -	186 65	0 09
Minnesota,	3	605	286 16	0 47
Missouri,	3	857	135 26	0 15
Alta California,	3	569	100 00	0 18
The second second second	104	135,454	\$69,482	Time

Of the 1466 Churches, only 595 contributed any-

It thus appears that our rolls show an army of 135,454, bound by sacramental pledge and by every obligation of love and duty to devote their hearts and lives; every power mortal and immortal to honor the lives; every power mortal and immortal to honor the King of Zion, and to build up his kingdom; that this the Trustees of the Church Erection Fund, and great army, enjoying the gospel themselves and living from the Permanent Committees on Education and in the midst of plenty which God has showered down on Home Missions. After hearing the report on upon them, have actually contributed to send the Education Word of Life to the perishing heathen during a whole Dr. Fow Word of Life to the perishing heathen during a whole year, only the sum of \$69,482 68, or an average of statement in reference to the Auburn Theological about 51 cents to each enrolled member, which is less Seminary,) said that, although he could not give than one cent per week. Suppose that the requires statistics with entire accuracy, he was able to state ments of the gospel laid our time under tribute as did that, notwithstanding the troubles of the time, the past year has been to the institution one of great the time thus taken from our accustomed pursuits? Suppose that of this army more than one-third of the whole, say 35,454 are wounded, sick, disabled or deserters, and that we have 100,000 yet for duty; suppose that they, the able bodied shall devote to the cause of the great Captain in the foreign field only that we are making no adequate response to the claims which this cause has upon us, in respect to done, but the prospects of the Seminary which had

the contribution of our means. Allusion is made in the Committee's table to the number of Pastors only to suggest the inquiry, whether the results we deplore are due in any measure to the part that this blessed relation of Minister and people has to such an extent fallen into disuse among us.

The circular which this Committee addressed to

and will adopt some systematic and thoroughly emcient method to secure the intelligent presentation of the subject to each of their respective churches and to every member thereof, and that blessed results will be manifested in future years.

Having so recently addressed the Presbyteries, and feeling that it was our duty in some way to bring the condition of the cause of missions.

Another remarkable feature in Dr. Robinson's character was his devotion to the cause of missions.

early part of the morning's proceedings, immediately after the appointment of the standing committees.

Synodical records.

We hope that this appeal tour churches will not fail of its object, but that any thousands of our brethren may be reminded duty, and excited

and the welfare of a dying world In response to this circular, addy, a member of a church in the Presbytery of linnesota, writes, "About five years ago there is a Presbyterian church organized here, but we have never had a

As we have no other recogned Foreign Missionary work but that which is counted by the Ameri-

seceding portion has repeated.

was now a general desire on the part of the Prespytery to renew full connexion with the Synod.

Hon. Mr. Allen raised the point of order that there was nothing before the Assembly on which it could act—that, according to the statement of the clerk, the Presbytery was already on the roll, and that the motion of Rev. Mr. Norton was not in order.

SELAH B. TREAT, Secretary Boston, GEO. W. WOOD, D. D., Secretary, N. Y. City. CHAS. P. BUSH, District Secretary, Rochester. John McLeon, District Secretary, Philadelphia. ELISHA BALLANTINE, Dist. Ed., Bloomington.

Rev. Dr. Spees subsequently presented a communication from the Presbytery of Lexington, which was referred to the Committee on Bills and Overtures.

West Africa,—Gaboon Mison, 4. Jacob Best, Albert Bushnell, Andrew D. Jacob Best, Albert Bushnell, Andre

Mission to Eastern Turkey, 3 son, Orson P. Allen, W. Freder Williams.

Mission to Central Turkey, 3—Alva B. Goodale,
M. D., Homer B. Morgan, Georg H. White.

Syrin Mission, 6.—William A Thomson, M. D., Wm. W. Eddy, J. Edwards Ford Henry H. Jessup,

J. Lorenzo Lyons, Samuel Jesso.

Nestorian Mission, 5.—Sam. A. Rhea, Holsten
Pru. George W. Coxe, Joseph C Cochran, John H. Shedd, Henry H. Cobb. Western India, 3. Mahratta dission, 3.—Lemuel Bissell, Wm. P. Barker, Henry V. Ballartyde. Madura Mission, 6.—Southern India, 8.—John E. Chandler, Edward Chester, Ihn Rendall, Horace S. Taylor, William Tracy, Ches F. White. Ceylon Mission, 2.—Nathan L. Lord, M. D., James Quick. China, 6. Canton Mission, 2.—Samuel W. Bonney, Daniel Vrooman. Fuh Chau Mission, 3.—Cabb C. Baldwin, Justus Doolittle, Smein F. Woodin. North China Mission, 1.—Lyman D. Chapin.

Pacific Islands, 6. Sandvict Islands, 5.—Claudius B. Audrews, Seren. E. Bislop, Cyrus T. Mills, Lorenzo Lyons, Jno. F. Pigud. Micronesia Mission, 1.—Edward T. Danne.

sion, 1.—Edward T. Doans, 5. / Dakotas, 3.—Thos. S. Williamson, M. D., Steppen R. Riggs, John N. Williamson. Ojibwas, 1.—Leonard H. Wheeler. Senecas, 1.-Asher Wright Ten of these missionaries are now in this country,

viz .: - Jacob Best, Andrew). Jack, E. J. Pierce, Siclaimed to be a missionary people, have been nonored as such, God has crowned every effort we have made to obey the divine command with his blessing; has given us extraordinary opportunities and capabili-The Committee have lon desired to secure more ficient to meet the full measure of our responsibility in the premises. But notwithstanding all this, fidelity to the Master, and a true regard to the welfare of our beloved brethren, to the honor and advancement of our Church, compel your Committee gone to dwell in the dark places of the earth. We

Though many of the most valuable missionaries eminently qualified, remain deaf to the Macedonian of the Board have, during the last year, finished cry which year after year sounds more and more loudly in their ears and escape the terrible consequences of such a course?"

their course, and now wear their crown, all of those connected with our Presbytenes, are still pursuing quences of such a course?" either in their missions abrold, or laboring for the

The last meeting of the American Board, at Springs not one fourth what we have the ability with field, was one of the most nimerously attended and reat ease to do towards arresting that awful tide of interesting anniversaries everheld by that institution. It was thought by many frends of the Board, that the absorbing nature of the cares and trials connected with our national trcubles, would interfere to promote the conversion of the heathen world to to unite their prayers and tears, their sympathies christ.

Statement showing the amounts contributed for the most encouraging and delightful spectacles ever presented to man. It was estimated, that more than the occasion, and the meeting was doubtless one of the most pleasant and profitable ever held by the

the Board, already published. In conclusion, let us thank flod and take courage, in view of the fact, that amid revolutions and commotions at home, the cause of Foreign Missions has, during the past year, enjoyed such signal evidences of the divine favor—that those who have left us, to go far hence to the heathen, have realized the fulfilment of the last promises of dir ascended Lord, and that amid all the demands and sacrifices of the struggle for national life, and the cause of human liberty, God has given to the churches in the loyal States, the ability and the will to sustain and carry forward the cause of Christian Missions with so much

energy and success.

May our own beloved Church awake to new zeal and energy in this blessed work, and secure a rich reward in the prosperity of all our missionaries, and other enterprises at home, and in the blessing of heaven on the hearts of all the people.

Your Committee recommend, that the Stated Clerk be authorized and directed to send a copy of the Mi-

nutes of each Assembly, to each of our missionary The term of office of the following members of the Committee, expires at this time: - William E. Dodge, Joseph N. Tuttle, Thomas Bond, Edward A. Lambert, and Walter S. Griffith.

ASA D. SMITH, Chairman. WALTER S. GRIFFITH, Secretary.

prosperity. The financial condition of the Semina-

one day in last month, but shall devote that one day truly and faithfully, and shall place the proceeds in the treasury; what would be the result? If the average value of that day's work should be but 25 | Prof. DAY, of Lane Theological Seminary (being cents, the treasury would receive \$25,000 monthly, or called on for a statement in reference to that insti-\$300,000 per annum. Need more be said to prove tution,) said that its condition was such as greatly

at one time been dark and lowering, were now bright and hopeful. Notwithstanding its nearness to the seat of warlike operations had somewhat interfered with its operations, particularly at the time when Cincinnati was threatened, yet the number of students was larger than had been anticipated.

Rev. Dr. SKINNER (being called on for state-ment in regard to the condition of the Union Theological Seminary) said that the only statement in

The following items should have appeared in the | circular letter to the session of |ch church on the | left vacant by the death of Dr. Robinson might be properly supplied.

Rev. Dr. Cox made some remarks eulogistic of the character of the late Dr. Robinson. An illustration of his high Biblical attainments was that to appropriate efforts to their ownnspeakable good and the welfare of a dying world. In response to this circular, and v. a member of ment and the works of Robinson."

The department of Biblical criticism, in which Dr. Robinson stood pre-eminent, was one (the speaker feared) which was not sufficiently appreciated. Our house of worship, or a pastor. Soon after the organization of the church nearlyll the male members moved to other states. Thre now is but one male member, and only four mabers in all.

* * * Enclosed, I sudyou one little grain of sand towards making the huntain. It is all I can do, and may God add hibbssing."

A fifty cent Currency note as enclosed, which was no doubt a yeary generot antibution. English translation of the Bible is, in many respects, such fools as Tom. Paine and Colenso are forgotten. The death of Dr. Robinson was a great loss to the Seminary with which he was connected, and the church generally. His works live after him, and will be appreciated by posterity. His character will be respected so long as learning and piety shall receive esteem.

On Monday, the Assembly was occupied with the report of the Standing Committee on Foreign Missions, whose report with resolutions, as follows, was

Resolved, That in the removal of every obstacle to the preaching of the gospel there is abundant cause for gratitude and encouragement, and the strongest appeal to every friend of the Bedeemer to enlist to the extent of his ability in the work of evangelizing a lost world.

Resolved, That the fact so painfully evident, that

as a Christian people we are not properly awake to the claims of the heathen, and are doing little for

their salvation compared with the ability which God

has given us, is one that should humble us, instruct us, and induce us to devote ourselves henceforth while we live; our sons and our daughters; our means and our prayers to this great work.

Resolved, That this General Assembly and the churches we represent, are called upon to cherish and manifest the deepest interest in the work of Foreign Missions, as conducted by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, with which we have been so long and so happily connected, and which has given us such abundant proofs of the skill and fidelity which have marked the management of its great trust, and of the entire fairness of all its arrangements relating to the location of the missiona ries connected with our Presbyteries, and their freedom to act according to the dictates of their own

adgment as to the formation of Presbyteries in their espective fields. Resolved. That the General Assembly regard with great satisfaction the result of measures calculated to keep more fresh and enduring, that bond which unites us with peculiar regard to our own ministers and their beloved partners in the missionary field, and we trust that those dear brethren will permit us to hear from them occasionally, bereafter within each year. Rssolved, That it be recommended to the Presbyteries that they appoint one of their ministers or elders as the Presbyterial agent for Foreign Missions, whose duty it shall be to see that the cause is presented to each church, to report at each meeting of the Presbytery, and also to report annually to the Permanent Committee of the Assembly, what each church in the Presbytery has done for the cause during the

requested to furnish to the Permanent Committee the aries with a copy of the minutes of each General As-

year, and that the stated clerk of each Presbytery be

REPORT FROM JUDICIAL COMMITTEE Rev. Dr. Cox, from the Judicial Committee, presented the following report, stating that he believed it to be satisfactory to all the parties concerned. In reference to the complaint of S. Edwards Todd from the decision of the presbytery of Cayuga, and of he synod of Onondaga, confirming it in his case, the Judicial Committee report to the General Asembly, as follows:

First, that this matter or case of Mr. Todd appears to have been on whatever account managed by the synod, and especially before the presbytery in a way extraordinary if not censurable for irregu-larity, so that a full and fair trial on the whole seems to have been in fact precluded. (See minutes of said synod, especially pages 186, 187.) Second, that the case was not finished but rather left, and so brought immature before the synod, and by them not remitted as it should have been to the presbytery to finish thoroughly their work; but entertained and confirmed against the complain

Wherefore, the committee recommend to the General Assembly, first, that the entire case be remitted to the synod to that body to remit it to said presbytery; and secondly, that the presbytery be enjoined to institute a new trial of the complaint made to them, giving to all parties time and space Presbyteries respectively, as reported in the minutes of the General Assembly of 1862.

for proper process, and issue of the case, according to our book of discipline and the honor of the cause of the General Assembly of 1862.

for proper process, and issue of the case, according to our book of discipline and the honor of the cause of justice and truth as connected with the polity and wisdom of the Presbyterian church and wisdom of the Presbyterian church The committee desire no formal or special censure of the synod or presbytery except what seems inevit-

[The Committee here insertresolutions passed by able from the facts of the case—resulting from too much haste and the absence of so great a majority of that large and respected presbytery.

Passed unanimously in said committee, and so respectfully submitted to the Assembly. It was moved and seconded that the report of the mmittee be adopted.

After considerable discussion, extending into the afternoon session, the report was recommitted.
Adjourned until Tuesday morning. (To be continued.)

American Presbyterian

GENESEE EVANGELIST.

THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1863. JOHN W. MEARS, - - Editor.

On reviewing the sheets of Dr. Duffield's

THE mass of our readers require no apology

Sermon, we find a number of errors, which we will endeavor to correct in our next.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

rom us for the great prominence given in our columns to the proceedings of this body, now meeting in our city. Besides the ecclesiastical significance of their action which we chronicle, much of it is of a deeply interesting character to the general reader. The Moderator's sermon, of which we give a full and carefully revised copy, abounds in the weightiest considerations upon matters of universal and immediate importance in Church and State, urged with the earnestness of deep conviction upon the reader. Though few will sympathise with its rather dark outlook and desponding tone in regard to the immediate future, none can read it without receiving deep and salutary impressions of personal duty in view of the errors, follies, and perils of the times in which we live. It must rank among the ablest and most important of the moderator's sermons. We are most favorably impressed with the Assembly. It either contains more than usual disuse among us.

The circular which this Committee addressed to the Presbyteries in 1861, was generally so well received by those bodies that we hoped and expected to see the results apparent in the reports of last Assembly. We are not, however, discouraged in regard to that effort, but trust that the Presbyteries will feel their great responsibilities in this matter, and will adopt some systematic and thoroughly efficient commonly interesting and valuable. The prompt and emphatic action taken in response to the courteous offer of correspondence from the other bring the condition of the heathen world and wants of the treasury to the attention of our brethren; especially in view of the fact that the cost of sustaining the missions is so much enhanced by the great advance in the cost of exchange, we addressed character was his devotion to the cause of missions. By his zeal in this respect, he exerted a most addressed branch of the Church, proved the clear-headed-ness, the self-respect, and the Christian spirit of the missions is so much enhanced by the great advance in the cost of exchange, we addressed begged the prayers of the Assembly that the place

on the amendment of Mr. Crowell, by which it viction is certain that Grant has been uniformly was decided to give the entire endorsement of successful up to the last intelligence. That he the General Assembly to the principles and aims has beaten Colonel Gregg, with reinforcements of the Union League, by visiting the League from the South, and Gen. Johnston, with rein-Rooms of this city in a body. The mere wisps ged Pemberton in a pitched battle outside of of objection to such a course, raised by a few ex- Jackson. Pemberton has an army of fifty thoubody, were swept away in a vigorous and sum- forty thousand. It is probable, however, that a mary manner, by the stirring speeches of Messrs. Adair, Spear, Skinner, Clark and Foote, the lating Grant at only twelve thousand men. Grant ter, we are informed, being a brother of the brave hero of Fort Henry. We most cordially approve bably to secure the Yazoo river communication, of the decision reached, and of the grounds on which they were placed, in both of the matters Synod of Missouri, stating that the name of the Lexington Presbytery was last year accidentally omitted from the roll, and had been restored.

A fifty-cent Currency notewas enclosed, which in a nunknown tongue, so that he would be obliged to earry them to an interpreter before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his elicited that some time since a majority of the Lexington Presbytery voted to seccede from the Synod of Missouri, while a minority still maintained the presentations were written in an unknown tongue, so that he would be obliged to carry them to an interpreter before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written of an unknown tongue, so that he would be obliged to carry them to an interpreter before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written of an unknown tongue, so that he would be obliged to carry them to an interpreter before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written on interpreter before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written.

A fifty-cent Currency notewas, no doubt, a very genero pour protect before he could negotiate with the Czar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written.

The the spirit which animated, through the clurch, how will the cyar or his ministers? Worse is the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his instructions were written.

The the spirit which cannot have the condition of an ambassador of Christ who cannot read his in an unknown tongue, so that he would be obliged to.

A fifty-cent Currency obtained heard in its history before, to put forth that two brigs, (one the Model, for Mantanzas,) thirstrength in the Master's cause, particularly on ty-five schooners, and four steamers, for domestic our Home Field. It is remarkable that the same ports. This does not look as if the merchants General Assembly should witness the restoration _____There is authority for saying that all the stateto our Rolls of bodies once so widely distinct- ments that Hon. R. J. Walker has power from in fact so painfully antagonistic,—as the Free the Treasury Department to negotiate a loan in Presbytery of Ripley, Ohio, and the Presbytery | Europe are without foundation, as are also the of Lexington, Mo. This fact may be regarded as deeply significant, and of happy omen, as to our future progress in the most widely different sections of our country. It calls upon us to be Naval. up and doing. It seems plainly to indicate that our Zion, if true to her opportunities, shall per- month, intending to run the blockade at form a large and honorable part, in planting the Charleston. Her cargo, instead of being compure gospel, and diffusing the principles of liber- posed of powder, shot, etc., was wholly made up ty, of permanent peace, of true national exaltation, and of everlasting good, in our restored and run the blockade from Nassau to Charleston and reunited Republic.

OUR DAILY ISSUE.

ACCORDING to our promise, and by the favor of Providence, we have succeeded in issuing a tary Welles from his Flagship below Warrenton, daily sheet with a very full account of the pro- May 14th: "I have the honor to inform you that ceedings of the Assembly We are gratified I arrived off the mouth of the Red river on the with the reception given by the body to this effort, morning of the 4th, and on the 5th took possesthe first one we believe, ever made, fully to chroits mouth. On the evening of the 6th I took nicle its proceedings. The Assembly which met possession of the city of Alexandria without rein Wilmington, was largely reported in an extra sistance. General Banks arrived at Alexandria daily issue of the Delaware State Journal of that on the evening of the 7th, and I turned the city city, but our own daily report is three or four times as extensive, and its accuracy is secured by the aid of phonography. We consider gunboats May 8th, and continued as late as the ourselves most fortunate in our phonographic reporter, Mr. D. W. Brown, and cannot forbear expressing our appreciation of his accuracy, assiduity, gentlemanly bearing, and competency for his position.

The Assembly has responded to our expensive and somewhat perilous enterprise in such a liberal manner that we are sufficiently protected from pecuniary loss, which is as much as we care to Linnet. A number of smaller vessels have teen accomplish for ourselves. They have given us captured. tter worth going upon record, and that we feel to be a full compensation for our pains. Our hope and prayer is, that the proceedings of the partment, except the Engineer Corps, have been body, here fully reported, and distributed handed over to Gen. Ullman, who will have the through the church, may diffuse among us the entire control of their equipment and organizaelevated and comprehensive spirit of the Assem- that have been organized, there are already 2500 bly, may promote the growth of homogeneousness, and may convey to all a sense of the high. Ullman will immediately proceed to organize a and aspiring part we are called, as a denomina- | Corps d'Armee of infantry, artillery and cavalry. tion, to perform in accomplishing the triumph under the command of white officers. of His kingdom on earth.

Pomestic Mews.

The Southwest.

the 14th of May, he telegraphed Gen. Halleck from Raymond, Miss. "Gen. McPherson took this place on the 12th inst., after a brisk fight of more than two hours. Our loss was 51 killed and 180 wounded. The enemy's loss was 75 killed, buried by us, and 186 prisoners, besides the woun ded. McPherson is now at Clinton. Gen. Sherman is on the direct Jackson road, and Gen. Mc-Clernand is bringing up the rear. I will attack the State capital to-day." From his dispatch it appears that he approached Jackson from two ections, striking the railroad first at Clinton, which latter was done by McPherson after his ictory at Raymond.

Cincinnati dispatches of the 19th say: "The feat of the rebels at Raymond, Miss., is said to have been very disastrous to them. We are as yet without particulars. General Grant took Jackson on the 14th inst., and burned the State capitol. Heavy reinforcements were hurrying forward to the rebels, and stopping twelve miles east of Jackson. A great battle is imminent. -Rebel sources of May 14th state that Grant captured Jackson on that day, and burned the capitol. Evidently "the Confederate House" is referred to as below. This is confirmed by dispatch from Gen. Grant, dated Jackson, May 15th, in which he says: "This place fell into our hands yesterday, after a fight of about three hours. Joe. Johnston was in command. The enemy retreated north, evidently with the design f joining the Vicksburg forces. (Signed,) U. S.

We again take the rebel sources as our guide as they are earlier than our own, and they admit the advantage so far to be with us. The first of these dispatches is dated Brandon, Miss., May 17th. It states that our forces had "evacuated" Jackson at 2 o'clock on that day. But as Grant moved towards Vicksburg, the evacuation was in reality an advance movement. The dispatch ays: "Before leaving they burned the Confederate House, the depots, penitentiary, Green and Philip's factory, Stevens' foundry, Lenoire's hat factory, and a block of buildings on State street, including the Medical Purveyor's and other Government offices. Also, both bridges ver Pearl river, and destroyed several miles of the railroad track. It is reported in Mobile that some of the burning was done before we retired. The Confederate House was burned by the proprietor." A Mobile dispatch of the 18th says: Newville, Miss L., The enemy evacuated on Friday and Saturday, etreating hastily. No serious engagement took lace. The last of the rear guard left about two clock, when our cavalry pickets dashed in, kiled a Union Colonel, and captured two others. The Yankees captured and paroled two hundred outh Carolinians and Georgians."—A Battle. ccording to these rebel accounts, an "indecisive" pattle was fought on the 16th at Edwards' Staion, on the railroad between Jackson and Vicksourg. The rebel Gen. Johnston's official disatch, dated May 18th, says: "Lieut. Gen. Pemerton was attacked by the enemy on the mornhave been taken by the Union force; but this is denied by the rebels. Pemberton has been compelled to fall back behind the Big Black river; and it is reported, though also denied, that the railroad bridge over that stream was burned by the rebels account to the lair to its original color and beauty, and it is reported, though also denied, that the railroad bridge over that stream was burned by the rebels account says, are claimed to have by the union force; but this is denied by the rebels. Pemberton has been compelled to fall back behind the Big Black river; and Bressing. The only attested article that will absolutely restore the hair to its original color and beauty, cansing it to grow where it has fallen off or become thin. Wholesale and retail at Dr. Swayne's Alt-healing Ointment. Prepared on the property of the pr railroad bridge over that stream was purned by him. Gen. Grant had advanced eight miles north, and, on the morning of Tuesday last, the 19th, found Johnston in line of battle to resist his further advance. From all these accounts, the con-

forcements from the east, and that he has flogellent, but somewhat timorous, members of the sand men, and Grant the rebel dispatch says, of large portion of Pemberton's force was left to occupy Vicksburg. They put the force resistappears to be moving towards Hames' Bluff, prowhere he can have the assistance of the gunboats to assault Vicksburg from the rear.

and shippers were in great dread of privateers. reports that any other persons have been sent abroad by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose. The sales of 5-20 year bonds, on the 20th again exceeded two millions.

The steamer Gladiator left Liverpool last of breadstuffs for the rebel army. Out of twenty-eight steamers which have attempted to other points on the southern coast, ten have been captured or destroyed. The effect of these captures has been to raise the price of freights, and consequently the business has fallen off in a great measure. — Capture of Alexandria La. - Admiral Porter sends the following dispatch to Secresion of Fort De Russey, about eight miles from over to him. DAVID D. PORTER, Rear Admiral. Commanding the Mississippi Squadron."-An attack on Port Hudson was commenced by our 10th. The reports, via New Orleans, are meagre. Warrenton, just below Vicksburg is in our possession. Our gunboats have ascended the Red river from Alexandria, have forced the rebel obstructions and shelled the rebel battery at Harrisonburg. The R. R. Cuyler, on the 6th, captured a new fast sailing steamer, the Eugenic, while attempting to run into Mobile. She had been fitted out at New York City. The transport steamer Union captured the English steamer

All the colored regiments in Gen. Banks' de tion. In addition to the present four regiments recruits in camp and under instruction. General

LATEST

Great Victory in the West-On Tuesday morning 26th inst., advices had been received of the capture of Haines' Bluff, on the 18th by the navy under admiral Porter, communication having been previously opened with Gen. Grant and Sherman. All eyes have been turned auxiously and all Gen. Grant had advanced from Jackson, beaten the hearts seem to stand still with wender and enemy May 16th, at Baker's Creek, with immense anxiety in regard to Gen. Grant's bold and peri- loss in killed, wounded and captured, and was in ous operations in the flank of Vicksburg. On possession, on the 25th, of the inner line of the works surrounding Vicksburg.

Special Actices.

The Rev. J. C. Fletcher gave us last evening a brilliant lecture on the religion, customs and people of Brazil. Soldom have we relished anything more than the picture he laid before his andience of that exuberant garden of the tropics laden with its strange variety of fruits and flowers, teeming with perpetual harvest for the hand of man. Surely that country must be the garden of the world, and if its people had the enterprise which moves this Yankee nation, imagination could not set a bound to the results they would produce there. As relevant to this comparison the Reverend gentleman stated that the test Remedies employed therefor the diseases to which they are subject, ser invented and supplied to them by our own well known countryman, Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., and that not the people only but the priesthood and the court of the Emperor down, have constant recourse in stekness to the Remedies of this widely celebrated American Chemist.—[Ledger, Boston.

AMERICAN BOARD C. FOREIGN MIS-

Receipts for the Philadelphia District for Jan-uary, February, and March, 1863. " 1st Presb.Ch, Ladies of Cong. \$705 00 Gentlemen " Collection, Monthly Concert 216 15 " J. S.,
" M. B. M.,
" Green Hill church,
" Rev. E. B. R., "Olivet church,
"Mrs. Wiegand,
"Sabbath School by Miss Fisk, Mrs. M. R. M., for Fem. Sch. at Beirut, 5 00 " T. M. & Henry Martyn Chance, for poor J. & A. V. R. C., 50 00 10 00 Pine street church,-Sabbath School, \$251 07 290 96 Calvary, Miss E. M. S., Mrs. B., Miss M. L. B., 20 00 Walnut street ch, W. Phila., Sab. Sch, 10 00- 121 00 Buttonwood Street church, 140 00
Sab. Sch, 80 00— 220 00 Clinton street church, S. H. C., Manayunk church, mon. con.,
Harrisburg, A Friend,
Mon. con., 25 72- 525 72 Erie, M. W. T., Lewiston, Mrs. E. II., Pleasant Retreat, Ger. Ref. church. Nelson Sabbath School, Marple church, Lewiston, F. J. H., 10 00 Pittsburg, D. O. J., Grove, Mrs. M. R., \$3 00 E. R., \$1 00; C. F., 2 00—

Sylvania, Mrs. J. P., urg, Mrs. L. P. Morton, by Rev. A. Hartpence, legacy,
Pleasant Mount, Asa Smith, by Wm. Wright, Baltimore, Md., 1st const. Presb.ch, \$142 00

"Sab. Sch, 50 00—192 00

1000 00 Wilmington, Del., Hanover St. ch. m. c. \$85 37 "Sab. Sch. 20 00— 105 37