American Presbyterian and Genesee Evangelist.

GENESEE EVANGELIST.

JOHN W. MEARS,

THURSDAY, APRIL 17, 1862.

THE AMERICAN PRESBYTERIAN. A WEEKLY RELIGIOUS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER. IN THE INTEREST OF THE Constitutional Presbyterian Church.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, AT No. 1334 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

TERMS-(in advance).

PREMIUMS. Any clergyman procuring us two new subscribers, with the pay in advance, is entitled to a third copy one year, free.

Any person procuring three new subscribers, with the pay in advance, can have a fourth copy free, for For Five Dollars we will send two copies of the paper and a copy of the Quarterly Review, for one year, to new subscribers.

Any one procuring new subscribers is entitled to Fifty cents for each one secured and prepaid.

Meligious Antelligence.

Presbyterian.

The True Presbyterian.—The first number of this new journal has made its appearance, and very handsome in externals it is. The type is new, and the paper fair and smooth. Rev. Dr. W. W. Hill's rudeness the leading editor of the True Presbyterian, when editor of the Presbyterial Critic in Baltimore, attacked one of the oldest, most esteemed and most | The world moves." useful of the Presbyterian pastors of Washington city: Cœlum, non animum mutavit. From the Old School body.

Generous Benefaction.—Governor Gamble, of Missouri, who had been a resident of Norristown, Pa., for some time, left for his home in his old | - Watchman and Reflector. State, a week or two since. His residence was in the northern part of the borough of Norristown. Before leaving for the West, the Governor deeded Mr. Spurgeon is as successful as ever. His church the entire property to the Presbyterian Board of numbers at the present time 1942 members, the sta-Domestic Missions. The estate cost six or eight tistics for the past year being as follows: Increasethousand dollars, and in good times would be worth by baptism, 367; by letter, 42; total, 439. Deabout ten thousand. The gift is a noble and gene-crease-by death, 13; by dismission, 14; by exrous one, and in aid of a good cause.—Presbyterian.

Rev. W. J. R. Taylor, D.D., Reformed Dutch, of this city, has been chosen a Corresponding Secretary of the American Bible Society, in place of Rev. James H. McNeill, who seceded and became editor

Missionary Items. The Work in Turkey .- "G. B." in the New

York Observer, writes from Constantinople March

11, as follows-"A painful case of persecution has just come to our notice. A Turk, in Angora, who for a year past has been reading the Bible, was suddenly seized by his enemies at the commencement of Ramazan, and thrown into prison. Advantage was taken by them of the absence of the Governor of the place, and the increased fanaticism of the Turks during the long fast, to get him into their power, and there is much reason to fear that he will be tortured to death before his case can be laid before the proper authorities. The Protestant colporteur in the place has also had his life threatened. "The converted Turks at the capital, who were induced to leave our missionaries and join the Propagation Society, begin to show symptoms of discontent, and refuse to put on the straight jacket of English High Church formalism. One of them. who recently went to Malta to receive deacon's orders, finding that he must now stand up in the pulpit with bound hands and tied tongue, and can neither commence nor end his service with an extemporaneous prayer, keeps himself aloof from the Propa-

tial use of the Prayer-book, he 'held forth' pretty much after his own fashion. "The Pera church, or rather some of its members. have addressed a letter to the Bishop of Gibraltar, praying to be taken into his Bishopric."

vice in his house, where, in gown, and with a par-

Kolapoor, in India, now occupied independently by Mr. and Mrs. Wilder, is an interesting and im- end, because the pew-holders were rather poor pay, portant field of missionary effort. The city con- and nobody had time to bother himself about it. It tains 44,000 inhabitants. The nearest stations are | was his pleasure often to be out of funds for weeks. seventy miles distant, and the country of which it is | and to state the difficulty to church officers, and get the natural centre, is thronged with cities, towns not a word in reply. and villages, ranging from 25,000 downwards, in

asks to be reinforced. Mahratta Mission-Caste Ignored-A case is mentioned of the triumph of Christian principle over caste prejudices. : A person of very low caste, a Mang, who feared that those who had become Christians from the higher castes still retained so much prejudice against the Mangs, that they would that so many churches are calling for prayer. Many not be received to the church, proposed to give a pastors have come suddenly to the conclusion that trial dinner, and said if the whole church would there was unusual seriousness among those commitcome and partake of it his doubts would be removed. | ted to their charge, and have been surprised to fin "At the time appointed all the Christians and their how many were really inquiring what they shall do families, and one inquirer, went to the dinner thus to be saved. A gentleman said of one of the prayprepared. It is cause for rejoicing that the trial er-meetings in a Brooklyn church that many were came so naturally, and was so nobly endured. This all at once inquiring the way of salvation. There step was not taken blindly, or by impulse; but with are about sixty hopeful conversions. The work of a full knowledge that persecution, bitter persecution, grace seemed to come in answer to the great week would follow, and it came. Two families were sepa-rated, temporarily, and the neighbors of the 'defiled' Christians, would give them neither fire, wood nor Buddington's church, and all at once it was found water, and would no doubt have driven them from that great numbers in their own church were comthe village, had not the fear of the authorities reling to the Saviour for salvation.

American Prespectan strained them from using violence. The Christians, men and women, have born these severe trials withstrained them from using violence. The Christians. out a murmur, rejoicing that they are counted worthy to suffer for the name of Christ.'

Syrians turning Protestants. — Mr. Jessup wrote, February 8, from Beirut, as "latest news: 'Two hundred and fifty persons have come out as Protestants in Homs. Two of them are priests who have doffed their black robes and epened shops. They cry loudly for a missionary. The case looks promising, and we hope to send a native helper there at once. Our native brethren in Tripoli speak of the case as one of great interest and importance. The Greek Patriarch has sent on men to stop the work, but who can withstand the Lord? Pray for these inquirers."

Army. Chaplains for the Army.—According to the letter of the Secretary of War to the House of Representatives, there are four hundred and seventy-two

cnaplains in the Uni	on arr	ny. Of these t	here a
from			
New York	-97	Ohio	44
Pennsylvania	64	Illinois	46
Massachusetts	19	Indiana	30
Maine	11	New Jersey	11
New Hampshire Vermont	6	Iowa	12
Connecticut	7	Wisconsin	11
Rhode Island	4	Michigan	13
Delaware	$\frac{1}{2}$	Kentucky Missouri	16
Minnesota	2	Virginia	9 4
Kansas	4	Maryland	3
		manual 2 section	

They are divided among the various religious de nominations aa lollows: O.S. Presbyter'ns 24 N. S. Presbyterians Unitarians Roman Catholics Congregationalists All others

Total, -N. Y. Observer.

Miscellaneous. Emancipation in the Washington Pulpits.

paper, the 'Presbyterian Herald, has been sold out The correspondent of the Watchman and Reflector to this new and monstrous undertaking, under which says: "The clergymen in this city eschew politics in loval Kentuckians and Old School Presbyterians the pulpit. No matter what rages without, their must smart with shame. Its very first number pulpits have the calmness of death. An exception breathes a spirit towards those opposed to it in its to this remark is the eloquent young pastor of the own branch of the church, which is inexcusable in E. street Baptist church, Rev. J. S. Kennard. On any claiming the name of Christian. Its attack a recent Sabbath he preached an eloquent sermon to upon the editor of the Presbyter, Dr. Montfort, by his people, advocating the removal of slavery from name, is scarcely less than brutal, and reminds us the District, and advising the church to accommoof the virulence of secession religious journals to- date itself to the advance of Northern ideas and wards us of the North before the closing of mail fa- men. He plainly told them that there would be one cilities. We remember, too, with what outrageous | Baptist church in this city representing the ideas of freedom and efficiency which characterize the Northern churches, and they might be that church or not.

Unity of the Human Race.—A course of lectures on the "Unity of the Race," delivered in article on the Standard, we quote the following as Washington, by the Rev. Dr. Thompson, of the fairly exhibiting the spirit of this journal, which we Broadway Tabernacle, has attracted large audiences think cannot be long-lived without breaking up the and has left upon many minds impressions that can never be erased. Dr. Thompson has done his work "The Standard, and its whole class of co-labor- well. His investigations have been comprehensive ers in the work of pressing on our General Assem- and thorough. He is a great admirer of Agassiz bly, in the direction taken last spring, to the front | but in regard to the speculations of Agassiz touching line of the ecclesiastical anti-slavery movement, may this subject, he has shown that the Cambridge Proas well understand once for all that the Presbyterians | fessor has failed to gain over to his side the leading of the border slave States have not only no sym- minds of Europe: and that the most effective refupathy with, but will keep no terms with the insti- tations of his theory in regard to the diverse sources gators of such a movement. Whatever reverence from which the races of men have originated have they feel for the pious men of 1818, they cannot been put forth by the savans of Paris. The truth regard the modern abolitionism—even though it is that the unity of the human race is a Christian seek to hide itself beneath the utterances of 1818- doctrine; and the science of France has established in any other light than an atheistic humanitarianism | this doctrine in our time as clearly and completely which, unless kept out of the church, will lead, step as it did in the eighteenth century. Again and by step, to utter apostacy from the faith as it has lagain has this doctrine been discussed in the scienalready done so extensively in New England and tific schools of Europe; but the final result has always been a confirmation of the saving of Paul on the Hill of Mars, at Athens, that God has made of one blood all that dwell upon the face of the carth.

> Spurgeon still Prospering. - An English correspondent of the Christian Chronicle writes that clusion, 1; non-attendance, 30: total, 58. Clear increase during the year, 381.

The Church Journal, of New York, has fallen under the displeasure of the Bishop, for alleged excess of freedom in criticising the Bishop's position of the North Carolina Presbyterian, some months on the proposed division of the diocese—the Bishop opposing and the Church Journal favoring the measure. All notices of the official appointments and acts of the Bishop are withheld from its columns.

> Revival.-Rev. J. M. Ditzler, Womelsdorf, Pa. writes to the Lutheran Observer as follows: "A meeting held at Straustown, Berks county, of seven weeks' continuance, resulted in the conversion of some seventy souls; most of them married people, from thirty to seventy years of age. He says, It was the most gracious and powerful revival I have ever witnessed.' Meetings were also held a Womelsdorf and Shaferstown, with the Holy Spirit's presence in the conversion of souls."

> Shady Side.—The following, from the corres pondence of the Evangelist, gives a view of ministerial experience which, painful and disgraceful to Christian people though it be, should not be suppres

"It was the writer's good fortune and distinguished honor to receive a call to a very delightful charge not a thousand miles from a certain 'midway' point on a celebrated railway connecting Detroit and some point on Lake Michigan. He had the pleasure of sacrificing some hundred and fifty dollars to get to the field, and to 'board round' several weeks until he could exercise the right of a free man. and find a house for himself, and set up housekeeping gation missionaries, and last Sahbath opened a seron his own account, without any serious obstacle from invasions of private rights. He always had the privilege of purchasing his provisions of his church members at full prices and over-a few bushels of oats of one of his Elders at six cents per bu-

shel above the market value. "He then had the distinguished honor of relin quishing one hundred dollars salary at the year's

"And when in one of those afflictive providence numbers, all unvisited with the light of the Gospel. | that call away from so much pleasure, he received We have recently seen a letter addressed by Mr. W. a call to another field, in consideration of the pleato the Committee in this country who have the in- sure previously enjoyed, he had the delight to reterests of the mission in charge. He earnestly ceive a deliberate proposition to throw off half a presses upon them the necessities of the field, and month's salary to satisfy the people who would say You have been off candidating,' though this charge had been expressly denied; then to pay off, a note was given, which remains unpaid to this day."

Encouraging.—In one of the recent reports of Fulton Street meeting we find the following: It is a very encouraging feature of these times

Pomestic News.

Congress.—The Confiscation bill is still discussed in the Senate, but no vote has yet been taken upon

In the House, the National Tax bill has passed by a vote of 125 yeas to 13 nays. The Senate bill abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia was considered, all other bills before it on the calendar being temporarily laid aside, and Mr. Thomas, of Massachusetts, made a speech on the general subjects of emancipation and confiscation.

There is a prospect that this important measure will soon pass, and with the "emancipation resolutions" to which the President has already affixed his signature, constitute the first steps towards the overthrow of slavery. .

The Senate amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill appropriating \$13,000,000 for iron-clad steam vessels was concurred in. The amendment Battery was also agreed to, after considerable debate. resolution introduced by Mr. Arnold, of Illinois, ex- office, and two Southern mails. pressing gratitude to the Almighty for the recent Congress to Commodore Foote, Generals Pope, Grant, Buell and Halleck, and to each officer, soldier and sailor for their gallantry, energy, endurance, patriotic suffering and devotion to the country. It being suggested that other names should be added, Mr. Arnold consented that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The bill abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia, was passed in the House on Friday last, by a more than two-thirds vote. It now only wants the signature of the President to become a law. There can be little doubt, therefore, as to the result. The National Capital, at least, is to be henceforth free in the truest sense of that word. It can never again be under the control of the arrogant slave-power. Slave auctions and slave pens are no longer to exist almost in sight of our halls of legislation. Processions of the chained victims of slavery, weary and sorrow-stricken, are no longer to march through the streets of Alexandria or Washington. Freedom has been proclaimed in the District, and we trust will soon be proclaimed throughout the land to all who

Military Movements.

are enslayed.

The recent victories at Island No. 10 and Pittsburg Landing are serious blows to the rebellion, and indicate that its complete overthrow is not far distant. The capture of the Island, with its eleven earthworks of great strength, erected with the highest engineering skill, its seventy cannon and well filled magazines, was effected by the combined courpelled as a necessity, the surrender of the Island. 100,000 men. The results of this brilliant movement are stated in The flower of their army, with the best arms, are mense quantities of ammunition."

A desperate battle was fought on Sabbath and Monday of last week, at Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., between the rebel forces of Beauregard and Johnson and our own army, under the leadership of Buell and Grant. The accounts which have come to hand are to some extent unreliable, but enough intelligence has been received "to make it certain that it was not only the greatest battle ever fought in America, but one of the greatest in history." Our forces were stationed in the form of a semicircle—the centre in front of the main road to Corinth, the left wing extending to the Tennessee

by foot the ground was contested, the fortunes of the day wavering, and the enemy having succeeded in capturing two of our batteries and driving back at any point. In the night General Buell's troops arrived, and were immediately sent to the advance; opened by the rebels next morning (Monday) at 7 o'clock, and in half an hour it raged along the whole line. The enemy labored desperately to find some weak point in our lines; but he found the task hopeless. Suddenly both wings of our army were turned upon the enemy; and he began to fall back, retreating, however, in order. He was driven beyond our lines, and made for Corinth, harassed by our cavalry. And so ended the great battle of Pittsburg Landing. The forces engaged in the last day's.

General Sidney Johnston one of the rebel leaders was killed by a cannon ball on the forenoon of the second day's fight and Beauregard had his arm shot off. Quite a number of valuable officers on our side. are either killed or wounded. The defeat of the rebels however was decisive, and it is reported that Corinth has fallen into our hands.

Widely varying and contradictory statements of the Pittsburg battle still come in, so that it is almost impossible to furnish a completely correct account of it. Sufficient, however, has been reported to show that it was a bloody affair, in which both the rebels and our forces fought with desperate energy. and obstinacy. A correspondent of the Cincinnati Times estimates the forces engaged as follows:

"As near as I can estimate the entire force engaged in this conflict, I have set it down at the opening of the battle as being about sixty thousand on the rebel side, with a somewhat smaller number, the rebel side, with a somewhat smaller number, in the Second Presbyterian church, of the city of say over fifty thousand, on ours. This morning Cincinnati, Ohio, on Thursday, May 15th, 1862, at witnessed an addition to our troops of about twelve thousand men, while from the testimony of the rebel prisoners taken to-day, the reinforcements to the enemy were about eight thousand men, more than half of whom had been left at Corinth when o'clock, A.M., and be observed that a Sernion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by the Rev. Jonathan B. Cendit, D.D., the Moderator of the last General Assertion by t the troops moved from that point on Saturday eve-

The intricate knowledge possessed by the of every foot of the contested soil on which the of every foot of the contested soil on which the battle was fought, gave them a greater advantage RAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESENTERIAN CHURCH, than was awarded us by the trifling increase in number, but on either side the battle was fought with a desperation which I could not have believed to exist in the minds of men, unless in cases of strong personal grievance. The determination appeared even under the most galling fire, to be victory or death.

RAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESEYTERIAN CHURCH, to Met in Cincinnati, May 15th, are requested to the undersigned as soon as practicable, that they may be advised of the places as signed to them before they leave home.

Any who do not send their names in season, will be provided for, on application to the committee of arrangements, at the Lecture Room of the Second Presbyterian Church.

All the latest Paris styles always on hand, at prices that astonish everybody. The Mississippians, on the side of the enemy, were the ruling spirits, and they well deserved to be set down as amongst the best fighting men of the day.

"There is no need of endeavoring to deny that this is the battle of the great rebellion. No harder fighting has ever been done in any contest which has ever taken place in this or any other country. Soldiers stood at their guns and fed them with carit. Mr. Wilson has given preliminary notice of a tridges hour after hour, from early dawn until sunbill to amend the fugitive slave act. It secures trial set. Officers have been present wherever their preby jury and other safeguards to the fugitive from sence could afford encouragement to their men, and bondage. The Senate has also passed the bill to privates, musket in hand, have, hungry, thirsty and make no distinctions of color in persons carrying the worn, fought with an energy and perseverance which

defies all descriptions? He speaks of our loss as near 1000 killed and 3500 wounded, while that of the rebels is considered one-third more.

Occupation of Huntsville, Ala.—The following despatch has been received by the Secretary of

Headquarters of Third Division, Huntsville, Ala., April 11.

After a forced march of incredible difficulty, leaving Fayetteville yesterday, at 12 M., my advanced guard, consisting of Furcein's brigade, Kennett's

cavalry, and Simonson's battery entered Huntsville this mornine at 6 o'clock. The city was taken completely by surprise, not one having considered the march practicable in the time. making an appropriation for finishing the Stevens | We have captured about two hundred prisoners, fifteen locomotives, a large amount of passenger and Reference was made to the recent victories, in a box and platform cars, the telegraph apparatus and

We have at last succeeded in cutting the great artriumphs of our arms, and tendering the thanks of tery of railway communication between the Southern States. (Signed),

O. M. MITCHELL, Brigadier-General Commanding.

[Huntsville is the shire town of Madison county, Mabama. It is on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad.one hundred and fifty miles N. N E. from Tuscaloosa, and one hundred and sixteen miles in a southerly direction from Nashville.

Skirmish in the Mountain Department. -Wheeling, April 13.-To the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War.—A despatch just received from General Milroy, of Monterey, under date of yesterday, states as follows:

'The rebels, about one thousand strong, with two cavalry companies and two pieces of artillery, attacked my pickets this morning, about 10 o'clock, and drove them some two miles.

"I sent out reinforcements consisting of two companies of the Seventy-fifth Ohio, two companies of the Second Virginia, two companies of the Thirtysecond Ohio, one gun of Captain Hymen's battery, and one company of cavalry, all under Major Web-

"The skirmishing was brisk for a short time, but the rebels were put to flight with considerable loss. "The casualties on our side were three men of the Seventy-fifth Ohio badly wounded. "The men behaved nobly."

J. C. FREMONT. (Signed) Major-General Commanding.

Information received recently from Yorktown age, ability and energy of Commodore Foote of the shows that the Rebels have a force of 60,000, which Philadelphianaval, and General Pope of the land forces. The is rapidly being added to by troops from the neighlatter with great labor, cut a channel twelve miles | borhood of Richmond, which is one day from Yorkength through the peninsula formed by the bend- town by railroad and river, they having four steaof the Mississippi, ferried his troops over to the mers and sixteen transports in use, and by the time Tennessee shore, and got in the rear of the rebel the roads are in condition for the Union army to forces there, captured the most of them, and com- move, the Rebels may be able to meet them with

a recent despatch, as follows:—"We have taken 200 in a strongly-intrenched position. Previous to our hogsheads of sugar and several hundred barrels of troops occupying the present position, the military molasses, 80 cannon, 400 wagons, 126 horses, 60 authorities had no means of ascertaining the extent mules, 6000 stand of arms, 30 pieces of light artil- of the Rebel works. Information obtained through lery, and great quantities of blankers and clothing, deserting contrabands and other sources show that The total number of prisoners captured is 5000— the enemy have nearly 500 guns, some of them of one Major General (Makall) and three Brigadier the largest calibre. The Rebel General Johnston, Generals (Gault, Walker and Schaum). The prisoners are being embarked as rapidly as possible for mand in person, showing that they intend making a Illinois. We also took 56,000 solid shot and imdesperate resistance on the advance of our troops at every point. Their intrenchments extend entirely across the Peninsula, from the James to the York

> Stirring news from McClellan and his army in this quarter are soon expected.

The Re-Appearance of the Merrimac.—The Merrimac made her appearance again on Friday the 11th, and captured three small craft without any interference on the part of our fleet. She made some manœuvres in order to change the position of some of our vessels, but did not succeed. It is sup- Abstinence rates 40 per cent, less than Mutual price. posed that the object of the enemy is to get by our batteries at the Fort and the Rip Raps, and go up river, and the right wing resting on a point to the to Yorktown and take part in the important strugnorth called Crump's Landing. At 2 o'clock Sab- gle now going on there. It is confidently believed bath morning, the preliminary skirmish took place that preparations have been made which will effechalf a mile in advance of our lines. The main body tually dispose of the Merrimac in the fight which of the rebels advanced, and at 6 o'clock the attack must soon come off. She manifested great reluctance had become general along our whole front. At 10 to enter into "our trap," and it would have been the entire line on both sides was fully engaged. The contest on both sides was for death or victory. Foot important point which she has been set to watch.

Items.—It is reported that the Rebels have left Fredericksburg for Yorktown. --- General Beaure some of our columns. The enemy was manœuvred gard claims that the battle at Pittsburg Lauding with great skill. They tried to break our centre, was a victory for the rebels. — General Sigel has then our left, then the centre again, and again the retired from his command for a time, on account of left. While the fight was hot, one of our gun-boats ill-health.—The rebels are strengthening their came up and did good service. At night the rebels works at Yorktown more and more.—Another fell back, having failed in achieving decided success attempt is soon to be made to construct the Atlantic telegraph. Late intelligence says that Fort Pulaski has been surrendered to our forces. --- Gene and the rebels were also reinforced. The battle was ral O. M. Mitchell has gained possession of 100 miles of the Memphis and Charleston railroad.

Speci I Motices.

"Unfermented Bread."

PHILADELPHIA, 4th Month 3d, 1862. To MESSRS. VAN RIPER & CAMP: SENTLEMEN—In my facily the bakers' Bread has seldom been used, for we like our own better; but since the introduction of your UNFERMENTED BREAD, we have steadily used it, not only with satisfaction but with delight, for we consider it the VERY BEST

but with delight, for we consider it the VERY BEST
BREAD we ever saw or tasted.
Your apparatus and process of manufacture, which
I have carefully examined; is such as always to ensure
a most wholesome and clearly article.
You will please acceptany sincere thanks for giving
to our citizens this most perfect STAFF or LIFE.
In my opinion, your success is decidedly certain.
Very Respectfully,
SILAS S. BROOKS, M. D.,
Professor Practice of Medicine in the Homocopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania.

The Presbytery of North Missouri will meet at LaGrange, on *Friday, May* 2, at 7½ *P.M.* W. W. Whipple,

The General Assembly of the Pressytterian Church in the United States of America, will meet Stated Clerk. HENRY DARLING, Permanent Clerk.

Presbyterian Church. Cincinnati, April 1862.

Notice.—The Annual Meeting of the PHILADEL PHIA HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY, will be held in the Presbyterian House, No. 1334 Chestnut street, on the Fourth Tuesday of April, the 22d inst., at 4½ o'clock, P. M.

The Annual Report of the Executive Committee will be read, and officers for the ensuing year elected.

ROBERT ADAIR,

Corresponding Secretary April 7, 1862.

Important Facts. — Constant writing for six nonths done cheaper with our Gold Pens than with steel; therefore, it is economy to use Gold Pens. The Gold Pen remains unchanged by years of continued use, while the Steel Pen is ever changing by corrosion and wear; therefore, perfect uniformity of writing is obtained only by the use of the Gold Pen.

The Gold Pen is always ready and reliable, while the Steel Pen must be often con lemned and a new one selected; therefore, in the use of the Gold Pen there is great saving of time.

Gold is capable of receiving any degree of elasticity, so that the Gold Pen is exactly adapted to the hand of the writer; therefore, the nerves of the

hand and arm are not injured, as is known to be the case by the use of Steel Pens.

See "The Pen is mightier than the Sword," in another column.

Marriages.

On April 7th, by the Rev. Thomas Brainerd, DD. Mr. HENRY BETZ to Miss MARGARET RANAGHAN.

Advertisements.

THE PUBLICATION CAUSE. THE Treasurer of the PRESBYTERIAN PUBLICATION COMMITTEE would acknowledge the receipt of the fol-

following donations from March 1st to 31st, 1862,

162 28

5 00

Madison Square, New York, Pres. ch., Vienna, Ohio, Carbondale, Pa., Calvary, Philadelphia Colchester, N. Y.. Pine Grove, Pa.,
Poplar street church, Cinncinnati,
Olivet church. Chicago,
Schaghticoke, N. Y., Pres. church,
Meridian, N. Y.,
Rev. T. Williston, Reedsburgh, Wis., Seneca Falls, N. Y., Pres. church, South Orange, N. J., "
Hanging Rock, Ohio, "

Plain Congregational church, Ohio, 2d Pres. church, Cincinnati, New Duquoin, Ill., Pres. church, Newark, N. Y., Whitehall, N. Y., C. S. Haines, Newark, N. J.,

Total, February and March. \$69 WM. L. HILDEBURN, Philadelphia, April 1, 1862.

AMERICAN BOARD.

RECEIPTS AT PHILADELPHIA, FOR NOV. & DEC., 1861 Calvary ch., M.W.B., \$400 00

"Men. Con., 92 33—\$492 33

Pine street ch., Mon. Con. 35 39

"Tabor Mission,
"N. Broad street Sab. School,
"Walnut street ch., Infant School,
"J. D. L., \$10; J. D. L., \$10 00—
Gibson—Rev. E. A.,
Hartsville—Neshamny church, J. L., York—Presbyterian church, St. Georges, Del—Pres. church, Wilmington—Hanover st. ch., Mon. Con., Bethlehem, N. J.—Pres. church,

Total,

AMERICAN

Life Insurance and Trust Company. COMPANY'S BUILDINGS, Southeast Corner o Authorized Capital,

Paid up Capital, Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Penna. Insures Lives during the natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life. Acting also as Executors, Trustees, and Guardians. tual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last Bonus January, 1861, being 48 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent. less than above, or Total

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN, By which a person pays for 5, 7 or 10 years only, when the Policy is paid up for Lafe, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will ussue a Paid up Policy, in On a Policy of \$1000, At 5 Year | 7 Year | 10 Year

Rates.

Rates. Rates.

of 2 An. Prem's, for \$400 00 \$285 70 \$200 00 00 400 00 800 00 | 571 40 | 400 00 857 10 600 00 ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President. BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

J. Edgar Thomson, Hon. Joseph Allison, Jonas Bowman, Hon. Jas. Pollock, Albert C. Roberts, H. H. Eldridge, George Nugent, William J. Howard, John Aikman, Charles F. Heazlitt, MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

J. F. Bird, M. D., J. Newton Walker, M. D. In attendance at the Company's Office daily at 12

The Only Periodicals PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION

A Monthly Religious Newspaper, 16 pages, quarto, for Sunday-School Teachers, Bible Classes, Parents, and all who are engaged or interested in the religious

"The Sunday-School World."

Ouly Iwenty-five Cents per Annum. "The Child's World,"

A new, cheap Illustrated paper for Children and Youth, supplied Monthly or Semi-Monthly. Only \$6 00 per 100 copies, Monthly; and \$12 00 per 100 copies, Semi-Monthly.

Specimen copies furnished gratuitously, on (post paid) application to THE AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION. No. 1122 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, or No. 599 Broadway, New York.

ST. LOUIS Sunday-School, Theological and Tract Depository.

TIHE American Sunday-School Union and American Tract Society, each maintained for many years depositories of their respective publications in this city; these are now united under the care of the ment of the publications of the various evangelical denominations, with those of private publishers, which are sold at publishers' prices. Catalonges and specimens of Sunday-School papers

ent on application.
School Books and Stationery. Address
J. W. McINTYRE No. 9 South Fifth Street, St. Louis Mo.

J. P. STARR,
Chairman of Com.

Wrappers always on hand, at the lowest market ap10 8m

A CARD. THE undersigned takes pleure in announcing to the patrons of the "American Presbyterian," and the public in general, that the CLOTHING manufactured, either ready-made or special order, i

VERY BEST FABRICS, and warranted to give satisfaction. The prices are marked in PLAIN FIGURES.

on each garment, and in all cases, uniformly low. TERMS CASH. EDWARD T. TAYLOR. For Charles Stokes, No. 824 Chestnut street, Phila

WAR TIMES.—A reduction of a Hundred Per Cent. Superior Colored Photographs for \$1. Ambrotypes at all prices.
REIMER'S PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, Second street, above Gren.

STEEL : For Churches, Schools, Farms, Factories, etc., etc. THESE Bells are made from an AELOY OF STEEL, by a new process that enables the propri-ators to sell them at one-half there is to self them at one-half the price of others, and at the same time to furnish a very superior Bell. They are not liable to brenk, and are warranted. For particulars relative to Size, Keys, Hangings, Prices, and warranty, send for a Circular, to the Manufacturers. rers, BROWN & WHITE,

No. 20 Liberty street, New York BELLS, HENRY C. BLAIR, PHARMACEUTIST. PRESCRIPTION AND FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, S. W. corner of Eighth and Walnut streets,

(Established 1829.) THE undersigned having resumed the entire control of his business, will be glad to see his old friends, and the public generally, and will endeavor to serve them with courtesy and fidelity.

PHILADELPHIA.

WINDOW SHADES.

Damask, Lace, and Muslin Curtains. GILT Cornices, Bands, Gimps and Fringes. Spring. Hair. and Husk Mattrasses; Veranda Awnings, improved styles.
Old Furniture re-Upholstered and Varnished. Furniture Slips cut and made to fit. Carpets cut, altered and laid, at W. HENRY PATTEN'S, West End Curtain and Upholstery Store, No. 1408 Chest-nut street.

H. A. DREER, Nurseryman, Seedsman and Florist, No. 327 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

Vegetable, Grass and Flower Seeds of the best quality.

Fruit and Shade Trees, Evergreens, Grape Vine Strawberry Plants, Asparagus Roots, etc. "Dreer's Garden Calender for 1862," published for gratuitous distribution, will be forwarded to all

applicants, by enclosing a stamp to the above address. R. S. WALTON, FASHIONABLE HAT AND CAP STORE.

No. 1024 MARKET STREET, Umbrellas always on hand.

GOOD WHOLESOME BREAD. TAN RIPER & CAMP having added very largely UNFERMENTED AERATED BREAD. are now prepared to supply the demand promptly.

The Bread is receiving the most favorable recommendations from the most eminent Physicians and

Chemists, and is proved to be more nutritious and more wholesome than other Bread, and is invaluable The process is perfectly cleanly, and is invaluable in all cases of Dyspepsia.

The process is perfectly cleanly, and is worthy the attention of the public, who are invited to call at the Bakery, corner of Broad and Buttonwood streets, at any hour of the day or night, and witness the method employed.

Families will be regulary supplied at their houses by leaving their address at the Bakery, or by handing in their orders at any of our Agencies in the different

parts of the city. A. S. DOTTER, DEALER in the celbrated East Franklin, Mammore Vein, Locust Mountain, Hickory, and Spring Mountain [Lehigh] Coal, Wholesale and Retail, Yard—304 N. Broad st, 1st above Vine, West side, Philadelphia.

Family Boarding School,

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS, At Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania TIHIS School was established Eleven years since, by the Rev. M. Meigs, formerly President of Delaware College. It has been conducted on a generous system of expenditure, and uniformly favored with a high degree of confidence and support. The course of study is extensive, thorough and practical; including the usual preparation for Colleges, and the various peoples of a substantial English Business education branches of a substantial English Business education. The studies of pupils will be conformed to their future vocation, so far as it may be actually determined, or

reasonably anticipated.

The Principal gives his undivided personal attention to the School, and is aided by educated and experienced assistants.

The ensuing Summer Session will commence on Wednesday, May 6th, and continue Twenty-one weeks. Circulars, containing references, names of patrons, and full particulars, will be sent by mail, on application to the Principal, REV. M. MEIGS, A.M. Pottstown, April 2d, 1862. enced assistants.

Just Published.

"THE BIBLE READER."-THE "WORD METHOD" APPLIED TO THE

THIS work is constructed upon the principle familiar to many teachers as the "Word Merhod." Several elementary books on this plan are in extensive use in this country and in England. By it the child or adult is introduced, AT ONCE, to the knowledge of words as signs of ideas, instead of acquiring a knowledge of letters as the elements of words.

In the proper use of this method, a competent knowledge of the art of reading can be obtained by children or adults in a very few days or weeks at most. And or adults in a very few days or weeks at most. And the advantage of it is specially obvious for ADULTS, who have neither time nor patience to endure the tedious and seemingly useless process of alphabetical and monosyllable instruction which is usually adop-

ted.
"THE BIBLE READER" is published in a cheap form, for general use, at 15 cents. The Tablets, which are of use in teaching large classes, may be had in sheets for 4 cents each, or on cards for 17 cents

A Circular, explaining and illustrating the principle, and containing the opinions of eminent teachers and philologists, will be forwarded upon post-Samples of the Book and Tablets will also be furnished by mail to teachers—especially of Mission and Adult Schools—who will remit fifteen cents for

payment of postage. Published and for sale by THE AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION No. 1122 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and No. 599 Broadway, New York.

HUSBAND'S CALCINED MAGNESIA is free from unpleasant taste, and three times the TI from unpleasant taste, and three times the strength of the common Calcined Magnesia.

A World's Fair Medal and four First Premium Silver Medals have been awarded it, as being the best in the market. For sale by the Druggists and country Storekeepers, and by the manufacturer, THOMAS J. HUSBAND, N. W corner Third and Spruce.

THOSE interesting CARD PHOTOGRAPHS are THOSE interesting CARD Fill made in great quantity, and of superior quality, REIMER'S GALLERY, Second street, above Green.

The Presbyterian Sabbath-School Visitor.

A MONTHLY PAPER. Prepared expressly for use in Presbyterian Sabbath Schools,

PRESBYTERIAN BOARD OF PUBLICATION.

IT is printed on beautiful paper, and embellished in the highest style of art, while the reading matter is entertaining and instructive in the greatest possible Its terms are prepayment, WITHOUT POSTAGE. For one copy, one year,

\$0 25 1 00 4 50 ten copies, to one address, fifty one hundred copies to one address, There is nothing gained by paying postage through ne Publishers in Pennsylvania. The postage at the Office of Delivery is Three cents each copy per annum, when paid in advance. POSTAGE PAID. Fifteen copies to one address, .

Twenty-three copies to one address,

As by law, the packages must at least weigh eight ent postage paid. Packages are delivered free of charge in New York,
Troy, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Wheeli,ng
Chicago, St. Louis, and Louisville.
Orders should be sent to
PETER WALKER, AGENT,
feb22 3m No. 821 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL AND MEN! TAL EDUCATION.

NOW OPEN FOR

BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS. THIS School has two peculiar features, viz.: HEALTH, as a primary object, and Instruction by Lectures. Young ladies only are received as boarders. The school is designed to give them as complete and finished an education as can be had in any Seminary or Female College. Pupils may commence any time. Apply for terms, at the School, No. 1432 S. Penn Square, or address,

WM. M. CORNELL, A.M., M.D.; Principal. Miss Marion A. Slocum, late of the Female Semi-nary at Harrisburg, Pa., is Assistant Principal. Dr. C. has also a Department for Boys, in separate rooms, where they are fitted for Business, or College, or Military, or Naval Schools. Miss Clara F. Sherman, of Boston, is assistant teacher in the School for Boys. Both Schools have a Primary Department, in which pupils are received at a reduced price. Instrumental Music, Latin, Greek, French, and German are taught by competent instructors. nov21

REFERENCES.—Rev. Alfred Nevin, D. D.; Rev. H. A. Boardman, D. D.; Rev. H. S. Clarke, D. D.; Rev. Albert Barnes, D. D.; Rev. J. H. Jones, D.D.; Hon. Alexander Henry; Hon. Richard Vaux; Wm. H. Allen, L. L. D., Philadelphia, Pa. A. H. Vinton, D. D., New York City. Rev. David McKinney, D. D., Pittsburg, Pa.

MARBLE WORKS.

HENRY S. TARR MANUFACTURER OF

Carved and Ornamental Marble Works. No. 710 Green Street, above Seventh, Philadelphia. aving erected specimens in almost every cemetery throughout this State, and supplied orders from nearly every State in the Union, I trust to receive your influence and patronage for the above establishment. I also contract for Vaults, Sarcophagis, etc. I have many references throughout the Union, which can be seen on application. can be seen on application.

Carved, Ornamental Statuary and Monumental

work of every description.

THOMAS H. McCOLLIN. Plumber and Gas-Fitter. . E. CORNER ELEVENTH AND RACE STS, PHILADELHHIA. AS constantly on hand, or furnishes to order, Hydraulic Rams, Water-Wheels, Windmills, Lift and Force Pumps, Stationary Washstands, Hydrauts, Bathing Tubs, Lead, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Sheet Lead, and all other articles in the trade. Portable Gas and Water Works put up on the most ap-

Monumental Marble Works.

proved principles.

All work done on moderate terms, and warranted

to give satisfaction. N.B.—Chemical Work, or Lead Burning person

CHARLES FINNEY North Twelfth street, above Ridge avenue. Phila. MONUMENTS, HEAD & FOOT STONES, POSTS, &C.,

at the lowest cash prices. E. H. ELDRIDGE, AGT.,

Fashionable Clothier. [Formerly of Eighth and Chestnut streets,] HAS taken the Store, No. 628 MARKET STREET, Where he is prepared to furnish his old friends and the public in general with

AT MODERATE PRICES, As he buys and sells exclusively for Cash. [dec5 ly E. O. THOMPSON.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

CLOTHING.

Ready Made or Made to Order, in the Best Style,

N. E. COR. SEVENTH AND WALNUT STREETS, THE design of this establishment is to meet the wants of Gentlemen accustomed to, or desirous of having Clothing made to order and measure. Suitable selections can always be made

hand for the purpose. [jan30 ly ONE PRICE CLOTHING (604 Market Street) made in the latest styles and best manner, expressly for retail sales. The lowest selling price is marked in plain figures on each article, and never varied from All. figures on each article, and never varied from. All goods made to order warrented satisfactory, and at the same rate as ready-made. Our one price system is strictly adhered to, as we believe this to be the only fair way of dealing, as all are thereby treated alike.

from large varieties of material on

JONES & CO., 604 Market st., Philadelphia. sepi3 ly NEW STORE. No. 133 South Eleventh street, above Walnut.

C. W. CLARK. VENETIAN BLINDS and WINDOW SHADES, Cords, Tassels and Trimmings. Best quality work at very low prices. Repairing promptly attended to. Branch Store and Manufactury, Second street, above Walnut. Blinds for Churches, Halls, and Libraries,

made in the most substantial manner. Superior French Confections, Manufactured by

AUGUSTUS TILLMES, No. 1302 Chestnut street, Phsladelphia. DUT up neatly, in 1, 2, and 5 pound boxes, without extra charge. Also, a large variety of Box Boxs, which cannot be excelled. A fine selection of Fruits and Grapes constantly on hand. [dee19 6m]

The Cheapest and Best Hair Dve in the World.

NEVER FADES OR WASHES OUT. PHAM'S Hair Dye, 38 cents a box, three boxes for \$1. The best in use. Try it. Sold only UPHAM'S. No. 403 Chestnut Street.

> REMOVAL. JAMES R WEBB.

Fine Teas, Coffees, and Choice Family Groceries.

Has removed to the S. E. corner of Eighth and Walnut streets, Phila delphia, a few doors from his former location, where he will he happy to see his friends and customers.

Goods carefully packed and forwarded to the coun-