National mpus news

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The Behrend Beacon

Data on international students downloaded in hacking crime

by Stacy Downs **Knight Ridder Newspapers**

The FBI is investigating an attack on a University of Kansas computer system that agents are calling the most serious and potentially dangerous hacking crime in the Midwest.

A week ago, someone downloaded personal information on 1,450 international students at KU. Birth dates, Social Security numbers and passport information were in a database collected as part of national security measures implemented following the 2001 terrorist attacks.

Officials say the information could be used to create false identities for people to covertly travel between the United States and other countries.

"We're working as quickly as possible to find out who did this," said FBI spokesman Jeff Lanza. "We want to determine how sinister the hacker's motives are."

University officials notified the Immigration and Naturalization Service, which alerted U.S. ports of entry by adding information from the crime onto the immigration service computer system.

"I thought I'd seen it all," said Mike Heston, director of the immigration service office in Kansas City. "I've never heard of something at this scale. We're concerned about this. It has fraudulent implications for national security.'

KU officials held a news conference Thursday afternoon at the student union to discuss the crime.

Marilu Goodyear, vice provost for information services, said officials discovered Tuesday the records had been downloaded Jan. 17 from a computer in the Academic Training Center. Officials said it was possible between 10 and 20 records were those of noninternational students, attributable to clerical coding errors.

Goodyear said there was a glitch in the computer's security system at the time of the incident, which would have allowed someone with a moderate level of computer experience to break into it. She attributed the problem to a Microsoft server.

She said the same hacker might have used that same computer four previous times since Jan. 6 to distribute copyrighted movies and pornography. Lanza said it was too early to determine whether it was the same person.

In a statement released by the university, KU Chancellor Robert Hemenway called the crime "a matter of grave concern."

"While no one can guarantee the absolute security of electronic data, I am confident that we have closed the temporary `hole' in our system, which occurred while we were enhancing our computer security," he said.

The computer, which students were never allowed to access, held files for what will be an immigration service Student and Exchange Visitor Information System. Starting this August in response to the 2001 terrorist attacks, U.S. universities will be required to transmit information on international students to the immigration service.

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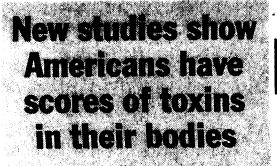
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by Seth Borenstein Knight Ridder Newspaper

the start of the start of the Michael Lerner and Sharyle Porton avoid red meat, buy organic produce and keep pes-ticides out of their Northern California home. Yet chemical analyses of their blood and urine found lots of toxins - 105 different ones for her, 101 for him. He's got worrisome amounts of mercury, arsenic and lead. She's troubled by measurable levels of dozens of different forms of two industrial chemicals linked to cancer. dioxins and PCBs. Two studies, one released Thursday by a New York hospital and a Washington environmental group, the other coming Friday from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, look at the prevalence of low levels of industrial and agricultural. chemicals in Americans' bodies. The chemicals' presence is not necessarily harmful, but it raises questions about how they got there. and what effects they have. We really made choices to avoid chemical exposures, yet as my wife said, what these tests demonstrate is that we all live in the same chemical neighborhood," Lerner said Thursday from his Bolinas, Calif., home. Lerner and Patton were part of a \$200,000 two-year "Body Burden" study by the Environmental Working Group and New York's Mt. Sinai Hospital. It tested for 210 chemicals in the bodies of eight environmental and health activists, plus journalist Bill Moyers - an unusually small sample. In those nine people - including a twotime cancer survivor who'd received chemotherapy - 167 different industrial and agricultural chemicals were found. The chemicals - including heavy metals, phosphate and chlorine compounds from insecticides. dioxins and PCBs - have been linked to cancers, nervous system malfunctions and birth defects. Friday's CDC study will examine the issue differently. The CDC looked at a larger and more representative sample of 5,000 random Americans, but searched for only 116 chemicals, Last year, fooking at only 27 chemicals, the CDC found nothing alarming. Philip Landrigan, community and preven-tative medicine chief at Mt. Sinal, and his study illustrates the need for nonwers to se-rious questions about what these chemicals are doing in bodies when they interact with each other, and what doses are low enough to be safe.



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