

PAGE 9A

The first of a new regular political column that lets the donkeys and the elephants battle it out.

Bob Schenker, Behrend's registrar since July 1, 1979, sits between the two most important women in his life (his mom Clara and wife Carolyn) during a farewell gathering in the McGarvey Commons on Wednesday night.

Schenker an award for outstanding support of the ROTC program. Other speakers included Dr. Jack Burke, Mike

Schenker served the Penn State community for 33 years. "I was pleasently pleased to see all my family and

friends, and I loved the comments of the speakers," said Schenker. Major Zangus from ROTC presented

PHOTO BY ROB WYNNE

PAGE 12A RODSMACK

A review of the alternative/rock band that pulverized the Tullio Arena Monday.

PAGE 1B WATELOO. MAKES HISTORY

The men's water polo won its first game last week. And we don't mean the first game of the season. Learn how the Lions did it.

INDEX

Behrend News...1-3A National News...5A Calendar...7A Editorial...8-9A Features...10-11A A & E...12A Sports...1-4B

CONTACT US

NEWSROOM: 898-6488 FAX: 898-6019

E-MAIL: behrcoll5@aol.com

Offices are located downstairs in the Reed Union Building

Roth proposes structural changes

Chiteman, and Dr. James Kurre and his wife Gail.

by Erin McCarty assistant features editor

"Structural engineers will be talking about the engineering part of Tuesday's attacks for years," says David Roth, associate professor of engineering at Penn State Behrend. After receiving his professional engineering license and state certification, Roth began working full-time as a structural engineer in 1970. In 1976, he started teaching at Behrend, and he continues to be actively involved in the field through his scholarly research, which he says helps him to keep his skills and grow professionally.

"You cannot design buildings for all the terrible things that can happen," Roth concedes. "We have already factored in storms so powerful they only occur once every hundred years, hurricane winds, earthquakes, full occupancy, and overloads. You cannot add terrorism to that list." Roth said the World Trade Center was designed to flex so it could withstand wind from the top and earthquakes from the bottom. It was that flexibility that allowed the towers to withstand the initial impact of the airliners, an outcome predicted by the **STRUCTURAL CHANGES**

continued on page 3

by Liz Hayes news editor

Five professors from the political science and history departments gathered Wednesday night before the Behrend community to discuss last week's terrorist attacks.

The forum, which was sponsored by the History Club, allowed each professor to introduce his views on the ramifications, causes, and possible effects of the attacks before opening the discussion to the audience for comments and questions.

Dr. John Rossi, associate professor history; Dr. Michael of Christofferson, assistant professor of history; Dr. John Gamble, professor of political science; and Dr. Matthew Davies, assistant professor of political science, all presented their arguments, some of which were similar, while Dr. Robert Speel, associate professor of political science, moderated and offered occasional comments.

Rossi began with his "provocative remarks," asking the audience to wait until the end before making a decision" on his views. Rossi first said, due to the magnitude of the unprecedented loss experienced, Americans have reacted as could be expected. A resolve for revenge has manifested in the country, a resolve President Bush has articulated. Bush deemed the terrorists attacks "acts of war" and has asked the American public for resolve and patience, calling Americans the innocent victims of terrorists.

Americans believe the U.S. was attacked because it supports freedom and democracy. This is a myth,

according to Rossi, who contends the U.S. was attacked because of its foreign policies in the Middle East.

"After World War I and during the Cold War, the United States has been increasingly present in the Middle East," Rossi said. "And we haven't been particular in our allies." Rossi pointed to support of the Shah in Iran, military assistance in Kuwait (which is a monarchy), support of Egypt, and support of Israel (even though Israel occupies Palestinian territories).

"Our foreign policy doesn't necessarily support democracy." Rossi believes oppressed regimes

must therefore resort to terrorism to change our policies.

Rossi also said the U.S. may foster more terrorism and will have more enemies if we blindly attack these regimes. He said we should support justice against those found responsible for the attacks.

"We should put our principles in practice and support freedom and democracy in that region of the world."

Christofferson was second to take the stand. He first remarked on the comparisons between the recent attacks and the attack on Pearl Harbor,

saying there were significant differences between the two, the largest being the United States knew who was responsible for that attack.

"We are at war against who or what?" Christofferson asked. He said we can't defeat terrorists by military means because removing a few won't end the problem; it doesn't take many to form a terrorist group and inflict damage.

Christofferson also said we can't resolve these problems with

PROFESSORS DEBATE

continued on page 3



PHOTO BY JEFF HANKEY

Humanities professors Dr. Matthew Davies, Dr. Michael Christofferson, Dr. John Rossi, Dr. John Gamble, and Dr. Robert Speel discuss terrorism and international relations Wednesday evening with an audience of faculty and students.

W. C. A. LANDERS

Panel of professors debates terrorism

said. Students will be grouped into "cohorts" of 30 people, and students will proceed through their courses with that cohort. Student will take four to seven credits a semester and attend

continued on page 2

GRADUATE PROGRAM

The iMBA program will feature 22

courses and 48 credits, which is

typical of an MBA program, Rubba