SATURDAY,

July 25th, ::::: 1868. NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR OF NEW YORK,

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,



GEN. F. P. BLAIR OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Auditor General,

CHARLES E. BOYLE

Of Fayette County.

For Surveyor General,

GEN.WELLINGTON H. ENT

Of Columbia County.

OUR STATE'S DEFENDER.

We do not know a meaner spectacle than a Pennsylvanian depreciating, with studied falsehoods, the noble conduct of Governor Seymour, during the invasion State, towards Horatio Seymour? His march of fresh regiments, kindled here the spirit that our own imbecile leaders failed to rouse. Fast upon the annonucment of his troops followed the gleam of their bayonets, as they marched through our city. The Federal government had reinforced Philadelphia with the following names, all borne by one man ; drew Jackson Tecumseh Dana. This gentleman, who hailed from Massachusetts, threw all the weight of his imposing name against Governor Curtin. The Governor declared that "military " men have concurred in the opinion, "and properly, that the defense of "Pennsylvania from invasion-certain-" ly of the city-will Le found on the "banks of the Susquehanna." In this, it seems General Dana did not concur, but paralyzed all organizations for service on the Susquehanna, by making a futile organization of the citizens for the defense of Philadelphia, on the Schuylkill. In consequence, Governor Cur. tin could not get a regiment raised in Philadelphia. Even wealthy associations like the Union League, and the Corn Exchange did not get a regiment complete till after the victory of Gettysburg. For the sake of the contrast, we will print together a proclamation of Governor Curtin and a telegram of Gov.

ernor Seymour, dated the same day. PROCLAMATION OF GOV. CURTIN. For nearly a week past it has been publicly known that the rebels in force were about to enter Pennsylvania. On the 12th instant an urgent call was made on the people to raise a departmental army corps for the defence of

Yesterday, under the Proclamation of the President, the milita was called out. To-day a new and pressing exhortation has been given to furnish men. Phila-

delphia has not responded. Meanwhile the enemy is six miles this side of Chambersburg, and advancing rapidly. Our Capitol is threatened, and we may be disgraced by its fall, while the men who should be driving these outlaws from our seil are quibbling about the possible term for six months.

It never was intended to keep them beyond the cotinuance of the emergen

You all know this by what happened when the militin was out last autum. You then trusted your government and were not deceived. Trust it again now,

I will accept men without reference to the six months. If you do not wish to bear the ignominy of shirking from the defence of your State, come forward at once, close your places of business, and apply your hearts to the work. Come in such organizations as you can

General Couch has appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Ruff to superintend your organizations. Report to him 'immediate y

(Signed) A. G. CURTIN. On the day he issued this plaintive appeal, Curtin could not say "Seymour has not responded." Here is one of many similar telegrams:

ALBANY, June 16, 1863. Governor Curtin Harrisburg: I am pushing forward troops as fast

as possible; regiments will leave New York to-night All will be ordered to report to General Couch.

HORATIO SEYMOUR. We trust that our Governor at least acknowledged these services as heartily as they were given. Down to the last moment of doubt and danger, we still find him calling upon Seymour.

Harrisburg, July 2, 1863. To his Excellency, Governor Seymour: Send forward more troops as rapidly as possible every hour increases the necessity for large forces to protect Penn sylvania. The battles of yesterday into the ground," Grant was successful. were not decisive, and if Mead should His military statesmanshig consisted in be defeated, unless we have a large ar my, this State will be over run by the A. G. CURTEN.

Governor of Pennsylvania Here are some of the acknowledg. ments which the Federal government he did it. made Governor Seymour, on the occa-

SECRETARY STANTON TO GOVERNOR SEYMOURS ADJUTANT.

(By Telegraph) Washington, June 19, 1863.

To Adjutant-General Sprague: The President directs me to return his thanks to his Excellency Governor Seymour and his staff for their energetic and prompt action. Whether any further force is likely to be required will be communicated to morrow, by which time the movements of the enemy will be more fully developed. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War. SEC, Y STANTON TO GOV. SEYMOUR.

War Department, Washington, June 27, 1863. Dear Sir: I cannot forbear expressing to you the deep obligation I feel of our State by the rebels. What need for the prompt and cordial support we say to men who saw and felt the you have given to the governmet in the inspiring influence of his vigor, to recall the feelings of gratitude which then filled the breasts of every true son of our ed I may be permitted personally and officially to acknowledge, without arrogating any personal claims on my part stirring telegrams, each announcing the to such service, or to any service what.

I shall be happy always to be esteem-

ed your friend, Edwin M. Stanton.

His Excellency, Horatio Seymour. And now, we repeat, we do not know a meaner spectacle, than a Pennsylvanian trying to depreciate the service that Horatio Seymour rendered to our Major-General Napoleon Bonapart An. State, in what then seemed to us all a desperate crisis .- The Age.

> EXPLODED LIES .- The N. Y. Sun, a eading Republican paper of New York, speaking of the shameless lies now being circulated by Radical journals in regard to Horatio Seymour, is forced to caution them that their falsehoods will be all exploded to the great ultimate damage of their party. It says:

> "We trust that in common fairness they will not attempt to conceal the fact that during the same period Governor Seymour promptly furnished all the troops called for from the State of New York, and even received the special thanks of President Lincoln for this timely aid, and for the cordial feeling manifested in his communications to the national government.

The Radicals feel that they have no chance of electing Grant except by the most reckless lying; but before they get through with the campaign the people will see all their falsehoods exploded, and the last prop knocked from under their sinking candidates.

-The Republican papers have forgotten their own candidates in the excitement of the Democratic nominations. They have excited Grant. He seems to be a candidate without friends. In the mean time SEYMOUR and BLAIR are though of and talked of, and new friends are daily flocking around their standard. Among the late converts is Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, of Laucaster.

A wife, up in Wayne county, Ohio, gave birth, last week, to three boys, weighing twenty-four pound on the ag-

He endorses the platform.

A STATESMAN.

The Radical candidate for the Presi dency is claimed by his supporters to be especially fitted for the chief magistracy of the country.

It is universally admitted that statesmanship is indispensibly necessary to the proper discharge of the duties appertaining to that high office.

Hence, Grant's supporters must prove him to be a statesman or their case falls to the ground.

As none of them have deemed it prudent to attempt this proof, we will un. dertake to perform the task for them.

First. Grant was once agent for his father's tan yard, at Galena, Illinois, and as the vats were placed in the ground, he concluded that the Statesmanship of making leather required everything else to be "run in the ground." And he did

Secondly. Grant turned farmer. As ploughs and harrows were used in the ground, and as the profits of the farm seemed to spring from the ground, he reasoned that the statesmanship of farming consisted in "running it in the ground," including old Grant's and his father-in law's money. And he did it.

Thirdly. Grant turned soldier. As fighting with two men to the enemy's one, can be safely done by "running it starting a new graveyard daily. Running a hundred thousand mea into the ground between the Rappahannock and Richmond was exactly his forte. And

Fourthly. Grant became a politician. He "swung around the circle" with Andrew Johnson, but departing ment. from his usual rule of "running things into the ground," he was compelled, by indisposition to stop at Cleveland and thus described only a segment of Andy's circle. He returned to Washington, and some time thereafter, finding that Stanton was "running things in the ground" in the War Department, he concluded to try his hand at it himself. And he did it.

Fifthly. Finding, by constant association with Washburne and Donnelly, that duplicity and falsehood are winning cards with politicians of the Radical school, he concluded once more to try his policy of "running things into the ground," and to apply it in a most audacious, though, doubtless, highly honorable, deception of his commander-inchief, the President, in regard to his retaining possession of the War office.

Sixthly and lastly. We should have stated, ere this, the one great and pecuiar claim of Grant to the tittle of statesmanship, a claim that overshadows all others, but because of this very peculiarity and superlativeness, we have reserved it as a sort of climax. Grant once successfully deviated from his usual policy. When commander in the West, he did not "run" the Jews "in the ground," but he drove them all, men, women and children, out of his department. If this is not evidence of statesmanship, we would like to be in. formed what is?

Having thus clearly proved Grant to be a statesman of the first order, we ex. pect a vote of thanks from the united Radical press of the country. But they nced not go to any trouble about the matter. We have done this out of pure admiration for the man, the principles he holds and the company he keeps. Selah !- Harrisburg Patriot.

-The "boys in blue" are going for Seymour and Blair. 1st, because they were the best friends of soldiers-Seymour as Governor and Blair as a soldier in the field. 2d, because they stand on a platform which says taxes shall be re. duced and made uniform; and if cur. rency is good for the soldier, the butcher the machanie, and labor in general, it is equally good for the bondholder when no other stipulations are made. 3d, because the platform means that the white soldier is just as good as a negro. 4th, because Seymour and Biair represent stand up for their rights. For these and other things the soldiers are flocking around the Democratic standard.

-Hon. F. T. BACKUS, a prominent Ohioan, has left the Radical party, and in a speech at Cleveland, the other day came outstrong for Seymore and Blair A little ungrateful, too, for Wendell Phillips says that Grant "worships at the shrine of Bacchus'"

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, 1 CLEARFIELD, PA., July 14, 1868. The political contest just entered into s laden with grave results to your bus-

iness and to yourself. The Radical party asks a renewal of its power and a continuance of its mis-

Defeated in every recent election, it now disguises its principles, and trusts for success to the military prestige of an available candidate.

It offers to Grant the shadow of power, as a price to secure the reality to Con-

Its success will bring you continued misgovernment by a Radical Congress, the control of every department of the government by Radical domination, and the perpetuation of its iniquities, its extravagance, its elevation of the negro, and its prostration of your business in-

It came into existence to benefit the negro; its devotion to his interests gave us four years of war, grinding taxation and three thousand millions of debt; its determination to place the negro over the white man has for more than three years kept society shattered, commerce paralyzed, industry prostrated, the naional credit below par, and the Union

It has governed us for near eight years; the history of its first administration is written in four years of blood and recorded in an enormous national debt; the history of its second administration is near four years of peace, with absolute power, and a Union not restored, a government of the sword, business destroyed taxation crushing the energies of the people, and the negro vested with the balance of power.

Its end and aim is the preservation of Radical power through the votes of negroes, and to this will be sacrificed your material interests, and if necessary, your personal rights and your form of govern-

Military rule oppresses the nation and cats out the substance of the people. It is fit that Grant should lead the party that maintains that rule, for his laurels were gathered by the sword alone.

The Democratic party, placing itself upon the constitution, pledges itself to strict obedience thereto, to the maintenance of the government created thereby, to the supremacy of law, to a reform of abuses, to economy in administration, to equal taxation, and to justice to all.

It antagonizes and denounces that infamous policy which, during more than three years of peace, has over taxed the people, has governed by the sword, and has destroyed the credit of the nation.

Its policy is one of thoughtful foresight, of cautious statesmanship; it seeks no new path; but by the line of the written law, in the light of experience, it will guide the Republic back to the highway of progress and prosperity and will restore to it national credit and

It presents you with pride its candidate for the Presidency : Horatio Seymour of New York, a statesman and an honest man. Capable and pure, possessed of targe experience and gifted with the rarest qualities of the head and of the heart, strong in intellect sound in judgement and prompt in action, none more competent to lead us back to the

haven of law and order. gratitude for his prompt aid when her border was attacked.

The issues are before you: they are, The statesman against the soldier; intellect against force; the law against the sword.

It is for you to determine which of these will best suit our present unhappy condition. By order of the Democrtic State Committee.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE. CHAIRMAN.

MEETING OF THE DEMO-CRATIC STANDNG COMMIT-MITTEE OF ELK COUNTY.

Pursuant to call published in the Elk Advocate, the Standing Committee for the Democracy of Elk county met at Ridgway on the 18th day of July, A. D., 1868.

The meeting was organized by the election of Geo. D. Messeuger, as Chairman, and C. E. Beman, as Sceretary.

On motion, Resolved, That the Pris mary Meetings for the election of town. ship delegates be held in the various election districts on Saturday, the 25th day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

On motion, Resolved, That the Coun. ty Convention convene at the Court House, in Ridgway on Monday, the 27th day of July, at 3 o'clock for the the white men of the country, and nomination of the several county officers, and the appointment of Congressional,

Sanatorial and Legislative conferees. G. D. MESSENGER, Pres't. C. E. BEMAN, Secretary.

-The President vetoed the Electoral College Bill, which was immediately passed over the veto by a strict party

ness. Do you wans a man with brains in the Presidential chair? Then vote I for Horatio Seymour.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and Kidney Direases Cure MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS

Has cured more diseases where it has been used, than all other medicines combined. It is the only remedy that really purifies the blood, and has never failed in curing Dys-pepsia, Fever and Ague, and Diseases of the Livee.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Proprietors, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and Chicago Illinois. [my1-3m-e3w]

Throw physic to the dogs ; I'll none of it. To make assurance doubly sure I'll take"-Plantation Bitters,

They never fail. This great Stomachic Healer is just what the people need. It is a remedy they can rely on. For Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Headache, Dizziness, Ague, Liver Complaints, Pains in the Side and Back, it has no equal; not the least among its virtues is its extreme pleasantness to the taste and IMMEDIATE beneficial effect. Try it, suffering Dyspep-tics, and be cured. Such are the assertions of those situated to know. From the vast amount of this article sold, it must have great merit

MAGNOLIA WATER-a delightful toilet article-superior to cologne, and at half the price.

A NEW REMEDY IN CONSUMPTION .- A Physician who had Consumption for sever-al years, with frequent bleedings of the lungs, cured himself with medicine unknown to the profession, when his case appeared hopeless. He is the only physician who has used it in his own person, or who has any knowledge of its virtues; and he can ascribe the degree of health he now enjoys to nothing but the use of his medicine; and nothing but utter despair and entire extinction of all hope of recovery, together with a want of confidence in all others induced him to hazard the experiment. To those suffering with any dis-case of the lungs he proffers a treatment he confidently believes will eradicate the disease. Price \$1.50 per bottle, or \$8 a half dozen, sent by express. Send for a circular or call on Dr. E. Boxeston Jackson, No. 250, North Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [may30.68-1y

No stronger testimony could be giv. en than the following from the "News," Shippensburg, Pa.

A WORD TO THE AFFLICTED .- We desire to bring to the notice of the afflicted as well as to all persons who are anxious of preserving their health unimpaired, the mer-its of Hoefland's German Bitters. This medicine has been before the public for many years. It has withstood all tests to which patent medicines are exposed, and instead of being driven out of the market as most of them are, it has continued to gain favor with the people, until it has be come the most popular medicine in the country. Our observations as to the mercountry. Our observations as to the merits of this Bitters, warrants us in recommending it to all. It will strengthen and invigorate the whole system, giving tone and healthy action to all its parts. But more especially would we recommend it to all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia, most of cases of which we believe it will speedly our if the directions accompanying the cure, if the directions accompanying the bottles be complied with. Try it at once. This Bitters is entirely free from all Alco-

holic admixture.

Hoerland's German Toric is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with PURE Santa Cruz Rum orange, anise &c., making a preparation of rare medical value. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some Alcoholic

Stimulus is necessary.
Principal Office, 631 Arch St., Philad'a, Pa. Sold by Druggists and others every-

New Advertisements.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We have found it necessary, in order to keep the financial department of the Advocate on a good hasis, to adopt the following rule : Pennsylvania owes him a debt of Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance; and all Job Work as soon an completed. Bills made out and presented to yearly advertisors at the beginning of each quarter. Subscriptions to be paid for invariably in advance.

JOHN F. MOORE, Publisher STOLEN. -- ON THE night of the 6th instant, One Brewer's Book, Six Boxes of Cigars, containing 600 Cigars, marked B. & C. on one side, La Ritica on top and label on end, One Bar Bottle marked Gin, One Bar Bottle, marked Tanay Bitters.

A liberal reward will be paid for the ap-prehension of the thief or thieves. CHARLES H. VOLK. St. Mary's, Pa., July 25, 1868.

NTERNAL REVENUE TAXES .- Notice is hereby given that I will attend at the Hyde House, in Ridgway on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th days of August next, (Courtweek), for the purpose of col lecting and receiving the Internal Revenue Taxes for 1868. Persons neglecting to pay at that time subject themselves to an addi tion of 5 per cent. on their tax.

Deputy Coll, 19th District, Penn'a. UDITOR'S NOTICE .- Notice is hereby A given, that the undersigned auditor, appointed to distribute the funds arising from the sale of the Real Estate of Fred'k Rudolph, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in St. Mary's boron Friday, July 81st, 1868, at 11 o clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper. L. J. BLAKELY.

St. Mary's, July 25-1t Auditor. TOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING .- The undersigned havluded to hang up for a while in Ridgway would respectfully inform its citizens and those of its surrounding vicinity, that they are prepared to do all work in their line in a er warranted to suit their customers and at as reasonable a price as it can be done

by any other man.
Our motto is to 'Live and let live.' All orders promptly attended to. JACK T. SHUTE & CO;

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEW ING MACHINES.—The under signed having been appointed Sole Agent for the sale of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines for Elk county. assortment constantly on hand. Machine sold at Philadelphia and New Yor prices .-Any parties desirous of obtaining them can address J. K. WHITMORE.

at Ridgway, Pa.

March 2t-66-1y.

IST OF JURORS—Grand and Traverse —drawn for August term, 1868.

GRAND JURORS. Benezet-Coleman T Johnson.

Bensinger—Anthon Bauer.
Fox—James Farnsworth, Conrad Moyer,
junior, Enos Hays, D Meredith, junior,
Silas Moyer, William Hewitt.

Horton—J Taylor. Jay—G Thurston, S Vasbinder, M Spangler, J Rothrock.

Ridgway—T B Cobb, Kimball Scribner,

Minor Wilcox, N Gardner, J V Book,

Thomas J Wheeler, Spring Creek—Henry R Moore. St. Mary's—C McVean, T. Zimmett.

TRAVERSE JURORS. Benezet-W Murray, James W Brown, Byron J. Jones. Benzinger-F Tegler, George Decker, Geo Kerner.

Fox—G Funk, JW Rodgers, P Murphy, John Mohan, L Mohan, senior, L. Mohan, junior, S Hays, R Thompson, J Hershy, H Gross, J Moyer, Eli P Kyler, E K Gresh, Alexander Cameron. Horton-Dennis Eggleston.

Jay-A W Gray. Jones-E Burlingame, John March, John Pistner.

Ridgway-H F Overholtzer, J F Dill, Isaac St. Mary's—George Imhoff, Frank Weis, George Ed Weis, George Walmsley, N J W C Schultze, Joseph Kerner, A Weis.

IST OF CAUSES set down for trial 1 at August Term, 1868, of the Court of Common Pleas of Elk county, commencing August 3d, 1868. Wainwright vs Correll Bell vs Werner, etal.

Heebners Heirs vs Scott. Rathbarn vs West creek M. & M. Co. Lawrence vs Luhr, etal. Bowman vs Elliot, etal. -Mahood vs Crispin, etal-

Hyatt vs McCauley. Shawmut Coal Co. vs Hyde & Reed. West Br. Ins. Co. vs Schultze. Hyde & Reed vs Woodbury. Wilhelm vs Benzinger, Sch. Dist.! Stephen vs Same. Reed vs Breeden, etal.

Co. Nat. Bk vs Powell. Malin vs Corey. Delcool vs Tozier. Souther vs Coyne, etal. GEO. A. RATHBURN Prot'y.

DR. C. W. STEBBINS, of Brookville, Pa., begs leave to inform the citizens of Ridgway and vicinity that he will be in Ridgway during the coming Court, com-mencing on the 3d day of August next. He offers his professional services to all those who are afflicted with bad teeth, and guarautees satisfaction.

U. S. Marshal's Office, Western District of Penn'a. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE : That on THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Frederick Rudolph, of St. Ma-ry's, in the county of Elk, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrant to property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be helden at the Hyde House in Ridgway Pa before S. E. Woodruff Esq., Register, on the 4th day of August A. D. 1868 at 4 o'clock, P. M. choose one or more assignees of his Estate,

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. By G. P. Davis, Deputy. July 11, 4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE, -- By virtue of a writ of Ven litioni Exponse issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Elk county, and to me directed, I will, by virtue of said writ, expose to PUBLIC SALE at the Court House in Ridgway, on the Arst Monday in August, being the 3d day, the following

described property, to wit :

By virtue of this writ I have levied upon the interest of the defendant of in and to a certain tract of unseated land situated lyng and being in Jay townshid Elk County. Pennsylvania being Warrant Number fivo thousand and six (5006) containing nine thousand and ninty acres (9090) and allowance warranted in the name of W. Willink and others. Bounded on the North by Warrant Number 5005 on the East by Warrant Number 5007 on the South by Warrant Number 5017 and on the West by Warrant Number 4195-and tract warranted in the name of Horace Little. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of the Cherry & Trout Run Oil & Mining Company.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day.
P. Malone, Deputy Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Ridgway July 11, 1868.

HERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Elk county, and to me directed, there will, by virtue of said writ, on Monday, the 27th day of July, 1858, at St. Mary's, be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, the following described property, to wit : A lot of ground, situate in the borough

of St. Mary's, county of Elk, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit : Bounded on the north by Centre street, on the east by St. Mary's street, on the south by Michael McNally's ot, and on the west by Anthony Biberger's lot, and on the west by Anthony Dinerger a lot, and being eighty-seven feet front and sixty feet back, known and numbered on the plan of said town of St. Mary's as lot Number 77. Being part of a larger lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Francis X. Biberger by Matthias Benzinger and wife, and John Eschbach and wife, by deed dated the second day of August, A. D. 1854, and recorded in the office for recording deeds in Elk county, in deed book F, page 599. Said property has thereon erected one two-story frame house, with stone basement, 42x47 feet, and calculated for a store room.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P M., of said day. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of F. X. Biberger, JAMES A. MALONE,

Sheriff's Office, Ridgway, Pa., June 20, 1868.

BLANKS of all kinds for sale at this of.

ENVELOPES, LABELS & TAGS next by printed at the Advance Office