

The Advocate.

John G. Hall, & Proprietor.
Civils W. Barrett, Publisher.

THURSDAY:

September 11, 1867.
DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

HON. GEO. SHARWOOD,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT TICKET

For Assembly,

THOMAS J. McCULLOUGH,
of Clearfield County.

COUNTY TICKET.

District Attorney,

JAMES K. P. HALL,
of St. Mary's Borough.

Treasurer,

CLAUDIUS V. GILLIS,
of Ridgway township.

Commissioner,

JOSEPH W. TAYLOR, 3 years,
of Horton township.

JULIUS JONES, 1 year,
of Benzette township.

Auditor,

GEORGE D. MESSENGER,
of Ridgway township.

Jury Commissioner,

GEORGE DICKINSON,
of Ridgway township.

Heavy Taxation and its Cause.

In the course of an able speech recently delivered in Ohio by the Hon. G. H. Pendleton, that gentleman stated that the expenditure of the United States for the year 1866 was one hundred millions more than that of England, and one hundred and sixty millions more than that of France. The greatest expenditure of England during the Napoleonic wars, when even Russia was stimulated by her subsidies—when large armies were kept in Spain and on the Continent, never reached one hundred millions of pounds—less than five hundred millions of dollars. England has thirty-six thousand millions. The United States have sixteen thousand millions. With less than two-fifths of the taxable property, our people pay largely more taxes.

Why are the expenses of the nation kept at their present high figure? The war being over, why cannot the disbursements be put upon a peace footing? The answer is, the party in authority will not agree to such a proposition. They are scheming for a continuation of political power, and in order to make that a certainty have refused to allow the Southern States to resume their old constitutional relations with the Federal government. Ten States are governed as military provinces, and the army stationed within their borders must be supported out of the earnings of the people. In addition to that the Freedmen's Bureau is feeling thousands of idle, worthless negroes, who should be compelled to work for the maintenance of themselves and their families. This item of public expenditures will reach millions of dollars each year. Then again, the expenses of putting the new governments of the unrepresented States in operation is heavy. Registers are appointed in all parts of the South, whose expenses are paid, and there are also other leaks of a similar character, out of which the public treasury is running in a steady and increasing stream. These are a few of the reasons why our taxes are so exorbitant, but they are far from being all. In addition to the huge sums foolishly squandered to keep the South under the heel of Radical tyranny by military force, a tendency to extravagance in public expenditures has sprung up which is absolutely appalling to every man who soberly reflects over the situation of the country. Vast appropriations are made for every imaginable purpose, apparently without the least consideration, and often with an utter indifference to the advice of our most thoughtful and trustworthy statesmen. It cannot be that this course can much longer be pursued without serious national danger. The time has come when safety dictates that a halt must be ordered and the people have it in their power to decide whether it shall be immediate, or postponed until disaster forces it upon us.—*Eric Observer.*

SHOCKING.—A negro girl, about 18 years old, named Arabella Dornille, and living near Camp Schofield, was arrested yesterday by officer Dinguid, of the city police, charged with throwing her new-born babe into a pen of hogs, by whom it was devoured. The girl confessed the cruel deed, and said she made way with the child because she did not care to undergo the trouble and expense of raising it.—*Lyndebury News.*

It is said that Surratt is to be tried as soon as Congress can pass a law to put negroes on the Jury. While men are not supposed to be intelligent enough to understand she case.

Summary of News.

FOREIGN.

A NEW Trans-Atlantic Cable from Brest, in France, to New York, is to be laid in May, 1868. The Great Eastern is chartered to perform the work.

The Hon. George Bancroft has presented his credentials as United States Minister to the Court of Berlin. He was received with unusual courtesy by the Prussian Government; and in company with Count Von Bismarck, he accepted an invitation to dine with his Majesty, King William, at the royal residence, Potsdam.

On Monday, August 29, the first train of cars passed over the railroad across Mont Cevis.

The insurrection of the Spaniards in Aragon, has thus far proved a success. Recent reports from that quarter, state that the insurgents have captured, and still hold in their possession Saragosa, the capital of the Province.

The report of Omar Pacha's success in subduing the Cretan insurgents, is entirely ungrounded. They still hold out on the mountains. The resolutions of sympathy for them, passed by the United States Congress and presented to the sublime Porte by Morris, the American Minister, have created a profound sensati on at the Turkish capital.

PROFESSOR FARADAY, the eminent scientist, died, August 27, in London.

DOMESTIC.

In compliance with the instructions of the President, Gen. Grant has issued an order removing Gen. Sheridan from the command of the Fifth Military District, and appointing Major General Hancock in his place. Gen. Sheridan is directed to proceed to the command of the Department of the Missouri.

ANOTHER order has been issued, relieving Gen. Daniel E. Sickles of the command of the Military Department comprising the States of North Carolina and South Carolina, which Brevet Major General Canby is authorized to assume.

RELIABLE reports from the plains state the Indians are committing numerous ravages, and that there are ten massacres to every one reported. In pursuance of an order of General Terry, enlistments are being made, and preparations rapidly pushed forward for immediate service. The troops already organized are in excellent health, and are determined to chastise the bloodthirsty savages. Two engagements recently took place, in one of which, at Fort Hays, the Indian loss is reported at one hundred and fifty, and that of Captain Ames, at three men killed, and thirty five wounded. In the other at Phil Kearney, our loss was six men killed, one of whom was the gallant Jenness, while that of the Indians is said to be at least three hundred.

YELLOW fever is raging in New Orleans. The number of deaths reported daily, by the board of health of that city, is astonishing.

A DISPATCH from St. Louis states that, on the 16th ult., about one half of Reynolds city, Montana Territory, was destroyed by fire.

THREE shocking deaths lately resulted from the explosion of a powder mill in the village of Bennington, Vermont. The names of the victims were Edward Cunningham, William Downs, and Abraham Moon. It is supposed that the disaster occurred while Moon was putting a window in the building, and that he struck a nail with a hammer, causing a spark.

A WOMAN died of starvation at Fort Wayne, Indiana. For several days she had refused to take food, saying she wished to die.

FOUR million emigrants have arrived at the port of New York, during the last twenty years.

ANOTHER CASE OF INFANTICIDE.—Yesterday afternoon two young men named John Healy and Albert Welper, while walking along the river bank near the water house, discovered the dead body of a new-born infant floating on the water a short distance from shore. The body was secured by two little boys, and the fact communicated to coroner Porter, who summoned a jury and held an inquest. In the opinion of two physicians who were present the child was fully developed and must have been born alive. From appearances it could not have been in the water any great length of time, and was probably thrown in late on Saturday night. No marks of violence were visible on its person. The jury rendered a verdict that the child was thrown into the river by some person unknown. It is to be hoped that the unfeeling mother, or whoever may have been the perpetrator of this foul deed will be detected and punished.—*Patriot & Union of September 2d.*

DEATH FROM A BITE OF A RAT.—On Friday morning, says the Wheeling Register, at about seven o'clock, Mr. Wm. Loss, aged fifty one years, died very suddenly. He attended work on Wednesday morning in usually good health. A short time since Mr. Loss was examining a barrel of potatoes, and in stirring them up he was bitten by a large rat. His arm soon swelled up, and he experienced pain throughout his whole body. On Friday morning he died, and his death can be attributed to no other cause than that of the bite of a rat.

Mr. Whitney was fined fifty dollars for being disrespectful to a Bureau agent in Texas. He paid the money and received a written receipt.

We take the following article from the Brookville Herald.

THE EXECUTION OF CHARLES CHASE.

In accordance with the warrant of John W. Geary, Governor of Pennsylvania, directed to "Nathan Carrier, Jr., Esq., High Sheriff of the County of Jefferson," requiring him to execute the extreme penalty of the law upon the man whose name heads this article, preparations for the awful event were commenced on Monday last, Aug. 26. Sheriff Carrier, who makes no pretensions to tenderness or extreme piety, did all in his power to have befitting arrangements made. The prisoner, who has all along manifested a stoicism or indifference entirely incompatible with his present situation, evinced on Friday last, something akin to a contrite spirit. He, at that time, appeared to realize that the Saviour of mankind, had died, that he, too, guilty murderer as he was, might live. That his fondest hopes may be realized should be the prayer of every mother, son, daughter and sister throughout the whole land.

As indicated in the previous few lines, Mr. Carrier did all in his power to render the unfortunate man as comfortable as circumstances would permit. To this end, he desired all who had a thought for the welfare of the unfortunate man to visit, pray with, and read to him.

For a time the efforts of the ministers availed but little. A lady, however, after the ministers had failed to make an impression upon the heart of Charley, like an angel, as she proved herself to be, led him like a lamb, as we hope, to the fold of the redeemed.

The scaffold upon which the prisoner suffered, either guilty or innocent, was erected by gentlemen entirely conversant, as mechanics with that kind of business. Disagreeable and unpleasant as was their duty, they performed it properly and feelingly.

On the evening previous to the execution, the prisoner was baptized by a Catholic Priest, who attended him on the scaffold, and administered to the dying man that religious consolation under the circumstances so important.

At 1 o'clock, to-day, (28th), the condemned man was taken to the Jail yard, and after religious ceremonies performed by the Reverend Father, Charles Chase, alias Winton, was launched at the end of a rope, into eternity. His immortal spirit has winged its way to the presence of that Judge, who requires no jury, and from whose decision there is no appeal. With Him we leave the unfortunate man.

We have, at this time no heart to gratify a morbid curiosity or appetite, by dissecting upon the revolting particulars of the first, and it is to be hoped the last execution in Jefferson county.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Two Blacks Registering to one White Man

Political Power Entirely in the Hands of the Negroes.

[From the Honorable Monitor.]
WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—It appears from the North Carolina papers that the registration thus far in that State shows two blacks registered to one white, and in some districts a larger proportion. A letter from Harnett county says: "The whites generally do not seem to turn out. The blacks, on the other hand, turn out en masse, and are jubilant about their being allowed to register. Gen. Sickles has caused a circular to be addressed to the Boards of Registration informing them that officers of the militia, upon whom devolve the execution of the patrol laws relating to the domestic order of the State, and the State and the government of the slaves therein, having thereby assumed and performed civil functions are deemed civil officers within the meaning of the acts of Congress, and any such officer having afterwards taken part in the rebellion, or who aided and abetted persons engaged in the rebellion, is excluded from registration as a voter."

AN AWFUL REAPER ACCIDENT.

One of the most horrible reaper accidents that has ever come to our knowledge occurred in a wheat field three miles south of the village of Cascade, in this county, on Thursday August 1st. It seems that a child but three years of age strayed from the home of its parents into a wheat field which was near by, and fell asleep among the wheat. Before long the father of the child came along with a reaper, driving at a brisk rate. He was startled by a sharp cry, which was almost instantly hushed.—Looking down to the sickle he saw what was once his infant child rolling before the knives, already dead. He instantly stopped the team and got down to the knives. The little creature was frightfully mangled. The sickle had cut and mangled it from its head to its feet. Its face was not recognizable, so terrible had been the work of the knives—its nose and cheeks and eyes had all been lacerated. The skull had been cut through—and probably this almost instantly killed the child, as the head was evidently the first part struck. The child screamed but once and then was instantly still.—*Dubuque Times.*

Mr. Dreyse, the inventor of the Prussian needle-gun has just invented a new gun for grenades (explosive balls) which scatter to the breadth of five feet and the height of three.

There is a certain young lady at Cape May who is said to have refused four offers of marriage, her excuse being that her admirers were all too rich.

Correspondence.

PHILADELPHIA, Sep. 2nd, 1867.

Dear Advocate:—In my last I promised "more anon," and in accordance with my promise will try to give your readers some thing from this city.

Trade in almost every branch of business is dull as compared with the same time last year; but merchants are looking hopefully for an improvement during the present month.

Last Wednesday your correspondent had the pleasure of witnessing a game of base ball between the Mutuals of New York and the Athletics, on the grounds of the latter club at Fifteenth street and Columbia avenue in this city. To say that the playing was excellent would be inadequate to express the admiration of the vast multitude assembled to witness the game. The number present were variously estimated at from 10,000 to 15,000. You have no doubt been apprised ere this that the Athletics were beaten. Of course the Philadelphians felt bad over the defeat of their crack club; but high hopes are entertained that they will win the third game of the match and yet retain the title of Champion of America.

In the theatrical line matters are about beginning to wear a lively aspect. At the Walnut street Theatre we have had for the past three weeks a "Midsummer Night's Dream." The scenery is magnificent, and is said to have cost thirty thousand dollars to produce it. But that is all that can be said for it, as the acting is indifferent. On the 9th instant the grand spectacular drama of the Black Crook is to be put on the boards at the academy of music. Everybody who is morally inclined are now opposed to its being presented, but your correspondent will miss his guess considerably if they do not patronize it as expensively as the "Devil's own."—Lastwise that was the case in New York.

Little is being said about politics in this city at present. The Republicans made their nominations last week. Of course they put their best men on the ticket. I have failed to see though, that they have put any of the "Boys in Blue" on their ticket. It is supposed that Gen. Peter Lyle formerly of the Penn'a Reserves will receive the Democratic nomination for Sheriff, and high hopes are entertained that he will be elected, as his Republican competitor never even "swelled the battle afar off."—*More anon.* SUNDOWN.

Written for the Elk Advocate.

CATHOLIC CHRISTIANITY—NO. 14.

Intimately connected with the doctrine of election is the doctrine of the Perseverance of the Saints. As the reason why some believe in Christ, while all alike naturally refuse, is that they are effectually "called" (Rom. 8, 30) by the Holy Spirit, or in other words "born again," (John 1, 13; 3, 3, &c.) or "created in Christ Jesus unto good works," (Eph. 2, 10), and this calling is in accordance with God's eternal election; so the reason why any Christians continue steadfast in the faith and attain to the blessedness of heaven, is that they are "kept by the power of God through faith unto salvation." 1 Pet. 1, 5. The calling of believers is evidence of their election to eternal life—2, Pet. 1, 10—for Christ has given his word that "they shall never perish, neither shall any pluck them out of my hand. My Father, which gave them me, is greater than all; and none is able to pluck them out of my Father's hand." So Paul could write to the Philippians, of whose conversion he had good evidence. "Being confident of this very thing, that he, who hath begun a good work in you, will perfect it unto the day of Christ Jesus"—Phil. 1, 6; and to the Romans. "And we know that all things work together for good, to them that love God, to them who are called according to his purpose. For whom he did foreknow he also did predestinate, to be conformed to the image of his son, that he might be the first born among many brethren. Moreover whom he did predestinate, them he also called; and whom he called, them he also justified; and whom he called, them He also justified;" and all these He, not themselves, raised to everlasting glory. On the passage last cited an old writer has well observed: "We must not here offer to dive into the secrets of God's eternal election; only firmly believe that all our good, in time, and eternity, flows originally from God's free goodness, and all our evil from man's free will."

Those whose conversion is only the work of their own will, may very consistently trust to their own will for perseverance—but those who are converted by divine grace, may trust the promise of "Him who is able to keep them from falling." Jude. 21. C. C.

A Mathematical Question.

Mr. Editor:—Will some one of your readers—if any are obliged to resort to figures to keep themselves from worse employment on the Lord's day—please to figure out next Sunday the following question: Taking the dimensions of New Jerusalem as given Rev. 21, 16—twelve furlongs each way, length breadth and height equal—would there be room enough to accommodate all the human race, allowing three generations to each century, and each generation (on an average) to contain one billion souls? And if the world were to continue ten thousand, or one hundred thousand years, at the same rate, would there then be "room enough in Paradise, for all a home in glory?" And if but one thousandth part of the celestial city were allotted to the human race, how much room would there be for each one? L. M.

—The Patriot & Union says: Forney's "two papers, both daily," are engaged in gathering up the the testimony of Sanford Conover's "pals" to show that Conover is unworthy of belief. Perhaps he is not, but Joe Holt thought he was; and Ashley thought he was; and there was not a Radical from Maine to I va that ever imagined that he was not, so long as he swore Radically and got witnesses to do the same. He was then a "public benefactor," in their opinion, and deserving of both Executive clemency and substantial reward from the Government. Even "Jack Rogers, the Copperhead," and others of the same ilk, had a notion that Sanford might justly be pardoned, because, as the former said, there were others, "at least one other," more guilty than he. Rogers, Wood, and others felt or knew that Conover could a tale unfold about certain Radical leaders, hence they wanted to see the scamp free to disclose. His late expose justified their expectations beyond measure. Neither Ashley nor Holt will ever be able to lift the pressure.—*Clearfield Republican.*

A Complaint.

We have received a communication from a Western gentleman, who is now visiting New York for the first time. He wishes to know why, if the churches are closed on Sunday, the beer-gardens are not kept open. He argues that one or the other place of resort should be at the disposal of the public, and further inquires whether it is true that, during the summer recess, the clergy write novels and plays, and thus approximate Nero, who fiddled while Rome was burning. He also desired some information as to what must be the estimate placed upon ministerial labors so readily abandoned for a season, and suggests as our churches are closed, we go back to the primitive mode and have open air preaching. To all these irreverent inquiries, we can but answer, that where the churches kept open during the summer months, common people might get into them, and that there might thus linger a tinge of the lowly about the edifices, such as would sadly decompose the aristocracy upon their resumption of worship. Then what would Brown do where the churches kept open during the unfashionable season? The Western gentleman had better go back where they worship all seasons alike, if he finds fault with our way of attending to this matter.—*N. Y. Express.*

A NEW BUSINESS.—Rev. H. S. Platt, the agent of the Connecticut Grand Lodge of Good Templars, employs a number of men (?) as detectives, members of the order, at \$2 a day, to go round and drink with and make information against liquor sellers. In a recent liquor trial, one of these informers was "pumped" of the fact that he drinks from three to twelve times a day, and that he has frequently to lay by and recruit after his arduous labors. We should think so. He ought to lay by for a considerable time after a job of that kind, and his "Beverend" employer ought to lie with him.—*E.*

—It is reported that Gen. Howard, the boss of the negro bureau, is to be removed. The Treasury would be greatly benefited if both boss and bureau were wiped out.

—There are four thousand female office-holders in Italy.

New Advertisements.

This is to Give Notice: THAT on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1867, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John Cobb of Ridgway, in the County of Elk and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Erie, before S. E. Woodruff, Register, on the ninth day of October A. D. 1867, at 2 o'clock p. m. THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal for said Dist. G. P. DAVIS, Dep't. U. S. Marshal.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS and others.—The Graton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wood-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof), Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manuf. factory having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price \$6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Graton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, 254 Pearl Street, New York. Sept. 5-'67.—6m.

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For particulars, apply to or address FARMELEE BROTHERS, Aug. 29-'67.—St. 722 Sanson St. Phila., Pa.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of Healy & Gillis is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by W. C. Healy.

W. C. HEALY,
C. V. GILLIS,
Ridgway, Pa., Aug. 15th, 1867. 31.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between E. C. Schultz, and Wm. C. Schultz in the Tanning Business, in the Borough of St. Mary's is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted in any way to the said firm, will make payment to William C. Schultz, and all persons having any claims against said firm, will present them to the same person for payment.

E. C. SCHULTZ,
Wm. C. SCHULTZ,
St. Mary's, Pa., July 10th 1867. 31.

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