

A View of London.

Rome was called the Mistress of the World, yet in its palmy days was not equal to Britain in power or dominion...

In population, London is a nation in herself, the number of inhabitants has doubled in forty years, and now amounts to one million nine hundred thousand...

To the port of London alone, in 1840, there belonged 2950 ships of 500,000 tons burden, and manned by 82,000 seamen...

The water companies send into the houses 237,000,000 of hogsheads of water in a year; the gas companies produce 10,000,000 cubic feet of gas daily...

Correspondence of the National Intelligencer.

New York, July 21, 1843.

The queen of conversation in the idiosyncrasy of gifted men is certainly on this side of the water, I believe, and she is accompanied by a man who is certainly the modern king of elegance and accomplishment...

THE HEBREW LANGUAGE.—Some of the late London journals announce as on the point of publication, says the Advertiser, a work which will make known an important discovery...

THE ORATION OF GEN. CASS, at the celebration of the completion of the Wabash and Erie Canal on the fourth instant, is published in the Globe of Thursday...

Perhaps, while I address you, measures are in progress to wrest from our country the territory west of the Rocky Mountains...

THE GREAT FINDER.—The New York Express of Saturday says—The person who has been arrested in London for the robbery of Jacob Little, Esq., is well known here...

JOE SMITH.—The Illinois State Register asserts that the agent of Missouri has applied to Governor Ford for an armed force to aid him in arresting Joe again...

"We regret the location of this unprincipled scoundrel in Illinois as one of the greatest calamities that ever befel the State. He, and those over whom he exercises the most unlimited control, now hold the balance of the State Governed by no political principles whatever...

SAL SODA, a cheap article, should be used in washing paint; it renders water soft, and is good for clothes turned yellow.

COLIC IN HORSES is relieved by giving them a drenching with a quart of salt water.

AN AFFECTING SCENE.—Yesterday afternoon, a boat-load of Germans had landed from the canal, evidently direct from the "Faderland"...

COPERNICAN SYSTEM AND THEOLOGICAL ERROR.—It was a great oversight in the theologians of the Copernican system, that the earth moved around its axis, and to cling to the Ptolemaic theory of the sun actually circling round us, as it appears to do...



THE AMERICAN. Saturday, July 29, 1843.

FOR SALE.—A fresh supply of printing paper, viz: 100 reams similar in size and quality to the sheet on which this is printed...

V. B. PALMER, Esq. at his Real Estate and Coal office, No. 159 Pine Street below Third, two squares south of the Exchange, Philadelphia, is authorized to act as Agent, and to receive and receipt for all monies due this office...

We have paid but little attention to the boloms of the American this week. The prevailing epidemic, the "Tyler Grip," has not neglected us in its visitations...

The crops in this section turn out pretty well. Some fields, however, have been visited with smut.

We have received another communication from the Rev. W. S. Hall, on the subject of Baptism, or rather, we should say, upon subjects that grew out of the discussion of the subject of Baptism, between himself and the Rev. W. R. Smith...

Now, in the New Testament it is obvious, that whatever is the original signification of baptizo, it is either left indeterminate, or it would be better translated pour or sprinkle...

Unless the Reverend gentlemen are restricted in some way, the discussion must assume an interminable shape, and as the elections are now coming on, we could scarcely find room for their communications...

ALTERED NOTES.—We saw a few days since a one dollar Relief note, on the Miners' Bank of Pottsville, altered to two. The word "Two," in the body of the note, is rather clumsily put on, and may be readily discovered by the ground work...

Counterfeit ten dollar notes, purporting to have been issued by the Kensington Bank of Philadelphia, are in circulation in that city.

At a meeting of the Washingtonian Temperance society of Sunbury, held on Monday evening last, the following persons were appointed as delegates to attend a Temperance Convention, to be held at Liverpool, on the 3d of August next...

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE, New World edition, has just been received. It contains the usual variety found in the columns of that able Periodical. Price, \$2 per annum.

LADY BLESSINGTON and Count D'ORSEY have arrived, it is said, at New York, incog. The first is noted as a talented authoress, of great beauty and accomplishments. The Count, is only famous for being the handsomest and most magnificent dandy in London, or probably, in the world.

CHARCOAL.—There has been of late years an enormous increase in the wheat crops of France. Pulverized charcoal, it appears, has been very extensively used with the most happy results. Some of the most sterile farms have been made highly productive. The charcoal, it is said, should be well pulverized, and sown like lime, after a rain or in a still damp day...

Increased Receipt of Tolls.—The receipt of tolls on the Pennsylvania Canal at Pittsburg during the first fifteen days of the present month, exceeded the amount received there during the whole month of July, 1842.

SUNBURY, July 22, 1843. MR. EDITOR:—I found the following stanzas a few days ago, but as they had no direction on the envelope, and were addressed to "Mr. Editor" within, I took it for granted they were intended for you. You will doubtless confer a great favor on the writer by giving his lines an insertion. The original paper is too much soiled to be forwarded to you. Here they are:

There was a time, once, dearest Kate, When held by the in bonds of love, Around my heart, in bonds of firm, Thy charms themselves in silence wove. But now 'tis past, forever gone: Dissolved by some malignant power, That anxious seized upon thy heart, In some secure, unguarded hour.

MISCELLANY.

Editorial, Condensed and Selected. Two men and five children were killed by lightning, near Montreal, while gathering strawberries.

In North Carolina the wheat is harvested. The crop is said to be larger, and of finer quality than usual.

Dr. Croesman, of Philadelphia, has been in New Orleans the past winter, and has successfully operated on nine hundred persons for the cure of strabismus, or squinting.

William Johnson, a fugitive convict from the Missouri Penitentiary, has been retaken and sent back: he is under sentence for ninety four years! This was his third escape.

There is a horse driven into Wall street, New York, every day, which, though forty years old, is as surefooted, sprightly, and playful as a colt.

While the fire was raging in Fall river, a cinder was picked up in Middleborough—fifteen miles from the fire.

Immense numbers of people are now travelling up the North River. The steamboat South America, a day or two since, took up 700 passengers.

The editor of the Newark Advertiser speaks of Ox Heart cherries three inches and a half in circumference.

It appears by a recent report, that there are 30,000 families in Pennsylvania without a Bible.

The price of cabin passage from New York to Liverpool, by the packets, has been reduced to eighty dollars.

Mr. Ira Fenton, of Belchertown, Mass., has raised a Durham cow, which is now eight years old, and weighs 1740 pounds.

A Devil fish, measuring seventeen feet across the back, was taken a few days ago near Beaufort, S. C.

Thinning out.—Five hundred and ninety-three dogs have been made to bite the dust this season, in New York.

The estimated taxation of New York city for the present year, amounts to \$2,177,000.

Commitals to the New York city Prison during the last week, 263.

A correspondent of the New York American, says that there are 500 gambling houses in that city.

A London paper mentions as an ad lib, that Sir R. Peel has intimated to the Bishop of London the settled determination of Government to put down the Pusey movement, and that we shall shortly hear of the supersedeing of bishops as well as magistrates.

The Kinderhook Sentinel has the following announcement:— "We regret to learn that our fellow citizen, ex-President Van Buren, is afflicted with the prevailing malady—the 'Tyler gripe'."

The American and British Commissioners for the survey of the new boundary line on our N. E. frontier, with a party of 25 soldiers, engineers, and laborers, commenced operation near the St. John's late in June.

There are fifteen hundred visitors at the present time at Saratoga Springs.

The New Haven Courier says there are dogs enough that way to supply the whole State of Connecticut with assuages for a century to come.

A Valuable Bustle.—When Treasurer Graves sloped, in female attire, in order to be fashionable, he had a bustle made of United States Treasury notes and State Scrips, amounting to \$145,000, the amount which he stole out of the Treasury.

A Consistent Philanthropist.—Buxton the great London brewer and abolitionist, manufactures 340,000 barrels of beer, and ale and porter every year—thus including and promoting more poverty, debasement and real slavery, (the slavery of bad habits,) than all his mock benevolent abolition efforts can prevent.

A Valuable Drug.—Money is "a Drug" in the New York market now, says the Journal of Commerce. The only kind of a drug that the generality of people can take without making dry faces.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

Our Next Member.

MR. EDITOR.—Events that have transpired within the last ten years, in the history of this state, must satisfy any one that our system of legislation has been radically wrong. That most of this has been owing to the kind of members usually elected, there can be no doubt. It has been too long the custom of a certain class of men, many of whom are wholly destitute of the moral and mental requisites for the offices to which they aspire, to set themselves up as candidates for every office, and usually succeed at the expense of more able, worthy and honorable men, who do not make office hunting the business of their lives. These remarks apply to candidates generally, but more particularly to candidates for members of Assembly. A number of candidates are already out, anxious to represent this county in the next legislature. Without intending to reflect on the character of any of them, individually, I may be permitted to ask whether either of them are such men as the people of Old Northumberland county should select to represent their interests in the councils of state? And why, let me ask, in matters of such importance, should we confine ourselves in selecting candidates from among those only who obtrude their names before the public as candidates, instead of seeking out from amongst us those whom we know to have the requisite qualifications, and in whom we can repose the most perfect confidence.

In view of the above, permit me to recommend ALEXANDER JORDAN, Esq., of Sunbury, as a proper person to represent us in the next legislature. The times are such, that every good citizen should come to the rescue, and yield up all selfish considerations for the general good of the country. I trust Mr. Jordan will be willing to make the sacrifice, and in so doing we are confident he will confer a favor on a large majority of his fellow citizens of this county. TURBUT.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

County Commissioner.

MR. EDITOR.—Permit us, through the columns of your paper, to recommend to the Democracy of this county, Mr. JAMES BUOY, of Milton borough, as a gentleman well qualified to fill the office of County Commissioner. The forks, no doubt, are entitled to the man, and we know not any gentleman more eminently qualified to fulfill the duties of said office than Mr. Buoy. He has ever been a consistent and active democrat, and has done much to promote the interest of the party. Milton, we think, is now entitled to the man, and we hope the county convention will award to Mr. Buoy the nomination.

DEMOCRATS OF THE FORKS.

A Fact for the People.

The U. S. consumes more British manufactures than any other nation, Great Britain alone excepted. By a recent report of a committee to the British Parliament it seems that the value of British manufactures consumed by various nations is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Country and Value. Prussia, 7 cents to each person. Russia, 15 " " " Norway, 17 " " " France, 20 " " " U. States, 402 " " "

The above from the Montpelier Watchman shows our dependence upon England, and for those articles, too, which we can manufacture as well and as cheap as any other people. She yearly draws over \$68,000,000 from us, which ought to remain at home, supplying a currency for the people and supporting our own manufactures. Yet the advocates of Free Trade would repeal the Tariff, the only protection of our manufactures, and permit England to flood our markets with her goods to the exclusion of our own.

The friends of domestic industry would do well to look in season to the movements of politicians in reference to this matter. Mr. Calhoun, we need scarcely say, is out and out opposed to the Tariff. Concerning Mr. Van Buren, the other prominent candidate for the suffrages of his party, we invite the reader's close attention to the following remarks taken from the latest exposition of his views in relation to the Tariff in his letter to the Indiana Committee:

"To all present appearance, the acquiescence in a tariff for revenue, now so general, may, in the absence of special excitement, endure for a period as long as is commonly embraced in calculations of business. It cannot, however, have escaped the attention of the manufacturers, that although no State or district of country may yet have taken ground against this mode of raising revenue for the support of Government, there are not wanting thousands of vigorous intellects, in every section of our extended country, who, penetrated by a deep sense of the inequality and consequent injustice of its operation, are applying all the energies of their minds to the overthrow of the system itself. They cannot be ignorant, either, of the fact, that a prejudice against DIRECT TAXATION, springing in some degree at least, from a supposed abuse of power in times past, may yield to time and reflection, or may be supplanted by a new and stronger antipathy."

Mark the expressive language: "there are not wanting thousands of vigorous intellects"—where? why "in every section of our extensive country"—to do what? "to overthrow the system" of all import duties, by "applying all the energies of their minds" to the great work, being justly indebted thereto, Mr. Van Buren assures us, "by a deep sense of the inequality and consequent injustice of its operation." If this is not attacking the whole "system" of a "Tariff for revenue only" which is now barely tolerated—"acquiesced in" as Mr. V. B. has it, we should like to be informed what constitutes an attack upon any "system" whatever!—Newark Daily Ad.

English Taxation.

SINCE SWITH, the reverend gentleman whose memorial to Congress on the subject of State Stocks appeared not long ago, was one of the founders of the Edinburg Review. His early contributions to that celebrated journal were distinguished by the wit and humor which have not ceased to characterize his writings yet. The following graphic sketch of English taxation in its details has been quoted before now, but it will bear quotation again:—"We can inform Jonathan what are the inevitable consequences of being too fond of glory—Taxes upon every article which enters into the mouth, or covers the back, or is placed under the foot—taxes upon every thing which is pleasant to see, hear, feel, smell, or taste—upon warmth, light, and locomotion—taxes on every thing on earth, and the waters under the earth—on every thing that comes from abroad, or is grown at home—taxes on the raw material—taxes on every fresh value that is added to it by the industry of man—taxes on the cause which pampers man's appetite, and the drug that restores him to health—on the ermine which hangs the criminal—on the poor man's salt, and the rich man's spice—on the brass nails of the coffin, and the ribbands of the bride—at bed or board couchant or levant, we must pay. The school-boy whips his taxed horse, with a taxed bridle, on a taxed road; and the dying Englishman pours his medicine, which has paid seven per cent; flings himself back upon his chintz bed, which has paid twenty-two per cent; and expires in the arms of his apothecary, who has paid a license of death. His whole property is then immediately taxed from two to ten per cent. Besides the probate, large fees are demanded for burying him in the chancel. His virtues are handed down to posterity on taxed marble; and he is then gathered to his fathers, to be taxed no more."

DEATH OF A CHILD FROM AN OVER DOSE OF PARACONIC.

ON Saturday evening, a child named Charles Edward De Witt, about eight months old, was given by his nurse 15 drops of paraconic in one dose, in consequence of which the child died the ensuing morning.

Box.—It was announced, some few weeks ago,

that the next number of Martin Chuzzlewit, giving his adventures in America, would probably contain some fun to repay the reader for wading through the amount of stupid dullness which is to be found in the preceding numbers. The number has come, but the expectations formed of it are not realized. Box is evidently so vexed at the failure of his mission to procure a copyright law, by which he imagines he would put some hundreds of dollars more in his pocket, that he cannot draw even a decent caricature of the men and manners of America. He is too angry to be amusing, and makes up his deficiency in wit and humor by vilification and abuse. His descriptions are ludicrously overcharged, and his burlesques so extravagant and far removed from propriety, that if we cannot be amused at them, we are compelled to laugh at the author for as absurd an exhibition of personal spite, national prejudice, vulgarity and ill temper as ever disgraced the pages of a Trollope or a Hall. His hero, Martin, whose manners and behavior, we suppose, are the standard of good breeding in the author's estimation, instead of being treated with civility, as it is represented he invariably is, deserves to be kicked at every step for his incivility and ungrateful recognition of the favors he receives. Box's buffoonery shows itself in every page, and we can laugh at him and the motives which prompted his pitiful spite, if we can derive no satisfaction from the story itself.—Phil. Ledger.

The Irish Repeal Association of Natchez was formally dissolved on the 10th instant, in consequence of Mr. O'Connell's speech in reference to Slavery in this country. Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

Resolved, That by proceeding further in carrying out the objects of our Association, we recognize Daniel O'Connell's principles, and cannot but treat with contempt the invocations he makes to Southern Irishmen—as they are personally aware of the advantages they enjoy as men, and will shed their last drop of blood in defence of the country which has received, protects and fosters us.

Resolved, That this Association now stands dissolved.

Resolved, That the Secretary be authorized to address Daniel O'Connell a letter, indicative of the feelings of this Association, and accompanied by a copy of these proceedings.

ICE MOUNTAIN.—The July number of Silliman's Journal of Science contains an account of an ice mountain in Hampshire county, Virginia, which has excited not a little interest in that quarter. It is composed of rocks, and rises some seven or eight hundred feet, constituting part of a ridge. The mountain surface is made up of red sandstone—and upon removing the stones to the depth of a few inches masses of ice are found at midsummer even during the most oppressive seasons. A thermometer introduced among the cavities of the rocks sunk below 40 degrees, and would have gone lower, had it remained. During a recent winter, a cavity about four feet below the surface was opened, and filled up with snow. It was covered loosely with boards, yet it remained during the whole summer, dry, friable and chrySTALLINE, without melting.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Office of the BALTIMORE AMERICAN, July 24.

FLOUR—A sale of 600 lbs. Susquehanna Flour was made on Saturday at 55.

GRAIN.—Numerous parcels of new Wheat from Maryland and Virginia appeared in market to-day, but the prices of last week could not be maintained, and the sales of fair to prime lots were at 105 a 110 cents, which is a decline of several cents per bushel. We note a sale of 1600 bushels prime old Pennsylvania at 110 cts. We quote Maryland Corn at 52 a 53 cts. for white and 54 a 55 cts. for yellow. Sales of about 50 bushels Pennsylvania yellow at 55 cents. Oats are worth about 25 cents.

WHISKEY.—Prices have advanced a shade. We note sales of hhds, to-day at 24 cents and odd of hhd. at 24 1/2 cts.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

Assembly.

MR. MANSER.—The Democracy of Northumberland county will soon be called upon to make choice of a candidate for the next Legislature, and as there have been several worthy men presented for their consideration, permit us through the medium of your valuable paper, to offer EDWARD Y. BRIGHT, of the Borough of Sunbury, as a candidate for that important situation. In presenting Mr. Bright to the Democracy of Northumberland county, we have no hesitation in saying, that among the best of candidates that will be brought into the field, one to whom the interests of the people could more safely be confided, cannot be found. Mr. Bright has resided for a long time among us, and is well acquainted with the wants and wishes of the people. He is a man of excellent business habits, industrious and capable—possessing a sound knowledge of the Internal Improvement System and if elected will fearlessly and faithfully perform his duty. MANY.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

Assembly.

MR. EDITOR.—Seeing that candidates for the different offices are being brought forward, we would offer Mr. PETER PURSEL, of Sunbury for the Legislature. Mr. Purse is favorably known to the citizens of this county. He has long battled in the ranks of Democracy, never failing to render every assistance to further the interests and welfare of our party. Should our fellow citizen think proper to elect him to be their representative, we are certain he will not give them cause to regret their choice. DEMOCRATS OF AUGUSTA.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

Member of Assembly.

MR. EDITOR.—Permit me to recommend to the voters of Northumberland county, HUGH E. FEATS, Esq., of Shamokin, as a candidate for Assembly. Mr. Feats is an industrious and intelligent farmer, and would, if elected, give very general satisfaction. MANY OF SHAMOKIN.