THE SUNBURY AMERICAN, PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY EM'L WILVERT, Proprietor, door & Dissinger's Building, Market Square, At \$1.50 in Advance. It not paid within 6 Months \$2. Subscriptions takin for less than six Months.

CONSECTED with this establishment is an exten-siveNEW JOB OFFICE, containing a variety of plain and fancy type equal to any establishment in the interior of the State, for which the patron-age of the public is respectfully solicited.

Professional.

W. C. PACKER,

Attorney at Law,

Sunbury, Pa.

DR. CHAS. M. MARTIN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Sunbury, Penu'a.

S. B. BOYER, Attorney and Counsellor S. at Law. Rooms Nos. 2 a S Second Floor, Bright's Building, SUNBURY, PA. Professiona business attended to, in the courts of Northum berland and adjoining courties. Also, in the Grewit and District Courts for the Western Dis-trict of Pennsylvania. Claims promptly collect-od. Particular attention paid to cases in Bank-suppey. Consultation can be had in the Ger-man language. mar25, 71.

L. H. HASE, Attorney at Law, SUN mear the Court House. Front Room up stairs above the Drug Store. Collections made in Nor-thumberiand and adjoining counties. Sunbury, Pa., Jane 8, 1873.

T. H. B. KASE, Attorney at Law, SUN-bury, PA. Office in the Clement Build-dings, second floor. Entrance on Market street. Professional business in this aud adjoining coun-cles promptly attended to. Sunbury, March 16, 1872.-19.

November 9, 1872 .--- tf.

SUNBURY, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1872.

SUNBURY AMERICAN

NEW YORK TRIBUNE. BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL DR. JOHNSTON,

1822. Now, as here tofore, THE TRIDUNE strives to be first of all and pro-eminentity a wave paper. France a Republic-figland and Germany gradually permeated with Republican ideas-spain swaying in the nervices grasp of a ruler too good for a King and too weak for a Republi-ent, who is unable to govern the great island that blocks the entrance to out Guif of Mexico, and equally unable to give is up—the German-speak-ing peoples agitated by a new Protestantism, so parating from the See of Rome on the dogma of "Appal Infailbillity and assuming to recognize the "Old Catholice"—the whole Continent percaded by the intellectual ferment that comes of the con-flet between oid ideas, philosophical, theologi-que material, and the advances of Physical Sci-ture—Russha and Great Britain running a race for the final gains that shall determine Asiatie wavenees and reclose het half-opeened gates—Ja-pan abolishing feudalism and inviting Western withilization to Irradiate Western commerce to en-flet her long-bilden emilter operation are all Con-tinents, and the wires under all Seas are daily wave from abroad which the mails over all Con-tinents, and the wires under all Seas are daily bearing to as. With mic and trusted Correspon-dents in the leading capitals, and wherever great while we cost, to in y before its readers the most whatever cost, to in y before its readers the most

ninety-nine."

Intents, and the wires insert all Seas are daily bearing to us. With the and trusted Correspondents in the leading cap tals, and wherever great changes are in progress. This Tarmuxe aims, at whatever cost, to lay before its readers the most prompt, complete, and popular presentment of these diverse and conflicting movements,— through all of which as it foully trusts, the tolling masses are everywhere struggling up toward larger recognition and a brighter fature. At home the struggle for Freedom is over. The first slave has long been a clitzen; the last opposition to emancipation, enfranchisement, equal civil rights, has been formally abandened. No party, North or South, longer disputes the result of the war for the Union; all declare that these results must never be undone; and, of All rights for All, whereto our bloody struggle, and the prolonged civil contests that followed, have led us, the Republic closes the records of the bliter, hateful Fast, and turns pencefully, hopefully, to the less alarming because less vital problems of the Future. To whatever may clucidate the general discussion or action on these, Tus Tamuxs gives samplest space and most impartial record. Whatever parties may propose, whatever political leaders may say, whatever officers may do, is fairly set down in its columns, whether this news helps or hinders its own riews. Its readers have the print to an honest statement of the facts ; and this they always get. But as to its own political principles, Time Tamixs is of course, hereaffolfore, the champion of Course. It stands infickliby by the Amendments for the permanent secarity of those Rights, which have been solerminy incorporated by the People, in the Constitution of the United States. Independent of all political parties, it endavors to treat them all with judicial fairness. It is habors to purify the administration of Government, National, State or Manierpal affairs, take the lead in this work, it will therein give them its cordial support. But it can now will it surrender or even will it surrender or even walve its right to criti-cise or condemn what is wrong, and commend what is right in the action of any parties or of any public men. THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE, now more than thirty

years old, has endeavored to keep up with the progress of the age in improvement and in enter-prise. It devotes a large share of its columns to by earlier than those of tradesmen, yeoprise. It devotes a large share of its columns to Agriculture as the most essential and general of human pursuits. It employs the ablest and most successful culturators to set forth in brief, clear essays their practical views of the Farmer's work. It reports public discussions which eluci-date that work; gathers from every source agri-ments, the stories of the latest successes and fail-ures, and whatever may tend at once to better Agriculture, and to commend it as the first and most important of progressive Arts, based on ma-tural science. tural science. The WEEKLT TABENS appeals also to teach-ers, students, and persons of inquiring minds, by the character of its Literary contents, which in-clude reviews of all the works proceeding from the master minds of the Old or of the New

attention but in a subordinate degree. "Home

Miseellancons writing from Memphis, says : I heard of a young lady the other day up in middle Tennessee who, as the river men say, has Late Dinner Hours. A medical journal recently in condemn-Tennessee who, as the river men say, has taken another schute. The story told about her did mý soul good, and for the comfort of other half-starved dyspeptics like myself, whose tardy Sensatiou is affected by means of fried chicken, soggy buiscuits, greasy hash, and sole leather fritters, 1'll relate it. For years past as a matter of form--something handed down from remote antiquity--the officers of the county fair held in the neighborhood where this young lady lived had been in the habit of offering ing late hours for dinner, stated that within four hundred years the dinner hour has gradually moved through twelve hours of the day—from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. It is a curious fact that the fondness of late hours has progressed with the growth of civiliza-tion; but it is not difficult to account for this change of habit. Four centuries ago the custom in England and throughout a large portion of Europe was for the family lady lived had been in the habit of offering to take their meals at the same time and at a premium to the lady (unmarried) cooking the best dinner. It was a dead letter. Nothe same table with the domestics and all persons employed by the head of the house, and this custom was observed by the highbody had contested for the premium within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. This est noble as well as by the most humble year, however, the young lady of whom I am speaking determined to compete for the prize. Her name-I wish I could immorfarmer. Everybody rose about the same hour in the morning, and the ladies of the house superintended the business of the talize it—was Kate Janaway. The fair men set up a stove for her, stretched a can-vass to shield her from the sun, and about 11 o'clock of the last day she went to work. The matter had been talked of by every one in the neighborhood, and curiosity was kitchen. Moreover, as the system of light-ing the interior of dwellings was in a very imperfect state-the means usually resorted to being the burning of pine torches or

New Meries, Vol. 4. No. 87. Old Series, Vol. 33, No. 2.

gild John

of oil and fat in clumsy lamps, or the kind-ling of a roaring fire-it became a necession tip-toc. A crowd collected around the place where the stove was set up early in the morning, and kept increasing, but when Miss Kate herself, a buxum, handsome girl ty to make use of as much daylight as pos-sible; hence the early hours which, it is said our ancestors were so fond of, and the philosophy of which they embodied in the proverbs : "Early in bed and early to rise of nincteen, daughter of the ex-Mayor of the town, appeared on the ground, and, putting on a white apron and rolling up her sleeves, commenced operations, all othmakes a mau healthy, wealthy and wise ;" and "to rise at five, to dine at nine, to sup at five, to bed at nine, makes a man live to er attractions were nothing. Every one was cager to see so novel a sight. There They were a hardy race, both male and fe-

was a tree near by which soon became black with spectators who had climbed up male, living much in the open air, and tak-ing a vast amount of physical exercise ; to get a better view. The branches were, finally, so burdened that one by one they broke, precipitating those upon them to the but it is by no means certain that the du-ration of life was greater with them than it is with us; indeed, it may be doubted if it ground, until only one man was left in the tree. He sat in a lofty fork, with eyes riv-eted on the scene below. No amount of persuasion by those beneath, envious of his was so great. And they have obtained more credit for their early rising and retir-ing than they deserve; they had but few inducements to sit up late; they had very little literature, and what they had could only be read by a few; their music and better view, could induce him to come down-even a bribe of \$10 failed. He said he was bound to see or die. Meanwhile games were in a rude and primitive condithe dinner preparations went on apace. tion, and they were accustomed to gorge themselves, and to drink to such an extent that it would have been a difficult matter The savory smell of the cooking food seemed to intoxicate the crowd, which pressed nearer and nearer. It took all the police force on the grounds to keep order. for them to keep their eyes open long after

supper. They took four meals a day, all of them substantial. Henry I. endeavored to The tine arrived for the irotting match, nnnounced as the sport of the day, but the amphi-theatre was empty. The judges (with the exception of one erabbed old widreduce the number to two, the meal to be taken at 3 o'clock in the morning, and the supper at 5 in the afternoon; but he was unable to carry out this design. It would ower.) the timers all were missing, and so nothing could be done. At half-past two the dinner was announced ready, and the judges, happy men, scated themselves at have been contrary to nature and very injurious if he had carried it out, and so it was very properly resisted. In Edward III.'s time (1327-1377,) the usual dinner hour was nine in the morning. A century the table-the crowd regarding them with ill-disguised envy. A roast of beef, deli-cately done, was put steaming hot upon the table, then followed corn pudding, whose or so later, in Edward IV.'s time (1461delicate aroma fell upon the olfactories of the excited crowd "like breezes of Araby the blest ;" a profusion of vegetables, cooked to perfection, followed next. The judges ate and ate, praising the flavor of the food, and the skill of the cook at every mouthful. But when, at last, a dish of piping hot apple dumplings made its appearance, the for bearance of the crowd was at an end. They broke through the ropes into the ring with one accord, and the dutaplings disap-

> younger aspirants, who made common dry place. Instances have been known cause against the aged suitor, sawmill and where they have been kept for two years, all. That young lady was the centre of at-

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE 10 Lines, or about 100 Words, make a Square

HOW TO COOK A DINNER .-- A COTTES THE HORSE DISEASE -- OPINION OF AN EXPERT .-- Prof. Taylor, of the Department of Agriculture, who has been investi-gating the horse disease for several days past, has made some interesting discoveres, which demonstrate beyond doubt that the disease is contagious. A microscopic examination of the mucus flowing from the nostrils of sick animals reveals millions of well defined and comparatively large spores. Practical experiments show conclusively that men or animals inhaling any of these spores are at once affected with a tickling sensation in and discharge from the nose. The Professor recommends in the first stage of the disease the binding of two thicknesses of flaunel around the forehead of the animal. This retains the animal heat directly over the nerves communicating with the nose, and soon enables it to breathe freely. He believes that if this simple means is adopted on the first appearance of the disease, cures will be effected in nine cases out of ten. The remedy is certainly worth trial .-- Washington Star.

HOGS-SMALL BREEDS .- A stock raiser of much experience, in an article upon overgrown and medium-sized animals, thus

speaks of hogs, indicating his preference for the small breeds ; "There is not one single advantage to be claimed in favor of large hogs. There nev-er was a monster hog which did not make the man who raised him pay for every pound he weighed. They don't furnish an ounce of meat gratis, but charge full price for every atom of their carcass. When slaughtered, it takes a long time to get one cool to the marrow of the bone-when the hams are put in salt it is troublesome to finish them to the centre. Four hundred pounds, live weight, is as large as hogs should be, in order to raise good bacon Beyond this size, there is a loss somewhere. Either the feeder, butcher, or consumer is beat, and, as a general thing, every one who has anything to do with the big hog, will find if he observes closely, that they are not so profitable as the smooth, nice hog of only three hundred and fifty pounds weight. Small head, with little upright ears, and legs and feet delicate to perfection, are marks which indicate the greatest amount of flesh for any given amount of food consumed, and will more readily draw the attention of the butcher,"

MISTAKEN THEORY .- It is wonderful to what an extent people believe happiness depends on not being obliged to labor. Honest, hearty, contented labor, is the only source of happiness, as well as the only guarantee of life. The gloom of misanthropy is not only a great destroyer of happiness we might have, but it tends to destroy life itself. Idleness and luxury produce premature decay faster than many produce premature decay laster than many trades regarded as the most exhaustive and fatal to longevity. Labor in general, instead of shortening the term of life ac-tually increases it. It is the lack of occu-pation that annually destroys so many of the wealthy, who, having nothing to do, play the part of drones, and like them make a speedy exit, while the busy bee fills out its day in usefulness and honor.

One old fellow, proprietor of a store and owner of a big sawmill, proposed to the young lady on the spot, but he was quick-ly collared and led off the grounds by two younger aspirants, who made common being stored in a warm, dry cellar near traction in her town after the cooking feat. the furnace. Keep them away from all She received twenty-five offers of marriage moisture. Unlike Irish potatoes, which The entire change in the habits of the people of England, which took place after all the country around. An old bachelor sweet potatoes need to be kept warm and

COAL! COAL! COAL!-GRANT BROR., Shippers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in WHITE AND RED ASH COAL, SUNBURY, PA. Office ou Front Street, next door to Hans &

Established in 1840. PRICE \$1 50 IN ADVANCE.

Fagely. Office Hours.--Until 8 a m. From 12 to 1 p m. From 5 to 6 p m., and after 9 o'clock p m. At all other hours when not professionally en-gaged, can be found at Drug Store, on Third st., uext to Clement House. ang3,'72.-1y (LOWER WHARP.) IS Sole Agents, westward, at the celebrated Henry Clay Coal.

DENTISTRY. GEORGE M. RENN,

SUNBURY, PA.,

I prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to Dentistry. He keeps constantly on hand a large assortiment of Teeth, and other Dental material, from which he will be able to select, and meet the wants of his castomers. All work warranted to give satisfaction, or else the money refunded. The very best Mouth Wash and Tooth-Powders kept on hand.

His references are the numerous patrons for whom he has worked for the last twelve years. Sunbury, April 21, 1872.

opposite the Court House, SUNBURY, PENN'A. THE undersigned has returned from the Ver-mont Marble Quarries with 56 Tons of Marble for

J. G. MARKLE & CO., Market Street, SUNBURY, PA. Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Olis, Giass, Varnishes, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Pocket Books, Dairies, &c.

S. P. WOLVERTON, Attorney at Law. at business in this and adjoining counties prompt-y attended to.

.y attended to. C. A. REIMENSNYDER, Attorney at trusted to his care attended to promptly and with apl27-67

H. B. MASSER, Attorney at Law, SUN-BURY, PA.--Collections attended to in the counties of Northumberland, Union, Snyder, Montour, Columbia and Lycoming. apl10-69

A. Pa. Office in Masonic Hall Building.-Collections of claims, writings, and all kinds of legal business attended to carefully and with dispatch. [April 8, 1871.-19.

SOLOMON MALICK.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence on Arch street, one square burkt of the Court House, near the jail, SUN-BURY, PA. Collections and all professional business promptly attended to in this and adjoin-ing courties. Consultations can be had in the German language. July27-1872.

berland and adjoining countles. Dec. 2, 1871

Botels aud Restaurants.

Det Adbertisements. NEW COAL YARD. NEW COAL YARD. THE undersigned having connected the Goal husiness with his extensive FLOUR & GRAIN trade, is prepared to supply families with the VERY BEST OF COAL. CHEAP FOR CASH. Egg, Stove and Nut, constantly on hand. Grain taken in exchange for Coal. J. M. CADWALLADER. Sunbury, Jan. 15, 1870.-47.

In Sumpson's Building, Market Square,

sible. FOUNG MEN especially, who have become the victims of Soli-tary Vice, that dreadful and destractive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exaited talents and brilliant intellect, who might other-whe have entranced fistening Senates with the thunders of eloquence or waked to costacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence. MARIAGE. Married Persons or Young Men contemplating matriage, aware of Physical Weakness, (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency), Nervous Ex-citability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Ner-vous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved. — Ber who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously, confide in his honor as a gentle-

SUNBURY MARBLE YARD,

may religiously confide in his honor as a gentlo-man, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Phy-sician.

Sutherland Falls Marble, which is better than Italian. Rutland is now old as low as the Manchester. Those who need anything in the Marble line,

most improved style. W. M. DAUGHERTY, Sunbury, June 29, 1872.

of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death. A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS. Persons ruined in health by unlearned preten-ders who keep them trilling month after mouth, taking poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. DR. JOHNSTON, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Lon-don, Graduated from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose ife has been spent in the hospitals of London, Pris, Philadelphis and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ring-ing in the head and cars when soleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately. NEW

JOHN WILVER.

Flonr and Feed

on hand. Also, all kinds of

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injurrd themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or mar-THESE are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Back and Head, Dinness of Sight, Loss of Mus-cular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Trritability, Derangement of Directive Functions, Consequences, Debutter, Statement, Statemen

Monuments, Grave-Stones, &cr. &c. He has bought at such figures that will allow him to sell better stone, for less money, than heretofore. The best

for Monuments, Grave-Stones, or other purposes, will and it to their interest to call and examine this large stock, as better bargains can be secur-ed than buying from parties 'huckstering' round the country. All lettering will be done in the neatest and

Flour, Feed, Fruit and Vegetable Store,

man, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Phy-sleinn. ORGANIC WEAKNESS, Impotency, Loss of Power, immediately Cured and full Vigor Restored. This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miscrable and marriage impossible—is the penaity paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sconer by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent 7 Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most scrions and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes de-ranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Falpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death. A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Sprnce Street, between Front and Second,

SUNBURY, PA.

having just opened a Store at the above place where all kinds of of the best brands of

will be sold at greatly reduced prices. The cele-brated Buck's Mills Flour will be kept constantly

mmediately. TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

German language. July27-1872. o. w. ZIEGLER & ROHRBACH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Haupt's Building, lately occupied by Judge Rockefeller and L. T. Rohrbach, Esq. Collections and all professional business promptly attended to in the Contrs of Northum-berland and adjoining counties. Ou haud. Also, all kinds of Feed, Grain, Corn, Oats and Rye, chopped or whole, c Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage & Fruit generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought generally, at a cheaper rate than can be bought July27-1872. Call and examine my stock and ascertain the prices before purchasing classifier. JOHN WILVER.

Sunbury, Dec. 2, 1871.-tf. LIQUOR STORE!

CHRISTIAN NEFF, Second Street, esposite the Court House, SUN-Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

D. CORNELON, Physician of this celebrated institution, has discovered the most certain, speedy, pleasant and effectual remedy in the world for all DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE. Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Glidiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—these terrible Disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth-those secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Symms to the Mariners of autleipsticas, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

W. F. KITCKEN, PROPRIETOR,

MT. CARMEL, NORTH'D COCNYT, PA. Centrally located in the town, and ample ac-

commodations furnished to the traveling public. A conveydnce runs to and from every passenger Train free of charge. July 27, 1672.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, C. NEFF W Proprietor, Corner of Market & Second Streets, opposite the Court House, Sunbury, Pa. May28,'70.

A LLEGHENY HOUSE, A. BECK, above eighth, PHILADELPHIA. Terms, \$2 per day. He respectfully solicits your patron. age. Jan6'72.

NATIONAL HOTEL. AUGUSTUS WALD, Proprietor, Georgetown North'd County, Pa., at the Station of the N. C. E. W. Choice wines and cigars at the bar. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling and attentive ostlers.

HUMMEL'S RESTAURANT,

LOUIS HUMMEL, Proprietor, Commerce St., SHAMOKIN, PENN'A. Having just refitted the above Saloon for the accommodation of the public, is now prepared to serve his friends with the best refreshments, and fresh Enger Beer, Ale, Porter, and all other mait

EUROPEAN HOTEL.

JOSEPH BACHER, Proprietor, Third Street, near the Depot,

SUNBURY, PENN'A. This hotel is conducted on the European plan. Meals at all hours day and night. A Ladies' Saloon attached. The best of Liquors kept at the bar. Charges moderate. [may18, 72.

BYERLY'S HOTEL,

JOSIAH BYERLY, Proprietor, Lower Maha-noy township, Northumberland county, Pa., in the road leading from Georgetown to Union-own, Smith Inn, Trevorton Pottaville, &c. The choicest Liquors and Begars at the bar. The tables are provided with the best of the sea-on Stabling lorge and well spited for drovers. on. Stabling large and well suited for drovers, vith good ostlers. Every attention paid to make guests comforta-

Nov. 11, 1871.-1y.

Eating House.

Waltz & Bright, "hird Street, opposite the Moore & Dissinger buildings

SUNBURY, PENN'A., ave opened an Eating House, and furnish

Meals at all Hours.

ull kinds of Game in season, Fish, Turtle, Oys-rs, &c., are served up in the best style. Families supplied with Turtle Soup, &c., at e shortest notice. The best of Malt Liquors at the Bar. June 22, 1872.--tf.

Business Carbs.

. S. BROADS. J. PACKER HAAS W. S. RHOADS & CO., NTHRACITE COAL, SUNBURY, PENN'A. OFFICE WITH HAAS, FAGELY & Co., Orders left at Seasholtz & Bro's, office Market rect, will receive prompt attention. Country stom respectfully solicited. Feb. 4, 1871.-tf.

ANTHRACITE COAL!

TALENTINE DIETZ, Wholesale and Retail dealer in every variety of ANTHRACITE COAL, UPPER WHARF, SUNBURY, PENN'A.

All kinds of Grain taken in exchange for Coal. ders solicited and filles promptly. Orders left 5. F. Nevin's Confectionery Store, on Third ect, will recieve prompt attention, and mostly sipted for, the same as at the office.

Respectfully invites the attention of Retailers and others, that he has on hand, and will constantly keep all kinds of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

Consisting of Pure Brandles: Cogulac, Cherry, Ginger, Rocholle and Otard. Whiskies: Pure Ryc Copper-Distilled, Moron-gahela, Apple and Nectar. PURE HOLLAND GIN ! Wines: Champagne Wine, Sherry, Parl- and Claret

Clatet. Crab Clder, Champagne Cider, N. E. Rum, tion.

Brown Stout and Scotch Ale. STOMACH AND BAR BITTERS, And all others Liquors which can be found in

the city markets, which will be sold at Whole-sale and Retail. Every article guaranteed as represented. Also, a large lot of DEMIJOHNS nd BOTTLES, always on hand. . Lef Orders promptly attended to, and public patronage respectfully solicited

C NEFF. Sunbury, July 3, 1869 .--- 1y.

EXCELSIOR FUR EMPORIUM.

I. ISAACS. Successor to JOHN FAREIRA, 718 Arch street.

adelphia.

Middle of the block, between 7th and 5th streets, South side, Philadelphia. Importer and Manufacturer of

FANCY FURS For Ladies' and Children's Wear, wholesale and

Tetall. Having imported a very large and splendid as-softment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine the assortment of Fancy Furs. I am determined to sell at the lowest Cash prices. All Furs war-ranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales. Furs altered and repaired. If Remember the Store, 718 Arch street, Phil-adelphia. oct 5, -3m. oct 5,-3m.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO., No. 15 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA. We have opened for the Fall Trade, the largest and best assorted stock of

PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,

Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cioths, Window Shades and Floor Oil Cioths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wieks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Yancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Ciothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware, IN THE UNITED STATED.

Our large increase in business enables us t sell at low prices, and furnish the best quality o Goods.

CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASH-To such, therefore, Dr. Joinston piedges him-self to preserve the most Invisibile Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled the offer the most cer-tain, speedy and effectual remody in the world for all diseases of imprudence. ER. PRICE, \$5.50. The most Perfect and Successful Washer ever Made.

Agents Wanted for the American Washer in all parts of the State. Sept. 7, 8m.

DR. JOHNSTON, OFFICE, NO. 7, 8. FREDERICK STREET, OFFICE, NO. 7, S. FREDERICK STREET. BALTIMORE, M. D. Left hand side going from Bakimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number. IST No letters received suless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Per-sons writing should state age, and send a portion of advirtisement describing symptoms. There are so many Faitry, Dealgaing and Worthless Impasters advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and rulning the Lealth of all who unfortunately fail into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say es-pecially to shose unacqualuted with his reputa-tion that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office. True Economy is Buying the Best. VAN BIEL'S FOUR DOLLAR WHISKEY, Is pure Rye, Copper distilled,

hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

OLD AND VERY MELLOW. 4.00 a gallon ; \$11.00 a dozen in large bottles. YELLOW SEAL SHERRY. \$11.00 a dozen in large bottles. GOLE SEAL BRANDY,

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Sept. 21, 1871.-in

MENTALLY-The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Con-fusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the

evils produced. Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their deciding health, losing their vigor, becoming, weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consump-

tion. YOUNG MEN Who have injured themselves by a certain prac-tice insulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when

asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impos-sible, and destroys both mind and body, should sible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately. What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating MARRIAGE, reflect that a sound mind and body are the most percensary reculsites to promote computing happi-

nesses. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melan-

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. TO MAIL SUBSCHIBBUS.

shadowed with despair and filled with the melan-choly reflection, that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. A CERTAIN DISEASE. When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often kappens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms at this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, noctural One copy, for one yeac-52 issues Five copies, one year-52 issues TO ONE \$DDRESS. TO NAMES OF SUBSCRIMENS All at one Post Office. 10 copies \$4 25 each 10 copies \$1 35 each 20 cnpies 1 10 each 10 copies 1 20 each 30 copies 1 00 each 30 copies 1 10 each And'an extra to each ciub | And and exto to each 50 For ciubs of Firry the Sgmi-Weekly Tarthis horrid discass make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, discased nose, noctural pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin hones and arms, blatches on the head, face and extremitics, pro-gressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fail a and the indim of this awful discase because BUNE will be sent as an extra copy.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE prises of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a herrid object of commiscration, till death puts a period to his dreadful suffering, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whenese no traveller returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of Iguorant or unskillful PRE-TENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Pol-son, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after mouth taking their noxlous or in-jurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life Vigor and Happiness, in des-pair leave him with rulned Health to sigh over his gailing disappointment. To such, therefore, Dr. Jonsston piedges him-self to preserve the most Invielable Secrecy, and is published every Tuesday and Friday, and, being printed twice a week, it contains nearly all the important News, Correspondence, Reviews, and Editorials of the Daily, including everything on the subject of Agriculture, and much interest-ing sud valuable matter, for which there is not sufficient room in the Weekly Tribune. The Scmi-Weekly Tribune also gives, in the course of a year, three or four of the

BEST AND LATEST POPULAR NOVELS, by living authors. The cost of these alone, if bought in book form, would be from six to eight dollars. Its price has been lately reduced, so that Clubs can now scenre it at little more than the cost, to single subscribers, of the Weekly, Nowhere else can so much current intelligence and permanent literary matter he had at so cheap a rate as in the Semi-Weekly Tribune. TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE. One copy, one year, 104 numbers Five copies, or over, for each copy Ten copies (and oue extra copy) for \$3 00 25 00

TERMS OF THE DAILY TRIBUNE. To mail Subscribers, \$10 a year.

The Tribune Almanac for 1878 will be ready out Now-Year's. Price 20 neuts ; 7 for \$1.

Always send a draft on New-York, or a Post-Office Money Order, if nonsible the Always send a drait on New-York, or a Post-Office Money Order, if possible. Where neither of these can be procured, send the money, but al-ways in a Registered Letter. The registration fee has been reduced to fifteen cents, and the pre-sent registration has been found by the postal authorities Lo be nearly an absolute protection argunst loases by mail. against losses by mail. Address THE TRIBUNE, New.York.

The new Masoule Temple in Philadel-phia, which will be the handsomeetabuild-ing in that city, will be completed in time for the proposed grand dedication in June next. The finishing is being done in the most ornate style. The defferent lodge rooms are arranged and decorated with reference to the symbols of the order. One is Gothic, another Egyptian, another Greeian Iouic, &c. ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS. The many choiseands cured at this Establish-ment, year after year, and the numerous im-portant Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnstan, witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and sgain before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Shiu disquees speedily cured. February 18, 1875.—19 Greeian Ionic, &c,

the master minds of the Old or of the New World, with liberal extracts from those of espe-cial interest. Imaginative Literature also claims close of Elizabeth's reign (1600,) the dinner hour was changed from 11 to 12, and this remained the hour until the time of William III. (1688-1702.)

Interests" are discussed weekly by a lady spe-cially qualified to instruct and interest her own sex, and the younger portion of the other. No column is more cagerly sought or perused with greater average profit than hers. The news of the Day, elucidated by brief comments, is so con-densed that no reaffer can deem it diffuse, while the restoration of Charles II. (1660,) / mtributed to increase the lateness of he given sufficiently in detail to satisfy the wants of the average reader. Selections regularly made from the extensive Correspondence of the DAILY the bedside. The ancient habit of all the members of the household taking their TAIBUNE from every country, and its editorials o Tansume from every country, and its editorials of more permanent value are here reproduced. In short, THE WEEKLY THERTE commands itself to Millions by ministering to their intellectual wants more fully than they are net by any other journal, while its regular reports of the Cattle Country Produce, and other Markets, will of themselves save the farmer who regularly notes them far more than his journal's price. For the family tircle of the educated artizan, THE WEEKLY TEINUNE has no superior, as is meals together was abrogated. Domestic followers and retainers came to be looked upon as "servants," and were treated as strangers to the family. They were limit-ed to certain hours for their meals, and these hours were not allowed to interfere with those of their masters. Hence, it be-came necessary to prepare two sets of meals in every household where there were serv-THE WEEKLY TRIBUSE has no superior, as is proved by the hundreds of thousands who, havproved by the hundreds of thousands who, hav-ing read it from childhood, still cherish and en-joy it in the prime and on the down hill of life. We respectfully urge those who know its worth to commend the WERKLY THENENG to their friends and neighbors, and we proffer it to clubs at pri-ces which barely pay the cost of paper and press-work. ants-one for the latter and one for the family. This lies at the root of the modern late hours. As the apartments occupied during the day by the family had to be cleaned and put in order so as to be fit to receive them when they rose in the morn-ing, the family refrained from rising until the domestics had time to do this. Another cause of late hours has been the vastly improved lighting up of the interior of houses. Even the old wax and tailow can-7.50 dies were a great improvement on what went before; then came the Argand lamp, and other brilliant lamps, chandeliers, and lastly, gas, which have entirely obviated the inconvenience which our encestors suffered from darkness. The great pressure of business is still another cause. This is so severe, nowadays, in large cities, that men engaged in professional and mercantile pursuits cannot spare the time to do more than to take lunch in the middle of the day, so they postpone their dinner un-til the close of their day's work. But still another, and, perhaps, a more potent cause than all for late dinners, is the suburban railway. In very large cities men of business are no longer, as formerly, compelled to reside near their stores or offices ; they

can now, by means of railways or horsecars, be conveyed from suburban residences to their places of business in less time than it took their fathers to walk from their town houses ; hence, they have more time to devote to business, if need be, and they retire, when it is over, to their families, at a later hour.

RULES FOR THE CARE OF SHEEP .- Keep sheep dry under foot with litter. This is even more necessary than roofing them. Never let them stand in mud or snow. Drop or take out the lowest bare as the sheep enter, or leave a yard, thus saving broken limbs. Begin graining with the greatest care, and use the smallest quantity at first. If a ewe losse her lamb, milk her daily for a few days, and mix a little alum with her salt. Give the isambs a little millfeed in time of weaning. Never frighten sheep, if possible to avoid it. Sow rye for weak ones in cold weather, if you can separate all weak, or thin, or sick, from those strong, in the fall, and give them special care. If any sheep is hurt, eatch it at once, and wash the wound with something heal-ing. If a broken limb, bind it with splinters

ing. If a broken limb, bind it with spinters tightly, loosening as the limb swells. Keep a number of good bells on the skeep. If and is lame, examine the foot, clean out between the hoofs, pare the hoof if un-sound, and apply tobacco with blue vitriol boiled in a little water. Shear at once any sheep commencing to shed its wool, unless the weather is too severe.

fellow down in Grundy county, with a farm so big that it takes him, all day to ride hours for everything. It became fashion-able for people of rank and fortune to have heard of her, and made a pilgrimage all the breakfast in bed and to hold receptions by way to that town to learn the truth. He got the girl, too, although some of the young men of the place such out a writ of habeas corpus to prevent her being carried out of the county. They were too late. This is, I am aware, a rather bad cading for so good a story, but devotion to the truth compels me to give nothing but the

simple, unvarnished reality. She ought to have married that fellow who sat up there in the crotch of the tree so long and at such fearful discomfort. He wanted her, and he was a poor, billious, dyspeptic whom her splendid cooking would have soon restored to usefulness and society, but he was poor. Ah !

USEFUL INFORMATION .- How to Carre. Although it is a daily duty for many men and women to cut up meat for a fami-ly, there are multitudes who do it neither well nor wisely. The following sugges-tion from the National Agriculturist, on the point, may not be out of place, especially to young housekeepera ;

To carve fowls, (which should always be laid with breast uppermost,) place fork in the breast, and take off the wings and legs without turning the fowl, then cut out the 'merry thought," cut slices from the breast take out the collar-bone, cut off the side pieces, and then cut the carcase in two. Divide the joints in the legs of a turkey.

In carving a surloin, cut thin slices from the side next you (it must be put in the dish with the tenderloin underneath,) then turn it up and cut from the tenderloin. Help the guests to both kinds.

In carving a leg of mutten or ham, begin by cutting across the middle to the bone. Cut a tongue across, and not leugthwise, and help from tha middle part.

Carve a forequarter of a lamb by separating the shoulder from the riks, and then divide the ribs.

To carve a loin of veal, begin at the small end and separate the ribs. Help each one to a piece of kidney and its fat. Carve pork and mutton in the same way.

To carve a fillet of yeal, begin at the top and help to the stuffing with each slice. In a breast of yeal, separate the breast and brisket, and theu cut them up asking which part is preferred.

In carving a pig, it is customary to di-vide it, and take off the head before it comes to the table, as to many the head is revolting. Cut off the ribs and divide

In carving venison, make a deep incision down the bone to let out the juices, and turn the broad end toward you, cutting deep in thin slices.

ter are desirable for all meats.

WHEN do you consider your wife a truly dear creature? When bar milliper's bill comes in, of course.

LITTLE SONES, who stands five feet nothing in his bluchers, declares he intends entering the bonds of Hyman.

dry.

CURE FOR A FELON .- Take half a gill of strong vinegar dissolve in it a teaspoon ful or more of saleratus-heat as long as the flesh can bear-soak the felon as long as desirable, reapeat the applications as often as the pain returns, and a cure is. certain. This remedy must be applied in the first stages, as it is of no avail after 1 is greatly swollen.

Michael Moore, who brutatly murdered his wife in March last was executed at Ebensburg, this State, on Wednesday of last week. When the trap dropped, Moore, it is said, fell like a log, and his neck suapped so distinctly that it was heard by

those near the platform.

THE keeper of a measure was lately seen beating one of the elephants with a large club. A bystander asked him tha reason. "Why," said the keeper, "he's been flinging his hay about the tent, and he's big enough to know better."

RECIPES, &C.

BAKED CHICKEN PIE .-- Clean and eus BAKED CHICKEN PHE.—Clean and cus up your chickens and put them into a pot to stew, covering them with water. Put butter (large spoorful to two chickens) in it, with salt and pepper. While it is stew-ing, make a rich puff paste with land and flour, roll out a piece and line a baking name the stablement of done with stablement pan, stir a tablespoonful of flour with we-ter and stir it in the chicken, then pose it all in the pag with the paste in it. Roll out a piece of dough for the top and butter it, sprinkle flowr over it, and roll again : do this twice, and put it on the pan, and put pieces of dough twisted across the top and n rings between ; stick it well in the centre with a fork, press the edges with the fork, and bake it slowly. You have then a North Carolina pie.

CHICKEN PIE.-Cut up a chicken, as d if old boil fifteen minutes in water, which save, to put in the pie: make paste and put in the chicken, dust flour over and out in butter, pepper, and salt; cover them with the water, roll out the top creet quite thick, and close the pie round the legs: make an opening in the middle with a knife; let it bake an hour. If warmed over next day, pour off the gravy and warm reparately; add it to the pie to serve

How TO SPICE OYSTERS .- Put the Oysters in a pot with water and simmer until they are about half cooked ; skim off whatever may rise to the top. When the cys-ters are about half coldled take them out with a skimmer and place tham on tables or boards to drain and cool; then take en-ough of the liquor in which they have been coddled to just cover them in a jar; to this liquor add sufficient vinegar to cause it to deep in thin slices. For a saddle of venison, cut from the tail towards the other end, on each side, in thin slices. Warm plates are very neces-sary with venison and mutton, and in win-ter are desirable for all meats. used will be according to taste.

HOW TO MAKE OYSTER FRITTERS.-Take the liquor of the oysters and make a batter in the usual way, then chop the oysters up fine as mince meat, incorporate with the batter and fry in five manner of breakfast cakes. This is a food so palatabie that the eater constantly cries for more.