Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, E. WILVERT. } Editors.

SUNBURY, NOVEMBER 23, 1872.

GEORGE FAIRMAN has been appointed post-master of Philadelphia by the President, vice General H. H. Bingham resigned.

HON. CHARLES R. BUCKALEW has succeeded in worming himself into the Constitutional Convention through the resignation of a friend of his. A more inveterate office seeker than Mr. Buckalew is hard to find in this or past generations—on the earth or under the earth.

THE most singular discovery is that of the Philadelphia committee to investigate alleged election frauds. They pretend to have discovered that Gen. Hartranft was not elected Governor of the State. Our neighbor of the *Democrat* last week tells the story to his readers as an actual fact. We are inclined to think nevertheless that Gen. Hartranft will be sworn in and fill the office for three years. While the Convention is sitting they might also investigate the frauds committed at the November election. They might perhaps find the same kind of frauds.

WE print the official vote of Pennsylvania on November 5. The figures show that in this State Grant received the greatest of his great majorities—a majority unparalleled in the history of the Commonwealth, if not in the history of the Union. From Adams, at the head of the list, down to little York, at the end, the Democratic vote fell off in every county, while the Republican was increased in almost all.

COMMISSIONER DOUGLASS, of the Revenue Department has prepared for submission to the Ways and Means Committee of Congress, a bill abolishing, on and after the——day of next year, the offices of assessors and assistant assessors, and imposing their duties upon collectors or their deputies. The bill also provides that the Commissioner shall be authorized and required to make the inquiries, determinations, and assessments of certain taxes.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.—On the 4th of March next the terms of sixteen United States Senators will expire, to wit: Spencer, Rep., of Alabama; Osborn, Rep., of Florida; Hill, Rep., of Georgia; Trumbull, Lib., of Illinois; Pomeroy, Rep of Kansas; Kellogg, Rep., of Louisiana; Wilson, Rep., of Massachusetts, vacancy occasioned by his election to the Vice Presidency; Blair, Dem., of Missouri; Nye, Rep., of Nevada; Pool, Rep., of North Carolina; Howe, Rep., of Wisconsin; Conkling, Rep. of New York, and Cameron, Rep., of Pennsyvania. Some of these gentlemen will be re-elected, and in most cases where they are not they will be succeeded by Republicans.

The Forty-Third Congress, which will date from the 4th of March next, will be composed of about two-thirds of Republicans in the House of Representatives and nearly two thirds of the Senate, not counting the soreheads Sumner, Fenton, Schurz, Sprague, and Tipton—Trumbull being left out in the cold after March 4 for his recreancy. This is a different show from what the Demacrats expected and hoped for, as their unnatural coalition with the soreheads was founded upon the hope of carrying Congress,

OUR foreign despatches show that the storm in the North of Europe during last week was frightful in its ravages upon the coasts of Denmark and Prussia. The fortified town of Stralsund was considerably damaged by in undation, and reports place the number of vessels wrecked at 80. The Island of Rugen, just opposite, had its fishing-boats destroyed and its fields flooded. The little islands of Zinget, Darr, and Hiddensee lost all their fishing-smacks, and had their homes damaged by high water, while half the town of Praesto was prostrated by the wind, and the small Island of Botoe, with all its inhabitants, was completely submerged.

IMPORTANT TO ODD FELLOWS.—The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, passed an amendment to the Constitution providing that when a member is expelled from a Lodge or Encampment in one jurisdiction, he cannot be admitted to a Lodge or Encampment of any other jurisdiction without the consent of Encampment from which he was expelled, but permitting the admission in another jurisdiction of a member suspended or dropped for non-payment of dues.

KU KLUX IN TITUSVILLE.—Under the above caption the Titusville *Herald* of Saturday says:

About six o'clock last evening a gang of nine masked robbers entered the house of Mr. John Watson, near the Johnson House, and after tying Mrs. Watson, her daughter and Mrs. Archy Stewart, who were the only members of the family besides Mr. Watson present, they forced Mr. Watson at the mouth of the pistol to open his safe. They abstracted between one and two thousand dollars, and afterwards ransacked the house from top to bottom. They spoke to each other by numbers, and were evidently thoroughly organized.

After remaining in the house about an hour, they took their departure. The family remained tied until about eleven o'clock, when Mr. James Stewart, brother of Archy, returned home. The moment he saw the condition of affairs he did not wait to release them, but immediately ran back to the city and notified the police. Chief Rouse and two other officers ran out there on foot, reached the house about twelve o'clock, and untied the family. They could give no description of the robbers which would lead to their detection, and up to the present writing—three o'clock—none of them had been apprehended.

It is a most daring and extraordinary affair, and is sufficient to create a feeling of the deepest indignation among the entire community. It is to be hoped that any one having the slightest knowledge or suspicion which might lead to the detection of the guilty parties, will notify the police without delay. A Ku Klux gang of this description is too dangerous an element to be permitted to go at large throughout the region, and it is to the interest of every one to bring them to speedy justice, as no one can tell who will be attacked next.

Throughout the coal region the horse disease has become general, and business in consequence is suffering great injury. Even the mules in the mines have become affected. It is feared several collieries will be compelled to suspend work owing to the inability to make shipments.

AN ADDRESS BY THE UNITED STATES CENTENNIAL COMMISSION.

To the People of the United States:

The Congress of the United States has enacted that the completion of the One Hundredth Year of American Independence shall be celebrated by an International Exhibition of the Arts, Manufactures, and Products of the soil and mine, to be held at Philadelphia, in 1876, and has appointed a Commission, consisting of representatives from each State and Territory to conduct the celebration.

Originating under the auspices of the National Legislature, controlled by a National Commission, and designed as it is to "Commemorate the first Century of our existence, by an Exhibition of the Natural resources of the Country and their development, and of our progress in those Arts which benefit mankind, in comparison with those of older Nations," it is to the people at large that the Commission look for the aid which is necessary to make the Centennial Celebration the grandest anniversary the world has ever seen.

That the completion of the first century of our existence should be marked by some imposing demonstration is, we believe, the patriotic wish of the people of the whole country. The Congress of the United States has wisely decided that the Birthday of the Great Republic can be most fittingly celebrated by the universal collection and display of all the trophies of its progress. It is designed to bring together, within a building covering fifty acres, not only the varied productions of our mines and of the soil, but types of all the intellectual triumphs of our citizens, specimens of everything that America can furnish, whether from the brains or the hands of her children, and thus make evident to the world the advancement of which a self-governed people is capable.

In this "Celebration" all nations will be invited to participate; its character being International. Europe will display her arts and manufactures, India her curious fabrics, while newly opened China and Japan will lay bare the treasures which for centuries their ingenious people have been perfecting. Each land will compete in generous rivalry for the palm of superior excellence.

To this grand gathering every zone will contribute its fruits and cereals. No mineral shall be wanting; for what the East lacks the West will supply. Under one roof will the South display in rich luxuriance her growing cotton, and the North in miniature, the ceaseless machinery of her mills converting that cotton into cloth. Each section of the globe will send its best offerings to this exhibition, and each State of the Union, as a member of one united body politic, will show to her sister States and to the world, how much she can add to the greatness of the nation of which she is a harmonious part.

To make the Centennial Celebration such a success as the patriotism and the pride of every American demands will require the co-operation of the people of the whole country. The United States Centennial Commission has received no Government aid, such as England extended to her World's Fait, and France to her Universal Exposition, yet the labor and responsibility imposed upon the Commission is as great as in either of those undertakings.—It is estimated that ten millions of dollars will be required, and this sum Congress has provided shall be raised by stock subscription, and that the people shall have the opportunity of subscribing in proportion to the population of their respective States and Territories.

The Commission looks to the unfailing patriotism of the people of every section, to see that each contributes to its share to the expenses, and receives its share of the benefits of an enterprise in which all are so deeply interested. It would further earnestly urge the formation in each State and Territory of a centennial organization, which shall in time see that county associations are formed, so that when the nations are gathered together in 1876 each Commonwealth can view with pride the contributions she has made to the national glory.

Confidently relying on the zeal and patriotism ever displayed by our people in every national undertaking, we pledge and prophecy, that the Centennial Celebration will worthily show how greatness, wealth and intelligence, can be fostered by such intitutions as those which have for one hundred years blessed the people of the United States.

JOSEPH K. HAWLEY, President.
LEWIS WALN SMITH, Temporary Secretary.

MAN KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.—On Saturday afternoon last, between 4 and 5 o'clock, Martin Goldin, a resident of this place, met with an accident on the Phila. & Reading railroad which resulted in his death. He was walking up the road towards Big Mountain, and when opposite Smink's lumber yard, stepped from the main track to the siding, to get out of the way of an eastern bound freight train. A car loaded with lumber was being run on the siding at the time from the opposite direction, but it appears the unfortunate man did not notice it and it struck him, knocking him upon the track. The wheels of the first truck passed over him, severing the left leg at the knee, crushing the right from the thigh to the foot, and breaking the right arm above the elbow. Medical aid was called, but his injuries were such as to render it unavailing, and he died at 9 o'clock. Deceased was aged about 35 years and without family. He was feeble minded and addicted, we learn, to walking up and down the railroad in the vicinity of the accident.—*Shamokin Herald.*

THE Presidential electors are by law required to meet on the first Wednesday in December, at such place as the Legislature of each State has directed, which is for the most part the State Capital, and there give their votes. They are required to make, sign and seal three diherent certificates, one of which is to be sent to the President of the Senate of the United States, through the post office, one sent by one of the electors, and the third is to be delivered to the United States judge for the district in which the electors have met to cast their votes. The first package is required to be delivered to the President of the Senate before the first Wednesday of the succeeding January.

BOSTON, or its press, which is generally the mouthpiece of the people, tells the country very plainly that it needs no help. The *Transcript* speaks out boldly and to the point. It says the honest truth is that, the fire has caused no suffering which the ordinary charities of the city are not able and only too willing to remove. Were the case otherwise, would Boston have no foolish pride about receiving aid from its warm-hearted and generous sister cities."

Considerabl excitement prevails in the mining regions, consequent upon a general strike of the miners for an advance of ten cents per ton. The operators refuse to comply with the demand, and it is doubtful how long the trouble will continue. Sixteen mines are now idle, all the men in them having quit work.

BELLEFONTE has given to Pennsylvania one Governor, two Secretaries of State, three district Judges, two Judges of the Supreme Court, U. S. Secretary of the Treasury, and Minister to Russia,

ACCIDENT ON THE NORTHERN CENTRAL.

Heroism of an Engineer of a Mail Train.

On the 11th, inst., the mail train bound north on the N. C. R. R., in charge of conductor McNett, ran into a freight train which was standing still between Columbia cross roads and Snediker's.

There was some fifty passengers on the mail, fortunately all men, and singular to relate none were injured, although the mail was going at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour.

The particulars are nearly as follows, as gleaned by your correspondent from Alanson Buckbee, the heroic engineer of the mail, and Arthur C. Leary, the conductor of the freight.

Mr. Buckbee states that in rounding a curve about a mile south of Snediker's at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour, he saw the caboose of a freight train about the length of his train ahead. To all appearances instant death awaited him, but instead of jumping from his engine, like many would have done under less trying circumstances, stuck to his post and instantly applied the air brakes with full force and reversed his engine.

Although he had but a short space to do it in, his timely exertion saved the passenger cars from being telescoped and many lives from being lost. His fireman, T. R. Rathbun, told your correspondent that he should have jumped from the engine, but when he saw his chief stick to his post he thought he could do the same. All the passengers unite in giving thanks and praise to the heroism of these two brave men.

Buckbee's engine is pretty well smashed up. The caboose of the freight train was smashed into kindling wood, which was afterwards used for that purpose. Fortunately the car next to the caboose was a very heavy one, loaded with nails. This car was lifted from its trucks and lay with its rear end on to the boiler of No. 15, having run under as far as the dome.

The trucks of the caboose and freight car was shoved ahead and under, one on the other, so that they lifted this car with its immense weight of nails, to a horizontal position, the height of the top of the boiler from the ground.

The most wonderful part of the story is that Arthur C. Leary, conductor, and John Brown, flagman of the freight, were both in the caboose when the engine struck and although the car was stoved to a thousand pieces and they were both thrown some twenty feet up on the bank (the accident occurred in a cut) neither of them were even injured.

The engine of the freight, a poor one, (No. 118,) could not make steam fast enough to haul the train. At Columbia Cross Roads several cars were left, but no word of warning for the mail that they were not making time and had a poor engine. At the place of the collision, a little before nine o'clock, the freight was obliged to stop. Both the flagman, John Brown, and the conductor, consulted their watches and found that the mail would be along in fifteen minutes. The mail, it would seem, came thundering along ere they were ready for it, and the next thing they knew, as Brown expressed it, they "didn't know nothing," thought at first they had a "night mare," but after feeling around among the bushes and stumps where they had been thrown, concluded there was some mistake and that it was reality after all. The greatest wonder is that they were not both instantly killed. The headlight of the engine exploded and set fire to the debris of the caboose, and had it not been for the most strenuous exertions of the employees and passengers, the whole freight would have been burned up.

Presidential Election.

We publish below the official vote of the State, at the election for President, November 5, 1872, by which it will be seen Grant's majority is 137,728.

	Grant.	Greely.
Adams,	2735	2580
Allegheney,	25846	9055
Armstrong,	4297	2078
Beaver,	3517	1798
Bedford,	2901	2165
Berks,	7741	10201
Blair,	4251	2183
Bradford,	7452	3563
Bucks,	6913	5445
Butler,	4015	2534
Cambria,	2841	2547
Cameron,	554	340
Carbon,	2452	1946
Centre,	3142	2695
Chester,	9249	3802
Clarion,	2558	2304
Clearfield,	1970	2329
Clinton,	2003	1758
Columbia,	2009	3001
Crawford,	6938	4887
Cumberland,	3896	3557
Dauphin,	6954	3331
Delaware,	4231	1166
Elk,	679	753
Erie,	7502	3787
Fayette,	3881	2663
Franklin,	4301	3146
Fulton,	737	808
Forest,	360	155
Greene,	1852	2829
Huntingdon,	3099	1805
Indiana,	4386	1266
Jefferson,	2253	1156
Juniata,	1306	1265
Lancaster,	142?8	5717
Lawrence,	3429	945
Lebanon,	4171	2076
Lehigh,	5342	5622
Luzerne,	12966	10904
Lycoming,	4423	3837
M'Kean,	1040	618
Mercer,	5517	3411
Mifflin,	1685	1127
Monroe,	787	2205
Montgomery,	8089	5113
Montour,	1384	1333
Northampton,	4841	6155
Northumberland,	4271	3356
Perry,	2563	1744
Philadelphia,	98792	23407
Pike,	339	797
Potter,	1463	554
Schuylkill,	8657	6983
Snyder,	1803	915
Somerset,	3495	1383
Sullivan,	440	571
Susquehanna,	4536	2907
Tioga,	5730	1777
Union,	1997	916
Venango,	4780	2986
Warren,	3090	1538
Washington,	5134	3223
Wayne,	2463	2152
Westmoreland,	5412	4719
Wyoming,	1552	1399
York,	6299	6753
	349689	211961
	211961	
Majority,	137728	

JUDGING from the number of marriage notices in our rural exchanges, the girls must by doing their best for the time left of leap year.

IF some of the towns in Pennsylvania had the money in manufactories which they put in fancy drinking houses, there would be more money in circulation three at present.

The probability is that Hon. E R Washburne will be elected to the U. S Senate by the Illinois Legislature. Trumbull, the Sorehead, will be dimissed to private life to chew the cud of bitter discontent.

Vote by States.

THE POPULAR VOTE—Majority 671,500.

	Majorities.		Electors.	
	Grant	Greeley	Grant	Greeley
Alabama,	10000		10	
Arkansas,	5000		6	
California,	5000		6	
Connecticut,	6000		6	
Delaware,	600		3	
Florida,	500		4	
Georgia,		20000		11
Illinois,	35000		21	
Indiana,	28000		15	
Iowa,	50000		11	
Kansas,	30000		5	
Kentucky,	20000			13
Lousiana,	10000			8
Maine,	28000		7	
Maryland,	2500			8
Massachusetts,	73000		12	
Michigan,	30000		11	
Minnesota,	18000		5	
Mississippi,	15000		8	
Missouri,		10000	15	
Nebraska,	10000		3	
Nevada,	1000		3	
New York,	40000		35	
New Jersey,	12000		9	
N. Hampshire	5000		5	
N. Carolina,	8000		10	
Oregon,	4000		3	
Ohio,	44000		22	
Pennsylvania,	137000		29	
R. Island,	8000		4	
South Carolina,	40000		7	
Tennessee,	20000		12	
Texas,		10000		8
Vermont,	30000		5	
Virginia,	5000		11	
W. Virginia,	2000		5	
Wisconsin,	15000		20	
Total,	674000	102500	291	75
	102500		75	
Grant's maj.	571500		216	

Ravaging the South.

THE ALARMING SPREAD OF THE HORSE MALADY—CITIES IN NORTH CAROLINA AND TENNESSEE VISITED.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 18.—Within the past forty hours the horse malady has spread to an alarming extent, though no fatal results are yet reported. The number of vehicles on the streets is greatly diminished, and drayage and cartage has decreased from 200 to 400 per cent. The two principal livery stables have closed their doors temporarily and hire out no horses.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 19.—The horse disease spreads slowly, and hopes are entertained that it will not prevail to any great extent in Nashville. The disease exists in Giles, Rutherford, Maury, Davidson, and Sumner counties, at points where a circus recently exhibited. The show came from an infected region.

SPREADING IN COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 18.—The horse disease is steadily spreading here. Provision is being made for hauling the fire engines by hand.

BAD WEATHER INCREASING THE FATALITY IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 18.—One hundred deaths of horses have resulted from the epizootic. Bad weather has increased the fatality. The streets to-day are almost entirely destitute of horses. The steamboats and railroads bring numbers of oxen daily. Some of the railroads have resumed delivering freight.

INJURY TO THE COAL BUSINESS BY THE DISEASE.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 18.—The horse-plague is increasing throughout the coal region. Advices from the surrounding country represent that the disease is prevailing extensively. At Shamokin several collieries have stopped work. Sixteen cases were reported in one mine.

The Horse Disease.

POTTSVILLE, Nov. 15.—The horse disease is becoming general throughout the coal regions. Since last Saturday, when the first symptoms were noticed, it has spread rapidly. Shipping coal by canal from Schuylkill Haven has been suspended. The mules are becoming affected, and several cases are reported where they have been reached in the mines. This was unexpected, as many prominent horse men thought the mules perfectly safe under ground. There being no shipments of coal by canal, it is feared several collieries must suspend work to-morrow. The street cars here have been withdrawn.

HEAVY FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Only three buildings of a series of buildings, known as Ditson's saw mill, was destroyed by fire today. One of these and the stock contained therein was insured for $157,200. The entire property was insured for $373,000, divided among Philadelphia, New York, and New England and foreign companies about forty in all. About forty thousand is in suspended companies.

Inter-Presidential Comity.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Mr. J. P. O'Sullivan has delivered to President Grant the translation of a letter dated Paris, October 15, addressed to him by General Guardea, President of Costa Rica, who desired the expression of his thanks to President Grant for his courteous attentions to him while he was on a visit to this country last summer, and also congratulations on his probable re-election to the Presidency, an event, he says, which would secure to the great American people the continuation of their colossal progress, and at the same time to the Republics of Central America the construction of an inter-oceanic canal as the great connecting link between two oceans and the highway of the world.

Horrible. Murder.

SCRANTON, Nov. 17.—Thomas McNamera, a constable of Lackawanna Township, was found dead on the public highway, near the hotel at Tyroville, on the outskirts of this city, yesterday. He had evidently been murdered, as his head and face were mashed fearfully, and his hands cut in several places. The affair is involved in mystery.

By the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Cherokee land cases, declaring that the preemption of said lands by settlers is void, cases 327 and 328, and many others of a similar character, are disposed of. The judgment of the Court Claims sustaining General Hunt in his appeal for an increase of pay as a brigadier, has been reversed by the Supreme Court.

Texas has just voted upon a change in the Constitution of the State, so that "the Legislature shall not hereafter grant lands to any person or persons, nor shall any certificate for land be sold at the land office, except to actual settlers upon the same, and in lots not exceeding 160 acres." The object is to allow the State to use some portion of its 92,500,000 acres for internal improvements.

According to a San Francisco despatch, the people of Arizona protest against having their Teritory transferred to the Department of New Mexico, and also against having any other commander than Gen. Crook. At least 34 Apaches are known to have been engaged in the Loring massacre, 13 of them being from Camp Dale Creek reservation. The Apaches of San Pedro Bottom are said to be "dying rapidly of consumption and scrofula."

MORE men took wheelbarrow rides last week in different parts of the State than ever went on similar journeys before—the result of trying to beat Grant.

NEWS ITEMS.

THERE are $2,500,000 worth of wild animals in the various American menageries.

It is understood in Washington that the next message of the President will be more liberal in its tone, especially towards the South, than his former messages.

President Grant has resolved to apply the civil-service rules in the New York custom-house, where an appointment is to be made.

THE oldest steamer in the world is the Industry of Glasgow, launched in 1814.

At the close of business on Saturday there were in the United States Treasury in currency $8,521,196; coin, $72,997,543, including $21,554,000 in coin certificates. The total revenue receipts for the month amounts to $49,372,923.

GOATS are being used for draught purposes in Chicago during the prevalence of the horse disease.

A FOUR-HORSE load of people with wagon and horses lately tumbled eighteen feet in a mining pit at Coloma, Cal., but seriously injured nobody.

Grant's majority in Virginia is 1,975; Greeley's in Tennessee 8,213.

SEALSKIN bonnets are one of the latest agonies.

The track of the Monongahela Valley railroad has been laid a short distance beyond Homestead, about ten miles above Pittsburg.

ACCORDING to our exchanges, Pennsylvania has her full share of wife deserters. There ought to be whipping posts for these rascals.

THE milk producers of Chester, Delaware and Montgomery counties are in trouble with the retailers of this article in Philadelphia, whom they charge with dishonesty.

THE reunion of the 77th Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers at Lancaster, on Friday, promises to be a brilliant and interesting affair.

THE Nineteenth annual session of the Cumberland County Teachers' Institute is being held at Mechanicsburg. There is a good attendance, and the proceedings are reported to be of much interest.

THE mud in the Oil regions is immense, twenty inches deep being the measurement in some localities.

MANY of the oil producers in Butler county have agreed not to do or have any work done for them on Sunday.

The *Ledger* estimates the number of horses now dying daily in Philadelphia at from 150 to 200.

The pay roll of the Reading railroad amounts to $3,000,000 annually.

At Newark, on Saturday, a woman was chloroformed, while her shoulder, which was dislocated, was operated upon, and she died without returning to consciousness.

In Alabama, on Monday, the Legislaislature was to meet. The members did gather but in two bodies—the Democrats in one place, and the Republicans in another.

Dr. Houard has written a letter, thanking President Grant for his release from a Spanish prison.

General Bingham's formal resignation of the Postmastership of Philadelphia, was received by the President on Friday evening. It is dated the 14th, and is to take effect on December 1st.

The Young Men's Republican Club of Washington called upon President Grant last Saturday, and congratulated him on his re-election. The President said the vote he received was more gratifying than the possession of the office itself, an it showed that the people did not believe the campaign slanders on his character.

IT is estimated that 7,000,000 hogs will be packed this year in the United States.

RETURNS from 112 counties in Missouri give Greeley 25,640 majority. Returns from 106 counties give Woodson for Governor 21,372 majority. Col. Hay, Republicans to nine Democrats

PRESIDENT GRANT has stated to several friends his determination to adhere in future appointments to the rules and regulations prescribed by the Civil Service Commission. The announcement of this fact has had a depressing effect upon a number of politicians, who were under the impression that there would be a new deal all around.

The house of John Watson, near Titusville, Pa., was entered on Friday night by five masked robbers, who bound the family, and compelled Watson to open the safe. After taking $2,000 from the safe, they bound Watson with the others, and escaped.

THE official returns from Kansas show a Republican majority of 33,709. Republican gain, 13,500 over the election of 1871. The Legislature stands 119 Republicans, 14 Democrats.

DR. Paul Sheppe, who was, on a first trial at Carlisle for murder, convicted, and on a second trial acquitted, is lecturing on "Science in Law." From experience he ought to know something about the subject.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* is disgusted with the Northern Democracy, and vents its feelings in this way.

The Democrats in the North have not done their duty. Well, they fooled us in 1871, when they swore that Lincoln and his hirelings would have to march over their dead bodies to get at the South, and they have been fooling us ever since with wordy protestations that only misled us. If they had stood up to us Greeley would have been elected. It strikes us that, hereafter, we had best take care of ourseleves and go it on own hook.

THE resignation by Judge Mercur of his seat in Congress, to take his position as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, will leave a vacancy in the Bradford Congressional District. To save trouble and expense of a special election, the Bradford *Reportor* is in favor of permitting the district to remain unrepresented for the short session that terminiates the forty-second Congress.

ABOUT 700 logs in the Muncy Boom belonging to Williamsport Lumbermen, were sold at public sale, at the Lumbermans Exchange, Williamsport, on Tuesday. The price obtained was $12 for pine and $6 for hemlock—Louis Jameson being the purchaser.—*Muncy Luminary.*

According to the census for 1870 the Methodists of the United States are the richest of the religious denominations, and hold property worth nearly $70,000,000. The Roman Cathelics are ten millions behind the Methodists.

John Brown, of Indiana, recently eloped with his mother-in-law, and now he wishes his body, like the other John Brown's, was mouldering in the grave—or else his mother-in-law's was—he's not particular which.

The question of admitting colored children into the public schools of Allegheny City along with the pale-faced youths bids fair now to be finally settled, as the subject has at last assumed a legal shape.

Westmoreland county has produced a cave which is likely to prove a serious rival to Kentucky's Mammoth article. It is almost as big and handsome, and is situated near Blairsville. Cave collectors would do well to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

A BILL is to be introduced to Congress at the coming session for the better protection of emigrants, the chief object of which is to secure good treatment and food to emigrants on board ship, and safe, speedy and cheap transportation on railways after their arrival in this country.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all who are indebted to the late firm of Heffner & Houghton, in the butchery business in the borough of Northumberland, to come forward and settle their accounts with undersigned surviving partner, as the business of the firm must be settled without delay.

D. M. HOUGHTON.
Northumberland, Pa., Nov. 23, '72.—4t.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.

A Serial Story By DR. HOLLAND.
New Story By SAXE HOLM,
A Long Story From BRET HARTE.
BRILLIANT ARRAY OF CONTRIBUTORS.
CLARENCE COOK, On Furniture, And Decoration.
R. H. STODDARD On Authors.
EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS;
500 Pages for $100! &c., &c.

The Publishers of SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, in their Prospectus just issued, promise for the ensueing year a more brilliant array of contributors, and an increase in the variety and beauty of its illustrations, already conceded by the critics to be "finer than any which have hitherto appeared in any American Magazine."

Dr. HOLLAND, the Editor, will write the serial story of the year, which will be autobiographical in form, and will be illustrated by Miss Hallock. It is entitled Arthur Bonnicastle, and will deal with some of the most difficult problems of American Life. It will be commenced in the November Number.

There will be a new story by SAXE HOLM, The One Legged Dancers.

BRET HARTE, the best writer of short stories now living, will contribute a characteristic story, entitled The Epic of Fiddletown, which will be illustrated by Sheppard.

R. H. STODDARD will write a series of entertaining papers about Authors, their personal Characteristics., Home Life, Families, Friends, Whims, and Ways. A series of Portraits of American Writers, is also promised.

CLARENCE COOK will write about Furniture, and the Decoration of American Homes. These papers will be eminently practical as well as artistic, and will be illustrated with designs and sketches by numerous artists in addition to those which the writer himself will furnish.

Among those who will contribute are:

Hans Andersen, Bryant, Bushnell, Eggleston, Froud, Higginson, Bishop Huntington, Bret Harte, John Hay, H. H., Macdonald, Mitchell, Miss Phelps, Stedman, Stockton, Stoddard, Celia Thaxter, Warner, Wilkinson, Mrs. Whitney, besides a host of others.

The editorial control and direction of the Magazine will remain in the hands of Dr. HOLLAND, who will continue to write "The Topics of the Time," which the N. Y. INDEPENDENT says "are more widely quoted than any similar papers in any American magazine."

WATSON GILDER will write "The Old Cabinet;" as hitherto. Prof. JOHN C. DRAPER conducts the Department of "Nature and Science." The departments of "Home and Society" and "Culture and Progress," will engage the contributions of more than a score of pens on both sides of the Atlantic. THE WATCHMAN AND REFLECTOR says: "Scribner's Monthly for September is better than usual, which indicates a needless waste of editorial brains and Publisher's money, for the Magazine was good enough before!" And yet the Publishers promise to make it still better for the coming year!!

The Subscription price is $4.00 a year, with special rates to Clergymen, Teachers and Postmasters.

The following
EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS
are offered to new subscribers:

For $5.50 the Publishers will send, or any Bookseller or Newsdealer will supply, the magazine for one year, and twelve numbers of Vols. III, and IV., containing the beginning of Mrs. Oliphant's Serial, "At His Gates;" for $7.50, the Magazine for one year, and the 24 back numbers from the beginning; for $10.50, the Magazine for one year, and the 24 back numbers bound (4 vols.,) charges on bound vols. paid. This will give nearly 5000 pages of the choicest reading, with the finest illustrations, for $10.50, or nearly 500 pages for a dollar! and will enable every subscriber to obtain the series from the first.

Special Terms to Dealers, Clergymen and Teachers.

SCRIBNER & CO.,
654 Broadwey, N. Y.
N16,'72.

W. C. PACKER,
Attorney at Law,
Sunbury, Pa.

November 9, 1872.—tf.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

NATURE'S GREAL REMEDY
FOR THE
THROAT AND LUNGS.

It is gratifying to us to inform the public that Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, for Throat and Lung Diseases, has gained an enviable reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from thence to some of the first families of Europe, not through the press alone, but by persons throughout the States actually benefitted and cured at his office. While he publishes less, so say our reporters, he is unable to supply the demand. It gains and holds its reputation—

First. Not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, which causes irritation.

Second. It removes the cause of irritation (which produces cough) of the mucuous membrane and bronchial tubes, assists the lungs to act and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purifies the blood.

Third. It is free from squills, lobelia, ipecac and opium, of which most throat and lung remedies are composed, which allay cough only, and disorganize the stomach. It has a soothing effect on the stomach, acts on the liver and kidneys, and lymphatic and nervous regions, thus reaching to every part of the system, and in its invigorating and purifying effects it has gained a reputation which it must hold above all others in the market.

NOTICE.

THE PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL,
Great American Dyspepsia Pills
AND
WORM SUGAR DROPS

Being under my immediate direction, they shall not loose their curative qualities by the use of cheap and impure articles.

HENRY R. WISHART,
PROPRIETOR.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Dr, L. Q. C. Wishart's Office Parlors are open on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 9 A. M., to 5 P. M., for consultation by Dr. Wm. T. Magee. With him are associated two consulting physicians of acknowledged ability. This opportunity is not offered by any institution in the city.

All letters must be addressed to
L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,
NO. 32, N. SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

November 16, 1872.—6 mos.

New Advertisments.

FINE MILLINERY.

The Fall and Winter stock of Goods at
Miss L. Weiser's Store,
Market Street, Sunbury,
TAKES THE LEAD.

Every article in the line of Millinery Goods can be purchased at her establisment, comprising of
LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, FRAMES, FLOWERS,
CRAPES, RIBBONS, LACES, TURQUOISE, and all the leading styles of ladies' Millinery wear,
NOTIONS, a general Variety. HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, HOSE, &c.

The ladies of Sunbury and vicinity are invited to call and examine the gem goods now in my Store.

MISS L. WEISER.
November 16, 1872.

$20,000 WORTH OF GOODS!

AT THE
STAR STORE
OF
Clement & Dissinger's,
in the new Clement Building,
Market Square, Sunbury, Pa.
Just opened the
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
of beautiful designs.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SUITINGS.
Domestics and Notions.
Carpets and Oil Cloths.
BLACK GOODS,
Ladies' Merino Under Garments,
Misses and Childrens' do
Men and Boys' do
Hosiery, Gloves, &c.
An endless variety of Notions, Trimmings, &c.
QUEENSWARE, WILLOWWARE, &c., &c., &c.

For Our Grocery Department,

We claim unusual advantages. The quantity sold obliges us to purchase frequently—and customers can rely upon getting fresh, wholesome articles.

Our Dry Goods and Notion Department

Embraces everything required—from Pins to Carpets. And we are daily receiving the novelties of the season.

Call and examine our stock. Having our store lighted with Gas, goods can be selected in the evening as well as in the day time. No charges for showing goods.

CLEMENT & DISSINGER.
Nov. 2, 1872.

EXCELSIOR FUR EMPORIUM.

I. ISAACS,
Successor to JOHN FAREIRA, 718 Arch street, Middle of the block, between 7th and 8th streets, South side, Philadelphia.
Importer and Manufacturer of FANCY FURS

For Ladies' and Children's Wear, wholesale and retail.

Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine the assortment of Fancy Furs. I am determined to sell at the lowest Cash prices. All Furs warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.

Furs altered and repaired.

☞ Remember the Store, 718 Arch street, Philadelphia. oct 5,—3m.

1872. GRAND OPENING 1872.

OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
at the Store of
Reed Brother & Seasholtz,
(successors to S. O. Reed & Bro.)
COMPRISING OF DRY GOODS
of every description and variety such as DRESS GOODS, MERINOS, CASHMERES, SATINS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, &c., PLAIN FIGURED GOODS, SHAWLS AND COATS, HOSIERY, and a
FULL ASSORTMENT OF NOTIONS,
which are being sold at the lowest Cash Prices.
ALSO, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
pure and fresh.
QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, AND WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
Nicest Brands of Flour constantly on hand.
A very large
ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER,
both glazed and common, always on hand.
BOOTS AND SHOES
from the celebrated hand made Boot and Shoe Manufactory of Watsontown, for
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
of all sizes and of the latest styles.
FLOUR.
A constant supply of western white wheat flour a speciality.

The public are invited to call and examine our Goods free of charge. Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits," and to please all.

The highest prices will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

By strict attention to business and keeping at all times the most complete stock, and selling at the lowest prices, we hope to merit a full share of patronage.

REED BROTHER & SEASHOLTZ.
Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1872.-1y.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at public sale, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of DECEMBER, a certain Lot of Ground, located in the central part of Sunbury, on which is erected a fine
TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
well finished, containing two rooms on first floor and three above, out kitchen, porch