HON. ULYSSES MERCUR.

of Bradford County. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL. BRIG. GEN. HARRISON ALLEN.

of Warren County. FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE. MON. LEMUEL TODD of Camberland co.

FOR DELEGATES AT LARGE TO CONSTI-TUTIONAL CONVENTION,
WILLIAM M. MEREDITH, of Philadelphia.
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, of Philadelphia.
HARRY WHITE, of Indiana county.
WILLIAM LILLY, of Carbon county.
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, of Schnylkill county.
H. N. M. ALLISTER, of Centre county.
WILLIAM H. RMSTRONG, of Lycoming co.
WILLIAM H. RMSTRONG, of Lycoming co.
WILLIAM H. RMSTRONG, of Lycoming co.
BANUEL E. DIMMIC, of Wigner County.
SAMUEL E. DIMMIC, of Wigner County.
W. H. AINEY, of Lehigh county.
JOHN H. WALKIR, of Eric county.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. ADOLFH E. BORIE, JOHN M. THOMPSON. Dist.
1. JOSEPH A. BONHAM. 14. JOHN PASSMORE.
2. MARGUS A. DAVIS. 15. . D. FREEMAN. 2. MAROUS A. DAVIS. 15. D. RIERMAN.
2. G. MORRISON COATES 18. JESSE MERRILL.
4. HENRY BROWN. 17. PENRY ORLADY.
5. TREO. M. WILMER, 18. ROBERT BELL.
6. JOHN M. BROOMALE 19. JASP. M. TROMPSON
7. PRANCE SURODER. 29. HEAC FRAZIER.
2. MARK H. RICHARDS 21. GEO. W. ANDREWS. 1. DAY, K. SHORMAKER 28. HENRY LLOYD. 1. DAY, K. SHORMAKER 28. JOHN J. GILLESPIE. 11. DANIE R. MILLER 24. JAMES PATTERSON. LEAND. M. MORTON 25, JOHN W. WALLACE. THEODORN STRONG. 25, CHARLES C. BOYLE.

HON. ULYSSES MERCUR, Republican 1872, and the failure to pass it is due to der the head of "Military Taxes." the persistent efforts of the Revenue Re-Scott is giving his best effort to the good

proper provision without delay, and the failed, the votes being 14 for and 33 against-Attempts to load it down with other amondments shared the same fate.

J. W. Cake and S. B. Boyer, of this place. ex-Assistant Revenue Collector of this Congressional District. J. C. Sylvis and C. A. this place to represent the Labor Union numerous in almost every branch of the wing, are not recorded on the regular proto workingmen(?).

the Senate and House of Representatives defaulters were comparatively rare in the to take up and finally pass the bill repeal. public service. During Johnson's term, ing the tax on tea and coffee, is opposed by the Democrats and Liberals, or delayed by amendments, offered by the latter, for the purpose of defeating the measure. The House has gotten into an ugly sparl in consequence of the divided sentiment among the members of the Committee of Ways of the public funds seems to be on the in-

THE entire Republican press of Philadelphia, which so basely forsook Col. Gray in the Senatorful fight in that city, a few months ago, now demand of the honest and conscientions Reformer.(?) Aleck McClure, that he resign his trust as Senator, alleging that he has broken faith with those who helped elect him to the office, and has gone squarely back on his pledges.

THE following cloquent words were utfored by no less a personage than one Horace Greely, and in view of the signs of the times we are inclined to think them prophetic : "We are led," remarked Mr. Greeley, "by him who first taught our armies to conquer in the West, and subsequently in the East, also. Rienmond would not come to us until we sent Grant after it, and then it had to come. [Cheers.] He has never been defeated, and he never will be. He will be as great and successful on the field of politics as on that of arms."

as the party gives him all the offices he gradually sinking for the last six weeks. wants will never do to tie to. Give us rather the man whose principles are graduated by the amount of bread and butter he longer doubtful, is between Hancock and receives-one who is a Republican from Franklin and Morris and First streets. heart, who is ready and willing to go for the nominee of a Convention no matter be spreading in Spain, and the throne of who is placed at the head of the ticket as standard bearer. Such a man never con- him. sorts with the Democracy nor intrigues

CERRIT Sairn-the life-long friend of Senator Summer. has announced his inten-tion of supporting General Grant for re-nomination. He opposed Lincoln in 1864.

HON. J. B. PACKER FOR CONGRESS .-We notice that several papers of this Congressional District are again urging the Hoa. J. B. Packer to accept of the nomi-nation for Congress. Mr. Packer's career as our representative has been most satis-factory to his constituents, and we are

willing that another term should be yielded to him. We certainly could not get a more reliable man in the district, and if he will accept he will be elected by a largely increased vote in the district. Many who have never supported him before will do their utmost to elect him, while those who did support him are anxious that he should continue to serve them, believing that consternation among the inhabitants of the while they have a good and faithful servant villages and towns which are threatened he should be retained. We copy the following from the Juniata Republican of last | tourists were surrounded by the lava and whole :

Hon. John B. Packer. —We this week raise the name of Hon. John B. Packer as our candidate for Congress, subject to the lecision of the District Conference. We do this freely and voluntarily of our own accord, believing him to be the choice of a large majority of the Republicans of Juniata. He has already represented this dis-trict one full term in Congress, and is serving out his second term with distinguished honor to himself and credit to his constituents. In the present exigency of affairs, with foes without and traiters within our tutions, that our best men shall be put in the van of every office at our disposal at the ensuing elections. With this single object in view we have taken this step, believing that we are sustained by nine-tenths of the henest, right-thinking Republicans of the county. More anon.

THE COUNTY OF YORK IN COURT. Misappropriation of the Military

It is well known that the indebtedness of within the last ten years. Some say that it reaches the sum of three hundred thousand ed. dollars, and that for this large amount barn at the poor house, which was built a lew years since.

The case now before our courts was in-Windidate for Supreme Judge, is the author State, who charged the treasurer of the of the bill now on the table of the Senate, county of York with having some twentymaking tea and coffee free of duty. This seven hundred dollars still in his hands, bill passed the House on the 17th of March which ought to have been paid into the treasury of the State as taxes collected un-

From the evidence of the treasurer himformers, headed by Trumbuli and Schurz. self, who was placed on the witness stand, The result has been to stagnate the whole it appears that large sums of taxes were trade, and to embarrass most seriously the ty and drawn from the county treasurer by merchants who deat in these staples. In orders issued from the county commissionvalue have they appealed for the settlement ers, in sums amounting to two, three, four of this question, which is also of vital im- and six hundred dollars at a time. The portance to our great industrial interests. money was actually paid, but receipts attention of the Senate, and that Senator they received the money themselves; whether they paid it out afterwards in a legal manner we could not ascertain, but from all that could be gathered from the Since the above was put in type we learn evidence produced, it appears that the that the ten and coffee bill passed the Senate funds collected for military taxes have in getting away safely. The lava is now formed a great dividing fund among the advancing towards the villages of Ponticelon Tuesday last, with one unimportent favorites of our neighboring county, and amendment, fixing the first of July as the as this is written before the verdict of the time when it shall go into operation. The jury is rendered, we feel confident that the House will doubtless concur in this very jury now in the bex will verify our opinion of the from their homes. As those places take whatever goods they could find, and

Telegraph.

The impression prevails quite generally, that public defalcations are rapidly on the increase in our country. With the Dele-Among the delegates at the Cincinnati this opinion. Formerly defalcations were Convention, we observe the names of Col. covered up, and did not see the light, and J. W. Cake and S. B. Bover, of this place. While the Democratic party was in power. The one is an ex-Collector of the Custom so many of its members were engaged in House at Philadelphia, and the other an peculations, that but few of them were exposed. During Mr. Buchanau's adminisreasional District. J. C. Sylvis and C. A. Iration, when dishonesty culminated, it was scarcely considered an offence to steal from the public crib, and defaulters were gramme. It is supposed that the members into office, the treasury had been depleted of the convention were not very favorable that Lincoln took the helm, honesty was to two thing men(?). EVERY EFFORT made by Republicans in cheating by government contractors, but the appropriation of the government moneys became common, and debauchery

prevailed everywhere.

On Grant's accession he determined that none but honest men should hold positions under him, and he announced his intention to "light it out on that line." If the direlictions of these who have the dispensing crease, it is because an energetic Government drags their doings into light and we see them. The Republican party does not seek to cover the acts of unfaithful servants -and this is our hope, or sign of real advancement. Exposure corrects error and prevents crime. Meet punishment for offenders is our next step in reform. Our courts must deal with that class of offenders as with any other, and as soon as a plunderer is properly punished, others will be deterred from committing a like wrong. The present administration will be honored for its fearless exposure, and correction of wrong doing; and should the work now begun be carried on, our public affairs will be conducted on the general principles of common honesty, and our country be as noted for the uprightness and integrity of

its officers, as it is now for its enterprise and power. West Chester Record. President Grant has authorized the statement that our government will not withdraw the claim for indirect damages at Geneva, but will insist on a final decision of the matter by the Arbitrators, although it is not expected that the United States will be recompensed pecuniarily even if the legision is in our favor.

The Miner's Journal says it is no secret THE man who is a Republican so long to the people of St. Chir, Schuylkill county, that the upper part of the town has been The part where the subsidence is most noticcable, and where the evidences are so

Amadene is surrounded by danger. 15,-000 Carlists are said to be in arms against

It is now believed that the Hon. Charles with the enemy to defeat the regular ticket. R. Buckalew will consent to be the Demoeratic candidate for Governor of this State. Chief Justice Thomson will undoubtedly be the candidate for Supreme Judge. He has

THE OLD MOUNTAIN ERUPTING—TERRIBLE RESULT—THE DESTROYING LAVA—CONSTRUMATION VILLAGES AND TOWNS DESTROYIN—A GRAND BUT AWOUL SPECTACES—FLIGHT OF THE IRRADITANTS.

NAPLES, April 27, 1872.

There is no abatement of the force of the cruption of Vesuvius. The lava continues to flow down the sides of the volcano, destroying everything in its path. The explosions, as the flame and lava shoot from the top of the mountain, are distinctly heard in this city.

A great panic prevails among the inhabi-

tants of the country around the mountain, The lava has already reached Sebastiano. with danger. It is reasserted that many have perished.

His Majesty King Victor Emanuel has sent aid to the persons who have been compelled to fee from their homes and encamp

in the fields. LONDON, April 27.—The Naples correspondent of the London Thegraph says: I have visited the hotels of this city to ascertain if any of their guests were among the persons injured by the lava. I learned that none were missing, the fatalities being confined exclusively to the residents of the villages on the sides and at the base of the

Dispatches from Naples received here the terrible disaster at Mount-'vestarna! The eruption proved an irresistible attrac-tion to a large number of tourists and others, many of whom approached the mountain when the first symptoms of ac-tivity were apparent, and remained in dangerous proximity, not apprehending an increase in the violence of the eruption. Upwards of one hundred persons are reported to have been burned to death by streams of boiling lava bursting from the month and overwelming them before they could save themselves by flight. The extent of the calamity may probably prove

From the city and bay of Naples the nothing can be shown except a beautiful spectacle of the volcano in action was grand and terrible impressive. The present cruption is the most violent one that has occur red for many years, and, should it increase in activity, the consequence will be disas-

trous beyond conception.

The towns at the base of the mountain, including Torre Del Greco and Torre Del Anrenzeata, were partially destroyed. Many buildings were overthrown by rocks from the volcano, while the lava and general debris filled the streets.

The inhabitants have fled. Handrads of homeless families are applying to the Neapolitan authorities for aid.

ROME, April 27 .- At the session of the Chamber of Deputies to-day, Signor Sella, Minister of Finance, read a dispatch from Prime Minister Lanzs, who proceeded to treasurer did not remember to whom this Naples last night, rectifying the estimate We are glad to note that Judge Mercur is were shown from the commissioners and terday. The telegram from Minister ed to 10 o'clock to-morrow. most active in pressing his bill upon the their clerks, and it is fitir to presume that Lanzs says that only twelve persons have thus far been killed, and tweive injured by the running lava.

The village of San S bastiano and Marsadisorania have been almost entirely destroyed, but all their inhabitants succeeded li, Cercola, St. George and Portici which The people living in the towns of Terro del

Mr. Trumball was en hand, instead of in Chreimail, where he should have been, and tried again to kill the measure by moving to include coal and salt, but the effort take the necessary measures to provide for the comfort of the people, who have so suddenly been deprived of their homes.

GREAT SPEECHES.

A TELLING RECORD. We subjoin, says the Harrisburg Telegraph, public information a list of thrilling 'campaign speeches' made by General Hartranft during the eventful years 1861-2-3-4-5. What a glorious record of services rendered it presents. It is only necessary to glance at it to be convinced that the Republican Convention has selected a standand bearer worthy of the party—one whose name (coupled with his deeds) is a tower of strength which no Democratic thunder can shake. We have the "right man in the right place," and the word now is "Ad-

Read the record: First Bull Run, July 21, 1861. Roanoke Island, Feb. 8, 1862. Newbern, N. C., March 14, 1862. Second Bull Run, August 30, 1862. South Mountain, Sept. 17, 1862 Antictam, Sept. 17, 1872. Fredricksburg, Dec. 13, 1862. Vicksburg, July 4, 1.63. Jackson, Miss., July 10, 1863. Campbell's Station, Tenn., November,

Knoxville, November, 1863. Wilderness, May 6, 1864. Spottsylvania, May 12, 1864. North Anna, May, 1864.

Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864.

Petersburg, June 17th and 18th, 1864.

Petersburg Mine, July 30, 1864.

Welden R. R., August 19, 1864. Beam's Stanton, August 23, 1864. Poplar Spring Church, Sept. 30, 1864. Hatcher's Run. Fort Steadman, March 25, 1865. Richmond, April 2, 1865.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET .- The Miners' Journal (whose editor is well known to be uncompromisingly hostile to all cor-rupt doings, and to unfairness generally in politics) says: "We have read the com-ments of the different papers, in all their phases, on the State Ticket—and judging of the character of these comments from their different standpoints, we have come to the conclusion that no ticket has been presented to the people of Penusylvania that is so strong, taken together, as the one nominated at the Republican Convention at Harrisburg. Notwithstanding the comments of several dissatisfied papers, the men nominated do not belong to either of the factions that have heretofore divided the factions that have heretofore divided the State at times, and we might add dis-astrously. Neither the Cameron or the Curtin men succeeded in nominating their peculiar candidates, while the friends of both have acquiesced in the nomination of Ring nominations than any ticket presented to the people of the State for many years, and therefore all opponents of Rings can cordially unite in its support."

Nor one prominent Republican of Alle gheny county has identified himself with the so-called Liberal Republican movement. Grant can carry the whole western end of the State next fall with increased majorities, no matter what evil might pos-silly attend the State election. He stands better to-day with the people generally than he did in 1868, because then he was known only as a here and soldier, while now he is rightfully called a statesman. The more he is known the more popular he becomes. - Pateburgh Gazette. FROM CINCINNATI.

MEETING OF THE CONVENTION.

CINCINNATI, May 1. The Liberal Republican Convention met in Exposition Hall, which was elegantly decorated for the occasion, at noon. Long before the hour fixed, a stream of pedestrians and long lines of hacks from the centre of the city were moving towards the hall. At half-past 11 o'clock the spacious hall was comfortably filled. At noon the seats and lobbics were crowded to repletion, and thousands outside were crowding the approaches and seeking in vain for admission. Fully 8,000 people were in the hall. The

Fully 8,000 people were in the hall. The enthusiasm was unbounded.

At precisely noon, Col. W. M. Grosvenor, chairman of the Executive committee, called the convention to order, and followed with a speech, in which he gave a brief history of the origin of the movement and the objects to be attained. He felt that while the convention was called for consultation, it would take such action for consultation, it would take such action as would insure the triumph of the princi-ple of reform next November. The con-vention, he felt assured, would not raise preference, and act solely on convictions of duty and the promptings of principle. [Great applause.] He concluded by intro-ducing Stanley Matthews as temporary chairman. chairman.

Mr. Matthews said he believed the as-Mr. Matthews said he believed the assembly would mark an era is the political history of the country. He would not assume the role of a prophet. No man could tell what would be the result.

could be safely affirmed in respect to this above all others is that the time has come

ple that they will not carry a collar of party. We are assembled as Republicans.

history of that party; its object had been accomplished in the establishment of the egations have formed a collusion for the principles of unity of the nation and the swamping of the preferences of the less nuequal rights of all men, for this it will re- merously represented States, and the foistceive the approval from this and subsequent generations. As Republicans we nant to the popular voice." And again, we want just and henest men.

The speaker here referred to the work of the convention. He had faith in the prinvention, and thanked them for the honor.

[Great applause.] Col. Grosvenor ofered a resolution that the convention meet again at 10 o'clock tomorrow, and in the meantime the States select delegates to represent them.

A motion to adjourn was about to be put, when some ore started the cry of 'Schurz!" which was taken up and roared from all parts of the hall.

delegates mounting seats and swinging their hats and calling at the top of their June. Seventeen States have held conven-voice, until Schurz appeared and made a brief speech, and concluded by seconding nation of General Grant. In the only two the motion to adjourn.

In spite of loud and repeated cries to "go the chairman, amidst great excite-

ITALY.

THE GREAT ERUPTION - A GRAND SPECTA-CLE-THE DANGER ABATING.

NAPLES, April 29 .- The view of Mount Vesuvius from this city is now the grandest that has been witnessed since the has been abandoned by their inhabitants. 1631. Many persons have taken advantage of the panic among the people of the towns by their verdict. This suit, we presume, fled from their homes. As those places take whatever goods they could find, and will serve as a small key to unlock some of are threatened with destruction, these the government has been compelled to order bill will then go to the President. This action may be regarded as virtually ending the ancestainty which for several months has paralyzed a leading branch of trade. We observe that this military tax has been misappropriated in a great many other or counties. Commissioners and clerks force has slacketed. While there has been umbrellas to protect them from the falling

> THE ERUPTION-SHOWERS OF ASHES. NAPLES, April 29-Morning.-A sound as of thunder accompanies the discharges from Mount Vesuvius. The wind is blowing in this direction to-day, carrying dense clouds of smoke and ashes over the city, the ashes falling in the streets like snow, and has already reached a depth of two or three inches

> CESSATION OF THE LAVA FLOOD. The rumbling inside the volcano continues, but no fresh craters have opened, and the fava has ceased flowing. SAND SHOWERS-FEARFUL ELECTRIC PHE-

NAPLES, April 29-2 P. M.—Showers of sand have succeeded the rain of ashes which was falling this morning. The cruption is now accompanied by fearful electric. Of the chairmanships of the Committees phenomenas. Lightning darts incessantly from the summit, and quakings of the mountain are more violent and frequent. Thunder is continuous. Burning cinders and stones are falling fast and thick in the town of Nassa di Somma, which is entirely

SYRIA.

deserted.

PARTICULARS OF THE RECENT EARTHQUAKE AT ANTIOCH-2000 LIVES LOST-DISTRESS AMONG THE SURVIVORS.

LONDON, April 29.—Particulars of the late earthquake in Syria, which caued such

a terrible loss of life, are now coming to hand. It appears that the fatalities were not the greatest in the city of Antioch, as the first dispatches intimated, but they were heavier in the country in the vicinity of that city. A letter from Antioch, under date of April 4, says that the American Protestant Church was severely injured, and that four of the American community were killed. All the members of the families of the missionaries are safe. The number of persons killed in the city

of Antioch is less than three hundred, but it is known that sixteen hundred people living in the strrounding towns and country, where the shock were as severe if not greater than in the city, were killed, and this number may be increased.

The distress of the people will be only temporary, as the crop prospects are good The supply of provisions on hand is moderate. The correspondents of the London papers praise the Rev. Mr Powers, an American missionary, for his assiduity in administering to the relief of the afflicted

A DISPATCH from Washington says that Minister Sickles took out with him instructions in relation to the release of Dr. Houard, in the spirit of former communications on that subject to our Charge d'Affaires. Mr. Adee, urging the release of Dr. Houard, who, according to official informthe ticket and will give it their hearty sup-port. It is more free from what are termed and well treated, awaiting the result of the and well treated, awaiting the result of the pending correspondence between the two countries, and the further investigation of the case by the Spanish government. The immediate object of the return of Sickles to Madrid is to bring home several members of his family and to present his letter of recall, he having some time ago contemplated a withdrawal from the position. It is probable that his successor will not be appointed for some time, and this may depend upon the conduct of the Spanish gov-ernment on questions now pending.

Nineteen out of every twenty men in the lead of the liberal Republican movement held office under Andrew Johnson, and have been removed from places which the people never designed they should occupy. CORRESPONDENCE.

Our Washington Correspondent. WASHINGTON, D. C., } April 30, 1872.

April 30, 1872.)
DEAR WILVERT:—The Delly Varden or so called Liberal Republican movement has fallen completely under the control of the Democracy, and is simply a Democratic Convention run by, to say the least, very doubtful Republicaus. As a specimen of the type of gentlemen who will compose this body of reformers I would merely point to the self-constituted delegates who are expected to represent Northumberland Compty. 18.07451018

When it was called, some weeks ago, the country was told that it was to be a Republican "mass convention," which should have nothing to do with nominations for have nothing to do with nominations for the Presidency or Vice Presidency; that its sole business would be to consult about the coming campaign, and, if possible, bring such an influence to bear on the Philadelphia convention that Grant's re-nomination would be out of the question. Democrats were notified that they were not wanted; that it concerned them in no way. Now the programme has been changed. August Bellmont is in Cincinnati, and has the wires so arranged that Charles Francis Adams will receive the nomination for the Presidency by that mixed convention, leaving the old Chappaqua farmer out in the cold. Already the old gentleman is complaining, and in a late number of the Tribune says: "The men who have the management of the preliminaries are not altogether such as the cause demands, and without unceasing watchfulabove all others is that the time has come when it is the voice of the American peoenjoy superiority by dint of numbers, claim the right to name the candidates. The Speaker briefly referred to the past There is a wide-spread conviction that some of the wire-pullers of these State del ing by acclamation of candidates repugcannot continue in the party that festers- the same paper says : "The complication arising from the incipient attempt at 'fixing things' culminated to-night in something like a quarrel between the adherents of the ciples of the gentlemen comprising the con- Illinois leaders, Palmer and Trumbull. These are the things the malignants are breeding, and between now and Tuesday look out for direful rumors of war and dis

sensions. Even the city papers have given way to the general demoralization. Most of them threaten general failure unless Adams or somebody else is taken as a concession to the Democrats, or the Radicals. or what not." The Cincinnati Convention in May can A scene of great enthusiasm followed, the in no wise affect the action of the Philadelphia regular Republican Convention in States where elections have been held this spring, where the people have had an op-portunity to decide upon the issues before the country, President Grant has been triumphantly vindicated. His opponents have been everywhere routed and discomfited. He is to-day the strongest man in the country, no matter what Mr. Trumbull

may say to the centrary, -a man who lost his fair fame by casting his vote to save

Andy Johnson from impeachment-proba-

bly at the time intended as a bid for a

Presidential nomination by a sorehead convention. The Republican party again commands General Grant to take the field, as it commanded him to lead its armies in the rebellion; as it commanded him to lead its victorious columns in 1868-this command is but a request of the people that their chosen leader will lead them to a victory in 1872, only equalled by that at Appoint ox. Trimbull, Scharg, Tipton & Co. baye been making a terrible fuss about the New York Custom House frauds, and after all the rumbling of the mountain have scarcely brought forth a mouse. While these Liberal Republicans were looking anxious: after the interests of foreign merchants, the toiling millions were neglected by the want of proper legislation, viz: the abolishment of the tax on tea and coffee. As a difference in the collection of revenue in the New York Custom House I would refer you to the following record from the Treasury De-

partment : "During the last six months of Johnson's administration, that is from October 1, 1868, to April 1, 1869, there was collected at the port of New York a total of 858. 965, 233, 81.

"During the last six months of Grant, that is from October 1, 1871, to April 1, 1872, there was collected at the same port a total of \$72,102,031.79, making a differ-

of the House, Massachusetts has six, Pennsylvania six, Ohio three, Illinois three, Michigan two, Mississippi two, Indiana two, Connecticut two, Vermont two, New Jersey two, Maine two, New York two, and Louisiana two. Of all the other States none have more than one chairmanship. These facts are presented to show the weakness and folly of the policy pur-sued by many of the States in keeping in the National House of Representatives almost an entire new delegation in each successive Congress. Massachusetts, with her ten members, by the wisdom of her policy in selecting her experienced members. Dawes, Banks, Butler and Hooper, wields more influence in the legislation before Congress, than the great State of New York. (which has returned nearly all new men from Republican districts, and has but two chairmanships,) and an influence equal to that of the Keystone State with her twenty-four members. Could stronger evidence be presented of the wisdom of returning to Congress, for a succession of years, every faithful and efficient representative. It is impossible for a new member, for the first term in the House, to accomplish for his constituents, and for the general good, what he might with experience and a thorough acquaintance with parlia-mentary rules, be able to do as chairman of an important committee. Hon. John B. Packer, member from the 14th Con-gressional District of your State, was paid the rare compliment of the chairmanship of a committee at the commencement of his second term, a position seldom reached without longer service, which may be tak-en as a proof of the fact that Mr. Packer is one of the rising men in Congress, as well as in his State, and if returned to Congress he can attain for his District and his State a position, which he has the ability to do

equal to the older members from Massa-chusetts. I hope the people of your dis-trict will see the importance of these facts, and demand of Mr. Packer his services again in Congress, and prevail upon him to allow his name to be placed upon the same banner with our great Captain, President Grant. Yours fraternally,
H. D. W. INFOMATION WANTED .- The friends of

Infomation Wanted.—The friends of Wm. Blair Warfel, who left Altoona, in September last, would be thankful for any information as to his whereabouts. It is supposed he was engaged in working on a log job some where along the Susquehanna. Address Laura B. Lybe, Arch Springs, Blair county, Pa. Papers along the river will confer a favor on the friends by giving this potice an insertion. this potice an insertion.

A man was picked up near Muscantine, Iowa, one day last week, floating down the Mississippi on a trunk. His skift had supk, but his trunk saved him.

H. T. Harvey, Esq., of Lock Haven, was married to Maggie, daughter of Hon. James Pollock, of Philadelphia, on Thurs-day evening last week.

Hon. Eli Slifer arrived home at 7½ P.
M., Tuesday. He was met at the depot
by the Lewisburg Band, and a large concourse of friends and neighbors. He looks
and feels healthy.—Lewisburg Chronicle. It is admitted by such men as Trumbull, Tipton and Greeley, that the great body of the Republican party support Grant, but it is this fact to which they object, insist-

ing that this great body of the people ought to submit to themselves to their dictation. Those who say that if General Grant would withdraw he would give peace to the party, confess that their dissatisfaction is wholly personal, and invite a campaign the character of which will show that there is no real reason for a change.

It is proposed to begin work this summer upon the new public buildings of Philadel-phia at Penn. Square. One large building has been decided upon to be situated at the intersection of Broad and Market streets.

General John A. Logan has written a letter declining to visit the Cincinnati convention as a delegate, and announcing his letermination to stand by the choice of the Philadelphia convention for President.

Candidate Cards.

For Prothonotary.

TO THE VOTERS OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

AVING recently lost an arm by an accident on the Rallroad by which I am deprived from following my trade as marble cutter, and having been solicited by numerous friends I have conscious a harome a candidate for the office of Prothonotery, and solicite has suffrages of my fellow citizens. If elected I shall endeavor to perform the duties of the office impartially and

to the best of my ability.

JOHN A. TAYLOR.

Northumberland, April 6, 1872.

For County Commissioner. FELLOW CITIZENS :- Having been solicited nany of my friends in different sections of the county, I offer myself as a cardidate for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. If nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of said office to the best of my ability.

Lower Augusta twp., April 20, 1872.

Dew Adbertisements. NEW DRESS GOODS

SPRING AND SUMMER, how open at MISS KATE BLACK'S STORE,

Market Square, SUNBURY, Penn'a., ADIES' DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY. Slik Popilus, Dress Trimmings, Embrelderies, Notions, &c. Gents' Collars, Neck-ties, Half-hose, Handkerhiers and Gloves.
Perfumery, Tollet Soaps, Hair Brushes, Combs,

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This instrument is especially designed for the per-

This instrument is especially designed for the perfect application of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which shid medicine can be carried Aight up and perfectly applied to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavitice communicating therewith, in which sores and alcers frequently crist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh here-tofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities and chambers by, any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting carea is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. In using this instrument, the fluid is carried by its own weight) no sunfine, foreing or pumping heing required, up one Bostril in a vill gently flowing stream to the highest portion of the masal passages, passes into and theroughly decance all the tabes and chambers connected therewith and flows out of the eppesite nostril. Its use is planant and flows out of the eppesite nostril. Its use is planant and so shaple that a child can understand it. Full and explicit directions accompany each instrument. When used with this instrument, Dr. Sage's Catar'h Remedy cures recent attacks of "Cold in the Head" by a few application.

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EMANUEL HECKERT, Administrator

Lower Mahanoy twp., April 20, 1879,-61. "ROUGHING IT."

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Dew Abbertisements

Kennedy's Hemlock Ointment. The proprietor has, by the assistance of emisent Physicians and Chemists, succeeded in militing the medicinal properties contained ed in the Oil, Fuch and Rosin of the Hemicok Tree, and obtained a valuable preparation to be applied as a Salve or Plaster for Rheumatism, Croup, Pain or Soreuces of the Back, Chest or Bromach, Plies, Sait Rheum, Scurry, Sores, Ulcers, Bunions, Sore Corns, Frost Bites, Chabmans, core Breasts and Nipples, Ringworms, Chading and skin diseases of inflammatory nature. CHARLES A. CRITTENTON, Agent, mi, iw. 7 Sixth Avenue, New York.

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Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Sunbury Steam Ferry and Tow-Boat Com-pany, that there will be an election for Directors at the office of Ira T. Clement, cor. 3d and Race streets, on Monday, May 6th, at 11 o'clock, s. er. By order of the PRESIDENT. Sunbury, April 27, 1872.—2t.

Notice.

GRAND OPENING of the largest and most fashlounble stock of Cloths and Cassimeres of every grade, and

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, at THOS. G. NOTT'S MERCHANT TAILOR STORE,

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Having located in Sunbury for the purpose of becoming one of its citizens, I bope that by fair dealing and strict attention to business to mirit a share of the public patronage. My motto is "Small Profits and Quick Saies." All are cordially furthed to call and examine

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