

Sambury American.

N. B. MASSEY,
S. WILBERT,
Editors.

SUNBURY, APRIL 20, 1872.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRAFT,
of Montgomery County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HON. ULYSSES MERCUR,
of Braintree County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
BRIG. GEN. HARRISON ALLEN,
of Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
HON. LEMUEL TODD, of Cumberland Co.,
GEN. HARRY WHITE, of Indiana Co.

FOR DELEGATES AT LARGE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION,
WILLIAM M. HERRITZ, of Philadelphia,
GILLINGHAM FELL, of Philadelphia,
HARRY WHITE, of Indiana County,
WILLIAM L. LILLY, of Carbon county,
J. N. MORTON, of Centre county,
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, of Schuylkill county,
S. M. CHAMBERLAIN, of Luzerne county,
WILLIAM B. ARMSTRONG, of Lycoming co.,
WILLIAM DAVIS, of Luzerne county,
JAMES F. RYAN, of Luzerne county,
GEO. W. HARRIS, of Wayne county,
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, of Washington Co.,
DAVID N. WHITE, of Allegheny county,
W. AINSIE, of Allegheny county,
JOHN H. WALKER, of Erie county.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
ADOLPH E. BOHR, JOHN M. THOMPSON.

Dist.
1. JACOB A. BONHAM, 12. JOHN PARRISH,
2. JOSEPH A. DAVIS, 13. F. D. FERGUSON,
3. G. MORTON, 14. J. P. HARRIS,
4. HENRY BRONN, 15. HENRY O'BRIEN,
5. THOMAS WILMER, 16. HENRY BELLE,
6. JOHN M. BROWN, 17. JAMES G. THOMPSON,
7. FRANCIS BRONN, 18. ISAAC FRASER,
8. MARK H. RICHARDS, 19. GEO. W. ANDREWS,
9. EDWARD H. GREEN, 20. HENRY LEVINE,
10. DAN K. SCHWARTZ, 21. JOHN W. GILLESPIE,
11. DANIEL R. MILLER, 22. JAMES PATTERSON,
12. LEAND MORTON, 23. JOHN W. WALLACE,
13. THEODORE STONG, 24. CHARLES C. BOYLE.

The State Convention at Harrisburg, on Wednesday of last week, was fully attended, every county being represented. Before the convention assembled it was evident that a majority was for Gen. Harttraft for Governor. Senator Butler was chosen temporary chairman, and Howard J. Reeder, a son of Gov. Reeder, permanent chairman.

On motion of Wm. B. Mann, of Philadelphia a committee of thirteen was appointed to name 14 delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention. Russell Ewald offered a resolution, which was adopted to appoint a committee of seven to report an electoral ticket and list of delegates to the Philadelphia National Convention. The ballot for Governor showed Harttraft, of Washington, 77 votes, and one to D. J. Morrill, of Centre county. On the first ballot, Wm. Butler had 23 votes, Isaac G. Gordon 20, Frank Jordan 22, E. O. Derry 5, P. F. Smith 9, H. W. Williams 11. Three more ballots were had, and on the fourth Mercur had 70 votes, Jordan 41, Williams 37, Gordon 31, and Mercur was declared the nominee. Auditor General was next voted for, when on the first ballot Gen. Harrison Allen had 57 votes, Edward Scull 42 votes, Benj. L. Hewitt 10 votes John M. Thomson 4 votes, and Jesse L. Merrill one vote. On the 2nd ballot Allen had 77 votes, and was declared the nominee. Morton, of Philadelphia, J. W. White, of Allegheny, H. I. Brigham, of Philadelphia, and M. S. Quay, of Beaver, were chosen delegates at large to the National Convention.

Joseph E. Bore, of Philadelphia, and John M. Thomson, of Butler, were chosen Electors at large.

The candidates nominated were introduced, and addressed the convention.

The following gentlemen were elected candidates for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, viz:

Wm. M. Meredith, Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, Philadelphia; Gen. Harry White, Indiana; Gen. Wm. Lilly, Carbon; Linn Bartholomew, Schuylkill; H. I. Brigham, Lycoming; Wm. H. Armstrong, Luzerne; Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dinwiddie, Wayne; Geo. V. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Allegheny; W. H. Ainsie, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

The Republican Platform.—The following is the Republican Platform adopted at the late State Convention at Harrisburg. It is outspoken frankness, and will meet the approval of every true Republican.

Resolved, That we reaffirm our devotion to the principles of the Republican party, and our belief that the continued existence of that party is essential to the maintenance of the Government on these principles. This grand and fundamental principle of the equality of all men in political rights is not professed by any other party, and can be maintained only by the Republican party. We are sincerely committed to it, and hence the administration of the government can safely be entrusted only to that party which is hearty and beyond reproach in its support. It is necessary to put them into successful operation.

Resolved, That the adoption of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States has not been sufficiently acquiesced in by all to render certain and secure their permanent incorporation in that instrument.

Resolved, That we are now more than ever called on to sustain the policy of national protection of American industry. If the laborer is worthy of his hire, and a fair day's work entitles him to it, we will not permit the Secretary of War to do that which is prohibited by the law; and we will not permit the Secretary of War to do that which is prohibited by the law; and we will not permit the Secretary of War to do that which is prohibited by the law.

Reading had a bill passed by the late Legislature forbidding the erection of frame buildings within certain limits of that city. In thickly built-up parts of a town, frame buildings are a great danger.

The friends and neighbors of Gen. Harttraft, in Norristown, had a large meeting on Saturday evening, visited the General and congratulated him on his nomination for Governor.

In Congress, on Monday, Mr. Williams, from the committee on expenditures in the War Department, made a report on the sales of arms during the Franco Prussian war, declaring that the Secretary of War did not violate the law by selling arms; that no sales were made to any known agent of either belligerent, and no act was done by the Secretary or any of his subordinates calculated to violate international obligations; that no Government official was pecuniarily benefited by the sales, and that the only party benefited was the Government of the United States, which disposed of an unsuitable arm at the highest market prices.

Our neighbor of the Gazette has again been called upon to explain in reply to our remarks to the Democrat, in regard to furnishing a copy of the Auditor's Report to other papers and not extending to us a courtesy which we have always granted. Though the Democrat had not a word to say in its own defence, our neighbor of the Gazette has nobly come to its rescue. The Gazette says they are in the habit of loaning each other matter to save expense. In fact it has got to be quite common of late to see the same local and news items appear verbatim in both papers, and in some instances they were even looked upon as twins.

The editor of the Gazette is disposed to heap more credit upon us than we have ever claimed. We do not, and never have claimed to bear the Republican party upon our shoulders, but if our neighbor is desirous to turn his back to the Republican party with his friend Horace Greeley, after having partaken of his loaves and fishes until there is no more in prospect, we may have to bear his portion. Should this be the result we will not complain and bear it patiently. It is our desire, however, that our neighbor continue in our ranks, as he has been of valuable service while in the Republican party, and we would regret much to lose his services now, or to see him join the so-called party, whose principles are regulated by the spoils of party in the shape of office.

GRANT'S NOMINATION CERTAIN.—One after another, State after State (says the Pittsburg Mail), is declaring for the re-nomination of President Grant, and with a unanimity, from that which strikes terror to the small band of apostate Republican conspirators who are engineering the Cincinnati convention. Yesterday the great States of Ohio and Iowa, through their Republican conventions, in which every district in the respective States was represented, elected delegates to the Philadelphia convention, with instructions to vote for and use the most earnest endeavor to secure the re-nomination of U. S. Grant, for President. For the Vice Presidency, Ohio declared for her own honored son, Hon. Wm. Dennison, and Iowa for her gallant representative, Hon. James F. Wilson.

On last Wednesday a most distressing accident occurred in the family of Mr. Edward Hoy, of this place. Mr. Hoy was suffering from neuralgia, and called a physician to prescribe for him. The doctor put up two powders for Mr. Hoy, and also one for a babe about two months old, which was ill at the time. Two months ago Mr. Hoy took the powder intended for Mr. Hoy to the infant. The mistake was not discovered until the child was sunk into a stupor from which it could not be aroused, death ensuing a few hours after the administering of the medicine.—Miltonian.

RUSSELL, ERNETT has again been chosen Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of Pennsylvania.

The original bill at which General Washington got flour for himself and army in 1777 is still standing in Lower Chichester township, Chester county, and does good work.

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In March, 1865, he commanded the 3d Division of the 9th Corps in their assault on Fort Steadman and was brevetted Major General. His command saw no more active service, but Gen. Harttraft himself occupied the unenviable position of guarding and executing the sentences of the Military Commission which tried Mrs. Surratt, Payne, Harold, and others for the murder of Abraham Lincoln. Returning to civil life General Harttraft took up the scales of his former political associates, and in 1855 accepted the Republican nomination for Auditor General, and was elected by a majority of 22,690 over W. H. H. Davis. In 1868 he was re-elected by a majority of 9,493, his opponent being Chas. E. Boyle. Last year he was not re-nominated, but at the death of Colonel David Stanton, his successor, a special act of the Legislature continued him in office.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, HON. ULYSSES MERCUR.

Ulysses S. Mercur, of Bradford county, was born at Towanda, Pa., August 12, 1818, and is in the 54th year of his age. He graduated in Jefferson College of this State and practiced law at Lewisburg, Pa. He was Presidential elector for the Linnard Lincoln, and in March, 1861, was appointed President Judge of the Thirteenth Judicial District, and soon after elected by the people of that position for a term of ten years, from December, 1861, to December, 1871. He was re-elected to that position on being elected a member of the Thirtieth Congress, to represent the counties of Bradford, Columbia, Moutour and Wyoming. He was re-elected to the Fortieth and Forty-first Congresses, and again to the Forty-second Congress, receiving 11,117 against 10,993 for C. B. Brockway, Democrat.

Judge Mercur has taken a very prominent position in Congress, serving upon the Judicial Committee, and by his large experience contributing much in framing laws and whole measures. He has taken a prominent position in the present National apportionment bill he was the author, and in every position he has always been found equal to the duties imposed upon him. Recently his constituents, learning that he did not desire to longer represent his district in Congress, in the most patriotic manner endeavored to persuade him to change his determination, and again to allow his name to be used as a candidate, but he steadily refused.

ATTORNEY GENERAL—GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN.

General Harrison Allen is a native of Warren county, and is in the thirty-eighth year of his age. With the limited opportunities of that farmer's son, he has entered upon a career that has led him to a position of honor and usefulness, and that has secured for him a name that will stand high in the history of this country. He has been a fair and unembarrassed trial; that every effort shall be made to secure competent men for the public service, and that honesty and integrity shall be the basis of all transactions as essential as to university and intelligence. That the Republican party has given full evidence during the past fifteen years of its ability to govern the State, and to conduct its affairs with economy and success; that it has, within that time, maintained the honor of our national flag at home and abroad; preserved the Union from disintegration; and by its faithful adherence to all classes and conditions of men the rights given to them by their Maker, and having preserved liberty throughout all the land, and to all the inhabitants thereof, has also given to the nation the full effect to which it was entitled, and we, therefore, in its name, claim for the party a continuance of its confidence, and earnestly endeavor to secure its re-nomination for the next term of office.

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the act of General Grant in giving a trial to the plan of civil service reform. We demand that this plan, and no other, shall be adopted by the Nation, and that every effort shall be made to secure competent men for the public service, and that honesty and integrity shall be the basis of all transactions as essential as to university and intelligence. That the Republican party has given full evidence during the past fifteen years of its ability to govern the State, and to conduct its affairs with economy and success; that it has, within that time, maintained the honor of our national flag at home and abroad; preserved the Union from disintegration; and by its faithful adherence to all classes and conditions of men the rights given to them by their Maker, and having preserved liberty throughout all the land, and to all the inhabitants thereof, has also given to the nation the full effect to which it was entitled, and we, therefore, in its name, claim for the party a continuance of its confidence, and earnestly endeavor to secure its re-nomination for the next term of office.

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