Sunbury American.

SUNBURY, MARCH 16, 1872.

Railroad Time Tables.

N. C. R. W.—East.		P. & E. R. R.—West.	
Buffalo Ex l've	12:20 a m	Erie Mail, l've	1:00 a m
Erie " "	9:20 "	Accom. "	6:15 "
ElmiraMail "	11:05 "	Niagara Ex "	12:40 p m
Niagara Ex. "	4:40 p m	ElmiraMail "	4:35 "
		Erie Ex. "	6:50 "

SHAMOKIN DIVISION N. C. R. W.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Sunbury at	11:50 a m	At Sunbury	9:55 a m
"	4:40 p m	"	4:00 p m

D. H. & W. R. R.

Leave Sunbury—6:20 a. m.—Arrive at 3.35 p. m

SUNBURY & LEWISTOWN R. R.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Sunbury at	6:30 a. m.	At Sunbury	8:35 a. m.
" "	11:40 a. m.	" "	10:45 a. m.

Accident Insurance Tickets can be had of J. Shipman, Ticket Agent at the Depot.

Local Affairs.

SEWING MACHINES.—Miss Caroline Dallas is the agent for the sale of the best Sewing Machines in existence, viz: "The Improved Singer," "Grover & Baker," "Howe," and "Domestic," which are constantly on hand and sold at reasonable prices. She is also agent for the celebrated Frantz and Pope Knitting Machine. Call and see them. Office on Market street, east of the railroad.

FOR RENT.—The large room one door north of the Junction Hotel, now occupied by Messrs. Kerns & Co., as a Tobacco Store. The room is well calculated for any kind of business. Possession given on the first day of April. Apply to

JAMES VANDYKE.

LIBERAL CHRISTIANITY.—Rev. D. H. Clark, of the Unitarian Church of Northumberland, will preach at Fry's Hall, Sunbury, on next Sunday evening, March 17th.

SMALL POX.—We are informed that some five or six cases of small pox exist at Vera Cruz, Lower Mahanoy township, this county. Great precaution should be used in preventing the disease to spread.

ON Wednesday last, Mr. Solomon Stroh, blacksmith of this place, in roweling a horse's shoulder to cure the sweeny, found a hard substance under the skin, which was extracted and found to be a five cent silver coin, dated 1851. How this piece of coin got there or how long it has remained, no one has been able to explain. The coin is now in Mr. Stroh's possession.

GEO. W. HAMBRIGHT, Esq., of this place, has received the appointment of Chief Clerk on a Postal car between Baltimore and Canandaigua over the Northern Central railway. Mr. Hambright has had much experience as a conductor, and is favorably known to the traveling public. He will no doubt make an efficient officer.

ROOFING SLATE.—We are informed that Messrs. Snyder & Co. have been successful in opening a quarry at Seven Points, in Lower Augusta township, where is deposited a large body of roofing slate. The slate is pronounced of excellent quality.

THE festival by the ladies for the benefit of the Baptist church, at this place, is still progressing with increased interest. The question of legal popularity between prominent members of the bar, as well as the Lantern contest between two popular conductors on the railroads makes it unusually exciting.

IN another column will be found the professional card of T. H. B. Kase, Esq., who has decided to locate permanently at this place. Mr. Kase graduated in 1868, at the college of New Jersey, and read law under S. P. Wolverton, Esq. Having been admitted to the bar, after a creditable examination, he already ranks as a good adviser and promising attorney.

PROMPT PAYMENT.—We were shown a draft a few days ago by Isaiah Gessler, agent for the American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, for the payment of $3,000 insurance for M. T. Hinzelman, of Port Trevorton, lately deceased. This is the most prompt payment of any insurance company made in this vicinity. The American Life Insurance Company is considered one of the most prompt, which is proven in this case, as the sixty days usually reserved in the policy, has not expired yet.

FOR Insurance go to Yoder's office, near the Court House.

DR. WILLETTS' LECTURE.—The lecture of Dr. A. A. Willetts, in the Court House, on Tuesday evening last, was attended by a large, select and appreciative audience. The Doctor appeared in his happiest mood. His subject was "The Model Wife," and quoted from the thirty-first chapter of Proverbs, in which the model wife is fully represented, whose example is worthy of emulation by the ladies of the present day. He considered industry, neatness, virtue and "gumption" as essential qualities for a model wife. He attributed the success of our greatest men to the fact that they had good mothers, and urged upon the young ladies the necessity of fitting themselves for such. The lecturer referred somewhat disparagingly to old bachelors, and advised the young men to pop the question and settle the matter at once.

The lecture was a masterly production and elicited frequent applause from the audience, which was a sufficient proof that all were more than pleased.

THE annual election of officers of the Northumberland County Agricultural Society took place on Tuesday last, at the Court House. We are happy to state that the members of the society have taken the precaution to re-elect its old officers. The society having just been regularly incorporated, it is well to retain its officers until a permanent organization is effected. The exhibition at this place in September last, under the new organization, was the most successful of any ever held in this county, which is attributable to the energy and efficiency of its officers. Although most of them reside in the upper end of the county, they cheerfully yielded the location of the fair to Sunbury as the best and most central point. We are informed that these officers express themselves in favor of holding the next fair on the same grounds. We hope this may be accomplished, as we are satisfied that with its present board of officers, another fair at this place will not only make a permanent and well regulated organization, but will also make it one of the best paying concerns in this county.

THE following letter was sent through the Post Office on Tuesday morning, to Mr. Drumheller, proprietor of the City Hotel, at this place. We copy the letter verbatim:

Mr Drumheller I heard a conversation last evening bettween too men that workt at your house saying that if you did not soon pay hain so that he could pay him that he would take revenge on you or the house he would give you city hotell on his own expens he bedemd he would lay low for you and you might be treated like the nigger at the douty house that you was meaner than a negor that you told hain he should go on and finish the house that he should not loose anything Look out"

We are requested to state that the parties who made this threat are well known. The house was taken by contract, and the amount contracted for has been overpaid. If there is anything due on the work it lies between the hands and the contractor.

Court Proceedings.

[Reported by A. N. BRICE, Esq.]

SUNBURY, March 11th, 1872.

Court opened at 10 o'clock. Judge Rockefeller, Nicely and Welker present. The Constables' returns were made and sworn to from the different boroughs, wards and townships, after which the newly elected constables presented their bonds and were sworn in for the ensuing year. Judge Rockefeller then charged the Grand Jury, simply stating to them an outline of their duties and suggesting to them the importance of an examination and report upon the condition of the public buildings. He suggested, very properly, that they recommend the court room to be ventilated. A large and commodious court house has been built and the important matter of ventilation has been shamefully neglected. The Court also suggested that one of the vacant rooms in the rear of the court room be fitted up for the convenience of counsel and clients in the transaction of business, so as to obviate the confusion of tongues and miserable noises heard almost constantly in and around the bar, among the lawyers and others.

The Court filed an opinion in the case from Lower Augusta, in which the Church was plaintiff and Sunday School defendant. The gist of the case, I believe, was that two congregations worshiped in the same building, and the charter or article of holy alliance, it seems, did not say anything about Sunday schools. They simply recited that divine worship should be held. In due course of time the rising generation desiring to learn, were taken into the church and a Sunday school was organized. The old fellows did not seem to relish this innovation upon the ancient custom. They protested in the name of God and their vested chartered rights. They appealed to court. The matter has been in court for some time. An opinion has finally been written, and it is favorable to the Sunday school. But the end is not yet. The special injunction is dissolved, but another may be forthcoming.

Another opinion was also filed in the case of the Sunbury Mutual Saving Fund and Building Association vs. Harriet Martin. This case was argued at last term on a rule to show cause why the execution should not be set aside and judgment opened and defendant allowed into a defence. The opinion is an able one, and at another time will be reported for publication in the county papers, as the question involved is of wide importance in this State on account of the numerous kindred associations of the kind. The opinion the favored Association and discharged the rule. Exceptions were filed, and it is likely the case may go to the Supreme Court.

Amos Glaze and his wife, from the upper end of the county, have found that the course of true love does not run smooth, and they are in Court to prove to the world that fact. Mrs. Glaze had Amos arrested for desertion and failing to support her, under the Act of 1867. A laughing hearing of each other's wrongs, and a vivid portraiture of the ins and outs of married life were made before the Judge, while the listening public wondered why it was that two persons so respectable and so well stationed in society should not be able to get along well together. But the sour apple of discord has entered the circle, and, as may be supposed, the innocent children will suffer the most, from mortification and shame, as well as from the results of so bad an example set them and the community. How good and pleasant a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity. When discord enters a family circle and ugly divisions sever its ties, the state of that domestic fabric must be a sort of foretaste of the divisions which exist in that place where the worm dieth not.

The following new rules of court, which will be found to be of general interest throughout the county, as well as to the profession, were adopted by the Court. They are well-timed and will be of great benefit in the practice. The rule especially in reference to short cases will be found a good one:

QUARTER SESSIONS.—Rule 15. Hereafter the first Thursday of the first and second sessions of the Court of Quarter Sessions in each year is fixed for hearing of applications for licenses to keep hotels, restaurants and selling liquors, at which time all persons applying or making objections to applications for licenses may be heard by evidence, petition, remonstrance or counsel, but in order that all applicants may be duly apprised that objections will be made, all petitions, remonstrances or objections shall be filed in writing on or before the second day of the session, at which application is made and the clerk shall write on the back of the petition "objections filed" and the date of filing the same—provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the court refusing licenses, where from its own knowledge such licenses are unnecessary, that the applicant is not a fit person to have license or has not complied with the requirements of the acts of Assembly.

Rule 16. The clerk shall make a trial list of all indictments undisposed of, and repeat the state of each case, and shall, immediately, upon the return of any indictment by the Grand Jury, or any presentment, put the same upon the said list.

Rule 17. All rules to show cause in the Quarter Sessions or Court of Oyer and Terminer shall be argued, if called by the court, on the first day of each session.

OYER AND TERMINER.—The clerk shall procure and keep separate dockets and minutes of all proceedings in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and general jail delivery.

TRIAL.—Rule 11. The Prothonotary shall keep a list of short cases, and counsel for either party may, either in or out of term time, in the manner now practised, direct in writing any case at issue and whether on the general issue list or not, to be put upon the said short list for trial at the next term—provided said counsel will certify in writing, at the time of making such direction that in his opinion the said case will not occupy more than three hours for the trial thereof. All appeals from the judgments of Justices of the Peace may be put upon the said short list. Whenever in the opinion of the Court a sufficient number of cases are upon the short list to engage the Court a week in the trial thereof, a time will be designated by the Court for the same.

Rule 12. The Prothonotary shall put all short cases upon the short list in the order as to time, of three being directed to be placed upon said list.

Rule 13. The argument list will be taken up as soon as the criminal business is disposed of.

Tuesday, March 12th, 1872.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Patrick O'Garra, the defendant was brought into Court and sentenced. This case was tried at last term. The defendant was tried for not opening a road in Zerbe township. He was found guilty, but not sentenced because the Court was not fully satisfied that an indictment would lie under the Act of Assembly. O'Garra was therefore held until this term. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment of thirty days in the county jail. Bill of exceptions filed.

Another case of desertion was tried this morning, the parties hailing from the neighborhood of Lykenstown. One Daniel McCoy was accused by his fond damsel of deserting her to the cold charities of the world. She is left with three children. The evidence showed, however, that she refused to go with her liege lord, and, therefore, the Court dismissed the case, ordering Daniel to pay the costs.

Com vs Joseph Conrad.—Larceny of sled in Upper Augusta. Philip Hetrick, prosecutor. Grand Jury return no bill.

Com vs Coleman Burgett.—Larceny of a mule in Northumberland. Grand Jury return no bill.

Com vs Jeremiah Hanks.—Rape. Kate Kerstetter, prosecutor. The young girl on whom the rape was alleged to have been committed, Minnie Haas, has since died. The evidence now being "silent in the tomb," the Grand Jury return no bill.

Com vs Denny McGinley and Jeremiah Hanks.—Breaking into a dwelling house. No bill.

Com vs William Kehris, Lewis Reitz, and Gilbert Reitz.—Larceny. True bill. *Nolle Prosequi* entered as to Wm. Kehris and Lewis Reitz. Mr. Boyer moved to quash the indictment in writing filed. Court overruled the motion. Exceptions made. It may be a matter of information to state here that the present District Attorney brings all felonies in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and the fees in said Court on bills of indictment are higher than in the Quarter Sessions. Bills for larceny, &c., may be found in either Court by Act of Assembly. Mr. Boyer was instructed by the Commissioners to make a point in the matter, so as to take it to the Supreme Court, for the county must pay the costs in all cases of felonies.

Com vs John M. Brown.—Larceny by Tenant. No bill.

In the desertion case of Amos Glaze, the Court sentenced Mr. Glaze to pay the costs of prosecution. This clears the wife to look out for herself, a fine relief in the teachings of Elizabeth Cady Stanton or Victoria Woodhull, of single-blessedness fame and asserted female rights.

Com vs Geo. J. Mason.—Larceny by Bailee. A. Diefendafer, prosecutor. This is a matter which arose in and around the P. & E. shops at Sunbury. Mr. Mason was accused of taking monies, &c., the property of the said P. & E. Co., and appropriating them to his own use. The charge was not sustained, and the Grand Jury returned no bill.

Com vs E. B. Stillwagner.—Selling liquor without license. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs of prosecution.

Com vs Joseph Bocher.—Selling liquor on Sunday—selling liquor to habitual drunkards—selling liquor to minors. For these several charges bills were found at last sessions. Bound over to next session in $200 for each offense.

Wednesday, March 13th.

Com vs Mary Quinn.—Selling liquor without license. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs of prosecution. In this case Mary sold liquor to an injured woman's husband, and the wife pursued the destroyer of her husband's reason.

Com vs Elizabeth Gallagher.—Perjury. *Nol. Pros.* entered upon payment of costs.

Com vs John Judge.—Misdemeanor. No bill. County to pay costs.

Com vs Levi Baldash.—Assault and battery. No bill. Prosecutor, Andrew McElhose, to pay the costs.

Com vs Geo. W. Betz.—Assault and Battery, with intent to kill. True bill.

Com vs Ann John.—Adultery. No bill. Wm. H. John to pay costs.

Com vs Robert Davis.—Adultery. No bill. Wm. H. John, prosecutor, to pay the costs.

Com vs Mary Quinn.—Assault and battery. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay half the costs.

Com vs Wm. F. Kitchen.—Gambling. No bill. Prosecutor, E. B. Stillwagner, to pay costs.

Com vs. W. F. Kitchen.—Selling liquor on Sunday. True bill.

Com vs Geo. W. Betz.—Gambling as Tavern Keeper. True bill.

Com vs. Mathias Schmuck, John Koenig, Peter Smeltzer and John Welker. Conspiracy. True bill. Joseph Bacher prosecutor.

Com vs. Thos. B. Heil.—Selling liquor to minors. True bill.

Com. vs. Lewis Hummel.—Selling liquor to minors. True bill.

Com. vs. Nicholas Richards.—Selling liquor to minor. True bill.

Similar charges. True bills were found against Mary Finny, Samuel Hursh, William Baer, Levi Marquett, Joseph G. Arnold, Thos. Rosser, Geo. Hack, William Gehring, John Curtis, Henry G. Bach.

It is only my duty to reflect the opinion of the Court and all the attaches for the faithful manner in which the Deputy Prothonotary, S. H. Knowles, Esq., performs all of the duties assigned him in the office he so well fills. Mr. Knowles is well versed in all the forms, a correct clerk, and a very neat penman. The record he keeps shows high talent and practical ability. He is now engaged in transcribing one of the Lien Dockets of the county, which has been torn and defaced considerably. We venture to say the new docket is one of the neatest and most accurate in any of the offices in the Commonwealth. Mr. Knowles has won the confidence of the attornies, and he knows how to make a correct record.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Perry Haas was taken up on Wednesday evening, and the rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted argued. The depositions were taken before term time, and read by L. T. Rohrbach, Esq., who then very neatly and ably argued the view he took of the case as counsel for the defence. He was followed by Gen. Clement, who kindly took charge of the whole of the Commonwealth side of the case since the taking of the depositions, without private counsel knowing anything of the proceedings. Geo. W. Zeigler, Esq., closed the argument in favor of the prisoner for a new trial, and demanded himself earnestly for his client. From the tone of the depositions, we think there was considerable irregularity in their proceedings and in their conduct. One of the most objectionable things stated to their conduct was that they had been furnished with liquor. Men who have the life of a fellow being in their hands ought to keep their mouths away from intoxicating liquors. The Court has not decided yet as to whether a new trial will be granted.

Com. vs. Augustus Moore.—Larceny. This defendant is a colored lad from Milton. Not guilty.

Com. vs. Frederick Grossman and Samuel Stutzner.—Burglary. These reprobates are from Milton also. They broke into a grocery store in that town some time since, and were detected in what they have heretofore been practicing without let or hindrance. It so happened that Stutzner, scenting the result in the distance, walked out of the court room with the jury, and has not since been heard from. Grossman was sentenced to fourteen months in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Com. vs Dr. C. E. Up Degraff. Practicing Surgery without License. The Doctor came to Sunbury in January, it is alleged to operate on the eye and ear for a brief period. An act of Assembly for this county, passed last winter, provides that a transient physician must pay a county license of $50, unless he intends to locate permanently. On the charge of violating this law, the Doctor is to be tried. He is now permanently located here and alleges that this was his intention from the beginning.

[The above are all the proceedings of Court up to the closing of our forms.

INSURANCE to any amount placed in reliable companies by L. M. Yoder, agent.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—An annual meeting of the Northumberland county Agricultural Society was held in the Arbitration room, on Tuesday, March 12th, 1872. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted. The following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

President—JOSEPH BIRD.

Recording Secretary—G. W. Armstrong.

Treasurer—J. H. McCormick.

Corresponding Secretary—John H. Vincent.

Vice Presidents—John McFarland, Lewis; Joseph Nicely, Jr., Delaware; Wm. Waldron, Turbut; James D. Barr, Turbutville borough; J. M. Follmer, Watsontown borough; H. J. Reader, McEwensville borough; Lewis Sticker, Milton, N. W.; L. Hoff, Milton, S. W.; G. Voris, Chillisquaque; Thos. Johnson, Point; Wm. T. Forsyth, Northumberland; J. M. Bartholomew, Sunbury, E. W.; Joseph Eyster, Sunbury, W. W.; George Gaul, Upper Augusta; Lemuel Shipman, Lower Augusta; Edward Grady, Rush twp.; John Moore, Snydertown borough; Stephen Bittenbender, Shamokin E. W.; H. H. Vangaskin, Shamokin, W. W.; A. A. Heim, Coal twp.; S. A. Bergstresser, Mt. Carmel borough; C. K. Weikel, Cameron twp.; J. E. Rathbun, Zerbe twp.; H. H. Dornsife, Little Mahanoy twp.; Joseph Mowrer, Upper Mahanoy twp.; J. G. Smith, Jackson twp.; John Wert, Jordan twp.; Peter Burrell, Sr., Lower Mahanoy twp.; O. H. Ostrander, Riverside borough.

Librarian—Geo. B. Cadwallader, Sunbury.

Agricultural Chemist—J. J. John, Shamokin.

Geologist—P. M. Shindel, Sunbury.

After the election, Joseph Bird, Pres't, called the Executive Committee together and organized for business.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Tuesday, March 19th, at the Court House.

G. W. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

SINCE the case of small pox to which we have before alluded, came to Shamokin Dam, we learn that the disease has been spreading, and that there are now no less than five cases of it. The schools have been closed.—*Selinsgrove Times.*

DESTROYING THE CONTAGION OF SMALL POX.—Our friend David Reimer, Esq., of Northumberland, has kindly furnished us the following translation from a late article published in a German Journal by Dr. Zinreck, in his official capacity as Government Physician to the citizens of Berlin:

"For the disinfection of a medium sized room, in which a small pox patient is being treated, all that is needed, beyond scrupulous cleanliness, is to place 8 or 10 drops of the Solution of Carbolic Acid upon a shallow plate or piece of glass for evaporation in some part of the apartment. This should be renewed daily.

For the disinfection of excrement, water closets, and privies, a mixture of 5 parts by weight of carbolic acid with 95 parts of slacked lime is needed. Four ounces of this powder is sufficient to destroy the small pox poison in a bucket of liquid or half liquid excrement. The disinfection is effected by intermingling the powder with the contents of the bucket.

Cotton or linen bed clothing, or wearing apparel, before being washed, should be soaked twenty-four hours in water, containing 2 ounces of Carbolic acid, and 4 ounces of washing soda, to each 25 gallons.

Woolen clothing, &c., should be soaked as long in a similar bath, leaving out the soda.

Beds, furs and cloth, which cannot be washed, should be sprinkled, or brushed off with a mixture of 2½ ounces of carbolic acid, dissolved in a quart of strong alcohol."

Every family and every physician should preserve a copy of this.

MRS. JANE LYNN, a Revolutionary pensioner, widow of John Lynn, died in Lock Haven, last Sunday a week, aged 87 years. Her husband was in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown, and narrowly escaped massacre at Paoli. He taught school in Union county in 1810.

Communicated.

[FOR THE AMERICAN.]

MR. EDITOR:—By a communication in last weeks paper, I perceived that a person calling himself "American" thought proper to cast some reflections upon myself, my lecture and entertainment, in order, to quote his words, "that other Lodges may keep their eyes skinned, and not be imposed upon in the same way." In reply to his remarks, I'd say, first that my lecture was not a voluntary one. A member of the Lodge at Trevorton, who is a gentleman, and myself were talking about temperance, and I having in my hands a written address, at his request read it to him, and he proposed that I should deliver the lecture in Trevorton. I agreed so to do, and all arrangements were to be made by a committee, and I was to be notified when these were completed. The time arrived and so did I. I had quite a good attendance in the church, and if my speech was, as he says, so dry, tasteless and uninteresting, it is strange that so many remained, though, 'tis true, a few did leave, Americus among the number, and he, I presume, not wishing to hear truth, whether taken from an *antediluvian Spelling Book* or not, found that the place was getting too hot for him, and retired with perhaps a flea in his ear. As far as my exhibition was concerned, *I* was satisfied if he was not. How could I expect a crowded house when there was another entertainment in the place of a different kind? Americus seems to be jealous of my perks. If he thinks he is better entitled to it than myself, I will donate it to him. I generally write my speeches, for they suit some young man whose callibre cannot contain many ideas, if any, at one time. As far as the bill presented is concerned, I shall only say that I authorized no bills to be printed, and the fact of their presenting such a bill, and expecting me to pay for it, does not reflect any great credit on the committee of arrangements, for they not only did not meet me at the depot, but none, save one, tried to make my acquaintance. Now, whether they considered me their superior by this conduct or not I cannot say, but the refusal to reimburse one member who paid the bill himself, is a stigma upon them which will place them in a proper light before the public. The bill of twelve dollars could not have been *passed* by them, or else they would not have stumbled over it. I think that if "Americus," a cognomen to which the writer is not entitled, looks at the matter in its proper light, he will perceive that his words to me are like pouring water on a duck's back, and I say just as the man said when the mule kicked him, "I consider the source." If the rest of the G. T's are like him heaven save the Lodge, for their efforts are in vain, to try to stop intemperance as long as a *Professor's* remarks strike any one of their members on a sore spot. I have thus endeavored to show my side of the question, and am willing to leave its settlement to a judicious, unbiased, discriminating public; and I sincerely hope that if Americus *indulges* slightly, he will see the error of his ways, and not try to set a person, who considers himself his superior, in a false light.

C. C. LEDDY.

Mount Carmel, March 12, 1872.

HOW I GOT MY BETS.

BY FRITZ GUELENSTEINBERGER, ESQ.

Yaw! Yaw! Yaw! Yaw!
Die country's very fost,
I think dere are some peples here,
Are very hard gone past.
Dr HEMPERLY is von of dem,
I think upon my sole,
He's climb'd, and climb'd and climb'd until
He's got on top der pole.

Von day I vants a picture got,
So I vent along into
His office, shop, or vat you call—
"Der artist's Studio."
He take mich picture, and you bet!
It was a good von nice.
Und den I ax him vat he charge
Or how much vas der price—
It vas so cheap, I thinks again for him I sure will set;
Und den I thinks so more as fifty oder vones I got.

Now mit dose pictures goot und nice,
I told you vat I do,
Und ven you hear vat vas I did,
I thinks you do so too.
I send von too mein Betsy dear
Who lives acrossder vay,
She is a *shaney gail* to see,
So handsome und so gay.

I sends her von dese pictures nice,
From Hemperly I gets,
She writes me back a *billey ducks**
I am your darling Betz,
Und show I never knows before
You did so handsome be,
Until you got von picture from
Der MILTON HEMPERLY.

GALLERY on 3d st., Sunbury, Pa. Challenges the country to excel his productions.

*French.

Business Notices.

SPRING GOODS.—Furniture of every style and quality for the Spring sales has just been received at B. L. Raudenbush's store in Masonic building. For the best and most stylish furniture, Raudenbush's cannot be excelled. Call and see the splendid Spring styles.

A Splendid Assortment of Spring Goods at Clement & Dissinger's.

Closing out Winter Stock at almost cost, at Clement & Dissinger's.

Shawls and Blankets at remarkably low prices, at Clement & Dissinger's.

A good assortment of Queensware just received at Clement & Dissinger's.

1000 dozen best Spool Cotton in the market, just received at Clement & Dissinger's, and for sale at the following prices: **6** cents per spool or **70** cents per dozen.

The largest, cheapest and best assortment of Cassimeres in town, just received at Clement & Dissinger's.

AMERICAN PRODUCT STILL AHEAD!—W. M. Daugherty is now using marble that is superior to the Italian for monuments and grave stones. While Italian marble cracks in less than ten years, the American has stood the test for over thirty years and found to stand our climate far better than any foreign marble. Call at his shop, opposite the Court House, and see his assortment. The prices have been greatly reduced.

BRIGHT AHEAD.—The homely virtues of economy and honest saving are excellent subjects for Sunday thought. No person can hope to prosper in life who is not careful about useless expenses, and carefulness is a matter of habit which is to be a matter of course. One must begin aright in forming such a habit, and in no other way can he begin so well as by going to Wm. H. Miller's Excelsior Boot and Shoe store and procure a fashionable and durable article at a low price.

A SUPERIOR article of Wheat and Buckwheat Flour, and Corn Meal, is sold at J. G. Trimble's Grocery at a low price.

A FACT worth remembering, that Weimer sells goods lower than the lowest. His stock of Dress Goods in Silks, Merinos, Empress cloth, Sattins, Plaids, &c., &c., are complete. Velvets and Velveteens 25 per cent lower than former prices. Waterproofs of the latest styles and best make. Ladies' Childrens' and Gents' Furs. His assortment of Shawls, embracing all the leading styles in the markets, which he offers at extremely low prices. Call and be convinced that Weimer's popular Cash Store is the place to secure bargains. His stock of goods is not to be surpassed by any in quantity, quality, or price. No trouble to show goods.

Having just returned from the New York markets, he is prepared to offer extra inducements to cash buyers.

INSURE on the reserve plan with L. M. Yoder.

BRIDGES keeping a fine assortment of Oranges, Lemons, Dried and Canned Fruit, Apples, Peaches and Confectionaries, good Canned Oysters, fresh and very palatable, can be procured at S. Byerly's store, on Third street. Families supplied with oysters daily.

THE splendid assortment of all kinds of Hats and Caps at S. Faust's store continue to attract attention, which are sold at reasonable prices.

How to get money is the great desire of all. A really good and serviceable Sewing Machine that will make money for you, or help you to save it. Will be sent to your own home on Trial of 30 days, no matter where you may be, and you can pay for it in small monthly installments, by writing to the American Machine Co., cor. John and Nassau Street, New York; or you can have a County Right free, as agent, and make money fast. We advise smart men to secure the business, as nothing pays better than the agency for a good Sewing Machine. Write at once.

Special Notices.

On Marriage.—Essays for Young Men, on Great Social Evils and Abuses, which interfere with Marriage, and ruin the happiness of thousands,—with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, deceased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.

Address, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Handsome Moustache.

MOUSTACHE. WHISKERS. MOUSTACHE. WHISKERS. MOUSTACHE. WHISKERS.

Prof. St. Croix's French Compound, the *Great* Hair Grower, will produce a luxuriant Moustache or Whiskers on the smoothest face. Pleasant to use. Sent to any address on receipt of Fifty Cents.

H. T. BOND, Chemist.

N. E. Cor. Tenth and Chestnut Sts., Phila.

Feb. 17, 1872.—1y.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used. (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
264 South Third Street, Williamsburgh, New York.

Nov. 11, 1871.—1y.

TO THE SUFFERING.

The Rev. William R. Norton, while residing in Brazil as a missionary, discovered in that land of medicines a remedy for CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, SORE THROAT, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, AND NERVOUS WEAKNESS. This remedy has cured myself after all other medicines had failed.

Wishing to benefit the suffering, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this remedy to all who desire it FREE OF CHARGE.

Please send no envelope, with your name and address on it.

Address,
REV. WILLIAM R. NORTON,
676 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK CITY.

Oct. 14 1871.—1y.

Market Reports.

Sunbury Grain & Produce Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HILE & GERINGER.

GRAIN—Choice White Wheat	$1 60
Best Amber, Winter	1 50
Corn	80
Rye	1 00
Oats, (32 lbs.)	50
Best Amber, Winter, per sack	2 00
" " " " barrel	8 00
Corn Meal, per cwt.	2 50
Pennsylvania Roll	25
EGGS—Per dozen	33
MEATS—Dried Beef, per lb	25@30
Smoked Mutton	16@12
LARD—per lb	20
FISH—Salt White Fish, per lb	15
" Trout "	16
Cod "	8
VEGETABLES—Turnips, per bushel	50
Potatoes " "	75
Onions " "	1 00
Beans, " quart	15@18
Hominy, " "	12
DRIED FRUITS—Dried Apples, per lb	12@36
" Peaches, "	20@25

New Advertisements.

Estate of Miranda Spatz, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Miranda Spatz, late of lower Mahanoy township, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

JOHN M. LENKER, Administrator.

Lower Mahanoy twp., March 2, 1872.—6t.

Don't Read This!!

Good morning, Mrs. A., where are you bound for so early?

Mrs. A.—Why Mrs. C., don't you know Mr. Byerly has bought out the Grocery and Confectionery Store of Haas & Weaver, and is selling nice fresh Groceries, Canned Fruit, and in fact, everything in the Grocery line, cheaper than the cheapest, and I have got tired paying high prices, so I have made up my mind after this to patronize Mr. Byerly. So good morning, Mrs. C. I must go.

Mrs. C., to herself.—Well I am bound to find out for myself, and will go to Byerly's new cheap cash Grocery, the next time I want any

Groceries, Confectioneries or Prime Oysters.

I will just say to all come and give me a trial, and satisfy yourselves that there is one cheap cash Grocery in Sunbury.

Remember the place, No. 11, South Third St., in Clement House Building, Sunbury, Pa.

S. BYERLY.

Sunbury, Jan. 20, 1872.

1872. 1872.

EYER & LANDELL,

Fourth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia,

DEALERS IN FINE

DRY GOODS!

Established in 1840.

Fine SILKS.
Fine SHAWLS.
WHITE GOODS.
BLACK GOODS.
DRESS GOODS.
LINEN GOODS.
WOOLEN GOODS.
Good FLANNELS.
Fine HOSIERY.
Best GLOVES—only.
15,000 GOOD BLACK SILKS.

Wholesale and Retail.

March 2, 1872.—6t.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
oany with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations, when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind. It is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or VITAL PRINCIPLE or Roots, Herbs and Barks, (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medical virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use; they cannot make drunkards, and cannot, under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefited by it, will most certainly be cheated.

Hoofland's German Bitters, or

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC, with HOOFLAND'S **Podophyllin Pill,**

will cure you. They are the Greatest BLOOD PURIFIERS known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from Impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or Diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

WHO WOULD ASK FOR MORE DISTINGUISHED AND STRONGER TESTIMONY!

HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.

GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. *Wm. F. Rogers*, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1866.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. *James M. Wood*, Ex-Mayor of Williamsport, Pa.

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep any food on my