Sunbury American.

SUNBURY, DEC. 23, 1871.

Railroad Time Tables.

N. C. R. W.—East.		P. & E. R. R.—West.	
Buffalo Ex l've	12:20 a m	Erie Mail, l've	1:00 a m
Erie " "	9:20 "	Accom. "	6:15 "
Elmira Mail "	11:05 "	Niagara Ex "	12:40 p m
Niagara Ex. "	4:40 p m	Elmira Mail "	4:35 "
		Erie Ex. "	6:50 "

SHAMOKIN DIVISION N. C. R. W.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Sunbury at	11:50 a m	At Sunbury	9:55 a m
"	4:40 p m	"	4:00 p m

D. H. & W. R. R.

Leave Sunbury—5:40 a. m., 4:45 and 6:50 p. m.
Arr. at Sunbury—9:50 a m, 6:20 and 10:40 p. m.

SUNBURY & LEWISTOWN R. R.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Sunbury at 6:30 a. m.		At Sunbury 3:35 a. m.	
" " 11:40 a. m.		" " 10:45 a. m.	

Accident Insurance Tickets can be had of J. Shipman, Ticket Agent at the Depot.

Local Affairs.

SEWING MACHINES.—Miss Caroline Dallas is the agent for the sale of the best Sewing Machines in existence, viz: "The Improved Singer," "Grover & Baker" "Howe," and "Domestic," which are constantly on hand and sold at reasonable prices. She is also agent for the celebrated Frantz and Pope Knitting Machine. Call and see them. Office on Market street, east of the railroad.

"THE FOOD WE EAT."—A first rate lecture was given by Prof. Peck, in the Baptist church on Tuesday evening last, and the audience, like Oliver Twist, called for more. The Professor consented to give another on this (Saturday), evening, and those who propose to hear it should secure seats by going early.

D. H. & W. R. R.—Passenger trains are now regularly running between Sunbury and Hazleton. They leave Sunbury at 5:46 a m.; arrive at Hazleton at 9 a. m.; leave Hazleton at 7.10 p. m.; arrive at Sunbury at 10.17 p. m.

THE carrier of the AMERICAN, desires us to remind his patrons that he will be waiting upon them on New Years day with a spicy address. As these are hard times, and just the beginning of a cold and frosty winter, and his bottom dollar having vanished long since, he hopes that he will receive a bountiful supply of the "needful," so that his physiognomy may assume rather shape for at least twelve months to come.

WE have concluded to pay a friendly visit to many of our subscribers during the holidays, and those who owe us, we hope they will be ready to give us further encouragement by squaring up their accounts with a cheerful heart.

COLD WEATHER.—Thursday morning was the coldest of this remarkably cold winter. The thermometer at 8 a. m., stood at zero.

A NEW HARDWARE STORE.—Major D. Heim & Son have opened a new hardware store a few doors east of Drumheller's Hotel, Market street. They have an extensive assortment.

THE ladies' festival in Pleasant's building, recently occupied by N. F. Lightner, will open this (Friday), evening, and continue during the holidays. A Silver Tea Service will be put up to be voted for by the friends of the different Ministers of Sunbury. The proceeds are to be applied to the parsonage now building.

A LECTURE ON ROMANISM IN AMERICA.—A lecture will be delivered in Garinger's Opera House, on New Year's evening, by Prof. E. J. Bowman. Subject—"Romanism in America." The proceeds of the lecture will be donated to Mr. John A Taylor, of Northumberland, who unfortunately lost his right arm by an accident on the railroad a few months ago. As Mr. Taylor is a worthy man and well known to the community, we hope to see this excellent lecture well patronized.

ACCORDING to our usual custom, no paper will be issued next week from this office in order to give our hands an opportunity to take some recreation during the holidays. As we issue two extras annually containing the messages of the President and Governor, our readers will lose nothing by an omission of one week.

EXCURSIONS.—Excursion tickets over the Philadelphia & Erie, and Sunbury & Lewistown railroads will be sold on the 23d, 24th and 25th inst., good until the 3rd of January. Tickets can be had of Mr. Jacob Shipman, ticket agent, at the depot. This will give parties a good opportunity to travel at reduced rates.

DRUGS, Medicines and Fancy Goods at Kilmer's Drug Store. d23tf.

A RUMOR prevails that the new railroad passenger depot, now in course of erection at this place, is to be abandoned for that purpose, and that a large union depot is to be built on the site of the present and old depot.—*Democrat of last week.*

Several persons, under the impression that the above had been published in the AMERICAN, called upon us to know the truth of the rumor. We state that we knew nothing of the matter, and if such an article had been published, it must have been in one of our Democratic journals, in which marvellous stories are never out of place.

HANDSOME CAKES.—Those wishing to procure handsome Holiday Cakes, should not forget that DAVID FRY, on Spruce street, has the finest assortment that can be had in this place. Mr. Fry's reputation as a baker is widely known, and those visiting his establishment will be satisfied that his present assortment is not excelled.

HUNTING is very *indignant* at the *Sunbury Gazette.*

THE AMERICAN this week will be found more than usually interesting. We have placed on our outside a Christmas story which should be readily every one, and which contains an excellent moral. On our inside pages will be found an interesting letter from our friend H. D. Wharton, Esq., giving an account of the Pennsylvania Republican Reception at Washington, together with the speech of the Hon. J. B. Packer on that occasion. On our third page will be found a very able charge to the Grand Jury of Montour county, by the newly elected Judge of this Judicial District. Judge Rockefeller has acquitted himself well on this occasion, and his address shows that the people of this district have not been disappointed in their selection of a man who has not only the qualifications, but has the nerve to perform his duty without fear or favor, seeking only to Him, who judges all, to guide him in the performance of his duty to deal out justice to his fellow men.

PASSENGER TRAINS.—Few people have any conception of the increased passenger travel and rate induced by the rail road facilities now offered. This place is now the terminus of five railroads, namely—The Northern Central, Philadelphia & Erie, Shamokin Valley, Danville & Tamaqua, and the Sunbury & Lewistown. The number of arrivals and departures of passenger trains in this place is thirty-one in every twenty-four hours. The freight trains are at least double that number, making in all nearly one hundred trains daily. These with their conductors, engineers, firemen, brakemen, baggage masters, ticket agents, express agents, &c., give employment to a large force, whose monthly pay roll must amount to a large sum of money.

Judge Rockefeller's Charge to the Grand Jury of Montour County.

The first Court held by His Honor Judge Rockefeller, in this Judicial District, commenced on Monday last, at Danville, Montour county. On opening Court the Court House was filled to its utmost. After the Grand Jury was empanelled, the new Judge delivered his charge to them as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY:—The institution of Grand Juries hold the most distinguished place in all places and devices established for securing the wise and uniform execution of the criminal law. This institution, it is said, is the boast of the common law; and that the era of its commencement is concealed behind the veil of a very remote antiquity. The origin of charges to grand juries, which were no doubt introduced and properly intended to assist them in that duty to which they are called by the country, is perhaps equally ancient. To assist them in the performance of their duties is the primary and principal object of a charge by the court, but digressions, in the strictness foreign to the occasion, are frequently and perhaps properly indulged, especially at the first or last Sessions of a recently elected or retiring President Judge.

Under this indulgence we may be allowed at this time and in this place to congratulate the people of Montour county and of the Judicial district on their good fortune in the past. Of the present it is not for us to speak, and of the future it is not given us to know. Previous to the year 1850 all the Judges of the several courts of this State were appointed by the Governor, but in that year the constitution of Pennsylvania was amended, and from that time all Judges of the courts have been elected by the people. The first election under the new amendment was held in the fall of 1851, which resulted in the choice of the Hon. Alexander Jordan, of Sunbury, Northumberland county, as President Judge of this the eighth Judicial district of Pennsylvania.

We need scarcely say that Judge Jordan has acquired and merited a most enviable reputation as a jurist, and no Common Pleas Judge has ever retired from the bench amid greater expressions of profound regret on the part of both the bar and the people. All believe him to be an honest man, a Christian and a gentleman. Having served with so much satisfaction for two successive terms or twenty years, no one doubts but that had his health permitted him to accept a renomination, he would have been again elected for another term without opposition. At the last September Sessions he delivered his last charge to a grand jury of Montour county, and whilst it is to be hoped that he may long live to enjoy retired life, the scene here is entirely changed. Other faces are seen and other voices are heard admonishing us of the successive charges that are continually going on all around.

We are fully impressed with the great responsibility that devolves upon us in assuming the Judicial functions. It matters not what may have been our experiences as an advocate or counsel, as a Judge it can hardly be expected that the business of the courts will at once be conducted with as much dispatch as might be done by one with twenty years' experience on the bench.

Our aim and highest ambition will be to administer the laws of Pennsylvania with strict impartiality, and to the best of our judgment, mete out evenhanded justice to all.

The due administration of justice cannot be too highly appreciated. It comes home to every one. The people look to their courts of justice for protection in all their rights, appertaining to life, liberty and property. No greater calamity could befall a free people than to be burdened with a corrupt or inefficient judiciary. They stand between the honest and the dishonest, the pure and the corrupt. They must be actuated by pure motives and honest intentions. They must possess integrity of heart, firmness without obstinacy, discretion without timidity, knowledge without conceit and judgment without presumption. Freedom cannot exist without law, and a law ignorantly, partially or uncertainly administered, is the worst kind of tyranny.

We live in an age of crime. Murder stalks throughout the land, and crimes of every grade are fearfully on the increase. In this Judicial district, within the short space of a few months, no less than three wilful murders have been committed for no other or manifest cause, than that the unfortunate victims were willing to work for reasonable wages to earn bread for their dependant families. Yet no citizen or officer of the law has ever made the slightest effort to bring the perpetrators of these horrible outrages to justice. This should not be so. It is the duty of every good citizen and of every peace officer, when a crime is known to have been committed, be it what it may, to use due diligence in endeavoring to ferret out the criminal and have him punished. The time has come when the courts must *rigidly* enforce the criminal laws of the land. The end and object of all human punishment is the prevention of future offences of the same kind; first by the amendment of reformation of the offender himself; second, by deterring others by the dread of his example from offending in like manner, and lastly, by depriving the party injuring of the power to do future mischief. Experience has convinced us that in our day the mildness of the court's sentences has not had the desired effect. A fine of a few dollars or an imprisonment for a few months in the county jail, where access by friends is frequently permitted and ever encouraged, has generally had but slight, if any, influence in the reformation of the culprit, and he only remembers his trial, conviction and punishment with feelings of contempt for the weakness of the law and of disregard for the penalties it imposes.

Gentlemen, you have just been sworn to the exercise of one of the most important parts of the administration of public justice; you are to stand in the middle, to guard, protect and justify the innocent man from the false suspicions and accusations, and at the same time to guard the laws, to bring the criminal to justice and see that the public laws are not suffered to be violated with impunity.

Your office is but temporary, but at the same time let it be deeply impressed upon your minds that it is of the utmost importance to you, your families and your fellow citizens,

The man of whom the destinies of this great nation once seemingly depended, after having successfully commanded her armies, and after having filled the highest office in the gift of the American people for eight years, was afterwards called to act as a juror, and on that occasion, freely and unhesitatingly declared that of all the positions he had ever occupied, he felt, that to act as a juror on questions involving the fortunes, good name and life of his fellow citizens, was the most important.

Would that all men when they are summoned to court as jurors would earnestly reflect upon the grave import of their duties and how vastly they concern their fellow men.

You have, by your oaths, appealed to the Supreme Being to judge of the integrity of your deliberations and presentments, and this trust is one of those of which you must give an account at the great day. You have first sworn that you will diligently inquire and true presentment make of all such articles, matters and things as shall be given you in charge or otherwise come to your knowledge, touching the present service, the Commonwealth's Counsel; your fellows, and your own you keep secret, that you will present no one for envy, hatred or malice, neither will you leave any one unpresented for fear, favor or affection, hope of reward or gain, but that you will present all things truly as they come to your knowledge according to the best of your understanding.

The subjects on which your deliberations are to be exercised are such as are given you in charge, or such as you know of your own knowledge—bills of indictment, with the names of the witnesses, will be given you by the District Attorney for all offences known to him or for which public prosecutions have been commenced; but if the jury, of their own knowledge, or the knowledge of any of them, or from the examination of witnesses, know of any offence committed in the county, for which no indictment is preferred to them, it is their duty to inform the officer of the Commonwealth of the nature of the offence, and if he does not prepare an indictment it is then your duty to give such information to the court.

When a charge is regularly preferred against an individual it is of the utmost importance that you should understand the nature of your duty—First, the foreman of the grand jury or any member thereof, is authorized to administer the requisite oath or affirmation to any witness whose name may be marked by the District Attorney on the bill of indictment. You are not to hear any of the defendant's witnesses, but only such as are produced by the Commonwealth. You are not to determine the question of the guilt or innocence of the accused, as that is the exclusive province of the Petit or Traverse Jury. With the assistance and under the direction of the court upon points of law, but your duty is simply to inquire into the nature and probable grounds of the charge, whether it is probable that the defendant is guilty, or in other words, whether you have reasonable evidence that the facts stated in the bill are true. Every offence against the laws of the land ought to be punished, but it is a very serious and solemn matter for a person to be placed on trial at the bar of a court of justice, and Grand Juries are intended as a check on malice and calumny, to prevent prosecutions where there is no foundation, but where there is a rational ground of probability, they should not stop the ordinary course of trial by a Traverse Jury, and if they do, they act unjustly and violate their oaths and their duty to the community. A bill must not be respected through motives of compassion or because the act charged may seem to be trifling, such as a mere assault, which is an inchoate act of violence, or a battery which includes an assault, and is the actual doing the injury, be it ever so small, for the person of every man is sacred, and it is impossible to draw a line between the different degrees of violence, and therefore the law prohibits the first or last degree. It is only charges that are unfounded and of which you have no reasonable evidence of their truth that you are to reject, for if the charge be well founded the motive of the prosecutor cannot enter into the question. If an act is done or committed in violation of a public law it then becomes only a question between the Commonwealth and the defendant.

You ought not hear witnesses whose names are not marked by the District Attorney on the bill of indictment, nor ought you to listen to men who have so little sense of duty or regard for the laws of the land, or respect for the character of a juror, that when any question in which they or their friends are interested is likely to come before the Grand Jury, will go among them and enter into conversation with them, or even in their presence and hearing in relation to the matter about to engage their consideration and attention, with the view of influencing their judgment.

The good sense of the community, having a proper regard for the public safety, of private rights and of the channels of justice, should frown down every such thing as boring or private solicitation.

Neither Judge nor Jury must for a moment allow it in regard to any matter in Court; they must be no respectors of persons, in judgment they must know no body, they must decide alike of friends and foes; and the man who will undertake either directly or indirectly to influence or persuade by private solicitation or otherwise, any member of the court or a Juror in favor of one side or the other, cannot be embued with a proper respect for the law, and cannot have a proper appreciation of his own duty as a law abiding citizen. He is a disgrace everywhere, and liable to the highest penalties of the law.

It is your duty not to listen to any conversation whatever in regard to any matter before, or likely to come before, the Grand Jury, and never to speak of it yourselves except in full Jury, and if any person attempts to engage you in conversation out of doors in relation to such matter, your duty is to inform the court.

If any matter should come before the Grand Jury in which any member thereof, or any relation of his, is interested, it is his duty to inform the court, so that he may be excused or withdrawn while the case is under consideration.

The law for certain and wise reasons requires all your proceedings to be in secret. Your oath enjoins secrecy. You have sworn not to disclose the Commonwealth's counsel, your fellows or your own.

When you are satisfied from the examination of one or more witnesses, of the truth of the accusation, or have reasonable evidence of the truth of the matters alleged in the bill, your foreman by your directions, will endorse on the bill of indictment. "A true bill," and sign his name thereto as foreman; but before you can return a bill as "true," twelve at least of the Jury must agree to such finding. If the Jury think it is a groundless prosecution, or have no evidence that the defendant is probably guilty of the charge, it is their duty to return the bill endorsed "ignoramus," we are ignorant of any such charge, or you may write upon it, "not a true bill," or which perhaps is the better way, "not found," and such endorsement, as in the case of a true bill, is to be subscribed by the foreman with the addition of "foreman" to his name. Under the provisions of the act of 1860, commonly known as the Penal Code, in all prosecutions, cases of felony excepted, if the bill of indictment shall be returned "ignoramus" the Grand Jury returning the same shall decide and certify on such bill whether the county or prosecutor shall pay the costs of prosecution, and in any case in which you so determine and direct the prosecutor to pay the costs, you are to name him in your return.

In any such case it requires that at least twelve of your number should concur for that purpose; and as this, and all other decisions of the Grand Jury, are made in the absence of the party, who has no opportunity of defence, it is but just that you should make strict inquiry as to the person who is actually the prosecutor, and, also, into all the circumstances which require the imposition of costs as a punishment. There may be many causes in which it would be unjust to impose the costs on a prosecutor, although he may not be able to furnish all the proof necessary to convince you of the probable guilt of the defendant; for if he satisfies you that an offence against the public law was committed, and that he prosecuted the accused in good faith, believing that he was the guilty party, it would not in all cases be right to make him pay the costs. This would, in many instances, discourage public prosecutions against the worst sort of criminals. It is only trifling, *unfounded* and malicious charges that the act, which is a beneficial one, intended to suppress Grand Juries are intended as a check on trifling vindictive and ridiculous charges, and should never allow themselves to be made the instruments of private malice; and to prevent *unfounded* prosecutions, they may even punish the prosecutor by compelling him to pay the costs. Your duty, in this respect, is a plain one, although requiring the exercise of a sound and impartial judgment, with no other motive but public justice. You can never impose the costs on the defendant. If you ignore the bill you are to determine the question of costs between the Commonwealth and the prosecutor; but if you find the bill "true," the defendant may or may not be obliged to pay the costs, which will be determined by the Court and Jury in subsequent proceedings.

The state of the public buildings and the conduct of all concerned in the management of them are proper subjects for your examination and presentment. You should visit the public prisons before the close of the session, and see that all are in good order and properly conducted, and if abuses exist they should be presented to the Court that they may direct means to prevent them.

These, gentlemen, are about all the instructions that the Court deems it necessary to give you at this time.

We will earnestly endeavor to do our whole duty in the part of the administration of public justice that is allotted to us; and that you who are selected as the first Grand Jury for Montour county under our administration, will, in your place, contribute to this important purpose, by bringing every offender to light, the Court has no doubt; remembering that the safety of the people and the gold order of your county depend, in a great measure, on the fidelity with which Grand Juries perform their duties. Let no party or political bias, nor religious prejudice, swerve you from the line of your duty. You have sworn to present no man from hatred, envy or malice, and to leave no man unpresented for love, fear, favor, reward or any hope thereof; but to present all things truly as they come to your knowledge according to your understanding. With this oath well understood, and its solemnity deeply impressed on the mind, a complete directory is at once constituted for the discharge of this honorable office in a proper manner.

LAZARUS & MORRIS' Perfected Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, at A. M. MEIXELL'S.

LIST of letters remaining in the Sunbury Post Office, week ending Dec. 20, 1871:

J. Bache, Miss Celica E. Brown, Miss Annie Clifton, Sidney Crane, John Day, Jno. Diemer, Rev. A. H. Dotterer, Rev L. G. Eppes, Thomas Good, A Gordon, John Hasson, J. H. Jenkins, (Cashier), Miss Anna Jones, Isaac Kline, Jr., A. G. Manlove, Esq., Mrs. Mary Maris, Miss Eliza Moore, Miss Sallie E. Prettyman, William Stewart, Miss Mary A. Shipe, Oliver Scood, Mrs. C. H. Vandyne, Mrs. Jane Young, Jos. Young, Mrs. Mary H. Wallace, Nathaniel Wright, Mrs. Harry C. Wallace, Miss A. M. Weiser, Ben. Yates.

Persons calling for the above letters will please give date of advertisement.

JOHN J. SMITH, P. M.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Berrysburg, Dauphin county, to the *Lykens Register*, has the following:

"Mr. Daniel Deibler, living about two miles north of this place, had twin daughters presented to him by his *better half* on last Sunday. Mrs. Deibler is now upward of sixty years old, and has not had any children for some years. Upper Dauphin keeps up to, or rather ahead of the times. May they live many years together and enjoy each others' society."

THE PRINCE OF WALES NOT DEAD.—The last advices from the Prince of Wales are favorable to his recovery. It is said that when he was surrounded by his friends, and lying in a delirious state, he suddenly raised up and inquired whether it was correct that Thos. G. Nott, of Sunbury, Pa., was making up all those fashionable suits for gentlemen that are worn everywhere. When he was answered in the affirmative, he said he too, would send for one. Since then he is improving in health, and it is expected he will shortly send his measure for a suit of clothes to Mr. Nott, who receives orders from abroad and guarantees a perfect fit.

WORT ASSOCIATE WITH THEM.—A. A. Sidesler, Esq., President of the Pennsylvania Republican Association, at Washington city, who is one of those liberal hearted men we meet with occasionally, is distributing his complimentaries for the series of Sociables of the Association, sent one to our neighbor of the *Democrat*, as well as other Democratic editors in the State, expecting that our neighbor would like to mingle occasionally among men who control the destinies of this nation, viz—President, Cabinet, Senators, and members of Congress, to obtain new ideas for his readers. By the last issue of that paper, we notice that the editor declines the invitation because he has never been accustomed to associate in society outside of modern Democracy, and as none of the O'Brian's, O'Rafferty's, and O'Rourke's are expected to be present, our neighbor thinks he would be at a loss how to act. He says, "we would feel entirely out of place in a place like that, where we would be in constant dread of having our Democratic feelings hurt by the speechifying. Oh, no! none of that kind of "sociable" for us." We have not the least doubt but what the editor is sincere, as he has never been accustomed to mingle with any but modern Democrats, he would undoubtedly appear rather awkward in the presence of President, Senators and Congressmen. We feel sorry, that our neighbor cannot yield his prejudices, and seek associates occasionally where he might learn how to behave when he goes away from home to mingle in the society of intelligent men.

DEATH OF COL. A. T. BISEL.—We regret to learn that Col. Amos T. Bisel, formerly from this county but late of Lock Haven, died at the latter place on Thursday of last week, of that loathsome disease, small pox. Col. Bisel represented this county in the Legislature for two years, and was highly esteemed wherever known. At the time of his death he was extensively engaged in business at Lock Haven, and was one of the moving spirits in the improvements of that flourishing town. His loss will cast a gloom over every community where he was known. Since writing the above, we learn that Mrs. Bisel, wife of Col. Bisel, has also died with the same disease. She was a very estimable lady, and her loss will be much felt by her numerous friends.

FIRE AT MT. CARMEL.—The Mt. Carmel Iron Co.'s foundry and machine shops, leased and worked by Joseph Gilmour, were burned to the ground on Tuesday night. The fire broke out about 11 o'clock, but how it originated we have been unable to learn. The loss is estimated at $25,000, and is partially covered by insurance.—*Shamokin Herald.*

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—This body convened on Monday last, and held their sessions in the Court House at this place. The attendance of teachers was unusually large. Their proceedings were interesting and instructive.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—H. B. Masser, who is the agent of Chickering and Decker and Barnes Pianos; Mason & Hamlins and the Silver Tongue Organs, will sell these Pianos and Organs at greatly reduced prices for Christmas presents. Also the best imported chromo paintings.

NEARLY A FATAL ACCIDENT.—The other day while a gentleman from Shamokin was coming up 2d street his progress was stopped by the cars which were crossing Market street at a considerable rate of speed. The train being long, the gentleman waited impatiently for some time for them to pass. At last becoming impatient for the delay, he rushed across the cars while the train was in motion, and in his hurry came near falling under the wheels, being only rescued by the by standers. When questioned why he was so rash as to attempt to cross while the train was in motion, he boorishly exclaimed that he feared, if he did not hurry, that the great rush at Clement & Dieslinger's would buy all those cheap goods before he could get there. He wouldn't chance at those water-proofs, shawls, velveteens, cashmeres and dry goods generally, besides the cheap, first class groceries. He became satisfied when assured that although Clement & Dieslinger are selling an immense amount of goods, they are constantly renewing their stock.

WE ANNOUNCE with pleasure the first appearance of the celebrated Montforth Rayel Pantomime Troupe, at the Opera House, Sunbury, next Tuesday evening, Dec. 26. The Providence *Herald*, in speaking of their entertainment says:

"The performances of the whole company displayed many most excellent points, and in great measure is worthy of commend too, and we shall welcome them most heartily to this city, whenever they may choose to pay us a visit, satisfied that there's as healthy, buxsiles, agreeable, and in many respects an artistic, a fashion of entertainment as we have seen for a long time.

THE following is the list of applicants for License at January Court:

TAVERN.

1 Wm. Reese, Sunbury borough, old stand.
2 Geo. S. Barr, North'd borough, "
3 Geo. W. Schive, Jr. Augusta twp., new stand.
4 Wm. T. Engleman, Sunbury boro., old stand.
5 D. B. Fox, Lower Augusta twp., old stand.
6 Patrick Tinen, Shamokin boro., "
7 Robert Nicholson, Shamokin boro., old stand.
8 Patrick Kearns, Shamokin boro., "
9 Christian Grubb, Watsont'n boro., new stand.
10 Jesse Hensyl, Shamokin twp., old stand.
11 Hileman & West, L. Mahanoy twp., old stand.
12 Tutts & Delaney, Sunbury boro., old stand.
13 Andrew Geaghan, Shamokin boro., old stand.
14 Ed. T. West, Mt. Carmel boro., "
15 Jno. Clifford, Shamokin boro., old stand.
16 Michael Faherty, Shamokin boro., old stand.
17 Daniel A. Stattler, " " new stand.
18 Anthony Hinghart, Cameron twp., "
19 Michael Haley, Coal twp., "

RESTAURANTS.

1 Joseph Bacher, Sunbury boro., old stand.
2 George Bounk, " " new stand.
3 Jacob Bader, Shamokin boro., old stand.
4 Geo. S. Fisher, " " new stand.
5 Francis Reed, " " old stand.
6 Lewis Hummel, " " "
7 Jacob Trometter, " " "
8 John McManus, " " "
9 James Vanclyke, Sunbury boro., new stand.
10 Valentine W. Fisher, Zerbe twp., old stand.
11 George Ayer, Coal twp., new stand.
12 John Zerbe, Shamokin boro., new stand.
13 Andrew Deaffler, South Danville, old stand.
14 Michael White, Coal twp., old stand.

LIQUOR STORES.

1 Christian Neff, Sunbury boro., old stand.
2 Patrick Daly, Shamokin boro., old stand.

Business Notices.

NEVER before was there such an opportunity to buy Holiday Presents as there is now at B. L. Rauchenbush's large Furniture Store, in Masonic buildings.

GRAND DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS.—Mr. J. B. Hass, in Pleasant's building, has opened a grand variety of Toys, Confectioneries, Fruit, Nuts, &c., for the Holidays, which he is selling at wholesale and retail. Apples, Dried Apples, Fancy Sliced Apples, Dried Peaches, Dried Corn, Potatoes, Canned Fruit in every variety, Pickled Vegetables, &c., are among the variety just opened. Call and see the many fine toys and confectionaries.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS.—A. M. Meixell always ahead in the Jewelry trade.

The largest and best assorted stock of Ladies' Gold Watches, Gold Chains, Fine sets of Jewelry, Gold Pens & Pencils, Silver and Plated Ware, ever brought offered in Sunbury. Persons seeking to make a fine present, can do well to call at Meixell's and make a selection; quite a number have already left orders.

Goods sold at the very lowest rates, and warranted as represented.

Very Respectfully,
A. M. MEIXELL.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Toys, Toys, Toys, in innumerable quantities and styles, from 1 ct. to almost any price, at Lightner's.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Writing Desks, Initial Paper, Gold Pens and Holders, new designs, beautiful and useful, at Lightner's.

"PUT A HEAD ON YOU," is a phrase much in vogue at the present time, but S. Faust, the popular hat and cap merchant, can put a hat on your head that will make you feel new all over. He has the neatest and gayest assortment of hats and caps ever manufactured, and invites all the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity to call and see them. He disposes of his stock at a low figure. His store is on Market Square.

WE will all club together and go to Brocious' where we can buy all kinds of plain and fancy Groceries at greatly reduced prices *for cash.*

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—The shelves at Lightner's fairly give way with the abundance of elegant books suitable for Christmas gifts.

STOVES.—Three second hand heaters and stoves, nearly as good as new for sale at half price.—Enquire at this office.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Canary Birds, Handsome Cages, just the thing for a present, at Lightner's.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Rocking Horses, Express Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Wooden Carts, for the youngsters, at Lightner's.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—The Doll Baby Department at Lightner's can't be excelled in this section of the State.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Stereoscopic Views of White Mountain Scenery, at Lightner's.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Photograph Albums, handsome and at low figures, at Lightner's.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Handsome Family Bibles, Elegant Books, Fireside Games, at Lightner's.

A FULL line of Plain and Fancy Groceries kept at Brocious'—Kirby's old stand, Bright's Building, Market street.

NEW Layer Raisins, Citron, Cranberries, new Currants, dried Peaches, dried Apples, sweet Corn, and dried Berries of all kinds can be had at Brocious'.

A SPLENDID assortment of Christmas presents at Clement & Dieslingers.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Toilet articles, a great variety at Lightner's.

THE sweetest Hams, and nicest dried Beef in the market at Brocious'.

AN excellent base burning coal Stove, good as new, for sale at less than half price. Inquire at this office.

A NICE Holiday Present may be bought at Kilmer's Drug Store for a small sum of money.

GOLD WATCHES and Opera Chains for Christmas Presents, at A. M. MEIXELL'S.

FRYLING has received New Goods which he has selected with care.

FRYLING has the reputation of selling the best Goods at the lowest prices.

FRYLING will not be undersold. Call and see his black and colored Alpacas, French Merinos and other seasonable Dress Goods

FRYLING is determined to maintain the reputation of the Mammoth. Fryling's Goods always give satisfaction.

SILVERWARE, an elegant assortment of beautiful designs, at A. M. MEIXELL'S.

ONCE A YEAR.

Mother, you know that Christmas comes but once a year,
And we expect father to get us a nice present, not too dear.
All I want is a pair of Miller's Fine Gaiters, for they wear;
And he sells so very cheap that you can get them there.

Daughter, I know that Christmas comes but once a year,
And you shall have a present that is not dear,
For father shall go to W. H. Miller's and get you a pair
Of his best Kversilor Fine Shoes, for I am sure they will wear.

Mother, you know that Christmas comes but once a year,
And you must have a present too, and that this year
For you might not live to enjoy a Christmas a year,
And at W. H. Miller's I can get a pair that will last you all the year.

Daughter, I know that christmas comes but once a year,
And Father too must have a present this year,
And to W. H. Miller's we will go and get him a good pair
Of his best Boots, and he will warrant them to wear.

Friends, we know that Christmas comes but once a year,
And to my store you can come without fear,
To get your Boots and Shoes at prices not to very dear,
To suit Father, Mother, and all for Christmas Presents, that will not tear.

A FACT worth remembering, that Weimer sells goods lower than the lowest. His stock of Dress Goods in Silks, Merinos, Empress cloth, Satins, Plaids, &c., &c., are complete. Velvets and Velveteens 15 per cent lower than former prices. Waterproofs of the latest styles and best make. Ladies' Childrens' and Gents' Furs. His assortment of Shawls, embracing all the leading styles in the markets, which he offers at extremely low prices. Call and be convinced that Weimer's popular Cash Store is the place to secure bargains. His stock of goods is not to be surpassed by any in quantity, quality, or price. No trouble to show goods.

Having just returned from the New York markets, he is prepared to offer extra inducements to cash buyers.

HOW to get money is the great desire of all. A really good and serviceable Sewing Machine that will make money for you, or help you to save it. Will be sent to your own home on Trial of 30 days, no matter where you may be, and you can pay for it in small monthly installments, by writing to the American Machine Co., cor. John and Nassau Street, New York; or you can have a County Right free, as agent, and make money fast. We advise smart men to secure the business, as nothing pays better than the agency for a good Sewing Machine. Write at once.

Marriages.

On the 12 inst., by the Rev. Dr. G. L. Roth, of the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. HENRY A. FRY, of Columbus, Georgia, formerly of Sunbury, Pa., to Miss DORA SHOUP, of Columbus, Ga.

At Zion's Lutheran Parsonage, Tuftsville, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. Jacob F. Wampole, Mr. HENRY WAGNER to Miss KATE L. AUNT, both of Limestone, Montour county.

On the 14th inst., at the same place, by the same, Mr. WILLIAM H. HOWER to Miss DELIRAH S. EMBACH, both of Tuftsville.

Deaths.

In Penn's township, Snyder county, on the 14th inst., GEORGE A. SNYDER, Esq., father of Jeremiah Snyder, Esq., of this place, aged 68 years.

In Derry township, Montour county, on the 9th inst., ANDREW SNYDER, aged 17 years, 8 months and 2 days.

In Limestone, Montour county, on the 13th inst., ANN ANDREW, ELIZABETH, wife of Jos. Fadness, aged 69 years, 3 months and 8 days.

In the same, on the 17th inst., Infant HERBERT A., second son of Jacob W. and Alice M. Bright, aged 4 years, 1 month and 17 days.

Little Herbert has left us,
Complaining his soul to God,
Who guards and who cares
Too this mansion so high.

Oh! hard to part with one dear child,
But thy will be done.
Christ has said in touching sinners,
Such is the kingdom above.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
Many with Debilitated Digestive Organs,
Or suffering with any of the following symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations, when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Rushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind. Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or VITAL PRINCIPLE OR ROOTS, Herbs and Barks, (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medical virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The herbs, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use; they cannot make drunkards, and cannot, under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases where some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefited by it, will most certainly be cheated.

Hoofland's German Bitters, or HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC, with HOOFLAND'S Podophyllin Pill,

will cure you. They are the Greatest BLOOD PURIFIERS known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from Impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or Diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

WHO WOULD ASK FOR MORE DISTINCT AND STRONGER TESTIMONY!

HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.

GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

HON. WM. F. ROGERS, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.

May