

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Auditor General, DAVID STANTON, OF DEWEY COUNTY.

For Surveyor General, ROBERT B. BEATH, OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

By comparing the returns published in our last issue, it will be seen that the candidates slaughtered at the late Democratic Convention were by a fair vote elected or nominated by majorities ranging from two to four hundred. But as "there is many a slip between the cup and the lip," they unfortunately were compelled to submit. The candidates placed on the ticket are now endeavoring to bring about a conciliation, and urge them to "stick to the ticket."

The North Carolina Ku-Klux seem to have no regard whatever for the Democratic party of the North. While the organs of the Northern Democracy are iterating and reiterating the soothing story that all reports of outrages upon Republicans in the South are merely political fustian, these insidious ruffians, absolutely regardless of partisan management, pull down and drag out a Republican printing office in Rutherford County, capture a Republican Representative to the Legislature, beat him, and drum him out of town, after making him promise to cease playing the "Conservative" party, and so play a variety of fantastic tricks which are all traceable directly to the Ku-Klux wing of the Democracy of the South. All this is naturally expected by those who are familiar with the condition of those parts of the South which have been described, but it is hard on newspapers and orators who have denied the existence of anything like Ku-Klux.

That \$94,000.—It is very evident now that the County Commissioners are determined to make the best of it this year. Last year they had over \$95,000 to work on, and the present year it will probably go a thousand or two higher. The amount reported by the County Auditors for 1870, was uncollected taxes for 1869 and previous years, \$59,633.90. The amount of tax levied for 1870 is \$55,919.43, making altogether \$105,553.42. Of this amount they report \$54,604.58 expended and \$41,151.21 in the hands of favorite collectors. After having this large amount on hand they tell us that the county is indebted \$27,575.76, on which interest is paid, while the outstanding taxes show no interest. For 1871 we learn that a tax of 7 mills has been levied, and as the valuation on property is much higher than previous years, it will run the taxes up to about \$36,000.00, which with the \$41,492.21 outstanding will make the snug sum of over \$97,000. Will the tax payers continue to uphold the Ring and pay for the whistle at these rates?

The Pennsylvania Editorial Association met at Williamsport, on Wednesday of last week. About one hundred editors, not accompanied by their wives, from different parts of the State were present. During the forenoon the party left the Herdick House for a visit to the Boom. After dinner the Association met at Elliott's Academy of Music, and received a formal welcome from Mayor Perkins. The address of the Mayor was responded to by H. G. Smith, of Lancaster, President of the Convention. J. L. Ringwald, read an essay on "Newspapers," and a poem was recited by Mr. E. H. Mandy. In the evening a banquet was given at the Herdick House. On Thursday the party left on a visit for Watkins' Glen and Minnequa Springs.

HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLING.—The Democrats who supported the party and its nominations, from principle, are now very naturally indignant when they behold their leaders, without warning, and from motives of sheer policy, dropping opposition to negro suffrage, which was the chief cornerstone of their political fabric. They had confidence in Mr. WALLACE, and are disappointed to see him surrender to the "abolition platform."

The Cincinnati Gazette says: "Unfortunately, the people of the South applaud Davis' utterances. Here is where the danger lies, and this is the indicator that points to danger. Davis says wait 'until the Democratic party get into power and we shall regain what was lost in the field,' and the people who follow him and crowd upon him and overwhelm him with demonstrations of confidence say amen. This is not discreet, we admit; but it is better—it is an honest expression of what is running in the heads of Southern Democrats."

THE SURRENDER.—The Louisville Ledger—a straight Democratic paper—says that the new departure of the Democrats is an unconditional surrender to the Republicans. That puts it about as plainly as the facts warrant, for it is certainly a pretended adoption of the fundamental doctrines of the most radical abolitionists and Republicans.

Oh, where, tell me where, Has the "white man's party" gone? THE Department of Agriculture has returns from nearly three hundred counties representing the most productive cotton districts of the South. These show a reduction in the area planted compared with last year of nearly fifteen per cent. The condition, except in Florida, is from eight to eighteen per cent. below the average. In Florida it is three per cent. above.

ON BOTH SIDES.—An exchange says: "Last year the Democratic party, in order to get the votes of white men, took high ground against negro suffrage. They said it was derogatory to the dignity of white men and against the Constitution. They swore this was and ever should be a 'white man's government.' They played on this string until it was worn out. They have now changed the tune. They have secured about all the votes of white men that were 'lying about loose,' and they now go in for the colored vote, by unsaying all that they have heretofore said by acknowledging that the 15th Amendment is the law of the land, and ought to be obeyed, and they are willing to take a colored man to their bosom and treat him as 'a man and a brother.' This is about the most unblushing bid for negro votes that ever was made. Never was meant on the shambles more the subject of barter and trade. No wonder honest Democrats are ashamed of such prostitution! Let us hear no more about 'Woolly Head Party' and 'Negro Whispers' from these lightened and warped Democratic!"

SPITTING ON THE PLATFORM.—The Standing Committee of the Democracy of Chester County, says the Village Record, held a meeting at West Chester, on Thursday last week, to consider the action and platform of the late Convention at Harrisburg. The "Ninth Resolution" was duly considered, and unanimously condemned as uncalculated, time-serving and at war with the settled policy of the Democracy. Such, we understand, was the unanimous opinion of the Committee, who also agreed that if this platform was endorsed by the candidates they could not receive the votes of half the Democratic party in the county.

Thus far the old line Democrats have received the "new departure" platform not only with coldness but hostility. Having been educated to oppose negro suffrage, they consider that to be consistent they must oppose it. The situation is one calculated to try their mettle. Consistency requires them to stand their ground. Party subservience demands them to change it. Mr. Wallace, and the wire-pullers at Harrisburg, say that the success of the party demands that they shall take the negro to their keeping. Principle whispers back the language of HENRY CLAY: "I would rather be right than successful." The situation is an embarrassing one for the Democracy; the new platform has not only left them with nothing to stand on, but drives back into their old ranks all the Republicans who were unwilling to swallow negro suffrage. Their opposition to the Republican party has been one of principle—especially on the negro suffrage question. But when their distinctive principles are sacrificed by their leaders at Harrisburg, in the mere hope of power, no wonder that hundreds feel disposed to allow the Republican candidates to walk over the course rather than by their votes to sanction the schemes of treachery. The men who managed the State Convention have shown that the question of Negro Suffrage has been a mere catch-penny. They were against Negro Suffrage last year—they are for it this year. Where they will be next year depends upon circumstances. They have turned—"faced right about." Many Democrats have an old-fashioned idea that, on a question of principle, they cannot turn at the bidding of political leaders.

It is estimated by Mr. Delmar that about 40,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs, or one-third part of the total grain crop of the United States, is annually made into whisky. The quantity of proof spirits capable of being extracted from a bushel of grain depends much upon the skill of the distiller. As much as seventeen quarts has been produced from one bushel. The average in good distilleries, with all the modern improvements, is from twelve to fourteen quarts; but the general average in all the distilleries in the country is much less. Stymie and other powerful agents are sometimes introduced in the process of mashing, for the purpose of increasing the production. In 1870 the total Federal revenues from spirits, including production, license, stamp, sale, and all other taxes, amounted to \$56,000,000. This leaves out of view fermented liquors, such as beer and wine, and omits all custom duties.

THE Pennsylvania State Medical Society was in session at Williamsport last week. Dr. Gross, the celebrated Philadelphia Surgeon, delivered an able lecture on Wednesday evening. On Thursday a rule of the society which prohibited, on pain of expulsion from the Society, consultation with women physicians, or with those men who consulted with them or taught them medicine, was rescinded by a vote 50 to 40.—Many of the leading and ablest members of the Association advocated the rescinding of this rule. The Convention adjourned on Friday.

SINCE the late Democratic Convention in this county, the Democratic element in the Coal Region have become so much encouraged with their success in making nominations that they have already picked out one of their leaders, Mr. Connelly, for Prothonotary, for the next term.

Telegraphic advices inform us, with immense gravity, that the City of Tampico has been stormed and taken at the point of the bayonet. This means that 400 men, commanded by two regimental officers of the Mexican army, have been compelled to give up their little rebellion in Tampico. The revolutionists first captured all the money in the Custom House, and then proclaimed for Lerdo as Acting President of the Republic. They have been extinguished, as a matter of course.

It is possible that Gen. Cuscut, late Communist Minister of War, may survive to read his own obituary in the English and American newspapers. It is now rumored that this soldier of fortune is alive, and will be arrested. The original report of his execution was but a line from Paris to the London papers, to the effect that he had been executed by the Versailles authorities.

Death of Hon. C. L. Vallandigham. The telegraph on Saturday morning last announced the accidental shooting of Hon. C. L. Vallandigham by his own hands. We present to our readers an obituary of the deceased, and how the accident occurred.

"He was absent at Lebanon, defending one McGeehan, charged with the murder of one McChesney, at Hamilton some weeks ago. Governor McBurney, his associate counsel, had expressed a doubt as to the possibility of Meyers having shot himself in the way described by Mr. Vallandigham, when the latter remarked:—"I will show you in half a second."

He picked up the revolver, and putting it in his right-hand pocket, drew it out far enough only to keep the muzzle toward his body, and snapped the hammer. The weapon exploded, and sent its deadly missile into the abdomen, at a point almost corresponding with that in which Meyers was shot.

Mr. Vallandigham immediately exclaimed that he had taken up the wrong pistol. The flash and report were alarm enough for Mr. McBurney, who immediately summoned assistance and despatched messengers for physicians. Two revolvers were on the table, one loaded and the other unloaded. Unfortunately, Mr. Vallandigham seized the former, and in his eagerness to impress his idea upon the mind of his friend, cocked and discharged the weapon. Mr. Vallandigham shot himself in the abdomen, through an improved Smith & Wesson, of thirty-two calibre.

Mr. Vallandigham was in his 49th year at the time of his death, having been born in New Lebanon, Columbiana county, Ohio, in 1822. He received a liberal education at Jefferson College, and spent a few months in Maryland as a teacher. In 1840 he began the study of law, and in 1842 he was admitted to the bar in Ohio. He entered public life in 1845, being elected a member of the Ohio Legislature. From 1847 to 1849 he edited a Democratic journal at Dayton, and from that time until his death he was a prominent, though rather erratic leader of the democratic party. From State politics he passed in 1856 to a more extended field, being elected President of the House of Representatives from his district, and he served on the Standing Committee on Territories during the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses. He was re-elected to the Thirty-seventh Congress, and became prominent as well as notorious because of his eager and bold defense of the rebels and utter defiance of the Government of the United States. His utterances were caught up by the Confederates as signs of hope to them, which led Vallandigham to further excesses. In 1863 he passed the limits of prudence, and was arrested by order of General Ambrose E. Burnside for seditious utterances inside of the Union lines, by public opinion he was acquitted, changing them into a purple tint as rich as it is rare, and ushering in that loveliness of all hours when over the green meadow stretches the golden rays of the lingering light, and the stars slowly marshal into rank through the shades of twilight. J. L. B.

THE Democrats of Columbia county have denounced the ninth resolution and negro suffrage, and other counties are following in their footsteps. The trouble with the Democratic party is that they think the people are fools, who cannot see through their knavish tricks. It will be just as easy for the Democratic party to place Jeff. Davis in the Presidency as it will be to make the people believe that the supporters of the new departure are honest in their present movement.

THE people are not going to forget such a thing as the rebellion which has been going on in the West. The Democrats of General and President Grant. They will not turn out an Executive who has reduced their burdens at home—who has honestly carried out the laws to the benefit of all the people, and who has completed a foreign war, and returned from the field of battle with the world's regard—for a set of men who have become bankrupt in advocating their true sentiments, and now desire to achieve a fortune by propagating false ones.

WESTMORELAND REVOLTS.—The Greensburg Argus, the organ of the Democracy of Westmoreland county, repudiates the platform adopted at the recent Democratic State Convention. It says: "Beyond the nomination of candidates, (the convention) had no authority to act for the party," and also that:

THE Democratic platform is a legacy from the fathers of the Revolution—the Constitution adopted by the people without the aid of bayonets or negro votes. We never can make the ninth resolution an article of our faith. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments are fraudulent appendages to the Constitution. The platform of the Democracy is a fraudulent device of the enemies of a free white man's government. The Democratic party cannot give these fraudulent amendments and preserve their integrity.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company owns four hundred miles of railroad in this State. The entire length of route controlled by it exceeds three thousand miles. It has secured, after a brief struggle, the great western thoroughfares beyond Pittsburg, and reaches by a route of three hundred miles long, the corners of the Lakes, with another four hundred and seventy miles long the trade of Chicago. It collects by a network of leased lines through Ohio an Indiana the wealth of the central grain country.

A Dozen Reasons Why the Democratic Party must be Defeated. 1st. Because the Republican party, as a political organization, has been faithful to the country, defended its life against its enemies, and maintained its authority when it was assailed by traitors.

2d. Because the Democratic party, as a political organization, was in open sympathy with the men who banded and armed to disrupt the Union, and who for six years warred, at the sacrifice of thousands of lives and millions of dollars, to destroy the government.

3d. Because if there had not been a Republican party we would not now have a government. The strength and patriotism of the Republican party, the land, and the unwavering devotion of their leaders, alone saved the Union and perpetuated the government.

4th. Because, if there had not been a Democratic party, slavery would never have attempted rebellion. The covenant into which the slave-masters encouraged them with the hope that treason would be successful, as they believed, the Democratic party of the North would be strong enough to prevent troops from going South to contend with rebel organizations.

5th. Because the material resources of the nation have always been protected by Republican policy. The labor which is now prosperous owes its vitality to the invigorating policy of Republican rule.

6th. Because the influence which used slavery to crush a free government is now willing to allow pauper labor to destroy free labor.

7th. Because the only reliance which the creditors of the country have for the security of their investments, is in the Republican party being kept in power. Repudiation is as sure to follow Republican defeat as rebellion was the direct result of Democratic teaching.

8th. Because our system of internal taxation, now so potent in its influence for good, would, by Democratic victory, become the direct prey of a corrupt lobby, ever ready to use the representatives of the people in furtherance of schemes to plunder private and public enterprise.

9th. Because the Democratic party, as the advocate of direct taxation, would restore the tax on real estate, repealed at the instance of a Republican Government.

10th. Because the Republican party has secured for the American people a foreign policy which will yield more power in Europe than our government ever possessed in the old world, by reason of which millions of our bonds are held by European creditors.

11th. Because the Democratic party having been and yet being ready to make a merchandise of human flesh, would not hesitate to barter in the honor of the government, once they get it in their possession.

12th. Because the Republican party can be trusted, having been tested and found faithful.—State Journal.

THE Connolly Murder and Suicide. NEW YORK, June 19.—The particulars of the double murder and suicide of Dr. Connolly on Sunday are of absorbing interest. Dr. Connolly had been for some two or three days on a periodical "spree," and Saturday and yesterday he took occasional doses of morphia to quiet his nerves.

At 4 P. M. yesterday he entered the bedroom of himself and wife, on the rear of the second floor, taking his two children with him and locking the door. His wife soon afterwards endeavored to enter, but without success.

The police, warned by the neighbors, entered the house about 7 o'clock, and found the door locked. The room being dark the gas was lighted, when a horrible spectacle was presented. On the bed lay the father and children, all dead, and literally bathed in blood. The children had nothing on but their night clothing. The father was clad in a white undershirt, covered with blood, while a pair of red flannel drawers served to add to the ghastliness of his appearance, leading one to believe, at the first glance, that his entire clothing was soaked in blood from head to foot.

The head-board was spotted with blood, and the bed clothing and mattresses soaked. A rubber ball, with which the children had apparently been amusing themselves, all bloody, lay on the bed. The weapon the lunatic had used lay on the bed. It was a carving knife, with a blade sixteen inches in length, and tapering gradually to a fine point. The throats of both children had been cut, their jugular veins being severed. The throat of the father was cut nearly from ear to ear, and there were besides several stab wounds in the breast in the vicinity of the heart. A physician examined the bodies, and announced that death had occurred several hours previous. Mrs. Connolly was rendered insane for the time by the terrible discovery.

FUNERAL OF MR. VALLANDIGHAM. DAYTON, June 20.—The funeral of Vallandigham to-day was of a most impressive character. The procession was two miles long, composed of persons of all political parties and professions. Business in many parts of the city was suspended during the passage of the cortege. The county city and private buildings were draped in mourning.

The pall-bearers were A. G. Thurman, S. S. Cox, George E. Pugh, George W. McCook, Judge Gilmore, General O. C. Maxwell, John Howard, Samuel Craighead, E. H. Thompson, D. K. Boyer, W. H. Gillespie, and D. A. Honk. Many distinguished persons from all parts of the Union were present. Chief Justice Chase was prevented from attending by ill health.

THE Cincinnati Commercial, which believes in Mr. Pendleton, cannot accept the new departure yet. Of the Ohio platform it says: "We shall be greatly mistaken if the Republican convention platform will not be better Democracy. We pronounce the Kentucky Republicans at Frankfort (to be) to have adopted a platform that comes nearer to the truth. Mr. Hurd's substitute, denouncing the amendments as being void, on principle of common honesty, should have been adopted. There will not be much enthusiasm for such a creed and ticket."

The notorious female brokers of New York City, Messrs. Woodhall & Claffin, have instituted a libel suit against Henry Ward Beecher and the publishers of the "Christian Union," laying damages at \$250,000.

Tooth aches proceeds from acute in the face, operating upon the exposed nerve of a decayed tooth. Rub the gum thoroughly with the finger, wet with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, until the face well and lay a flannel wet with the liniment, on the face; also put a little of the liniment into the cavity of the tooth on cotton.

The system frequently gets out of order and should be at once regulated, else other troubles will ensue; when phlegm is needed take Pareira's Purgative Pills; they are a safe, wholesome, and natural medicine.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH JONES, Dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of ELIZABETH JONES, late of the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

E. M. WILVERT, Executor. Sunbury, June 24, 1871.—6t.

District Attorney. The undersigned announces to his fellow citizens of Northumberland county, that he is a candidate for District Attorney, and respectfully solicits their support at the ensuing election.

AMOS KAY, Candidate. NO. KAY CLEMENT. Sunbury, June 24, 1871.

For County Commissioner. I respectfully announce myself to the Republican party of Northumberland county as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will endeavor to perform the duties of the office to the advantage of the people of the county.

AMOS KAY, Candidate. Shamokin township, June 24, 1871.

Report of "First National Bank of Sunbury." Report of the condition of "The First National Bank of Sunbury," at the close of business June 10th, A. D., 1871.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$361,555 45 U. S. Bonds to secure deposits 200,000 00 U. S. Bonds to secure deposits 50,000 00 " " and Securities on hand 700 00 Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages 11,850 00 Due from Baltimore and Reserve Agents 43,428 67 Due from other National Banks 43,088 43 " " other Banks and Bankers 23,827 65 Banking House, other Real Estate, Furniture and fixtures 48,511 62 Current Expenses, including salaries 31 37 Cash Items, including stamps, and Protest Account 3,250 20 Bills of other National Banks 16,068 00 Fractional Currency, including U. S. Legal Tender Notes 1,122 20 U. S. Legal Tender Notes 69,000 00 \$770,535 86

LIABILITIES. Capital Stock paid in \$200,000 00 Surplus fund 58,240 24 Discount 15,400 23 Profit and Loss 53,701 83 National Bank circulation outstanding 177,510 00 State Bank circulation outstanding 6,150 50 Dividends Unpaid 4,634 18 Individual deposits 274,629 28 United States Deposits 18,414 02 Due to U. S. Disbursing Agent 488 16 Construction account 10,365 84 Due to National Banks 9,385 62 Due to other Banks and Bankers 494 68 \$770,535 86

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA: COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, SCT. I, Samuel J. Packer, Cashier of "The First National Bank of Sunbury," do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signed, S. J. PACKER, Cashier. Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 15th day of June, A. D., 1871. (Signed.) E. M. WILVERT, Notary Public. Correct.—ATTEST: WM. I. GREENOUGH, J. B. PACKER, WM. H. ROCKEFELLER, JOHN HAAS, Sunbury, June 24, 1871.

New Grocery, Confectionery and Bakery. STEELE & BRO. would respectfully inform the public, that having purchased the Confectionery Store of Henry Fagley's Batcher Shop, they have had in an elegant and fresh assortment of all kinds of CONFECTIONERIES.

They have also added a Grocery Department to the store. In addition to the regular line of Groceries, we have on hand Fresh Vegetables and Canned and Dried Fruits.

BAKERY. We have a Bakery in Pardsdowntown and will keep on hand at the store, every day, Fresh Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Buns, &c. For the convenience of customers we will commence to run a wagon on Monday, June 12th, 1871, which will visit all who wish to be thus served every morning.

ICE CREAM. In connection with our store we have fitted up an Ice Cream Room for the convenience of ladies and gentlemen. We are prepared to furnish parties and families with Ice Cream by the quart or can on short notice, at the most reasonable terms. A fair share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

Clock & Watch Repairer. F. VOGT, In Dewart's Block, three doors west of the Centre Hotel, Market street, SUNBURY, PA.

Respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he is prepared to repair Clocks and Watches in all branches, also Gold and Silver Jewelry, and to make and repair all kinds of Sewing Machines. Having had forty years experience in the business in this country, he flatters himself that he can give general satisfaction. All work guaranteed.—Customers respectfully solicited. (June 17, 1871.—6t.)

BAKERY! BAKERY!!! BAKERY!!! LEONARD DOVERTH. HAS just opened a first class Bakery on Front street near the Railroad depot at Northumberland, and is prepared to furnish the citizens of Northumberland and Sunbury with all kinds of Bread and Cakes, such as BROWN BREAD, MILK BREAD, BREAD BAKED ON THE HEALTH, and a full line of FANCY CAKES, Tea Buns, Rolls and Twists.

Bread and Cakes delivered to customers every morning at short notice. Cakes for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Fairs, &c., furnished at short notice.

Being a practical baker, and having worked at the business for several years past, he hopes to give satisfaction to his customers as heretofore. Orders are respectfully solicited. (June 17, 1871.—6t.)

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Jordan township, June 19, 1871.—6t.

Merchant Tailoring. J. M. BOSTIAN, In the Post Office Building, opposite the Depot, (on stairs), SUNBURY, PENN'A.

Respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just opened a large and varied assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., which will be made up to order in the latest styles, and warranted to fit. Gentlemen who desire fashionable suits are invited to call and examine his stock.

SHIRTS scientifically and practically cut and made to measure.

RUN NO RISK. We furnish the shrewd style of improved yoke and neck shirt with entirely new shape sleeve, and guarantee a perfect fitting shirt. It is the best made of a shirt ever offered to the trade. Fine suit fancy shirts made to order. J. M. BOSTIAN, June 2, 1871.—6m.

LARGE supply of Wall Paper sold by Beecher just received and for sale cheap, at the Mammoth Store of H. Y. FRILING.

New Advertisements.

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Respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just opened a large and varied assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., which will be made up to order in the latest styles, and warranted to fit. Gentlemen who desire fashionable suits are invited to call and examine his stock.

SHIRTS scientifically and practically cut and made to measure.

RUN NO RISK. We furnish the shrewd style of improved yoke and neck shirt with entirely new shape sleeve, and guarantee a perfect fitting shirt. It is the best made of a shirt ever offered to the trade. Fine suit fancy shirts made to order. J. M. BOSTIAN, June 2, 1871.—6m.

LARGE supply of Wall Paper sold by Beecher just received and for sale cheap, at the Mammoth Store of H. Y. FRILING.

New Advertisements.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH JONES, Dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of ELIZABETH JONES, late of the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

E. M. WILVERT, Executor. Sunbury, June 24, 1871.—6t.

District Attorney. The undersigned announces to his fellow citizens of Northumberland county, that he is a candidate for District Attorney, and respectfully solicits their support at the ensuing election.