SUNBURY, JUNE 2 4, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET. For Auditor General, DAVID STANTON, OF BEAVER COUNTY.

> For Surveyer General, ROBERT B. BEATH, OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

By comparing the returns published in our fast issue, it will be seen that the candidates slaughtered at the late Democratic Convention were by a fair vote elected or nominated by majorities ranging from two to four hundred. But as "there is many a slip between the cup and the lip," they now endeavoring to bringa bout are conciliation, and urge them to "stick to the ticket." Many of the old and consistent Democrats will probably begin to doubt the sincerity of some of these leaders, and begin to think that they are influenced more by the love of office than of principles. It looks to us that the old trick "stick to the ticket" has had its day, and that Democrats are beginning to look more favorably upon men who work for pfinciples than those who are laying plans constantly to secure offices, and are ready to adopt any platform, caly so it is wide enough to get them intea paying situation.

THE North Carolina Ku-Kiux seem to have no regard whatever for the Democratic party of the North. While the organs of the Northern Democracy are iterating and reiterating the soothing story that all reports of outrages upon Republicans in the South are merely political fustian, these indiscreet rufflans, absolutely regardless of partisan management, pull down and drag out a Republican printing office in Rutherford County, capture a Republican Representative to the Legislature, beat him, and drum bim out of town, after making him promise to cease plaguing the "Conservative" party, and so play a variety of fantastic tricks which are all traccable directly to the Ku-Klux wing of the Democracy of the South. All this is naturally expected by those who are familiar with the condition of those parts of the South which have been described, but it is hard on newspapers and orators who have denied the existence of anything like Ku-Klux.

THAT \$94,000 .- It is very evident now that the County Commissioners are detercollected taxes for 1869 and previous years. show no interest. For 1871 we learn that a tax of 7 mills has been levied, and as the valuation on property is much higher than | bidding of political leaders. previous years, it will run the taxes up to about \$56,000 00, which with the \$41,402, 21 outstanding will make the snug sum of over \$97,000. Will the tax payers continue at these rates?

THE Pennsylvania Editorial Association met at Williamsport, on Wednesday of last week. About one hundred editors, accompained by their wives, from different parts of the State were present. During the forenoon the party left the Herdie House for a visit to the Boom. After dinner the Association met at Elliott's Academy of Music, and received a formal welcome from Mayor Perkins. The address of the Mayor was responded to by II. G. Smith, of Lancaster, President of the Convention. J. L. Ringwalt, read an essay on "Newspapers," and a poem was ready by Mr. E. H. Mundy. In the evening a banquet was given at the Herdie House. O., Thursday the party left on a visit for Watkin's Glen and Minnequa Springs.

HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLEN.-The Democrats who supported the party and very naturally indiguant when they behold their leaders, without warning, and from evening. On Thursday a rule of the society motives of sheer policy, dropping opposition to negro suffrage, which was the chief cornerstone of their political fabric. They had confidence in Mr. WALLACE, and are ted with them or taught them medicine. disappointed to see him surrender to the "abolition platform."

THE Cincinnati Gazette says: "Unfortunately, the people of the South applaud Davis' utterances. Here is where the danger lies, and this is the indicator that points to danger. Davis says wait "until the Democratic party get into power and we shall regain what was lost in the field;" and the people who follow him and crowd upon him and overwhelm him with demonstrations of confidence say amen. This is not for Prothonotary, for the next term. discreet, we admit; but it is better-it is an honest expression of what is running

in the heads of Southern Democrats," THE SURRENDER .- The Louisville Ledger- a straight Democratic paper-says that the new departure of the Democratic party is an unconditional surrender to the Ropublicans. That puts it about as plainly as the facts warrant, for it is certainly a pretended adoption of the fundamental doctrines of the most radical abolitionists and Republicaus.

Oh, where, tell me where, Has the "white man, party" gone ?

THE Department of Agriculture has returns from nearly threehundred counties

Last year the Democratic party, in order to get the votes of white men, took high ground against negro suffrage. They said it was derogatory to the dignity of white men and against the Constitution. They swore this was and ever should be a 'white man's government.' They played on this string until it was worn out. They have now changed the tune. They have secured about all the votes of white men that were 'lying about loose,' and they now go in for the colored vote, by unsaying all that they have heretofore said by acknowledging that the 15th Amendment is the law of the land, and ought to be obeyed, and they are willing to take a colored man to their bosom and treat him as 'a man and a brother.' This is about the most unblushing bid for negro votes that ever was made. Never was meat on the shambles more the subject of barter and trade. No wonder honest Democrats are ashamed Worshipers" from these hightoned and patriotic Democrats!"

SPITTING ON THE PLATFORM. -The Standing Committee of the Democracy of Chester County, says the Village Record, held a meeting at West Chester, on Thursday of last week, to consider the action and platform of the late Convention at Harrisburg. The "Ninth Resolution" was duly considered, and unanimously condemned as uncalled-for, time-serving and at war with the settled policy of the Democracy. Such, we understand, was the unanimous opinion of the Committee, who also agreed that if this platform was endorsed by the of half the Democratic party in the county.

been educated to oppose negro suffrage, they consider that to be consistent they must oppose it. The situation is one calculated to try their mettle. Consistency requires them to stand their ground. Party subserviency demands them to change it. Mr. Wallace, and the wire-pullers at Hartheir keeping. Principle whispers back the language of HENRY CLAY: "I would rather be right than successful." The situation is an embarrassing one for the Democracy; the new platform has not only left them with nothing to stand on, but year they had over \$95,000 to work on, and sacrificed by their leaders at Harrisburg, the present year it will probably go a thou- in the mere hope of power, no wonder that crats have an old-fashioned idea that, on a question of principle, they cannot turn at the

about 40,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs, or crats, and numerous protests were forone-thirtieth part of the total grain erop of to uphold the Ring and pay for the whistle | the United States, is annually made into | the position of the government. whisky. The quantity of proof spirits capable of being extracted from a bushel of grain depends much upon the skill of the duties.

delivered an able lecture on Wednesday which prohibited, on pain of expulsion from the Society, consultation with women physicians, or with those men who consulwas rescinded by a vote 50 to 40 .- Many of the leading and ablest members of the rule. The Convention adjourned on Fri-

SINCE the late Democratic Convention n this county, the Democratic element in the Coal Region have become so much encouraged with their success in making nominations that they have already picked on one of their leaders, Mr. Connelly,

has been stormed and taken at the point of commanded by two regimental officers of to give up their little rebellion in Tampico. The revolutionists first captured all the money in the Custom House, and then proclaimed for Lerdo as Acting President of the Republic. They have been extinguished, as a matter of course,

It is possible that Gen. Cluseret, late Communist Minister of War, may survive to read his own obituaries in the English representing the most productive cotton and American newspapers. It is now districts of the South. These show a re- rumored that this soldier of fortune is alive, duction in the area planted compared with and will be arrested. The original report tast year of nearly lifteen per cent. The of his execution was but a line from Parla condition, except in Florida, is from eight to the London papers, the Versailles authorized by the Versailles authorized per cent. below the evenful career he as often condition, except in Florida, is from eight to the London papers, to the effect that he

announced the accidental shooting of Hon. the deceased, and how the accident occur-

red: "He was absent at Lebanon, defending one McGehah, charged with the murder of one Meyers, at Hamilton some weeks ago. Governor McBurney, his associate counsel had expressed a doubt as to the possibility of Meyers having shot himself in the way described by Mr. Vallandigham, when the latter remarked :—"I will show you in half

second." a second."

He picked up the revolver, and, putting it in his right-hand pocket, drew it out far enough only to keep the muzzle touching his body, and snapped the hammer. The weapon exploded, and sent its deadly missile into the abdomen, at a point almost corresponding with that in which Meyers was shot. was shot.

Mr. Vallandigham immediately exclaimed that he had taken up the wrong pistol. The flash and report were alarm enough unfortunately were compelled to submit.

The candidates placed on the ticket are about 'Woolly Head Party' and "Negro moned assistance and despatched messengers for physicians. Two revolvers were on the table, one

loaded and the other unloaded. Unfortu-nately, Mr. Vallandigham seized the former, and in his eagerness to impress his idea upon the mind of his friend. and discharged the weapon. Mr. Vallandigham shot himself with his own pistol, an improved Smith & Wesson, of thirty-

"Mr. Vallandigham was in his 49th year at the time of his death, having been born in New Lisbon, Columbianna county, Ohio, in 1822. He received a liberal education at Jefferson College, and spent a few months in Maryland as a teacher. In 1840 he began the study of law, and in 1842 he was admitted to the bar in Ohio. He entered public life in 1845, being elected a member of the Ohio Legislature. From candidates they could not receive the votes | 1847 to 1849 he edited a Democratic journal at Dayton, and from that time until his Thus far the old line Democrats have received the "new departure" platform not only with coldness but hostility. Having ble year, when Buchanan was elected President, sent to Washington as a member of the House of Representatives from his district, and he served on the Standing Committee on Territories during the Thirtyfifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses. He was re-elected to the Thirty-seventh Congress, and became prominent as well as notorious because of his eager and bold defense of the risburg, say that the success of the party rebels and utter defiance of the Governdemands that they shall take the negro to ment of the United States. His utterances were caught up by the Confederates as a sign of hope to them, which led Vallandig-ham to further excesses. In 1863 he passed the limits of prudence, and was arrested by order of Generel Ambrose E. Burnside for seditious utterances inside of the Union lines, by publicly expressing sympathy for those in arms against the Government of drives back into their old ranks all the Republicans who were unwilling to swallow negro suffrage. Their opposition to the Republican party has been one of principle government in its efforts to suppress an unlawful rebellion. Mr. Vallandigham was especially on the negro suffrage question. tried by court-martial, General R. B. Potmined to make the best of it this year. Last But when their distinctive principles are they had over \$95,000 to work on, and septenced by their leaders at Harrisburg. tinuance of the war. This sentence was sand or two higher. The amount reported hundreds feel disposed to allow the Repub- transportation across the rebel lines, which by the County Auditors for 1870, was un- lican candidates to walk over the course was executed by General Rosecrans. The rather than by their votes to sanction the arrest was made in pursuance of an order \$39,633 99. The amount of tax levied for schemes of treachery. The men who manof April, 1863, announcing that thereafter 1870 is \$55,919 43, making altogether \$95,- aged the State Convention have shown that all persons found within the Union lines 553 42. Of this amount they report \$54,- the question of Negro Suffrage has been a who committed acts for the benefit of the 004 58 expended and \$41,151 21 in the mere catch-penny. They were against enemy should be tried as spics, and, if conhands of favorite collectors. After having this large amount on hand they tell us that the county is indebted \$27.575.76, on which this large amount on hand they tell us that the country is indebted \$27,575 76, on which interest is paid, while the outstanding taxes show no interest. For 1871 we learn that show no interest. For 1871 we learn that show no interest. For 1871 we learn that show no interest. however, determined to be a martyr, and therefore, insisted on the Confederates considering and treating him as a prisoner of war, he not perceiving the absurdity of the proposition. The arrest of Vallaudigham It is estimated by Mr. Delmar that caused great excitement among the Demowarded to President Lincoin, who in an-

swer to the Albany protest, thus defined "Mr. Vallandigham avows his hostility to the war on the part of the Union, and his arrest was made because he was laboring, with some effect, to prevent the raisdistiller. As much as seventeen quarts has been produced from one bushel. The average in good distilleries, with all the modern not arrested because he was damaging the improvements, is from twelve to fourteen political prospects of the administration, or quarts; but the general average in all the distilleries in the country is much less. Strychnine and other powerful agents are sometimes introduced in the process of which the life of the nation depends. He was warring upon the military, and thus mashing, for the purpose of increasing the gave the military constitutional jurisdicproduction. In 1870 the total Federal tion to lay hands upon him. If Mr. Valrevenues from spirits, including produc- landigham was not damaging the military tion, license, stamp, sale, and all other power of the country, then his arrest was made on mistake of fact, which I would taxes, amounted to \$55,000,000. This be giad to correct on reasonably satisfactoleaves out of view fermented liquors, such as beer and wine, and omits all custom law and the Constitution sanctions this punishment. Must I shoot a simple-minded soldier-boy who deserts, while I must THE Pennsylvania State Medical Society not touch a hair of the wily agitator who induces him to desert? This is none the was in session at Williasport last week. Dr. less injurious when effected by getting a faits nominations, from principle, are now Gross, the celebrated Philadelphia Surgeon, ther, or brother, or friend, into a public meeting, and there working upon his feelings till he is persuaded to write the soldier-boy that he is fighting in a bad cause, for a wicked administration of a contemptible government, too weak to arrest and punish him if he shall desert. I think that, in such a case, to silence the agitator and save the boy is not only constitutional, but,

withal, a great mercy."

A few months after his entrance into the Association advocated the rescinding of this | Confederate lines, he managed to make his escape by running the blockade, and arrived safely at Bermuda. From thence he proceeded to Canada, and remained there n a discontented frame of mind until nearly the close of the war, when he returned to Ohio. During his absence he was nominated for Governor of Ohio, but he was defeated by an overwhelming majority for his opponent, John Brough. He returned in the autumn of 1864, and was made a delegate to the Chicago Convention. nearly four years subsequent he became lost to public view. In 1868 Vallandigham Telegraphic advices inform us, with im- was in New York, and being invited to a mense gravity, that the City of Tampico seat in the Democratic National Convention, entered as a delegate from his native has been stormed and taken at the point of State, for the purpose as he afterward the bayonet. This means that 400 men. avowed, of securing the nomination on the Democratic ticket of Chief Justice Chase the Mexican army, have been compelled for President. The scheme failed as has been fully explained, by the unexpected acceptance of Mr. Seymour, and Mr. Vallan-digham once more retired from politics in disgust. During the intervening three years he seldom appeared in public, and During the intervening three was being again rapidly forgotten when he startled his party by announcing a departure, recognizing the events and results of the war. Scarcely had the political world gratitude, recovered from his latest manifestation of his restless spirit than he was suddenly summoned by death, and thus is closed an summoned by death, and thus is closed an extraordinary life. Vallandigham was es-sentially and entirely an "agitator," and was never so happy as when on the top wave of political excitement. Gifted with considerable eloquence and a magnetic in-

fluence over men he was enabled to keep in

On Both Sides.—An exchange says:

Last year the Democratic party, in order

The telegraph on Saturday morning last a man of refined manners and address, and C. L. Vallandigham by his own hands.
We present to our readers an obituary of at the outbreak of the rebellion, the legitimate consequences of the traditions and teachings of his party, and won for himself a bad eminence among those who labored at the North for the success of the rebellion and the overthrow of the government. His brilliant intellect, polished manners, extended attainments and social professional relations, were all calculated to place Mr. Vallandigham among the foremost of cotemporary American men. That he failed of winning that enviable position was due to the one fatal error that made

him, when his country most needed friends, one of her most active and influential enemics .- Philadelphia Inquirer. THE correspondent of the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph, accompaning the members of the Press of that city to the Pennsylvania Editorial Convention at Williamsport last week, in describing the scenery

along the Susquehanna says: "Along the banks of the Susquehanna the scenery assumes a new loveliness. Its broad, placid waters are farmed into a glorious picture by the grand contours of Clark's Ferry, a short distance beyond Harrisburg. Further on, the graceful Harrisburg. Further on, the graceful curves harden into severer majesty, and palisade-like bluffs rise from the stream in ong stretches of regular rock, looking like the vestigates of the city wall girdling the home of some extinct giant race. At each successive step in ascending the river the scenery is happily diversified, the hills at times assuming gentle undulating curves and again rising in harsher lines into proportions of greater grandeur. The skies lent their best aid to heighten the harm by that succession of sunshine a d shadow which reveals every beauty in elandscape rich with the opblent verdur of June. The wheat-fields gleamed with . . the soft and lustrous intermingling stades that mark its approaching ripenes, and the oats swayed in gentle ripples of silvered greenery while along the roadside a summer snow of elder blossoms showed an unwonted luxuriance. In the midst of the wide expanse of the waters of the Susquehanna, innumerable tiny islands were clothed in greenest grass or tangled thicket, and the fuxuriant verdure spread on every side until even that most prostic of all utilities, the towpath, brightened into a gleaming thread of green braided into the silvery ribbons of millions of our bonds are held by European the water upon either side. Near Nor- creditors. thumberland a rugged landscape answers fittingly to the name, and the mountain plete the faultless panorama a sunset of olden haze rested upon the mountains, faithful. - State Journal changing them into a purple tint as rich as t is rare, and ushering in that lovelies of all hours when over the green meadow stretches the golden rays of the lingering light, and the stars slowly marshal into rank through the shedes of twilight. J. I.

THE Democrats of Columbia county have denounced the ninth resolution and negro suffrage, and other counties are following in their footsteps.

The trouble with the Democratic party is that they think the people are fools, who cannot see through their knavish tricks. It will be just as easy for the Democratic party to place Jeff. Davis in the Presidency as

all the people, and who has completed a fo- the first glance, that his entire clothing reign policy that is acceptable at home, and was soaked in blood from head to foot. praised by the whole world-for a set of men who have become bankrupt in advo- and the bed clothing and mattresses soakcating their true sentiments, and now desire to achieve a fortune by propagating false ones.

REVOLTS.-The WESTMORELAND Greensburg Argus, the organ of the Democracy of Westmorelaud county, repudiates the platform adopted at the recent Democratic State Convention, It says: Beyond the nomination of candidates, they (the convention) had no authority to act for the party," and also, that

The Democratic platform is a legacy from the fathers of the Revolution—the Constitution adopted by the people without the aid of bayonets or negro voters. We never can make the ninth resolution an article of our faith. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments are fraudulent appendages to the Constitution. Constitution and the people against all fraudulent devices of the enemies of a free white man's government. The Democratic party cannot gulp these fraudulent amendments and preserve their integrity.

THE Pennsylvansa Railroed Company owns four hundred miles of railroad in this State. The entire length of route controlled by it exceeds three thousand miles. It has secured, after a brief struggle, the great western thoroughfares beyond Pittsburg. It reaches with an arm three hundred miles long, the commers of the Lakes, with another four hundred and seventy miles long the trade of Chicago. It collects by a network of leased lines through Ohio an Indiana the wealth of the central grain country, and draws it in to Philadephia. It ern Mew Jersey, governs various stock companies by investment in their shares, the Republican convention of nearly 2010 dates. and is probably the most powerful money-ed corporation in the world,

THE ONLY argument the Democracy can bring against Col. Stanton, the Republican candidate for Auditor General, is, that he "was only a doctor to the army." To which the Harrisburg STATE JOURNAL

Only a doctor in the army, forsooth! What an insinuation! To staunch the loody wounds of the veteran-to lift up the mangled and patiently endeavor to save his life-to amputate the ragged and hope-lessly shattered limb, that the other pordons of the body might be saved—to cool the fevered brow of the inmate of the hos-pital—to bend kindly over the weary paent and cheer his hopes of recovery-to pray with the dying—to record tender messages for home friends—to be a brother and a nurse to the wounded herces—to be ly a doctor in the army, is the Democrtic argument why Stanton should not be elect-ed Auditor General. Hear it soldiers of Pennsylvania! and accept as a proof of Democratic departure from decency and

The stones for the monument to General Reynolds by the First army Corps, at Get-tysburg, have arrived from Massachustis, and are now in position to receive the status of the general, which will be ready in October.

ONE thousand emigrants a month are ouring into Oregon. New discoveries of gold and silver innorthern Arizona are attracting much

A Dozen Reasons Why the Demo cratic Party must be Deteated.

1st. Because the Republican party, as a political organization, has been faithful to the country, defended its life against its enemies, and maintained its authority when t was denied by traitors.

it was denied by traitors.

2d. Because the Democratic party, as political organization, was in open sympathy with the men who banded and arms claims to present them duly authenticated for ed to disrupt the Union, and who for six settlement. years warred, at the sacrifice of thousands of lives and millions of dollars, to destroy

the government.

3d. Because if there bad not been a Republican party we would not now have a government. The strength and patriotism of the Republican party of the land, and the unwavering devotion of their leaders, alone saved the Union and perpetuated the gov-

ernment.
4th, Because, if there had not been a Democratic party, slavery would never have attempted rebellion. The covenant into which the slave-masters encouraged them with the hope that treason would be successful, as they believed, the Democratic party of the North would be strong enough to prevent troops from going South to con-tend with rebel organizations.

5th. Because the material resources of

the nation have always been protected by Republican policy. The labor which is now prosperous owes its vitality to the in vigorating policy of Republican rule. 6th. Because the influence which used slavery to crush a free government is now willing to allow pauper labor to destroy

7th. Because the only reliance which the creditors of the country have for the security of their investments, is in the Republican party being kept in power. Repudia-tion is as sure to follow Republican defeat as rebellion was the direct result of Democratic teaching.

8th. Because our system of internal improvement, now so potent in its influence for good, would, by Democratic victory, become the direct prey of a corrupt lobby, ever ready to use the representatives of th people in furtherance of schemes to plunder private and public enterprise. 9th. Because the Demogratic party, as

the advocate of direct taxation, would restore the tax on real estate, repealed at the instance of a Republican Government. 10th. Because the Republican party has secured for the American people a foreign policy by which we now wield more power

11th. Because the Democratic party havfittingly to the name, and the mountain ing been and yet being ready to make a sides are ploughed with rifes that beneath merchandise of human flesh, would not heisthe softening effect of distance show like tate to barter in the honor of the governbelts of rich, warm brown gleaming from between the fine forest trees, and to combe trusted, having been tested and found

> The Connolly Murder and Suicide. NEW YORK, June 19 .- The particulars of the double murder and suicide of Dr. Connolly on Sunday are of absorbing interest. Dr. Connolly had been for some two or three day on a periodical "spree," and Saturday and yesterday he took occasional doses of morphine to quiet his nerves. About 4 P. M. yesterday he entered the bedroom of himself and wife, on the rear of the second floor, taking his two children with him and locking the door. His wife soon afterwards endeavored to enter, but

without success. The police, warned by the neighbors, entered the house about 7 o'clock, and forced open the door. The room being dark it will be to make the people believe that the gas was lighted, when a horrible spectacle was presented. On the bed lay the father and children, all dead, and literally bathed in blood. The children had noth-leaders any more than they will the servi-

The head-board was spotted with blood, ed. A rubber ball, with which the children had apparently been amusing them-selves, all bloody, lay on the bed. The weapon the lunatic had used also lay on the It was a carving knife, with a blade sixteen inches in length, and tapering gradually to a five point. The throats of both children had been cut, their jugular veins being severed. The throat of the fully solicited. father was cut nearly from ear to ear, and there were besides several stab wounds in the breast in the vicinity of the heart. A physician examined the bodies, and anounced that death had occurred several hours previous. Mrs. Connally was ren-dered insane for the time by the terrible discovery.

Funeral of Mr. Vallandigham. DAYTON, June 20 .- The funeral of Vallandigham to-day was of a most imposing character. The procession was two miles long, composed of persons of all politeal parties and professions. Business in many parts of the city was suspended during the passage of the cortege. The county, city and private buildings were draped in morning.

The pall-bearers were A. G. Thurman, S. Cox, George E. Pugh, Ocorge M'Cook, Judge Gilmore, General O. C. Maxwell, John Howard, Samuel Creighead, Elihu Thompson, D. K. Boyer, W. H. Gillespie and D. A. Honk. Many distinguished persons from all parts of the Union were present. Chief Justice Chase was prevented from attending by ill

THE Cincinnati Commoner, which berepresents a capital of nearly \$250,000,000 not be better Democracy. We pronounce the Kentucky Republicans at Frankfort lately to have adopted a platform that comes nearer to the truth. Mr. Hurd's substitute, denouncing the amendments as being void, on principles of common honesty, should have been adopted. There will not be much enthusiasm for such a ereed and ticket.

The notorious female brokers of New York city, Mesdames Woodhull & Claffin, have instituted a libel suit against Henry Ward Beecher and the publishers of the "Christian Union," laying damages at 8250,000.

Tooth sehe proceeds from ague in the face, operating upon the xposed nerve of a decayed tooth. Rub the gum thoroughly with the finger, wet with Johnson's Ano-dyne Liniment, heat the face well, and lap a flannel, wet with the limiment, on the face; also put a little of the liniment into the cavity of the tooth on cotton.

The system frequently gets out of order and should be at once regulated, else other troubles will ensue; when physic is needed take Parsons' Purgative Pills; they are a safe, wholesome, and natural medicine. MORTOAGE has been left at the office A MORTGACK has been left at the office of Wm. Kubn, Eaq., Recorder of Dauphin county, to be recorded, of the Philadelphia and Reading Hailroad Company to the Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Reposit Company, for \$25,000,000, on which the United States revenue stamps amount to \$25,000.—Harrieburg Telegraph

There is due from ex-collectors of internai revenue the sam of nearly \$3,000,000, which it is supposed will have to be collect-ed mainly by suits against their boudamen. Och Adbertisements.

Estate of Elizabeth Jones, Dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters testa-mentary have been granted to the undersign-ed on the state of ELIZABETH JONES, late of the

Sunbury, June 24, 1871.—6t.

District Attorney.

The undersigned appoinces to his fellow citizens of Northumberland county, that he is a candidate for District Attorney, and respectfully solicits their support at the ensuing election.

JNO. KAY CLEMENT.

Sunbury, June 24, 1871.

For County Commissioner. I respectfully announce myself to the Republican party of Northumberland county as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will endeavor to perform the duties of the office to the advantage of the people of the county.

AMOS VASTINE.

Shamokin township, June 24, 1871.

Shamokin township, June 24, 1871. Report of "First National Bank of Sunbury."

Report of the condition of "The First National Bank of Sunbury," at the close of business June 10th, A. D., 1871.

RESOURCES. " " and Securities on hand... Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages... Due from Rédeeming and Reserve 11,850 00 Agents......

Due from other National Banks...

" " other Banks and Banker other Banks and Bankers... Banking House, other Real Estate, 48,511 62 Furniture and fixtures Carent Expenses and Taxes Paid...
Cash Items, including stamps, and
Protest Account.
Bills of other National Banks.
Fractional Currency, including Nick-16,068 00 U. S. Legal Tender Notes .. 69,000 00 \$170,533 80 LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in Surplus fund.

Discount, Exchange, Interest, and
Profit and Loss..... 53,701 8 National Bank circulation outstand-177,510 0 State Bank circulation outstanding... 6,159 50 4,634 18 279,629 38 18,414 02 488 16 10,366 84 Construction account... Due to National Banks Due to other Banks and Bankers ... 994 68 STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA:

COUNTY OF NORTHCMBERLAND, SCT.

I. Samuel J. Packer, Cashier of "The First National Bank of Sunbary," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

[Signed,]

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 15th day of June, A. D., 1871. [Signed,] EM'L WILVERT, Notary Public. (SEAL.)

Correct—ATTEST:
WM. I. GREENOUGH,
J. B. PACKER,
WM. M. ROCKEFELLER,
Directors. JOHN HAAS, Sunbury, June 24, 1871.

New Grocery, Confectionery and Bakery.

STEELE & BRO. would respectfully inform the public, that having purchased the Confectionery Store of Wm. Haas, on Third Street, Sunbary, adjoining Henry Fagely's Butcher Shop, they have had in an elegant and fresh as-CONFECTIONERIES.

They have also added a Grocery Department to the store. In addition to the regular line of

will keep on hand at the store, every day, Fresh Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Buns, &c. For the conwentence of customers we will commence to run a wagon on Monday, June 12th, 1871, which will visit all who wish to be thus served carry every LOWEST PRICES

ICE CREAM. In connection with our store we have fitted up an Ice Cream Room for the convenience of ladie and gentlemen. We are prepared to furnish parties and families with Ice Cream by the quart or can on short notice, at the most reasonable terms. A fair share of public patronage respect-

STEELE & BRO. Sunbury, June 17, 1871.-2w. Clock & Watch Repairer.

F. VOGT. In Dewart's Block, three doors west of the Central Hotel, Market Square, SUNBURY, PA., Respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and

vicinity, that he is prepared to repair Clocks and Watches in all branches, also Gold and Silver-Ware of all descriptions. Having had forty years experience in the business in this country, he flatters himself that he

can give general satisfaction.
All work guaranteed—Custom respectfully so BAKERY! BAKERY!! BAKERY!!!

LEONARD DOVERTH, HAS just opened a first class Bakery on Front street near the Railroad depot at Northumberland, and is prepared to furnish the citizens of Northumberland and Sunbury with all kinds of Bread and Cakes, such as BROWN BREAD.

MILK BREAD,
BREAD BAKED on the HEARTH,
and a full line of FANCY CAKES, Tea Buns, Rolls and Twists.

Bread and Cakes delivered to customers every Cakes for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Fairs, &c.,

furnished at short notice. Being a practical baker, and having worked at the business in Sunbury for several years past, he hopes to give satisfaction to his customers as herestofore.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Estate of George Emerich, Sen.,

Late of Jordan Township, deceased. OTICE is hereby given that letters testa-A mentary have been granted to the under-signed, on the estate of George Emerich. Sen., late of Jordan township, Northumberland coun-ty, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted to said extate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them only

urhenticated for settlement. MICHAEL EMERICH, Executor.

Jordan township, June 10, 1871. Merchant Tailoring. J. M. BONTIAN. Post Office Building, opposite the Depot, (up stairs,)

SUNBURY, PENN'A, Informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just opened a large and varied as-sortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., which will be made up to order in the latest styles, and warmuled to ill. ticulicates in want of fashlotable suits are in-vited to call and examine his stock. BHILL THE

scientifically and practically cut and made to RUN NO RISK.

We furnish the above styles of improved yoke and suck shirt with entirely new shape sicery, and guarantee a porfect inting shirt. It is the best made of a shirt ever offered to the trade. Fine and fancy shirts made to order. J. M. BOSTIAN.

June 5, 1571 .- 6m. A LANGE supply of Wall Paper half Berder just received and for sale obego, at the Manufact Bross of H. Y. FELLANG.

Dew Adbertisements.

TRILING

THE MAMMOTH STORE.

has just received and opened

A MAMMOTH STOCK OF GOODS

which he fine

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARL

and offers to the Public at the very

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Having established a reputation for low

FAIRDEALING

to all, will endeavor to maintain that position.

COME ONE & ALL & EXAMINE THE

LARGEST STOCK,

BEST ASSORTMENT &

IN THE COUNTRY.

Thankful for the large amount of patronage

heretofore bestowed upon me, I will endeaver by furnishing the best goods at the lowest prices to erit a continuance of the same.

H. Y. FRILING. April 15, 1871.

Splendid Assortment CENT'S FURNISHING GOODS AT THE

MERCHANT TAILORING HOUSE, THIRD ST., ONE DOOR BELOW MARKET ST., SUNBURY, PA.,

J. M. ZIEGLER, Proprietor. Every variety of FRENCH & ENGLISH CASSIMERES

CLOTHS, VESTINGS, &c. of the finest grades, embracing every quality and styles that the New York and Philadelphia Markets afford, which will be made up to order by the best of workmen, warranted to fit and nder entire satisfaction.

embracing everything of Gentlemen's wear, all new and of the latest styles. A large stock has just been opened, to which the citizens are invited to call and examine.

J. M. ZIEGLER,

Variet Squ Third Street, one door below Market Square.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Sunbury, April 22, 1871. FOR SALE!

EIGHTY seres of improved land in the best section of Southern Michigan, within five miles of the town of "Three Rivers," in St. Jo-Station, good buildings, out houses, large or, chard, soil, rich sandy loam, school houses and churchs within sight—title indisputable, ten acres are in wheat, the remainder in glover soil. A span of horses, cattle, hogs, grain and farming utensils, &c., will be sold with this property. Price \$70 per acre, \$5,000 in cash, the balance in time payments of \$600. Apply to WM. A. MASSER, Three Rivers, Mich.

H. B. MASSER, Sunbury, Pa. Sunbury, March 11, 1871. LAST NOTICE.

THE Book Accounts and Notes of J. W. Fri-ling & Son, and H. Y. Friling, have been placed in the hands of A. N. Brice, Esq., for cel-

lection. All knowing themselves indebted with call at his office in Masonic Hall, and make set-tlement, or some satisfactory arrangement for payment, before July 1st, or sait will be brought at that time.

J. W. FRILING. & SON,
H. Y. FRILING. Sunbury, June 10, 1871. -5

MILLINERY GOODS GENERALLY.

NEW STYLES OF BONNETS, HATS,

FLOWERS, FRAMES, &c Mourning and Bridal

Hats and Honnets.

Full line of Monening Veils and Craps MILLINERY IS THE SPECIALTY Sash Biblions, Ornaments, Feathers, Cores-Handkerchiefs, &c., &c. FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Milly M. L. GC 984. E.c.