THE SUNBURY AMERICAN,
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MASSER'S BUILDINGS, MARKET SQUARE,
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SUNBURY AMERICAN.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

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SUNBURY, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 30, 1870.

New Series, Vol. 2, No. 8.
Old Series, Vol. 30, No. 24

Professional.

JNO. A. WILSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 144 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburg, Pa. Notary Public, Jan. 15, 1870.—1y.

GEO. HILL, Attorney at Law, SUNBURY, PA. Will attend to all professional business in this and and adjoining counties. Can be consulted in the English and German languages.

J. G. MARKLE & CO. Market Street, SUNBURY, PA. Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Pocket Books, Dairies, &c.

S. P. WOLVERTON, Attorney at Law. Market Square, SUNBURY, PA. Professional business in this and adjoining counties promptly attended to.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG. SAMUEL LINN.
ARMSTRONG & LINN. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, WILLIAMSPORT, PENN'A. July 31, 1869.—6 mos.

DR. A. R. SAVIDGE, respectfully announces himself as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, having located himself permanently on Market street, nearly opposite the Fairmount Hotel, where he can be consulted at all hours when not professionally engaged. apl24-1y

TEETH! TEETH!—J. K. CRESSINGER, Surgeon Dentist, SUNBURY, PA. All work carefully attended to and warranted. Am thankful to all for the kindness extended toward me by giving me their patronage in the past, and hope a continuance and increase of the same. ☞ Office, first door east of Adams' Express Office. apl19-69

G. W. ZIEGLER, Attorney at Law, north side of Public Square, one door east of the old Bank building, SUNBURY, PA.—Collections and all professional business promptly attended to in the courts of Northumberland and adjoining counties. sept15-66

A. N. BRICE, Attorney at Law, Sunbury, Pa. Office in corner room up stairs, of Haupt's New Building, formerly occupied by G. W. Haupt, Esq. Collections of claims, writings, and all kinds of legal business attended to carefully and with dispatch. [April 2,'70-1y.

C. A. REIMENSNYDER, Attorney at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—All business entrusted to his care attended to promptly and with diligence. apl27-67

JNO. KAY CLEMENT, Attorney at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—Collections and all professional business promptly attended to. mch31-66

C. J. BRUNER. L. H. KASE.
BRUNER & KASE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, SUNBURY, PA. Office on Chestnut street, west of the N. C. and P. & E. Railroad Depot, in the building lately occupied by P. Lazarus, Esq. Collections and all professional business promptly attended to in Northumberland and adjoining counties. apl10-69

S. B. BOYER. W. J. WOLVERTON
BOYER & WOLVERTON, Attorneys at Law, on second floor in Bright's new building, SUNBURY, PA.—S. B. Boyer and W. J. Wolverton respectfully announce that they have entered into co-partnership in the practice of the law, SUNBURY, PA.—Collections attended to in the counties of Northumberland, Union, Snyder, Montour, Columbia and Lycoming. apl10-69

WM. M. ROCKEFELLER. LLOYD T. ROHRBACH.
ROCKEFELLER & ROHRBACH, Attorneys at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—Office in Haupt's new building, second floor. Entrance on Market Square. jan4-68

Business Cards.

JACOB O. BECK, MERCHANT TAILOR, AND DEALER IN CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS, Fourth St., South of Weaver's Hotel, Sunbury, Pa. March 31,'66

VALENTINE DIETZ, Wholesale and Retail dealer in every variety of ANTHRACITE COAL, SUNBURY, PENN'A. (UPPER WHARF.) ☞ Orders solicited and filled with promptness and despatch. may12-66

COAL! COAL! COAL!—GRANT BROS., Shippers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in WHITE AND RED ASH COAL, SUNBURY, PA. (LOWER WHARF.) ☞ Sole Agents, Westward, at the celebrated Henry Clay Coal. jan19-66

W. S. RHOADS, RETAIL DEALER OF ANTHRACITE COAL, SUNBURY, PENN'A. OFFICE WITH MAAS, FAGELY & CO., Orders left at Seasholtz & Bro's., office Market Street, will receive prompt attention. Country custom respectfully solicited. Jan. 8, 1870.—tf.

JACOB SHIPMAN, FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE AGENT, SUNBURY, PENN'A. Represents: Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., York, Pa.; Cumberland Valley Mutual Protective Co.; New York Mutual Life; Girard Life of Phila., and Hartford, Conn., General Accident.

DENTISTRY. GEORGE M. RENN, *In Simpson's Building, Market Square,* SUNBURY, PA., IS prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to Dentistry. He keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Teeth, and other Dental material, from which he will be able to select, and meet the wants of his customers. All work warranted to give satisfaction, or else the money refunded. The very best Mouth Wash and Tooth-Powders kept on hand. His references are the numerous patrons for whom he has worked for the last twelve years. Sunbury, April 21, 1868.

GRAND BARBER SALOON. *The Oldest and most Noted Institution of the Kind IN SUNBURY, PA.* J. W. WASHINGTON, having removed to his new building on Third street, between Market and the Depot, is now prepared to serve his customers better that ever. Having secured the services of first-class Barbers, SHAVING AND HAIR-DRESSING will be executed in the latest style. The building having been erected especially for the purpose of a first-class Barber Saloon, and having fitted it up in the latest style, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. In the adjoining room a first-class Confectionery has been opened for the sale of ICE CREAM, CANDIES, CAKES, BEER, and numerous other Temperance Drinks in common use. Oranges, and other delicious fruits and eatables of home and foreign growth in rich profusion and elegant variety. sept3-68

NEW COAL YARD. THE undersigned having commenced the Coal business with his extensive FLOUR & GRAIN trade, is prepared to supply families with the VERY BEST OF COAL, CHEAP FOR CASH. Egg, Stove and Nut, constantly on hand. Grain taken in exchange for Coal. J. M. CADWALLADER. Sunbury, Jan. 15, 1870.—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

MT. CARMEL HOUSE, Mt. Carmel, Pa. CHARLES CULP, Proprietor. A Pleasant Summer Resort. This well-known House, is refitted and repaired, will furnish the best of accommodations to travelers and permanent boarders. On account of its location it possesses peculiar attractions as a summer resort. July 3, 1869.—1y.

PACIFIC HOTEL, *SUNBURY, PENN'A.,* WM. T. ENGLEMAN, Proprietor. A pleasant Summer Resort, being on the bank of the Susquehanna river. This stand having been newly built by the Proprietor, offers excellent accommodations to the traveling community.—Choice wines, liquors and cigars at the bar. The table supplied with best the market affords. An ample and well stocked stable in connection with this house. apl24-1y

RESTAURANT & EATING HOUSE. CHARLES ITZEL, PROPRIETOR. Chestnut Street, a few doors from the Depot. SUNBURY, PA., HAS open a Restaurant and Eating House, for the accommodation of the public. Warm meals can be had all hours. All kinds of game, fish, &c., served up at short notice. His bar is supplied with the best liquor in market. No pains spared to please, and terms moderate. Sunbury, September, 4th 1869.—1y.

NATIONAL LAGER BEER SALOON, ON THIRD STREET, NEAR THE DEPOT, SUNBURY, PA. JOSEPH BACHER informs the citizens of Sunbury and the public generally, that he has opened a LAGER BEER SALOON at the above place. The best of Lager Beer, and Malt Liquors will be kept. Also Oysters, &c., constantly served up to customers.

NATIONAL HOTEL. AUGUSTUS WALD, Proprietor, Georgetown North'd County, Pa., at the Station of the N. C. R. W. Choice wines and cigars at the bar. The table if supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling and attentive ostlers.

CHAS. KLECKNER. CHAS. CAWLEY.
ALLEGHENY HOUSE, Nos. 812 and 814. Market Street, above eighth, PHILADELPHIA. Terms, $2 per day. We respectfully solicit your patronage. KLECKNER & CAWLEY.

J. VALER'S WINTER GARDEN AND HOTEL *Nos. 720, 722, 724 & 727 Vine St.,* PHILADELPHIA.

WINTER GARDEN HOTEL, (ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN) Centrally located, connecting with all the City Passenger Railway Cars, from all the Depots in the City. Excellent Accommodations for Travellers. Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concerts every evening in the Summer and Winter Garden. ☞ *Orchestrion Concert Every Afternoon.* ☜ FINE LADIES' RESTAURANT—THE BEST OF REFRESHMENTS SERVED. Office of Valer & Lawser's fountain Park Brewery. April 10, 1869.

Miscellaneous.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c, has largely added to his stock and facilities for supplying his trade. His stock consists of a full line of SCHOOL, BLANK & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, CAP, BILL, NOTE, LEGAL AND OTHER PAPERS, BUFF, WHITE, CANARY, AND OTHER ENVELOPES. ALSO PAPER & OIL CLOTH, SHADE FIXTURES, PERFUMES, FANCY ARTICLES, &c WALL PAPER AND BORDERS made specially. An immense new and cheap stock. SUNDAY SCHOOLS supplied from stock or by order promptly, at the lowest Sunday School discounts, with books and other supplies. MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS Picture Frames and Mouldings, FRAMES MADE OF ALL SIZES, AT PRICES OF MOULDING. All daily, weekly and monthly Periodicals and Newspapers supplied by No., month or year. Goods not on hand promptly ordered. Single or quanity. Persons in want of goods in his line, especially cash buyers, will find it to their interest to call at N. Ferree Lightner's Book Store, sign of the Big Gold Pen. PLEASANT'S BUILDING, MARKET SQUARE, Sept. 25th 1869.—1y. SUNBURY, PA.

BREAD AND FANCY CAKES. DAVID FRY, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he will bake to order all kinds of CAKES FOR BALLS, PARTIES, &c. Families are supplied with FRESH BREAD, Twist, Rolls, Rusk, Tea Buns, &c., and also keps on hand and manufactured out of the best materials. All orders left at his Shop in Market Square, one door east of Miss Anna Painter's Millinery Store, or at his Bakery on Spruce Street, between Front and Second streets, will meet with prompt attention. BALLS AND EVENING PARTIES supplied with Cakes, Ice-Cream, &c., at the shortest notice. Orders are respectfully solicited. DAVID FRY. Sunbury, Dec. 12, 1868.

NEW MEAT SHOP. THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that they have opened a MEAT SHOP, in Dewart's Building, on the north side of Market Square, two doors from the railroad, where they will keep a constant supply of the best of Beef, Pork, Mutton, &c., at wholesale or retail, at the lowest prices and of the first quality. A wagon will be run to supply customers every morning, (except Sundays.) The best of meat will found at their shop. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves. REFFEW & BOWER. Oct. 16th 1869.—tf.

LIQUOR STORE! CHRISTIAN NEFF, Second Street, opposite the Court House, SUNBURY, PA., Respectfully invites the attention of Retailers and others, that he has on hand, and will constantly keep all kinds of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, Consisting of Pure Brandies: Cognac, Cherry, Ginger, Rochelle and Otard. Whiskies: Pure Rye Copper-Distilled, Monongahela, Apple and Nectar. PURE HOLLAND GIN! Wines: Champagne Wine, Sherry, Port and Claret. Crab Cider, Champagne Cider, N. E. Rum, Brown Stout and Scotch Ale. STOMACH AND BAR BITTERS, And all others Liquors which can be found in the city markets, which will be sold at Wholesale and Retail. Every article guaranteed as represented. Also, a large lot of DEMIJOHNS and BOTTLES, always on hand. ☞ Orders promptly attended to, and public patronage respectfully solicited. C. NEFF. Sunbury, July 3, 1869.—tf.

New Advertisement.

WINE BITTERS

OF SPEER'S WINE with Herbs and Roots, is by far the BEST and most Reliable Tonic and Bitter in the market. The best is always the CHEAPEST. The Herbs, Barks and Roots used in SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS! Are Peruvian Bark, Chamomile Flowers, Snakeroot, Wild Cherry bark, Calamus, Ginger, and such other Herbs and Roots as having always been found the most HEALTHY-GIVING and invigorating. They impart BLOOM o the sallow, care-worn and lean person, and BEAUTY to their pale and sickly countenances. Ladies from Utah, South America and Europe are sending by Express for these Bitters. Sold by Druggists generally. See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

GRAND OPENING OF THE NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE, Haupt's Building, SUNBURY, C. B. WEITZEL, Proprietor. AN unparalled stock of Dry Goods just purchased in the New York market at the lowest figures, is now offered at prices lower than goods were ever sold for in Sunbury, consisting of SILKS, of the best quality and superior lustre and finish, such as GROS GRAIN, BLACK EXTRA HEAVY CORD, JAPANESE SILKS, &c. [illegible] for spring [illegible] The celebrated Buffalo Brand of BLACK ALPACAS, The Beaver brand, Silk finished Black, pure Mohairs. Black, White and Colored Alpacas. English and French Bombazines. French Merinos. Empress Cloths and Poplins. Silk and Wool rolled Poplins. Printed and plain all-wool Delaines. 3-4 and 6-4 Traveling Dress Fabrics. Silk and wool Mixtures for Suits. Plaid Poplins and Diagonals. A complete assortment of MOURNING GOODS, FLANNELS, WHITE BLANKETS, TABLE-COVERS, JEANS, TWEEDS, REPELLANTS, Fancy Cassimeres, Cloths of all description, Balmoral Skirts, Prints, Delaines, Ginghams, Linens, Handkerchiefs, Muslins, Hosiery, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS, CARPETS—Brussell, Tapestry, Ingrain, Hall and Stair. These are but an outline of the extensive and varied Stock at the New York store, to which the attention of the community is cordially invited. Call and examine them, if you wish to form a correct estimate of their superior quality. Prices as low as before the war. ☞ Country produce taken in exchange for goods. C. B. WEITZEL. March 26, 1870.-1y.

A GENTLEMAN'S WARD-ROBE. A MAMMOTH STOCK OF GOODS, MERCHANT TAILORING HOUSE, THIRD ST., ONE DOOR BELOW MARKET ST., SUNBURY, PA., J. M. ZIEGLER, PROPRIETOR. FRENCH & ENGLISH CASSIMERES, CLOTHS OF EVERY KIND, VESTINGS, ALL KINDS, FINEST GRADES, ENDLESS VARIETY. Embracing every quality and styles that the New York and Philadelphia Markets afford, which will be made up to order by the best of workmen, warranted to fit and render entire satisfaction. MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. The largest assortment in town. Embracing everything of Gentlemen's wear of the latest styles. Call and see my stock, also the latest fashions, before purchasing elsewhere. J. M. ZIEGLER, (successor to Thomas G. Nott,) Third st., one door below Market, Sunbury, Pa. Sunbury, Jan. 15, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE. THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and the public generally, that they have opened a New Grocery Store, near the north east corner of Third and Market streets, SUNBURY, PA. They will constantly keep on hand Groceries of all kinds. Also, a regular supply of Wheat, Buckwheat, Corn-Meal and other Flour of the best quality. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices. WEITZEL & BROTHER. Nov. 6, 1869.

HARDWARE STORE, J. H. Cooley, & Co. MARKET STREET, SUNBURY, PA., HAS received a new assortment of all kinds of Hardware, Cutlery, Mechanics' Tools, &c., of all descriptions. Also Wagon Maker's Materials, Hubs, Rims, Spokes. Also, all kinds of Leather for shoemaker's and saddlers. Everything in the Hardware line can be found which will be sold as low as can be bought of any other establishment in the country. Call and see our stock. Sunbury, Dec. 11, 1869.

SHOEMAKERS.—The best qualities of Sole Leather, French Calfskins, Morocco, Linings, Lasts, Nails, Pegs, Tools of all kinds, and everything used by the trade, for sale by J. H. COOLEY & CO.

Select Poetry.

IMPERISHABLE.

The pure, the bright, the beautiful
That stirred our hearts in youth,
The impulse to a worldly prayer,
The dreams of love and truth;
The longing after something lost,
The spirit's yearning cry;
The striving after better hopes—
These things can never die.

The timid hand stretched forth to aid
A brother in his need,
The kindly word in grief's dark hour
That proves a friend indeed;
The plea for mercy softly breathed
When justice threatens nigh;
The sorrow of a contrite heart—
These things shall never die.

The memory of a clasping hand,
The pressure of a kiss,
And all the trifles sweet and frail
That make up love's first bliss;
If with a firm, unchanging faith,
And holy trust and high
Those hands have clasped, these lips have met,
These things shall never die.

The cruel and the bitter word
That wounded as it fell,
The chilly want of sympathy
We feel but never tell;
The hard reptile that chills the heart,
Whose hopes were bounding high,
In an unfading record kept—
These things shall never die.

Let nothing pass, for every hand
Must find some work to do;
Lose not a chance to waken love,
Be firm and just and true;
So shall a light that cannot fade
Beam on thee from on high,
And angel voices say to thee,
These things shall never die.

Miscellaneous.

THE AMENDMENT IN THE SIXTH WARD—MEETING AT NASBY'S SALOON.

The news of the President's proclamation announcing the ratification of the Fifteenth amendment, reached Mr. Nasby's Harp of Erin Saloon, in the Sixth Ward, New York, on the 2d inst. Nasby at once draped his bar and bottles in mourning, and had a meeting called for the evening. After some preliminary speeches, the meeting adopted the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the Dimocrisy uv Noo York, consideria and beleevin the nigger to be a beast, a burlesk on humanity and incapable uv discharging any uv the dooties uv citizenship, do hereby protest agin his bein given the ballot on a reality with white men.

"Resolved, That the Dimocrisy uv Noo York rather than succumb to this degredashen, pledges itself to the extermination uv the accusid race."

The proceedings which followed are told in Mr. Nasby's own words:

The resolooshen wuz adoptid without a dissentin voice, and the enthoosiastic McGuire, brandishin his shillala, rushed out after the niggers with wuz pass in, and knockin'em down, stamped onto 'em vigorously with his boots exclaimin the while, "Want to vote, do yez!"

The meetin wuz about to break up, when Tim O'Grady, a man uv Fernandy Wood's, come rushin in. He had heerd uv the meetin and come imjitly to see about it. I told him in a breath what hed bin done. "Thunder!" he remarkt to me in a whisper, "this won't do. You eggrejis old ass, the niggers hev a vote and will vote now in in spite uv us. We must git em, for without em, with all the rebels disfranchised, wat kin we do in the Southern States? Call the meetin to order agin."

I didn't like the tone of his aloosion to me, but I called the meetin to order onet more.

O'Grady remarkt to em that there hed bin a misunderstandin. He felt ashoored that the Dimocrisy uv Noo York, alluz the friends uv the oppressed and down trodden, wood now generously extend a helpin hand to our colored brethern jist elevated to full citizenship. The Dimocrisy hed not assisted in their elevashen, but they hed no feelin agin our brethren uv color. When our colored brethern came to analyze the matter they wood love the Dimocrisy the more for not doin uv it. He wood move the substitooshen uv the follerin resolooshen for the one which hed bin unadvisedly passed:

"Resolved, That the Democrisy uv Noo York hail with the feelin uv pleasure wich we hev no words to express, the elevashun uv our colored fellow-citizens to full citizenship, and that we pledge ourselves to pertect em in the enjoyment uv ther newly-found rites."

The meetin didn't want to pass it. The feelin gin em wuz too deep sot to be rooted out in a minit, but O'Grady wuz determined. O wat a minit wuz that! Wuz the niggers to be killed by us, or wuz they to be taken to our buzzums? Their fate hung tremblin in the balance. Finally it wuz put to vote, and the niggers wuz safe. By one majority the resolushen wuz passed.

At that minit a groan wuz heard outside.

"What is that?" asked O'Grady.

"Some naguns I jist now bate!" remarks McGuire.

"Bestin niggers!" sed O'Grady, "bring em in."

And he rushed out and brought in the two unfortunates. They were badly banged up about the face, and breast, and stummick, and legs, but O'Grady wuz equal to the emergency. He washed their wounds and revived em with whisky and bound up their sores, and finally set em on their feet.

"McGuire!" sed he, when he hed the work finished, "McGuire embrace em."

McGuire hed his shillala in his hand. Never did I see a man so torn with contendin emoshens. Natural instinks impelled him to drop that shillala on their heads ez usual, but politikle considerashens restrained him. Twiet under O'Grady's eye he lowered it, until at last he dropt it, and fell sobbin with emoshens onto their buzzums.

I tuk the crape off the door, bottles and pictures, and immejitly illuminated in honor of the event, and the next mornin I put up a placard at my door, "No distinkshen at this bar on account uv color.—Ekul rites."

The Ward Committee is takin prompt and vigorous ackshen to accoor this vote. They have adopted the same means they youse to control ther other vote. They hev already started ten saloons, run by colored men, to which they give all the profits, and are arrangin for ten more. There will be bigger or two pitt onto the police to wunst. The force will be increased shud to make room for these new men, as we daren't discharge any uv the Irish. I'm goin for em also. Those wich I kin get O'Grady drinks my liker will vote my ticket. I will kick enough.

How "Jimmy the Fiddler" Got a Wife—Romance in Real Life.

Within the environs of the quaint old borough of Port Carbon, resides and subsists an honest Teuton of about 27 years of age, who, like all the rest of mankind, loved the fair sex. He fell in love with a handsome Kattarina and wooed her. By industry and frugality he made for himself a comfortable home, and had got a young and flourishing family of three children, ranging from 12 months to six years, under way, and the neighbors thought everything was moving along quietly undry the Teutonic roof, and we believe it was, until Jimmy the Fiddler made his *deput* in Port Carbon society. Jimmy and Kattarina met (we don't know whether it was at a ball or a church) and, as the story goes, fell in love with each other—Jimmy declaring that he loved her like rare beef (Jimmy is an Englisman), and Kattarina declaring she loved Jimmy like sauer kraut. No one dare deny there being love—true love—there. Jimmy's visits were frequent and annoying to the husband, but they were not to be endured forever. One day the honest Teuton accosted Jimmy with questions:

"Would you like to marry my wife?"

Jimmy was stunned, but recovering his self-possession replied:

"Would you have no objections?"

"Certainly not. You may have her and and I will give you money to go and get married, yet, in the barggain."

"And a paper to show the Squire that you have given your consent?"

"Yes," replied the husband.

"It's a bargain," cried Jimmy, elated with the turn things had taken.

Kattarina was informed of all that occurred and she too was agreed.

Nothing more remained to consummate their happiness, but the tying of the knot, which was to make them husband and wife, and they forthwith hastened to Pottsville, where that little job was fixed short order, and "Jimmy the Fi[illegible] aged forty-eight years last grass, was happy husband of a fair young bride of twenty-six.

United in the holy bonds, the couple returned to Port Carbon, and the youngest of the children demanded and given up to their charge, after which they commenced house-keeping the next door to the former husband, who by this time had made arrangements to take the mother-in-law (an amiable lady of fifty summers, whom his Teutonic lordship learned to love better than her daughter) to be the mistress of his house.

All went on swimmingly until one night last week, when a party of men and boys took it into their heads to try Jimmy's devotion to his newly acquired better half. They proceeded to his house and informed him that he was wanted before a certain time, or they would be[illegible] him or tear the house down over [illegible] The wife was asked if she [illegible] her former [illegible] in the ne[illegible] husband, to which she replied [illegible] negative. The former husband was asked if he wanted her back, and replied negatively. The wife was willing to take her chances with "Jimmy," and leave the neighborhood.

The party, finding that the whole affair was purely a business transaction and none of the parties desired to back water, after enjoying a great deal of sport they left Jimmy in the happy peaceful possession of his newly acquired wife and the jolly Touton in the enjoyment of the society of his mother-in-law.

Port Carbon is a little ahead of any place this side of the domains of Brigham Young, and Jimmy the Fiddler still lives to bless the "frau" of a Teuton.—*Miners' Journal.*

ROME.

Theological Logic Oustide the Council—How the Papal Fathers Debate with the Eastern Church.

A letter from Rome in the Paris *Univers* of April 1 reports the following extraordinary case:

The Theologian of an Armenian bishop, since his arrival here, had been indulging in such attacks on authority that Cardinal Barnabe, Prefect of the Propaganda, thought fit to counsel moderation, and invited him to go to the Convent of Sts. John and Paul of the Passionists and remain there for some time. The other, however, refused in such terms that the Vicariate was obliged to decide on force to oblige him proceed to the place designated.

The agents went in consequence, to the Sacro-Ritiro a la Lungara, where the theologian lived (it being also the bishop's residence), and having seized him placed him in a carriage. But the Armenian made a desperate struggle, and succeeded at length in throwing himself out of the vehicle, after which he ran back to his house, and the agents, who followed, were deterred from a fresh seizure by the protest of the bishop himself. Another fact is more serious. An apostolic visit had been ordered to the convent of the Armenians called Anronines, under the colonnade of the Vatican; but the bishop refused to receive the visitor, on which the Pope ordered Mgr. Ksagian to proceed from St. Sabino to the Dominicans to perform there religious exercises. But the bishop persisted in his refusal, and he has written to Mgr. Place, Bishop of Marseilles, to claim the protection of France against the Holy Father.

Terrible Scene in the Council—Bishop Strossmayer Defended by Swords on His Exit.

The Roman correspondent of the Cologne *Gazette* gives an animated description of the scene in the Œcumeni-Council, on the 22d of March, when Bishop Strossmayer made his speech against that of the *Schema de Fide* which ascribes all modern errors to the Protestants. The Bishop observed that it is unreasonable to describe Protestantism as the source of antheism, pantheism, and materialism, seeing that many eminent Protestants, such as Leibnitz and Guizot, have combated the doctrines. Here the bishop was forced to stop by loud protests from all parts of the Council but he went on when the clamor had ceased. There are many sincere people, he said, among the Protestants of France, England, America, Germany, and his own diocese, who err *bona fide*. This raised another storm, which was only appeased by the intervention of Cardinal Capalti. But when the bishop began to touch on the question whether the dogmas should be passed by a majority of votes, or only, as in former Councils, when all the members are unanimous, the Council lost all patience. Cries of "*Haeretica! haeretica!*" and "*Damnamus eum!*" were heard on all sides. One bishop exclaimed, "At eos non damnamus," upon which the others repeated, "*Damnamus*," and shouted to the speaker, "*To si Protestans! Anathema sinodus!*" Ultimately Bishop Strossmayer was compelled to leave the Tribune without finishing his speech.

The noise was so great that it was heard in the ante-rooms, and the bishop's military servant drew his sword and endeavored to force his way into the council chamber to defend his master.

ANOTHER SWINDEL.

A New Move in the Old Direction—Read Remember and be Warned.

The following correspondence explains itself:

To the Editor of The Press:

SIR: Last week I received the enclosed letter from New York. Having never dealt in drawings of any kind, it is, therefore, one of the boldest attempts to swindle heard of lately.

Yours, &c., W. M. BLAKSLEE.

P. S.—My object in sending it to you is that you may be able to warn the public in general by saying someting in your paper. W. M. B.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1870.

OFFICE OF W. H. TAPPAN & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLE DEALERS IN DIAMONDS AND FINE GOLD WATCHES. Factory at Geneva, Switzerland. NEW YORK, FEB. 21, 1870.

DEAR SIR: About fourteen months ince Messrs. Rend & Co. paid us $200 for a solid gold Geneva watch which they stated your ticket, No. 92,094, had drawn, requesting to to send it to you as soon as the $10 percentage was received. We have since then paid out $3 taxes on the watch, making the charges on it now $13. Let us us know by what express to send the watch, so you can call and get it and pay the $13 charges to the agent.

We are, sir, most respectfully, W. H. TAPPAN.

No. 19 Howard street, New York.

To W. B., Philadelphia, Pa.

Since the above was in type we have received the annexed additional letters:

To the Editor of The Press:

SIR: I sent you yesterday a letter received from New York about a watch. I answered it by saying they might forward it by the Adam's Express, to which they sent me the enclosed letter. It came to hand this morning. On receiving it I called at the express office, stated the facts to the agent, and asked if he would allow me to open the package before paying the $13. He replied "that the company would be responsible for the amount if it was sealed," and at the same time [illegible] not to touch it, because [illegible] dead swindle; the [illegible] not worth $125. [illegible] be obliged to [illegible] authorized [illegible]

[illegible] doubt they [illegible] game" in your paper. Others may not be as wise as I in this respect

W. M. B.

PHILADELHIA, 3d Month 2, 1870.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 1870

To W. M. B.—, Philadelphia Pa.

DEAR SIR: Yours received, and in compliance therewith we to-day forward your watch to your address at 33 North Seventeenth street, Philadelphia, Pa. C. O. D. $13 and charges for returning money.

We are, sir, respectfully, W. H. TAPPAN & Co.

The Life of a Desperado.

A few years ago, Mr. Moyses, an old San Francisco jeweler, upon going to his store one afternoon, and found his son the only attendant, beaten nearly to death, and nearly 20,000 worth of jewelry stolen. The police searched for the villain for months, and finally caught him at Fort Prescott, Arizona, where he had just arrived from Mexico. He was a tall, raw-boned individual, named John Kelley. He had gone to California with the notorious 14th Regiment of United States Infantry, and said he had deserted after the regiment had reached San Francisco.

While at Fort Prescott, which is situated on a rocky precipice fifty feet above a stream, he broke from his guard-house one night, dashed past the sentinel, and leaped boldly over cliff, escaping without injury. He was next heard of at the Santi Rita mine in Arizona, where he worked at blacksmithing and tried to stab the superintendent of the mine, Mr. Grosvenor.—Before leaving he took one of the employees of the mines to his rooms, where he opened his trunk and exhibited to him eighteen pairs of human ears, which he said he had cut from the heads of eighteen percons that he had killed since he had deserted from the army,, and that he had sworn to increase the the number to twenty-five before he would stop.

From there he went to Tubac, Mexico, where he killed a man with whom he had a quarrel, and as the sympathies of the inhabitants were with the murdered man, Kelley found it necessary to leave that part of the country to escape lynch law.—From that place he went to Chihuahua, near which city he murdered his traveling companion for his money. Several months ago he brutally murdered a family of four persons near El Paso del Norte, for the sake of a few dollars.

Kelley, who had acquired the name of the "Arizona Ruffian," was then arrested by some of the inhabitants of the city named who wreaked their vengeance on him. They carried him into a wood some distance from the city, where they tied one of a rope to the limb of a tree, and to the other fastened Kelley by the heels so that his head hung within a few feet of the ground. They then built a slow fire under him and allowed him to remain suspended until death put end to his existence.

"MARY MYRTLE" comes down in the following style upon those bashful swains who dawdle and dangle, and wear out the girls' patience and good clothes, make a protracted meeting of their halcyon days, and never summon couage sufficient to pop the question and then question Pop:

If there is anything more disheartening to a woman than a long courtship I have yet to discover it. From the woman who marries for a home—and there are far too many who do that—to the fair creature who marries for love, there are thousands who kept in suspense for years, not knowing whether the man whom they expect to marry is really going to propose or not. It is very certain that long courtships seldom result in matrimony. It generally happens that the faults of both parties are made evident, and the desire for separation is mutual.

But no young (or old) man has any right to monopolize the attentions of a lady for years and then coolly dismiss her. By so doing he possibly prevents her from marrying some one who would be glad to have her, and acts a part which all gentlemen will, I'm sure, gentlemen, when you have decided that the lady is worthy of your choice and don't be too long about it "pop the question" and set her heart at rest.

[illegible] ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.

10 Lines, or about 100 words, make a Square

	1 Sq	2 Sq	3 Sq	4 Sq	[illegible]
One week	1.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	[illegible]
Two weeks	1.50	3.00	3.50	4.00	6.50	[illegible]
Three "	2.00	3.50	4.50	5.00	7.00	10.00	[illegible]
Four "	2.50	4.50	5.50	6.00	7.50	11.00	18.00
Five "	2.75	5.00	6.50	7.00	8.50	12.00	20.00
Six "	3.00	6.75	7.50	8.00	9.00	13.00	22.00
Two mo's	3.25	7.50	8.50	9.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Three "	3.50	8.00	9.50	10.00	12.00	18.00	30.00
Six "	5.00	9.00	11.00	12.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
Nine "	6.00	10.00	13.00	15.00	20.00	25.00	35.00
One Year	8.00	12.00	15.00	20.00	30.00	50.00	$100

WE again call upon the consumers o[illegible] coal abroad to not to submit to high prices—there is no necessity for it. The market can be supplied even with the Schuylkill and Shamokin Regions almost entirely suspended in sending coal towards the seaboard for several weeks yet. If the whole trade were to start now, coal would go down to $2 a ton, in less than a week, in the present state of business, and this would be followed by another suspension after running for two or three weeks, because no person could pay last year's basis wages and sell coal at less than $3 a ton. So far it is a dead lock—and we think the Workingmen's Benevolent Associ[illegible] is in the wrong by adhering to las[illegible] rates, without showing a disp[illegible] give one iota, while all other [illegible] submitting to reductions [illegible] prices. We learn that th[illegible] County are receiving no[illegible] counties where they are a[illegible] they suspend to assist the memb[illegible] W. B. A., in this and [illegible] Counties. Why our m[illegible] stand idle to assist the[illegible] good wages, while th[illegible] return, seems to us the [illegible] is asking a little to [illegible] Schuylkill Coun[illegible] then to accom[illegible] Under all [illegible] repeat our a[illegible] members in th[illegible] are at work, t[illegible] the price of [illegible] refuse to do [illegible] if their wag[illegible] will have [illegible] —*Miner's* [illegible]

NEW T[illegible] new genera[illegible] electricity [illegible] to the m[illegible] a recent [illegible] heat wh[illegible] source [illegible] that, u[illegible] bodies, [illegible] produ[illegible] electr[illegible] good [illegible] dyn[illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] joi[illegible] m[illegible] fa[illegible]

[illegible] product[illegible] [illegible] under the [illegible] average annual increase has been 100 per cent., and at the close of the year will be 143 per cent., or an average annual increase during the six years of 24 per cent.

A man in Cincinnati, whose wife [illegible] away from him, poured two p[illegible] powder into a box, pillowed his he[illegible] it and then applied a match. The e[illegible] sion scattered and took his hair off without killing him. He is likely to die, however.

TOO POOR TO TAKE A NEWSPAPER.—Decidedly the poorest man in these stirring times is the man who is too poor to take his local newspaper. We pity such a man, especially if he [illegible] property. Whoever heard of a man too poor to smoke and chew tobacco, if addicted to either habit? And yet, men they spend from ten to fifteen to fifteen cents a day for "the weed are too poor to take a newspaper. If the intellectual enjoy[illegible] advice afloat families might [illegible] what is bad for men are poor [illegible] of

There is a gre[illegible] as to what is good [illegible] people to eat and drink at this [illegible] the year. It is not reliable. Any person, arrived at years of discretion and possessing common sense, knows what is good for him to eat or drink, and what is hurtful to him. No rule in these matters is general no two persons are alike in this respect. "What is one man's meat is another man,s poison."

The laws of China were made 2000 years ago, and have undergone but little change. One of them requires that all persons must truthfully represent their profession, and that generation after generation they must not change or alter it. Another provides that the possessor of land shall cultivate it, under pain of forfeiture.

A Michigan woman has recovered by law all the money that her husband had spent in a liquor saloon for six years. The prohibitory liquor law of that State does not regard liquor as "property," and the woman recovered the money on the ground that it had been paid to the liquor vender without consideration.

In attempting to carve a fowl one day, a gentleman found consider