SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1867.

OUR NEIGHBORS AND OURSELVES .-During our absence in Philadelphia, two weeks since, our local editor noticed an illiberal and ungentlemanly article in the Democrat, in relation to the miscarriage of our package for Northumberland. The reply to that article, though explicit, was, in its tone and temper, courteous and respectful, and would have been received in the same spirit by any one capable of appreciating the am enities and courtesies that necessarily exist among men of intelligence and good breeding. But the fellows who now run that concern never made any pretense to any such qualifications, and we are not disposed to hold them responsible for that which nature and the want of proper culture has denied them. Their rejoinder was just what might have been expected, was just what might have been expected, and perfectly in character with the tone and temper of a sheet that causes intelligent democrats to blush when bound to recognize it as the organ of their party.

South Reny, and seeing the rest lying They got him out, and seeing the rest lying there dead they went in again and brought all out but two, Harrison Huddert and Michael Spellman, who were in the aircourse and could not be got at. The bodies It as the organ of their party.

As the editor of the Gazette, with his usual magnanimity, forgetting the personal laudations of himself in the Democrat, has seen fit to act in concert with the editor in this small business, it may be proper to

A few years ago, it will be remembered, quite a spirit of rivalry existed between Sunbury and Northumberland, growing out of the removal of the Bank, and the location of the Machine Shops. The editor of this paper was more than suspected of being an active and open supporter of the interests of Sunbury. From that period our package for Northumberland began to "grow small by degrees, and beautifully less"while that of our neighbor of the Gazette was proportionally enlarged. The inference nay be readily drawn by the dullest intelect. But, as we profess to be independent and feel under no obligations, for special avors, to any one, we never complained. 'et we do not think it entirely magnani-

mplated new rail road, from this place to ilkesbarre, by way of Danville, is an imovement of the utmost importance. A rps of able engineers, under Col. F. C. ms, of this place, late of the Northern Cenl Railway, commenced a survey of the te, from this place, on Monday last. stern road, in Luzerne county, and with Northern Central, at this place, and will constructed to develope the extensive lands through which it passes, as it be the shortest route between New

commercial centres of the Atlantic and great West, which will soon make it the 1 route between the East and the ters to mourn the loss of both father and te Danville, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre , as it is called, will be made on the

h or East side of the river from Sunto Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-

paid.

COL. JOSEPH W. CARE.-We are ed to learn that Col. J. W. Cake, of ville, has been appointed Collector of ort of Philadelphia, which appointwas duly confirmed by the Senate by ng vote. Col. Cake is a practical and ade man, of more than ordinary abiliis an intelligent business man, he or the discharge of the duties of his

His numerous friends in this, his county, will be pleased to hear of

In our advertising columns will be a notice of Jay Cooke &Co., Drexel and E. W. Clark & Co., in relation to v Pennsylvania State six per cent. majority of which was subscribed by arties. The loan is for twenty-three s of dollars, and is entirely free from e, county and other local taxation. lebt of Pennsylvania does not exceed enty-three millions of dollars when ts applicable to the sinking fund are d from the total indebtedness, and one and a half millions. It is calcuat in less than seventeen years, at the rate of liquidation, we shall be ense from State debt.

security can be better than this? le Commonwealth is probably the is it is the keystone of the arch of compared to the immense resources ople. When it is remembered that he borders of the State there are 1,600,000 invested in railroads and ent bonds alone, and many hundred st due loan can, if promptly protiations were at an end.

Lord Stanley said he had not considered

Lord Stanley said he had not considered f the new loan.

idon Times declares that it is on the subject. ion of the Queen's Government to at no distant time all British the American continent."

nphiaus have an old fashioned ishing pickpockets and thieves, as arrested there the other day Wisconsin supports one hundred and 25 and sentenced to fifty-three abor in the chain gang, and to a was then labeled and paraded streets of Memphis,

The Sunbury Ametican. | Terrible Explosion of Pire Damp-

We copy the following from the Pottsville ournal of the 20th inst :-

An explosion of fire damp attended by a sad loss of life, took place at the "Pioneer" Colliery, Bancroft, Lewis & Co., near Ashland, on Friday night, April 12th, at 84 o'clock. It appears that at that hour two boys and a laborer in the gangway, were going out with a trip of wagons. When about one hundred and fifty yards from the face of the slope they felt the shock of a light explosion. This was immediately follight explosion. This was immediately fol-lowed by a heavy explosion which knocked them down. They arose, ran out and in-formed Mr. Mr. Eltringham, the Superinten-dent of the Colliery, of the explosion. He got some men and went down into the mine. They found all the batteries blown out, and They found all the batteries blown out, and that it was very dangerous to do anything. They put up temporary canvass batteries and thus endeavored to get to the miners who were in at the time of the explosion. While making the attempt they heard a cry and stopped to listen. The cry was repeated, but fainter. Supposing the unfortunate men to be in there and all alive, they stopped work and went in at the risk of their lives to rescue them. They found a miner named to rescue them. They found a miner named John Kenny, alive but frantic from pain.—

of the nine men recovered were brought up about 1 o'clock on Saturday morning. The other two were not brought out until 2, P. M., of the same day. The names of the dead are, James Mather, James Hood, Geo. Ross, Harrison Muddert, Micheal Spellman, Thomas Stanton, John Docan, Edward Hopting. Thomas Eltringham. Thomas Welsh pack is not as large as it was several years since.

Thomas Stanton, John Docan, Edward Hopkins, Thomas Eltringham, Thomas Welsh and Joseph Shetzly—the two last being boys. They were all more or less mutilated, but those in the air-courses seemed to have been smothered as they were not burnt much. The appearances show that the men in the gangway were about getting their supper .-The only men who came out alive, were John Kenny, the two drivers and the laborer who was on his way out to a safe place with some lamps to be lighted. Kenny is recovering. Ross and Spelimsn were single men.
The others with the exception of the two
boys and probably, Dolan and Hopkins,
were married and leave large families in

From what we can learn we incline to the pinion that the accident was the result of carelessness, as the fan never stopped, and the men who came up from the previous shift, said that at that time there was as good air said that at that time there was as good air as ever was seen, but that there were large quantities of fire damp coming down on the part of the Gazette to exult ver what was designed as a benefit to remselves and a punishment for us, while aping the reward of their prudential course that exciting controversy.

The New Rail Road.—The congas was fired in an air-hole and from there gas was fired in an air-hole and from there gas was fired in an air-hole and from there communicated to the gangway. It is anticile. communicated to the gangway. It is antici pated that when the air-hole can be reached an open lamp will be found. If this should be the case the cause of the terrible occur-

rence will at once of course, be made clear. James Mather, one of the miners killed by this explosion, was an Englishman, and a member of the Pottsville Cricket Club with which he played on several occasions in their is road, we presume, is intended to con-t with the Delaware. Lackawanna & phia, with the Young America and other clubs. He was a fine player, although some-what advanced in years, and a general favor-ite with all for his worth as a man and his gentlemanly qualities as a cricketer. He leaves a large family, all of them girls, in straightened circumstances, and we are pleased to learn that the Club is subscribing k, Pittsburg and the Lakes-between fund for presentation to them. The explosion also killed his son-in-law, James Hood, leaving one of Mr. Mather's daugh-

We understand that as all of the families of the unfortunate miners are left in destitute circumstances, collections for their relief will be taken up in all of the churches of Ashland to morrow, and that it is desired that the churches of Pottsville will take up collections to morrow for the same benevoed, and five dollars on each share has able to record the fact in our next that all the congregations in this Borough had acted upon the suggestion.

THE WAR FLURRY IN EU-

ROPE. It seems to be somewhat difficult to understand the precise status of the Lux-embourg question. We have accounts stating distinctly that the treaty for the transfer of the Duchy from Holland to France has actually taken place, subject however to two conditions, 1st that it shall be apses the requisite qualifications neces. It is shall meet the consent of Prussia. It such be the case France can have no cause of war in the event of the two remaining ratifying parties, or either of them, refusing to do so. On the other hand we have an official assurance from the Hague that the sale has not been effectual and will not be without the consent of the great powers, and especially the consent of Prussia. In this state of the case it is absurd for France to get angry and make preparations for war, &c. But we refer more in detail to the

question as it would appear to stand. A Berlin telegram of the 4th of April says: "Intelligence received here from the Hague announces that the Dutch Government has officially informed the Prussian Cabinet that the sale of Luxembourg has not yet been effected, and will not be carried out without the consent of Prussia.'

The London Times says it is a disgrace to French statesmen that the Luxembourg eing paid off annually at the rate of scheme should ever have been entertained France will show her deference for European opinion by abandoning this ill-omened neopinion by abandoning this ill-omened negotiation, which would not only unite all
Germany against her, but break off the intimate friendship which prevails between
her and other European Powers.

A Paris telegram of the 5th April says:
"The French Government has still under
consideration the question of the cession of

consideration the question of the cession of on, and this debt is but a triffing Luxembourg to France. It considers that the engagements entered into by the King of Holland are too binding for him to with-

draw without the consent of France." Lord Stanley, in giving some explanations in the House of Commons, said "that the consent of the King of Holland was from more in manufactures, coal and s, &c., &c., and that the Legislasupreme control over all these taxation (excepting government one can fail to agree with us that loan is the safest of all investments culated that at the present rate of the King of Holland was from the first made conditional upon that of the people of Luxembourg and also upon the consent of Prussia. What the feeling of the people of Luxembourg might be, he would not undertake to say, but he strongly doubted whether the consent of Prussia would be given, and if these conditions were not fulfilled, the transaction would fail to the ground. He had returned a reply to culated that at the present rate of , not a dollar of this loan will retty or ninety days. Parties holdst due loan can, if promptly pro-

it necessary on the part of the Government to communicate with Holland and France

When a pickpocket pulls at your watch tell him plainly that you have no time to

thirty-three newspapers, of which eighty-five are Republican. Free baths for the people are badly want-ed in Philadelphia. City missionaries think they would reduce crime.

The Hartford Times, which is the Cincin-The Hartford Times, which is the Cincinnati Enquirer of Connecticut, has paraded a long list of the things the Connecticut Democrate did last election day. We quote the whief of them, with such explanatory notes as are necessary to make their full import plain:

"The Damocrate and Conservative men of Connecticut send gled tidings to their brethern throughout the Union;" to wit: Jefferson Davis, Andrew Johnson, C. L. Vallandigham, James Buchanan, Mayor Monroe, etc.

"They have sustained the principles of

"They have sustained the principles of the Constitution," as misrepresented and be-lied by Calhoun, Yancey, Frank Pierce and Brick Pomeroy.
"They have sustained the constitutional course, of President Johnson," and also his unconstitutional course, which chiefly needs

sustaining.
"They fought the battle on great national under the leadership of Robert E. Lee.

They demanded the Union for which our soldiers fought." This must be understood in a Pickwickian sense. Taken literally, it implies that our soldiers don't know what they fought for, since they don't demand any such Union as Copperheads are striving for.

"They demanded representation in Congress for all the States," but emphatically demanded it for disloyal communities not yet recognized on a constitutional basis.

"They demanded that the rights of States should not be subverted," and that all rights of their inhabitants forfeited by treason should be restored immediately without

"They protested against the centralization power," except it be centralized in the of power," except it be centralized in the President, "and the unsurpation by Congress of authority not delegated by the Constitu-tion," but endorsed the constitutional usur-

pation of legislative powers by the Execu-"They opposed negro suffrage," that is the extension of negro suffrage to loyal black soldiers, but favored giving the ballot

to usrepentant white traitors.

"They protested against the assumption of power by an arrogant and fanatical Congress to repeal a section of the Constitution of Connecticut, in order to open the ballot boxes of this State to the African race." No such assumption of power having been made, destitute circumstances. They were all excellent miners and reliable, worthy men.
With the exception of James Mather, all were under 40 years of age.

Such assumption of power naving occur made and no arrogant and fantical Congress excellent miners and reliable, worthy men.
With the exception of James Mather, all were under 40 years of age.

"They have redeemed the State." To re-

deem: to gain possession of by payment of a price. — Webster's Dictionary. They achieved the victory against great viz., the natural impulses of humanity, patriotism, and justice; but a victory

The Republican Congressional Committee.

The following is a list of the Republican Congressional Committee, selected from the general Congressional Committee, which is now engaged in Washington city in aiding the loyalists of the South in carrying through the coming political reconstruction cam-paign. Any of our friends who may desire to aid the committee in the discharge of the great duty devolved upon it, can do so effectually by contributing pecuniary assistance through its chairman : Robert C. Schenck, Representative, Ohio.

John Conness, Senator, California. Zacharia Chandler, Senator, Michigan. William D. Kelley, Representative, Pennvlvania.

John A. Logan, Representative, Illinois. John M. Broomall, Representative, Penn-Oakes Ames, Representative, Massachu-

Thomas L. Tullock, Secretary. William S. Huntington, Cashier First Na tional Bank, Washington, D. C., Treasurer

The Indians.

St. Louis, April 22 .- The Democrat's special correspondent with General Han-cock's Indian expedition gives an account of a council held at Fort Larned on the 12th instant, between General Hancock and fifteen Cheyenne chiefs,

The council amounted to nothing; only a part of the chiefs of the tribe was in attendance, and those present gave but an equivo-cal reply to Gen. Hancock's speech to them. The next day General Hancock moved toward the Cheyenne camps, and when about half way was met by over three hundred chiefs and warriors, who professed peace; but that night the whole tribe abandoned village, leaving their wigwams, but taking everything of value. General Custer's command was sent in pursuit, but had not re-

turned when the letter closed. The indications point to a confederation between the Cheyennes and the Sioux for evil purposes. General Hancock intended to burn the

Chevennes' village on the 14th. Gen. Sully Holds a Council With

Indians. 850 LODGES REPRESENTED.

CALIFORNIA CROSSING, 25 MILES EAST OF FORT SEDGWICK, April 21.—About eighty of three employees of the Chiefs and head men of the Brule and the chiefs and head men of the Brule and General Hancock lost their trail at Fort General Hancock lost their late camp. hundred and fifty lodges, met General Sully's commission in council at this point to-day. They have promised to remain at peace with the whites and to go upon a reservation. Increased depredations are reported on the road between forts Sedgwick and Lara-

St. Louis, April 23.-A train loaded with Government freight was recently attacked by Indians, near Fort Mitchell, Dakotah, and one hundred and twenty mules were driven off, and the wagons left standing ou the road.

THE COAL TRADE .- The Pottsville Miners' Journal of last Saturday, says :- The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 62.-175 11 tons; by Canal, 25,819 10; for the week 87,095 01 against 114,859 tons for the

corresponding week last year.

The trade continues dull. At many of the collieries the men are standing out for Maryland is about 10,000. higher wages. The truth is that wages for aborers particularly are too low at the collieries, and they can scarcely live at present prices of provisions, but it is well known that the price of coal has fallen more than

ary other commodity in the market, and even at present wages the operators can scarcely save themselves from less. We have just learned that the collieries are nearly all standing idle at Locust Gap and nearly all standing idle at Locust Gap and The pay, expenses, etc., of the Legislature in the Shamokin region in consequence of of this State, just closed, was \$265,000. in the Shamokin region in consequence of turnouts. We have not learned whether the collieries in the Lehigh region are in operation yet or not. Several were to start this week. From present appearances the supply of coal from this region this year will not be increased, but may be considerably diminished, unless a better demand springs up than at present. Many of the collieries were "robbeil" last year may preparations made for working this ly any preparations made for working this year, which will also tend to diminish the

Peace Almost Despaired Of PRUSSIA QUIETLY ARMINO.

London, April 22—Monday Evening.—U.
bonds at Frankfort are quoted at 72;
cace is almost despaired of and there is a

Peace is almost despaired of and there is a tendency to a panic.

Prussia, it is said, is quietly arming.

Paris, April 22.—It is reported on very good authority here that the Emperor Napoleon, in his preparations for war, is engaged in an endeavor to purchase arms in the United States.

The chances are apparently in favor of war on the Luxembourg question. The neutral great powers have, it is said, proposed a compromise of the difficulty, but Prussia disapproves of it.

London, April 23—Noon.—Peace between France and Prussia is now almost despaired of. The Prussians are quietly arming and

of. The Prussians are quietly arming and preparing for the expected shock of arms. The warlike aspect of things has caused considerable slarm on the London Stock Exchange, and the tendency of affairs is to-

wards a financial panic.

Mr. Gladstone is much censured by the members of the Liberal party and of the Leberal cause, for what they term his mismanagement of the reform movement.
FRANKFORT, April 22—Evening.—United States five-twenties closed at 731

MEXICO.

NEW ORLEANS, April 19 .- Advices from Matamoras, 1th inst., say that the Liberals captured Puebla, and that Maximilian is captured Puebla, and that Maximilian is offering to surrender, but his overtures are in Norfolk, recently, but took three times rejected. The Liberals refuse to grant the too much laudanum and had to give it up terms demanded by Maximilian.

THE LIBERAL VICTORY-ATTEMPTED REVO-LUTION-DARTWIS TAKEN AND ORDERED

Liberal forces were in part defeated, and were suffering from a lack of supplies, are all directly contradicted. The report of a revolution, headed by Herera, in San Luis Potosi, is also denied. Letters from President Juarez, received to-day, make no mention of disturbances having taken place or

being anticipated.

Consul Godfrey has received a letter from General Corona in reference to the operations at Queretaro, dated March 16, which states that the Liberals made a reconnoissance in force, bringing on an engagement, which lasted eight hours, resulting in the Imperialists being driven from some of their positions. The Liberal forces number 26.

000, and the Imperialists 10,000 Placedo Vega was at Mazatlan four days. in disguise, engaged in conspiring with his political friends, being impressed with the belief that his party in Sinaloa would proclaim him governor. The arms taken from here by Vega have been hidden in the mountains, except a small portion given up to

Gen. Parras.
Letters from Lower California give an account of an attempted revolution. On the 1st of April, Gaston Dartwis landed at La Paz from Mazatlan, and proclaimed that Navarette, a revolutionary exile, would reach the former place by the next steamer with two hundred men, and reinstate himself as Governor of the Territory. On the route from San Antonio by surprise, and

made prisoners of the officials.

From San Antonio he went to La Paz, attacked the house of the governor, and found himself surrounded by soldiers, Dartwis' small band fled, were pursued and overta-ken, and Dartwis was ordered to be shot on ken, and Dartwis was ordered to be shot on the 9th of April. According to the facts stated, this petty revolution contemplated a scheme of plunder, and in the event of success would have made the American residents suffer among the rest. His designs were not countenanced by the Juarez government, and the story of the coming of Navarette was without foundation.

THE CAPTURE OF PUEBLA CONFIRM

Surrender of Vera Cruz Demanded. HAVANA, April 25.-Letters from Vera Cruz to the 18th inst. confirm the capture of Puebla by the Liberals. Some 140 officers, who had strengthened themselves in the Defenses of Gaudaloupe and Loreto were allowed to capitulate at discretiou, and their

lives were spared to them. Immediately on the capture of Puebla, Diaz sent three thousand men and a battery to attack Vera Cruz. On the 12th inst. messenger was sent by the Liberals to dedemand the surrender of Vera Cruz. He returned to the Liberal camp on the 13th inst., and on that day the Imperial chiefs in that city had a council of war, and no doubt is entertained but that they would

agree to capitulate. The expected arrival of the New Mexican man-of-war from Tampico, and a battery, under General Alatofre, sent by Diaz, it is expected, will induce Gen. Landero, the Imperial commander at Vera Cruz, to surrender unconditionally, so as to avoid bloodshed.

Maximilian is reported to have escaped

from Queretaro in disguise, to the city of Mexico. But this report is not credited. The Imperialists had made another sortic from Queretaro, and were defeated.

Further Indian Outrages. WASHINGTON, April 23.—Dispatches from Denver city say the Indian war appears to

have spread vigorously.

The Cheyenne Indians, after their consul tation with Hancock, captured and burned Lookout station, about three hundred miles east of the Smoky Hill route, and scalped three employees of the United States Ex-

Lears, and, on surrounding their late camp, found it deserted. A government train was captured near Fort Mitchell, in Dakotah, and 100 mules were stolen.

BREVITIES.

Hoops surround what ruin men-wine and The State appropriation for common schools is, \$355,000.

A Maine genius has invented a machine for making hotel hash. The interest on the funded debt of the

State is, \$1,806,134. A man in Pittsfield, Vt., killed twentysix crows at a single shot. Pittsburg is happy over the first railway locomotive ever built there.

During the past year there were 389 fires in Chicago. Loss, \$2,450,000. Augusta, Ga., has a colored theological school with thirty members.

King Victor has decorated Bismarck with the order of the Annunziata. Mrs. Dewitt C. Smith, a soldier's widow is State librarian for Minnesots.

A young man employed at the rolling mills at Bethlehem, Pa., fell heir to an estate in Holland valued at \$8,000,000. Annie Durham, a seamstress of St. Louis, cut her throat last Saturday because she could not earn an honest living.

It is proposed to change the name of the Philadelphia Corn Exchange Association, to "Commercial Exchange." Extra flour in Utah sell for seven dollars J Ar J Cumines, Cl' & D C a barrel, in California aix dollare,

The Richmond Dispatch notices an increasing disposition on the part of northern capitalists to invost in Virginia lands.

The Treasnry Department has sent officers to Middle Tennessee to close the distilleries for violation of the revenue law.

A Vermonter, taking his family West, recently bought 26 railroad tickets. He goes with his wife and 24 children—the latter including 11 pairs of twins.

A watch has been manufactured in Paris which is wound up by simply opening the case to note the time. It only requires to be opened once a month to keep it always going, and it is perhaps the nearest approach to perpetual motion yet invented. The Austrian Minister has sent Secretary

Seward a note of thanks for his prompt in-tervention in behalf of Maximilian's personal safety. OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind.

produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup, (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system. An eccentric woman in Berwick starved

her cow, remarking that as it gave no milk of course it needed nothing to cat. Twenty-seven colored persons were bap tised, by immersion, in Mountain Run near Culpepper Court House, Va., on Sunday

The Missouri river is higher than at any time since 1844. Everything movable near its banks is being swept away. Two miles of the Pacific Railroad is impassable for San Francisco, April 17.—The reported trains, passengers being conveyed in boats, egress of Maximilian's forces from Aucretero without a battle, and the rumors that the ed for miles, and so badly damaged that it ed for miles, and so badly damaged that it will take several weeks to prepare it for the passage of trains.

The pastors of the several churches at Oil City and Franklin, and of Lancaster, have tendered their thanks to Governor Geary, for his decided stand on the subject of i

A Wisconsin lady has a beard two inches in length, which commenced growing four

A terrible riot occurred among the miners t Belmont Nevada, on the 18th inst. Twen-A government train was destroyed recent-in Colorado, and two men were drowned by

a sudden flood rushing down the defile which they were camped. General Haucock held a council at For

Larned on the 12th instant, with the Chey enne chiefs, which amounted to nothing The next night they abandoned their village and Gen. Custer was despatched in pursuit It is thought they will join the Sioux, agains the whites.

In view of the possible return of the che lera this summer, the Surgeon-General, thro' the war Department, has issued instruction to medical officers requiring a "quaratine of observation" in all the departments, for the prevention or extension of the disease should it appear. The circular contains many excellent suggestions, as well for the public generally, as for the military commanders of posts, &c.

New Hampshire furnishes grog shops for citizens of Maine and Massachusetts living near the boundaries of that State. The Denton (Md.) Union says, our fisheries are doing a thriving business. Shad are more plentiful than they have been for

years past, and are selling at \$16 per hun The Legislature of Wisconson adjourned sine die on the 11th instant. The Republican papers generally allude to the resolution submitting to the popular vote the question of female suffrage as more of a joke than any thing else. One paper, published at a spirit of pleasantry, and through complaisance toward a member of the Assembly who made it his pet hobby, than in compliance with any popular demand for the meas-

A burgler in New York having become disgusted with his profession recently, sent Captain Jordon, of the police department, his entire collection of burglars' tools, accompanied with a note, stating that he intended hereafter to try and make his

living bonestly. Those of our readers who lack a growth of hair upon the face, or those whose hair is failing out, or have become bald, would do well to try "Dr. Sevigne's Restaurateur Capillaire." This preparation has been used by thousands in this country and Europe, with the most flattering character have been received from the most wealthy and influential citizens of the country, and will be sant free to any Co. Chemists, of Troy. N. Y., the only agents in America for the sale of the same. Read their advertisement in this paper.

Or the many Cosmetics and Toilet Articles now advertised, but few prove to be what they are represented. Meesrs. Berger, Shutts & Co., Chemists, of Troy, N. Y., are advertising extensively several articles that have proved themselves just as represented, for which they are acting as agents. We be lieve them to be perfectly trustworthy, and that parties using their preparations will find them fully up to the recommends given. See their advertisement in another column of this paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DR. J. S. ANGLE. GRADUATE of Jefferson Medical College, with five years practice, offers his professional services to the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity—will attend all calls promptly. OFFICE Market Street, opposite Weaver's Hotel Orrice Hours | from 7 to 9 A. M. Sunbury, April 27, 1867.

\$23.000.000

THE NEW SIX PER CENT.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOAN

PREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY ANI MUNICIPAL TAXATION. Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application of the nearest Bank or Banker; also by either of the

JAY COOKE & CO, DREXEL & CO. E. W. CLARK & CO. Bankers, Philadelphia. April 27, 1867.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, at the Central Hotel, in the Borough of Sunbury, on Saturday, June 1st, A. D. 1867. The following described real estate to wit: A certain lot of ground, situate in John W. Fryling's Addition to the Borough of Sunbury, aforesaid, numbered 15, bounded on the North by and Alley; on the South by lot No. 14; on the East by an Alley, and on the West by Broadway, containing 33 feet more or less in front on Broadway, and 230 feet more or less in front on Broadway, and frame kitchen attached. Late the property of Robert W. Brooks, deceased Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. of mid day when the terms and conditions of sale will be mad known by

By order of the Court.

Sunbury, April 22 1867

NEW GROCERY! .. DBEXEL & CO.,

Btreet, three doors east of the

HURSH & BROWN. WHOLESALZ & RETAIL

G HECDCHELL W

FOR CHEAP GOODS! SCUARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SPICES, COAL OIL. Without charge, and at present with a PROFIT Tobacco, Cigara, Flour, Feed, Fish, Salt. Tobacco, Cigars, Flour, Feed, Fish, Salt, Hams, Shoulders, Cheese, Fruit,

Glass, Lamps, &c., &c. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Call and examine our Stock, and satisfy your Sunbury, April 27, 1867.

FANCY DRY GOODS STORE MISS KATE BLACK,

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends in Sunbury and vicinity, that she has just opened her SPRING & SUMMER DRESS GOODS, of every description.

Pashionable Dress Trimmings,

Head Dresses, Gloves, Hosiery, Embroideries, Lace Collars, Blesched and unbleached Muslim, Sheetings, Drillings, Alapsess, Poplins, Crape and Lace Vells. Ludies' Hats, Children's Hats and Caps, of every variety.

Mme. Demorest's Hair Curlers, Hair Coils and Curls, Gloves, Stockings, Collars, Corsets, &c. Gents' Collars, Neckties, half Hose, Handker-chiefs and Suspenders. Bradley's new Patent Duplex Elliptic (or double Spring SK1RTS) HOPKINS Elliptic Skirte.

HOPKINS Elliptic Skirts.

Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, Hair Brushes, Combe,
Toys, and a general variety of NOTIONS.

KATE BLACK. Sunbury, April 27, 1867. ERECVECOWA I

MASONIC HALL BUILDING. DREISBACH BEOTHERS, RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and customers, that they have removed their Store into the south end room of the Masonic Building, on Third street, opposite the Depot, Sunbury, where they will be happy to wait upon them.

Groceries, Provisions, AC. are all fresh and of the best quality, consisting of Teas, Coffees, Sugare, and Spices.

Dried and Canned Fruits, Prunes. Raisins, Cheese and Grackers, and in fact everything usually kept in the Grocery line They would also call attention to their large and theap lot of Good Family Flour, Green Tea, Hams, Shoulders, &c., which are constantly kept on hand FRESH FISH and Vegetables, every Tuesday and Friday evenings.

Give them a call and see for yourselves
Sunbury, April 27, 1867.

NEW GROCERY STORE W. S. FURMAN & CO., Market Street, Six doors East of Third street, north

side, SUNBURY, PA., RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE. and will be happy to have them call and examine their stock, which has just been opened, embrac-ing everything in the Grocery line, such as

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Syrups, Spices, Canned and Dried
Fruita, Beans. Hominy, Cheese, Crackers,
Bacon, Ham, Fish, Salt, Potatocs,
etc., together with Soaps,
Candles, Soda, &c.,
and in fact everything in the Grocery and Provision
Line. FLOUR AND FEED, Queensware, Willow-were,

Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps, Coal Oil &c.
Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.
W. S FURMAN & CO-Sunbury, April 27, 1867. The Judiciary Committee of the May 13th prox., at two o'clock, P. M., to hold a Session for the investigation of the charges made against Rail-Road Companies for illegal extortional charges upon

freights and passengers. tifled to attend. Parties interested are no April 27, 1867.—2t Chairman Committee AGENTS WANTED FOR

GENERAL L. C. BAKER'S HISTORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE. This work was announced more than a year ago but owing to the attempts of the Government to sup-press it, its publication was delayed. It will now be issued, Unaltered and Unabridged, under the Supervision of General Baker. These marvelous narratives are all attested by the highest official

authority.

The Morals of the National Capital are thoroughly ventilated, and there are some Strange Revelations concerning Heads of Departments, Members of Congress, FEMALE PARION BROKERS, and distinguished uniform phasesers. guished military characters.

Send for a Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work.

Address P. GARRETT & CO...

702 Chesnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

April 27, 1867.—Im

Fashionable Dress TRIMMINGS!

Millinery Goods, Just opening at the Millinery Store of MISS M. L. GUSSLER. Fourth Street, two doors below the Railroad, West side, SUNBURY, PA.

Such se BOUNTERS, HATS, Dress-Triumings, Head-Dresses, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Flowers, Collars, Handker-

chiefs, &c., &c., which have been carefully selected.

Miss M. L. Gussler has just opened a large assortment of Millinery Goods. Ladies should not fail to go and see the latest styles as it will pay to not delay in visiting her store.

Call and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show soods.

show goods Sunbury, April 20, 1867. SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Just opening at the Store of Miss LOUISA SHISSLER, South side of Market Square, SUNBURY, Pa. MISS SHISSLER has just returned from the BONNETS, HATS, SHAKERS, SUNDOWNS.

RISTORI, COMET, &C., of the latest styles and patterns, to which she invite the attention of lady purchasers. Also, Misses and Children Hats of different varieties. Misses and Children Hats of different varieties.

A fine assortment of Ladies' Hosiery, Gloves, Pans, Parasols, Bugle Trimmings, Flowers, Ribbons, Belt Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons, Braid, Ladies' Neek Ties, Dress Combs, Head Dresses, FANCY GOODS, Laces, Handkershiefs, Laue Collars, Zephyrs, Buttons, and all goods found in a lady's furnishing Store.

Also, recelved an excellent assortment of Perfumery, Toilet Sosps, Tooth and Hair Brushes, with a different variety of collars (paper and linen.) and Neek-Ties, Half, Hose, Suspenders, &c., for Gentlemen. A good assortment of Stationery.

Thankful for past favors she hopes by a further desire to please the public, the continuance of their patronage.

LOUISA SHISSLER. April 13, 1867 NEW MARBLE YARD Third street, North of the Depot,

SUNBURY, PENN'A., MWM. RUSH, Proprietor.

MONUMENTS. Tomb-stones, and Ornamental and Plain Work in Marble promptly executed at the lowest prices.

The subscriber having had experience in the best confident of Philadelphia, facts confident of being able to turn out the best styles of work.

A H RUSH Agent

(BETWEEN MARRIT & CHESHUT,)

PHILADELPHIA. BANKERS. AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Provision Store JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST CONVERTED INTO

5-20s

COMPOUND; INTEREST NOTES

GOLD. SILVER.

WANTED. Applications by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission here or in New York. Orders solicited.

February 23, 1867.—3m

A NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS! AT THE STORE OF J. H. ENGEL.

Corner of Fourth and Market Streets, SUNBURY. JUST received from New York and Philadelphia, a large supply of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which he will sell at small profits, for each

or country produce.

His Dry Goods department is full of every description. A splendid line of LADIES DRESS GOODS, and White Goods at all prices.

Fancy Sacking for Ladiee, and Shetland Wool Shawls

Also, Ladies' French Corsets and Hoop Skirts CARPETS. Wove Floor Cloths, Stair Carpets Floor Oil Cloths, all widtes, Carriage Oil Cloth, Table Oil Cloth Widow Shades, Plain Green and Brown Oil Cloth and Fixtures for Windows.

Yankee Notions in Great Variety

GROCERIES, Sugar. Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Crackers, Spices, Salt Fish, Cheese, &c. Queensware, Glassware. splendid Setts of Teaware, at low prices. BOOTS & SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY. Hats and Caps, Oil, Paint, Glass, Putty, School Books, Paper, Slates, &c.

HARDWARE. Shovels, Forks, Nails, Locks, Hinges and Screw A Large assortment of WALL PAPER and Bor-der, at all prices.

All persons desiring to get good goods will please give him a oall. Sunbury, April 20, 1867.

ILA IDW95 NEW SHOE STORE arket Street, adjoining Gearhart's Confectionery Store, SUNBURY, Pa.

THF undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he has opened a NEW SHOE STORE, for the sale as well as for the manufacture of the finest and best quality of Ladice' Glove-Kid, Morrocco, Calf-skin and

Children's Shoes of all kinds. His stock is entirely new and well selected.

He also manufactures fine French and other Calishin Boots and Shoes for Gentlemen.

Orders for Isdies and gentlemen's custom work will be promptly attended to and got up in the best style by skilful mechanics.

Shoe findings &c., constantly kept on hand and for sale to the trade.

J. H. JEFFRIES.

J. H. JEFFRIES. Sunbury, April 20, 1867.



it expels disease and restores health and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action. Hence it ra-

it expels disease and restores health and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as Serofula, or King's Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Cancerous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Disease, such a Retention, Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, also Syphilis or Venereal Diseases, Liver Complaints, and Heart Diseases. Try Ayen's, Sarsaparilla, and see for yourself the surprising active with which it cleases the blood and cures these disorders.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsparilla, but often no curative ingredient whatever. Hence, bitter disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound, "Sarsaparilla," and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the class of diseases it is intended to cure. We can assure the sick, that we offer them the best alterative we know how to produce, and we have reason to believe, it is by far the most effectual purifier of the blood yet discovered.

Ayea's Cherry Pectoral is so universally known to surpass every other medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Induenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the discoae, that, it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world khows them.

Prepared by Da. J. C. Ayea & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The world knows them.

Prepared by Da. J. C. Aven & Co, Lowell, Mass. and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine April 20, 1857.—2m Reading Railroad.

April Sth, 1867.

REAT TRUNK LINE from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Potisville, Tamaqua, Ashiana, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litis, Laneaster, Columbia,

town, Easton, Ephrata, Litis, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New-York, as follows: At 3.00, 8.10 and 9.35 A. M. and 2.10 and 9.00 P. M. connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rallroad, and arriving at New York at 5.00 and 10.10 A. M. and 4.40, 5.20 and 10.25 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompanying the 3.00 A. M. and 9.00 P. M. Trains, without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tama, qua, Minersyllis, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 5.10 A. M. and 2.20 and 4.10 P. M., slopping at Lobanon and principal way stations; the 4.10 p m. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquebanna Bailroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.20 p. m. Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 and 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., returning from Reading at 6.30 p. m. stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 8.45 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.; Ashland 6.00 and 11.30 a. m. and 1.05 p.m.; Tamsqua at 9.45 a.m. and 1.00 and 8.55 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a. m.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.00

7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.06 A. M., and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrate, Litts, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.
On Sandays: Leave New York at 8.00 p.m., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M., and 3.15 P. M. the 8.00 a. m. train running anly to Reading, Pottsville 8.00 a. m. Harrisburg, 9.35 a.m., and Reading at 1.20 and 7.20 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 11.22 a.m. for New York, and 4.25 p.m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Scanon, School and Excursion Tickets, at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 Pounds Brggaga at lowed each Passenger. G. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent Reading, Pa., April 8, 1867.

CARPENTERS. WILL find in our establishment a superior stock of Planes, Saws, Augers, Hatchets, Hammers, Files, Chisels, Ac., &c. for sale by
J. H. CONLEY & CO.

*

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT