#### BUSINESS CARDS.

#### L. H. KASE, ATTORNEY AT LAW

Two doors east of Friling : store, Market Square, SUNBURY, PENN'A. Business promptly attended to in Northumberland and adjoining counties. Isalso duly authorized and bicensed Claim Agent for the collection of Bounties. Equalization Bounties, Pension, and all manner of claims against the Government. Sunbury, Sept. 14, 1866.

# G. W. MIEGLER, North Side of Public Square, adjoining residence o Geo. Hill, Esq.,

SUNBURY, PENN'A Collections and all Professional business promptly attended to in the Courts of Northumberland and adjoining Counties.

Sumbury, Sept. 15, 1866.

JEORGE HILL, SINON P. WOLVERTON HILL & WOLVERTON. Attorneys and Counselors at Law. SUNBURY, PA.

SUNBURY, PA.

WILL attend to the collection of all kinds of claims, including Back Pay, Bounty and Penaph. 1, '66.

JACOB SHIPMAN. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENT SUNBURY PENN'A. REPRESENTS

farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., York Pa., numberland Valley Mutual Protection Co., www.York Mutual Life, Girard Life of Phil's. & Hartord Conn. General Accidents. Sunbury, April 7, 1y.

#### Dr. CHAS. ARTHUR, Momoopathic Physician. Fraduate of the Homocopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania.

OFFICE, Market Square opposite the Court House JOHN BOWEN,

#### Bowen & Seesholtz, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

in every variety of ANTHRACITE COAL. J. Haas & Co's Lower Wharf, Sumbury, Pa. Orders solicited and filled with promptness and

despatch. Sunbury, June 2, 1866. SOLOMON MALICK, ATTORNEY AT LAW. BUNBURY, Northumberland County, Pa. OFFICE in East, and of Weaver's Tavern, Market

Street. All business entrusted to him will be careful y and punctually attended to. Consultation in the English and terman languages.
Sunbury, April 3. 1865.—

AMBROTYFE AND PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY. Corner Market & Fawn Street, SUNBURY, Pa

S. BYERLY, PROPRIETOR, Photograph, Ambrotypes and Melainotypes taken in the best style of the art. apl. 7, 17

#### J. R. HILBUSH SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Mahonoy, Northumberland County, Penn'a Office in Jackson township. Engagements can be made by letter, directed to the above address. All business entrusted to his care, will be promptly attended to.
April 22, 1866.—1y

WM. M. ROCKEFELLER. LLOYD T. ROHRBACH. ROCKEFELLER & ROHRBACH. apporners ap baw

SUNBURY, PENNA. OFFICE the same that has been beretefore occupied by Win. M. Rockefeller, Eq., nearly op posite the residence of Judge Jordan. Sunbury, July 1, 1965.—ly

H. B. MASSER. Attorney at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—
Collections attended to in the counties of Northumberland, Union, Sayder, Moutour, Columbia REPERENCES.

Hop. John M. Roed, Philadelphia,
A. G. Oattell & Co.,
Hon. Wm. A. Porter,
Morton McMichael, Esq., "
E. Ketcham & Co., 289 Pearl Street, New York.
John W. Ashmead, Attorney at Law,
Matthews & Cox, Attorneys at Law,
Sunbury, March 29, 1862.

VALENTIME DIETZ WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

#### in every variety of ANTHRACITE COAL, Upper Wherf, SUNBURY, Penn's. Orders solicited and filled with promptness

Sunbury, May 12, 1865 .- y E C GOBIN BOONVILLE, COOPER CO , MISSOURI.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, WILL pay taxes on lands in any part of the State. Buy and sell real Estate, and all other matters entrusted to him will receive prompt atten-July 8, 1865 .- oct 15, '64.

DR. E. D. LUMLEY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON DR. LUMLEY has opened an office in Northum-perland, and offers his services to the people of that blace and the adjoining townships. Office next door o Mr. Scott's Since Store, where he can found at all ours.

Northumberland August 10, 1805 .-LOUR & FEED STORE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE substition respectfully informs the public that he keeps constantly on hand at his new AREHOUSE, near the Shamokin Valley Relitond spot, in SUNBURY, Flour by the barrel and sacks all kinds of Feed by the ten. The above is all manufactured at his own Mills, i will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

J. M. CADWALLADER.

Sunbury, April 1, 1866.

JEREMIAH ENYDER

littorney & Counsellor at Law, SUNBURY, PA P District Attorney for Northum

rland County, unbury, March 81, 1866.—:y G. W. HAUPT torney and Counseller at Law,

e on south side of Market street, foar doors was of Eyster's Store,
SUNBURY, P.

iji at and promptly to all prefessional badbers stied to his care, the optionion of claims in humbertand and the adjoining condist.

# Industry



PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY H. B. MASSER & CO., SUNBURY, NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PENN'A.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1866.

#### POETICAL. JACOBO. BECK

Let that suffice for you.

Remember how the wise man said,

A tent and love within it.

Is better than a splendid house,
With blokerings every minute.

And one word as to cooking, John—Your wife can do that best;
For love, to make the biscuit rise,
Is better far than yeast.
No matter if each day you don't
Bring turkey to your table.
"Twill better relish by and by,
When you are better able.

For all you buy pay money, John,
Money that very day—
If you would have your life run smooth,
There is no better way.
A note to pay is an ugly thing—
If thing you choose to call it—
When it hangso'er a man who has
No money in his wallet.

And now when you are married, John,
Don't try to spe the rich;
It took them many a tolisome year.
To gain their envied niche;
And if you gain the summit. John,
Look well to your beginning.
And then will all you win repay.
The care and toil of winning.

TALES & SKETCHES.

MARRIED THE WRONG WO-

MAN.

sole means of communication is the "lan-

which made considerable noise both in Ven-

The General who was not supposed to be

marrying man, was one day in the autumn

of last year, taking a leisurely stroll through

the Giardino Publico, or Public Promenade.

The General was accompanied by a young

ubaltren, for whom he had evinced a great

All at once the attention of the veteran

"Mein Gott I" said the General, in a loud

The abrupt loudness of the voice in which

this was spoken caused the object of the

General's eulogy to turn suddenly round,

when a wave of wind blew aside her veil,

and revealed a face of the most perfect sym-

netry, lighted up with a pair of eyes-

"large durk eyes, which flash upon you a volley of rays, which seem to say a thousand

things at once," and which certainly dis-charged upon a well seasoned veteran a fire

which moved and melted him more than

the fire of musketry or artillery to which he had been exposed in the whole course

of his military life.

There and then old Gablentz owned him-

self completely vanquished. The next step was to prevail upon his enslaver or her guardian to accept the homage of the heart

Now, at the time, the General was a per-

feet stranger to the lady. He had never cast his eyes on her before that instant. He did not know her name, where she lived or

nimself acquainted with these.
The General, therefore, requested

young friend, as the greatest favor he could

The years officer faithfully executed his commission. Without letting his movements be preceived by the object of his pur-

nit, he traced her along the Grand Cana!, n a gondola which he litted, to one of the

As soon as the lady dismissed her gondo-lier, and entered the portain of the palace, the officer stepped aslare, and first bribed the parter, that functionary informed him that the house was the town residence of the Signor Merkini, and that the name of the lady who had just entered was Juliano Merkini.

est mam in nament the Palazzo.

nd hand due to her rictory.

o whom she belonged,

harsh tone of voice, "but that is a beautiful figure of a woman,"

was attracted by a remarkably stately and graceful lady walking in advance of them.

Vienna, was between General Ga-

guage of the eyes," into eternal unison.

t the merchant princes of Venice.

MERCHANT TAILOR, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTING, &c Fawn street, south of Wenver's Motel, SUNUBRY, PA.

March 31, 1966. INSURANCE? GEO. C. WELKER & SON PIRE & LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,
Office, Market Street, SUNBURY, PA.
Risks takes in First Class Stock and Mutual Companies. Capital Represented \$14,000,000.
Sunbury, May 12, 1866.—y

COAL! COAL!! COAL!! GRANT & BROTHER,
Shippers & Wholesale & Retail
Dealers in
WHITE & RED ASH COAL,

Sole Agents, westward, of the Celebrated Henry LOWER WHARP, SUNBURY, PA. Sunbury, Jan. 13, 1866.

# Pensions Increased. The late Act of Congress gives additional pay to the following Pensions, vis:

ist. To those who have lost the sight of both eyes, or both hands, or totally disabled so as to require constant attendance, the sum of \$25 00 per month.

2d To those who have lost both feet, or are totally disabled in the same so as to require constant attend-ance, the sum of \$20 00.

3d. To those who have lost one hand or one foot, or are so disabled as to render them unable to per-form manual labor \$15 00 per month, and other

cases in proportion.

The subscriber is duly prepared for the immediate procurement of these claims.

S. B. BOYER, Att y at Law.

Supbury, June 16, 1866.

## BECDUNE'N.

THE following persons are entitled to receive an increase of Bounty under the Act of Congress passed July 1856, to equalize Bounties. passed July 1866, to equalize Bounties.

1st All soldiers who collisted after the 19th day of April, 1861, for 3 years, and served their time of enlistment and have been honorably discharged, and have received or are entitled to receive a Bounty of \$100, are entitled an additional Bounty of \$100.

2d All such soldiers who enlisted for 3 years, and have been honorably discharged on secount of wounds received in the line of duty, are entitled to an additional Bounty of \$100.

3d The Widay Mines Children in Proceedings

3d The Widow, Minor Children, or Parents of such soldiers who died in the service of wounds or disesse, are entitled to an additional Bounty of \$100.

By application to S. P. WOLVERTON, Esq., of Sunsury, Pennsylvania, who is an authorized Claim Agont, all such claims can be speedily collected.

Sunbury, August 5, 1866.—tf EQUALIZATION OF BOUNTIES.

L. H. KASE, Attorney at Law, Sunbury, Pa. Is duly authorized and Licensed by the Government to collect all Military Claims against the United States. Bounty money due soldiers under the late Equalization Act of Congress and all military claims against the State, due soldiers of 1812 for Pensions and Gratuity. Claims does soldiers of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps from enlistment to stances of Austrian officers marrying Venetical, she was seen by General G. the date of muster, promptly collected. Sunbury, August 4, 1866.

offers his professional services for the collection of bounties due to soldiers under the late Equalization Act passed by Congress. As an authorized claim agent he will promptly collect all Bounties, Pensions and Gratuities due to soldiers of the late war, or the

## BEN WE WWW ALEBES Sheet Iron and Stove

Market Street, near Engel's Store, SUNBURY, PA A N immense stock of every kind of Tin Ware, and Sheet Iron Ware of all descriptions

STOVES, COOK, OFFICE and PARLOR STOVES of the best Brands which are unsurpassed for beauty of finish, simplicity of arrangement, combining cheapness and durability and each stove warranted to perform what they are represented.

Coal Oil, Coal Oll Lamps, Lanterns, Shades, Chimnys, and all articles usually kept in an establishment of this kind.

COPPER, BRASS and IRON KETTLES, of all FRUIT JARS and CANS of the latest improved

tyles.

He is also prepared to de all kinds of Spouting and Recoffng. Range and Furnace Work.

Repairing, cheaply and neally executed.

BENJ. ZETELMOYER.

Sunbury, July 7, 1866.—19

BOUNTY FOR SOLDIERS.

I HAVE made arrangements in Washington City, for the prompt collection of Bounty under the late Act of Congress. I have also received the proper blanks to prepare the claims. Soldiers entitled to this Bounty should apply immediately, as it is estimated that it will require three years to adjust all the claims.

timated that it will require three years and who the claims.
All soldiers who enlisted for three years and who have not received more than \$100 hounty are suitited to the benefits of this Act, as well as soldiers who have enlisted for three years and discharged after a service of two years, by reason of wounds received, disease contracted in line of duty, or re-enlistment.

LLOYD T. ROHRBACH.

Sunbary, August 18, 1866.

FINE Myrtis Pomatum, at the Fancy Stere of

#### 628. HOOP SKIRTS 628. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE."

Are in every respect First Class, and embrace a complete assortment for Ladies. Misses and childen, of the Newest styles, every Length and Sizes of

ren of the Newest system, overy Length and Sites of Waist.

OUR SKIRTS, wherever known, are more universally popular than any others before the public. They retain their shape better, are lighter, more classic, more durable, and realy Cheaper, than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. Every Lady should fry Them: They are now being allamively and by Merchants, throughout the Country, and at Wholesale & Retail at Manulactory and Sales Room.

No. 628 ARCH Street, below 7th., Philadelphia.

Ask for "IOPKIN'S "own make,"—buy no other! CAUTION,—None gennine unless stamped on each Fid Pad—"Hopkin's Hoop Sairs Manufactory, No. 628 Arch street, Philadelphis."

Alsa Consumity so hand fail line of New York made Skiria, at very low prices.

Terms Net Cash.

Sept. 1, 1866.—im

# BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS!

fraud !" shricked, rather than spoke the

IF YOU SHOULD E'ER GET MARRIED. If you should e'er get married, John,
a'il tell you what to do—
Go get a little topement,
Just big enough for two:
And one spare room for company,
And one spare bed within it—
And if you'd begin love's life aright,
You'd better thur begin it.

In farniture be moderate, John.
And let the stuffed chairs walt;
One looking glass will do for both
Yourself and loving mate;
And Brussels, too, and other things,
Which make a five appearance.
If you can better afford it, they
Will better look a year hence.

Some think they must have pictures, John, Superb and costly, too; Your wife will be a picture, John,

cause of such conduct.

as his own. "That lady is my daughter; immersed in water, death quickly ensues, though we are the subjects of a foreign rule. The air that is breathed out of the lungs L at least am not so cowardly a slave as to put up quietly with the gross insuit you but little of that oxygen which is the life-now offer me!"

A general aftercation ensued; but the end room where the air is confined and still, of it was that the General was compelled to when a volume of air comes from his lungs marry the mature and unblushing, middle it fills the space about his mouth and nos-Venice, on being appealed to, and on the affair being explained to him, insisted that the honor of the Apstrian army, and even of the Emperor, were involved. even of the Emperor, were involved in the gen, and more and more surcharged with Chief, "you know you procured my influ-ence, which is that of the Emperor, to pre-On the other hand, if a man is walking vail on the Signor Morisini to give you the hand of his daughter; and inasmuch as the lady is his daughter, and his only daughter his head is carried along away from it before

The following good story is told of an break your word, Austrian General who fell in love with a The poor crest The poor crest faller, general was compellfair Venetian lady:

In spite of the inveterate aversion on the part of the Venetians, it sometimes happens that some of the dark-eyed daughters of reflection that the unpleant looking pill venetia revenge the humiliation of their which he had promised to swallow might country by vanquishing the heart of a blue-eyed German, who, despite the opposition of his father in law's gold.

The source of the mistake was easily

long slave of his charmer. But marriages cleared up, of this kind are exceedingly rare; for the Old Morisini had a son, settled as a mer-Venetian woman, to do them justice, have chant in Genoa. This son, who was maralways left and resented the Insult and de- ried, had a daughter hearing the same name

This daughter-the beauty of the Giarstill, as we have observed, there are in-father, at Venice, when, in the manner relastances of Austrian officers marrying Vene- ted, she was seen by General Gablentz, and tian ladies; for love who rules the "court, who, because her name was Morisini and G. W. HAUPT, Attorney at Law, Sunbury, Pa. offers his professional services for the collection of bounties due to soldiers under the late Equalization respecter of patriotic feelings. His arrows jumped to the conclusion that she must be ister or after use by the Court Register or Recorder.

Jumped to the conclusion that she must be ister or Recorder.

Suburities Collected.

The possibility of the conclusion that she must be interested in the old Venetian, Morisin's daughter. In his impatience to have the fair one for his 3d. Those dated after August 1st, 1864. ries of nations, and transfix hearts, whose ship and endeed, with any interview with before a United States Collector, without the lady, satisfied with her father's consent. payment of the penalty of \$50. One of these Austro-Venetian marriages and fearing probably that his own age, and rough and rugged address and countenance, might not make a tender impression on the blentz a grim veteran of some fifty years of age, and Signora Morisini, the sole daughter of the Signor Morisini, one of the wealthiest

# MISCELLANEOUS.

FARMER'S TAX.

The following is very important to farmers, and the decisions have recently been given by the Commissioner of Internal revenue at Washington : 1st. Farmers will not be required to make

returns of produce consumed in their own immediate families.

2d. The farmer's profits from sales of live stock are to be found from deducting from the gross receipts for animals sold, the purchase money paid for the same. If animals have been lost during the year by death or robbery, the purchase money paid for such animals may be deducted from the gross in-

come of the farm.

3d. No deductions can be made by the farmer for the value of services rendered by his minor children, whether he actually pays for such services or not. If adult children work for him and receive compensation for their labor, they are to be regarded as other hired laborers in determining his income.

4th. Money paid for labor, except such as is used or employed in domestic service, or in the production of articles consumed in the family of the producer, may be deduct-

5th. No deduction can be allowed in any case for the cost of unproductive labor. It house servants are employed a portion of the time is productive labor, such as the making of butter and cheese for sale, a proportionate amount of the wages paid them may be deducted.
6th. Expenses for ditching and cleaning

Clearly, then, the first step towards the accomplishment of his object was to make new land are plainly expenses for permanent improvement and not deducted, 7th. The whole amount expended for fertilizers applied during the year to the farmconfer upon him, to dog the footsteps of of the lady, and if possible discover her name and abode, with as much more kiner's land may be deducted, but no deduction is allowed for fertilizers produced on the farm. The cost of seed purchased for sowing and planting may be deducted. ired information as he could make himself

8th. It a person sells timber standing, the profits are to be obtained by estimating the value of the land after the removal of the timber, and from the sum thus obtained deducting the estimate value of land on the

executory contract for a sale is not a sale; in delivery, either active or constructive is essential. The criterion by which to judge whether a sale is complete or not is to determine whether the vendor still retains in that character a right over the property; if the property were lost or destroyed, upon which parties, in the absence of any other relation between them than that of the vendor and vendee, would the loss fall.

the lady who had just entered was Juliano Morisial.

With his information he hastened to his employer, old Gablentz, who, overjoyed at the prospect of heing somin-law to the father of so beautiful a woman, lost no time in waiting upon the Signor Morisial.

A large lot of the General: but, contrary to the expectation of the General: but, contrary to the expectation of the lover, he made no objection to the match. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom appeared at the altar. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom had just repaired at the altar. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom appeared at the altar. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom appeared at the altar. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom appeared at the altar the property were lost or destroyed, upon which to judge whether a sale is complete or not is to determine whether the vendor still retains in that character a right over the property; if the property were lost or destroyed, upon which to judge the match. The preliminaries were soon over, and the happy bridegroom appeared at the altar. The pridegroom appeared at the altar the last of the vendor and vendee, would the loss fall.

In Colorado a band of Ute Indians have surrendered to Genral Carsop. The Sante Fe Mexican says that the body of Lieutenant Rhodes, who mysteriously disappeared several weeks since, has been found. It was orous General gas a boud exclamation, of a discovered that he had been shot. The Measured Chiling and Chiling a

BREATHING-OUT OF DOORS AND IN THE oridegroom.

Intense was the astonishment of all present, but no one except the bridegroom him-

Intense was the astonishment of all present, but no one except the bridegroom himself, and the gentleman who had acted the part of friendly spe for him, understood the cause of the General's extraordinary and unseemly behavior."

The latter gentleman, however, though greatly marvelling at the affair, readily sympathized with the infuriated bridegroom; for there, before the altar, arrayed in bridal costume, stood not the fresh and radiant sorbed through the oxygen, carries it through costume, stood not the fresh and radiant sorbed through the oxygen, carries it through beauty of the Gardino Publico, but a dry the arteries, all over the system into the and faded—we might almost say a withered minute capilliary blood vessels, and here it and scraggy faced, though tall and stately is brought into immediate contact with the in her person—lady, old enough to be, at food, which, after digestion, had been pour-least, the mother of the young and beautiful ed into the blood. A portion of the carbon creature whose fascinations had vanquished of the food combines with the absorbed oxthe poor old General.

When the officiating priest had recovered the composure disturbed by the bridgroom's outburst of fury, he demanded to know the "Cause !" echoed the General; "cause of the system, and it is the fundamental conenough! That is not the lady I bargained dition for all those vital actions which constitute life. Life depends upon the perpendicular "But that lady is my laughter!" said the tual filling of the lungs with oxygen: hence Venetian, stepping forward and confronting the warrior with a micm as fierce and stern the neck, or if the mouth and nostrils are

is mostly nitrogen and carbonic acid, with giving element. If a person is sitting in the room where the air is confined and still, "For," reasoned the Commander in curbonic acid; consequently his vital func-

in the street while he is breathing, when he he draws another breath, and he thus gets a when you made your suit, you must be sen-sible to the fact that it would never do to fresh supply of air with its full richness of oxygen at every breath. Hence the vigor imparted to the system by exercise in the open air, and bence the importance of perfect ventilation to those confined in houses. Besides, combining with carbon in the blood, oxygen also combines with iron, changing it from the brown protoxide to the red peroxides -- the rough of the silversmiths. It may be that the more perfect oxidizing of the iron in the blood is one reason for the rosy cheek of those who live out of doors.

> following information will prove valuable to business men generally, and should be kept

for reference : 1st. Instruments of writing dated before October 1st, 1862, do not require a stamp. 2d. Those dated between August 1st, 1862, the camp, and the grove," is not always a she lived in the same house, very illogically and August 1st, 1865, may be stamped

3d. Those dated after August 1st, 1864, jaw and carried off part of his nose and lips, cause damage enough to the farmer

4th. Those dated after August 1st, 1864, and more than twelve months old can be stamped upon the payment of the penalty of

And every assignment of a note, which assignment is dated since October 1st, 1862, without regard to the date of the note, is to be stamped as an agreement namely, five cents, no matter how large or small the note

All persons having notes unstamped should money or property of over \$20, no matter given by Mr. Derby. what the amount, only requires a two cent stamp.

IMPORTANCE OF ADVERTISING .- The following, from the Pittsburg Gazette, a sketch of a business house in that city, admirably

illustrates our views:
"In a brief interview with one of our most liberal patrons a few days since, we inquired his experience of the policy of adver-tising. We regard his answer as noteworthy, and commend it to the consideration of others. He said the same kind of business in which he is engaged had been carried on at the same stand for ten years by one, and nearly ten years by another predecessor. That these men gave diligent attention to their business, and were sober and frugal, but spent nothing for advertising. They were just barely able to eke out a living. That he bought out the con-

cern ten years ago, and begun debtor for the whole establishment. He telt poor, and only expended fifty dollars per annum in each of the business papers the first year; but subsequently he increased his expenses to several thousand dollars annually for advertising and the result has demonstrated its marve-lons utility, as he is to day worth \$175,000, and his annual profits are constantly increas-

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER is still the cry. but so far we have the cry only for our pains. The full price of months ago is still kept up. All the new inventions of straw, grass, wood, &c., have had no effect in cheapening it. Neither has the removal of the three per cent, tax on the sales. The corn-husk invention has not yet been carried fully into effect, but which, when it reaches this point, may favorably affect the price. We believe that more Indian corn will hereafter be raised than ever, as much for the husks as the grain, the one paying quite as well as the other. We ought now to have good paper at twelve cents per pound instead of eighteen and still demanded, and ducting the estimate value of land on the first day of January. 1862, or on the day or purchase, if purchased since that date.

3th. When repairs have been made by the tax payer upon any building owned by him during the preceding five years, nothing can be deducted for repairs made during the years for which his income is estimated.

10th. A farmer should make return of his produce sold within the year, but a mere executory contract for a sale is not a sale; the livery, either active or constructive is an expensive of the day of January. However, the one paying quite as well as the other. We ought now to have good paper at twelve cents per pound instead of eighteen and still demanded, and we think the time is fast approaching when such will be the case. At the present price of paper, from twenty five to fifty per cent. Of all newspapers.—Germantown Telegraph.

No less than seventy songs of victory, bymns and cantalas, were composed for the

No less than seventy songs of victory, bymas and cantatas, were composed for the entry of the Pinssian troops into Berlin. Had they been played one after the other, says a musical authority, they would have lasted eleven hours and forty-five minutes, but doubtless they were all played together, which, if it did not heighten the effect, hid

A Tough Witness,

The following is not far behind the cele brated "Cousin Sally Dillard" case: Action for work and labor done in cutting a ditch on defendant's land. Plea: "Payment and set-off in bacon and corn meal."

Plaintiff's son on the stand-Recollects the ditching perfectly, but seems to forget all about the bacon.
"You say your daddy did all the work? Do you know what he got for it?" inquired

the attorney for the defendant. "He got nothing for it, as I ever heard on, that's what he never got," answered the

"Did't your daddy get corn and bacon

"What did your daddy and family live on last summer ?" "Vittels, mostly." "What sort of victuals?" "Well, meat and bread, and sometimes

whisky."

"Well, where did he get that meat and of the working season in the spring, and a prolific source of disease is the hard work bread?" "Well, first from one and then from another' "Did he not get some of it from the de-

fendant ?" He mought." that's the question?"

he moughtn't." tones of thunder : "Answer this question, and no more of this triffing with your oath. Did your dad- horses will show by their playful actions ily, or did he not, get corn and bacon from how much they enjoy this temporary relief the defendant for ditching ?"

red 'zactly, you know."

Here his Honor interposed, and with a stern, judicial frown, addressed the witness a certain extent cleans himself; besides the thus wise:

you. Can't you say yes or no?" "I reckon. did not, your daddy get corn or bacon from air, should also be provided. the defendant at the time referred to?" in In regard to the feed of

quired the Court. of his danger. "Well, Judge, I can't edzactly remember, you know, seem as how it's all dun been straw, cornstalks or other coarse fodder, gone and eat up, but"-planting himself fed with some grain, is cheaper than to

accordingly.

In Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., a few days ago, a young man, intending to go on a bunting excursion, took down his shot. The wintering of horses should begin gon, and putting the muzzle to his with the first approach of cold autumn mouth, it was discharged while he was nights. No work horse should now be left blowing into it. The shots from the gun in the pasture except in the day time.riddled his mouth and tongue, broke his Exposure to a single autumn stormy night

disfiguring him frightfully. A man in Lewisburg, Preble county, Ohio, having died of delirium tremens, his wife brought suit for damages against two men of whom he had been accustomed to

from the other. Paris exhibition, announces that no further for increasing its amount, even suffer a large applications from American exhibitors can be received; as the space allotted to the United States is filled. Notice of the time have them stamped at once. A receipt for of shipment for accepted articles will be

Ketchum, the forger, raimained in Sing any means for remedying so great an evil. Sing prison a few weeks, was then taken I will endeavor to point out a few of t out and sent to Europe, where he will re-main ti!! just before his senrence expires, and then come back to the prison and stay till regularly discharged.

The students of a New York college recently perpetrated a funny joke upon one of the college magnates, who is as absent mind-ed as he is learned. Being in the habit of reading a chapter of the Bible in course to after rain, it is carried out into the fields to them every day, the students by changing the mark kept him reading the 18th chapter of Acts for a whole week !

A couple of lovers appeared in one of the churches at St. Louis to be married, last week, when a young female arose in the audience and forbade the banns, declaring that the man was engaged to her. The clergyman refused to go on with the cere-mony, and a justice of the peace had to be called in to tie the knot.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 17th inst., states there is considerable complaint of monetary stringency in that city, due to the monetary stringency in that city, due to the sending of large sums South to buy cotton. and with slight expense, by the erection of In the last few weeks \$400,000 to \$500,000 have been appropriated.

A young Illinois lover procured a license covered pit could be prepared in which it without consulting his inamorata. Explana might be deposited, and any expense intion being made, she grew very angry and told the young man "that the county clerk could not sell her for a dollar, neither could anybody else ?" She remains single.

A young man named Charles Thompso has surrendered himself to the authorities of Cincicnati, as one who, some three years since, robbed a Detroit bank of \$4,000. He states that he prefers a few years in the penitentiary to the horrors of constant fears Mr. Wilmer McLean advertises for sale

the house in which Gen. Lee surrendered the Army of Northern Virginia to General Grant, on the 9th of April at Appemattox Court House. The oldest women in America is Mrs.

Forch, who lives in the mountains of East Tennessee, and is aged one hundred and twenty-one years. She is blind, but quite hearty, walks without assistance. Her memory is unimpaired, and she can recount many of the events of the Revolution with great accuracy.

Corros Supply. The N. O. Times ob-

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

Ten lines of this sized type (minion) make Auditors', Administrators' and Executors' Notice

\$3.00. Obituaries (except the usual announcemental which is free.) to be paid for at advertising rates Local Notices, Society Recolutions, &co., 10 per

OLD SERIES, VOL. 27, NO. 8. OLD SERIES, VOL. 27, NO. 8.

# AGRICULTURAL. &C.

Wintering Farm Horses.

Some farmers treat their horses in winte much as they do their fattening cattle an sheep; they give them abundant food, an but little exercise, keep them in a wart and dimly lighted stable, and if they do hu grow fat, with their cattle and sheep, the deem it convincing proof that the prope course has been pursued. Now horses in good working condition, at least, should always be seen on the premises of a good farmer, but his gratifude towards these faithful courses. faithful servants should not induce him, a any time of the year, to stall feed themfrom the defendant in pay for ditching ?"

The butcher wants thick meat and plent;
"Never heard of his getting no corn nor of tallow in the cattle and sheep, but the plowman looks for strong muscle, spirit and endurance in his team. The food and care of the different animals should be consistent with the ultimate purpose they are to serve. Fat horses that have been wintered mostly in the stable, without much exercise, are not fit for hard service at the opening

they are frequently compelled to do when

they are not in proper condition.

The ordinary winter business of the farmer does not call for much exercise of his team, and if he have several, most of them "I know that he mought, but did he; may be entirely idle. In such cases it is an excellent plan to have a yard for their especial benefit, well littered and safe, and let them have access to it several hours each With considerable excitement, and in day. The horses should be unshed, and if they are vicious they may be turned loose at different hours from the others. The "Well, now he mought; it didn't occurthing, often neglected by farmers, is the grooming of their teams. In the summer time the horse, by rolling in the pasture, to rains have some effect. But in the stable he "Witness, you must answer the question, relies on the care of his master, and the or the Court will be compelled to deal with keen enjoyment the curry-comb and brush evidently give him, should be ample reward "I reckon." for the labor. A well lighted stable, tho-"Well, then, answer yes or no. Did or roughly ventilated, yet free from currents of

In regard to the feed of horses, most Witness, now fully aroused, and conscious his danger.

farmers, we think, will agree to the proposition that it is always good economy to grind or mash all kinds of grain before feeding. It is well established that cut osy cheek of those who live out of doors.

What Writings Require Stamps.—The

What Writings Require Stamps.—The then again he moughta't."

than when fed on hay alone. Good wheat
The plaintiff saved his bacon. Verdict or out straw, fed with bran strengthened with coro meal, has been found excellent. When the weather is not too cold it is pre-

to have paid for years of timely care,-Rural New Yorker.

Making and Keeping Manure,

However much may have been said on this purchase liquor. The County Court award subject, it does not seem to have had the ed her \$500 from one of the men and \$200 | desired effect, when we see so many of those om the other.

Mr. J. C. Derby, general agent for the glecting to take any steps toward promoting this end; who, instead of devising means part of that already obtained to be wasted Now, I believe that most of those who permit this are entirely ignorant of the great injury they are doing themselves, and there may be a few who, though they have had A curious story is current in Albany that | their attention called to it, yet fail to adopt

> I will endeavor to point out a few of the most prominent sources of waste, and the means by which they may be obviated. To begin with the most important of all manures, which is that obtained from our stables and cow-houses, and which is usually thrown out into the barnyards to remain restore the waste occasioned by the removal

of preceding crops.

Now, if this water, after soaking through the manure, and extracting from it a large amount of its usefulness, was carefully saved by being caught in tanks, the loss would not be as much felt; but even this is not done, and as barns are generally built on the side of a hill when possible, the water which falls into their yards runs off almost immediately; and when not so situated, drains are usually cut from them to permit it to escape, and thus a quality of the most fertile part of the manure is lost.

a shed under which the manure could be stowed, or what would be better still, if a curred in this way would soon be repaid. Ammonia is also constantly escaping from

the manure in the form of gas, and as it is substance which contains a large amount of nitrogen, which is especially beneficial to crops, it would be well if it were also saved. Now, this can be accomplished by the application of several substances to the manure, among the cheapest and best of which is the sulphate of lime or plaster of Paris, and it does it in this way: the sulphuric acid in the sulphate of lime has a greater affinity for the ammonia than it has for the lime, and it therefore leaves the lime and attaches itself to the ammonia, forming the sulphate of ammonia, which is a fixed salt.

Hence, the frequent application to the manure, particularly that just carried from the stable, of a little of the plaster, would greatly tend to prevent the escape of this

gas.

There is yet another point to which I would call attention, and that is the ways by which we can increase our stock of by which we can increase our stock of man ure; and though they are many I will only speak of two of the most prominent:—The first is by means of the compost heap, and the second by the pig pen. If you will only give your pigs the material, the quantity of manure they will make will be immense. Old straw and hay can be given to them with advantage, but still better than these are dead leaves; you may fill the pen half full of them, and they will soon be converted into the best manure .- Germantown Tele

A deer, which had been accustomed to run shead of the traves on the track of the Cleveland and Toledo road, was run down he at by a lecomosive recently, between Centre re the ville and Springfield. It was a splendid animal wrighing 146 pounds.