The Sunbury American. H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor

SUNBURY, PA.

E. WILVERT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1866.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE Gov. Cartin, having been absent at Cuba-on account of his health, at the opening of the Legislature, sent in his annual Message on Tuesday, a few days after his return. We can only give our readers a synopsis. The Message shows that the financial condition of the State has been extremely pros- 178 72, than we were on the 30th day of perous. We received over six millions two November, 1869. hundred thousand dollars during 1865, and By a statement hereto appended, it will there was a balance at the beginning of that year of nearly two millions of dollars. We paid out during the same period over five millions and three quarters, and had a balance in the treasury on the first of December of \$2,373,668 14. Out of the sum paid away, we appropriated, in redemption of have been called away from the peaceful the State indebtedness, \$1,903,345 88. Our pursuits of life. Millions of her treasure debt on the same day was \$87,476,258 06. We had assets on that day amounting to \$13,623,668 14, leaving our liabilities in excess of assets at \$28,852,599 92. As con-tracted with the year 1860, when our liabili-The receipts of the last year exceed those trasted with the year 1860, when our liabilitics exceeded assets \$26,408,168 94, we stand more than two millions six hundred thousand dollars better off than we were at that time. When we consider the heavy expenditures required for defense, and expenses incident to the war, we can well congratulate ourselves at having done so during the year, in tax on dividends, \$205,well, particularly when we know that other commonwealths have added immensely to their debt.

The Governor believes that the annual receipts of the Commonwealth are large enough to justify a removal of all State taxes on real estate, and recommends that profits from their business relations with it be done. In regard to the old tax of 25 our people, it will be admitted by all that cents per \$100 there is no difficulty, but the they should be required to bear their tax of 5 cents per \$100, laid by the act of 1964, was pledged for the repayment of the always profitable, when properly conducted, \$3,000,000 han, and carnot be removed should be exempted from the taxation which until that money is paid. Perhaps this will have to remain, but the greater tax can be removed, and no doubt it will be done.

The Gavernor recommends that, in case the State tax on real estate is removed, the levying of local taxes on honds mottgages our right to impose this tax I have not a levying of local taxes on bonds, mortgages, loans, and all property of that kind, be prohibited. He says :---

"Such a respeal would largely encourage "the investment of capital in this State and "add immensely to the wealth of the State, "while the local authorities would lose very "little, as it is notorious that, from the diffi-"culties of "assessment, they receive very little from these sourses."

The Governor sums up the results of the action of Pennsylvania in supporting fully paid by them, provided they were exthe cause of the Union during the Rebellion empt by laws from local taxation. with a proud consciousness that we have done our duty. We furnished the United States during the Rebellion with 362,284 soldiers, exclusive of militia and volunteers for emergencies, and exclusive of men sent lave escaped the larger portion of the in-into the navy. Of the latter the Message creased taxation that all other trades and does not give us the numbers, except that in 1863 there were 36,588 of these troops tive amount of taxes paid under each sys furnished for the emergency preceding the tem, is berewith appended, from which it battle of Gettysburg. The number of men will be seen that the taxes of these institufornished to the navy might have been 20,000. Assuming that it was only 10,000, the whole number of men furnished the very small amount of revenue realized from

value, in 1865, almost representing in Government for service during the Rebellion could not have been less than 408.872. a record of patriotism scarcely to be exceeded by any other State in the Union.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT. the fact that these people are allowed to appeal from the decision of the mercantile To the Senate and House of Representatives To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commensealth of Pennsylvania—GRN-TLEMEN: In presenting this Annual Re-people of Pennsylvania, through their re-presentatives upon the prosperous condition of the finances of the Commonwealth. It should be a source of pride to every Penn-sylvanian fe learn that, notwithstanding the extraordinary expenditures to which we have been subjected during the last five free statements of the last five for the finances of the commonwealth. It should be a source of pride to every Penn-sylvanian fe learn that, notwithstanding the extraordinary expenditures to which we have been subjected during the last five for statement of the source to be and the source of the last an meeting in the sense subjected during the last five for spires before the case of the component to be made immediately which for the state the sense subjected during the last five for spires before the case of the component to be made immediately which for Saurday night at a meeting in the sense subjected during the last five have been subjected during the last five first payment to be made immediately upon years, in consequence of the rebellion, reach-ing the large amount of \$4,028,027 21. (in the organization of the company. Had this been the law during the past year, the State would have received an income of \$150,000 addition to what has been refunded by the General Government.) we are, on the termimore than she has derived from this source, nation of the current fiscal year, financially most of which will now be lost. By the estimate, hereto annexed, of our

in a better condition, by the sum of \$2,660, receipts and expenditures for the coming rear, it will be seen that our receipts are exbe seen that during that time we have reour expenditures, during the same period, duced our public debt \$492,938 66, while our assets have increased \$2,067,235 06. These facts demonstrates the immense re

exercise of proper diligence in collecting our taxes on corporations, licenses &c., the re-ceipts can readily be made to reach \$6,000,sources of the State, and cannot fail to give increased confidence to the holders of ber obligations. During the last five years, at least three hundred thousand of her citizens serious inquiry whether the finances of the have been contributed, publicly and private-State are not now in a condition to dispense ly, to sustain her gallant sons while battling for the great cause of freedom, and yet she altogether with the tax on real estate, leaving it to be taxed only for county and townstands to day with an overflowing treasury, It should be the endeavor of the State as

far as possible, to collect her revenue from sources that cannot be reached by counties of 1864 by \$1,486,676 65, the larger portion and town. At the time of creating the last war loan, the first thing seized upon for its re-payment, was real estate; and now, that war is over, why should it not be first to reof which has been derived from taxes on corporation stock, tornage, real estate loans, income, collateral inheritance, foreign insurance companies and charters. The only sources showing a decline are the proceeds ceive the benefits of peace ? From all parts from patenting lands and the tax on banks. of the country we hear the cry, high rents, The income from the latter source fell of and much of the necessity for this advance arises from the high local taxation rendered 911 39; in tax on capital stock, \$75,507 05, making in all \$281,481 44, and has now necessary to liquidate debts incurred by counties and towns to pay bounties for the almost entirely ceased. This diminution has been caused by the banks having ceased war. Presuming that our receipts will be. to operate as State institutions, and accept-Our expenses.

estate.

3 300 000 00 There would be a balance 2,126,000 00 F rom which deduct tax on real

1.600.000 00

529,000 00 Leaving a balance. proportion of the public burdens. There is no valid reason why a business which is We will still have a balance in the Treasurv of \$526,000 over and above all necessary expenditures. If we add to this a tax on banks, of \$470,000, it will give us \$996,000. is imposed upon every other pursuit of life. nearly a million of dollars to be appropria-ted to be the redemption of the public debt. I recommend, therefore, the passage of an act taxing the capital stock of National From this statement, it seems clear to me banks, to be collected early in the year, as that we could get along without levying From this statement, it seems clear to me the only method by which we can now get. one dollar of tax on the real estate of the Commonwealth: We can, at least, suspend its collection for a year or two until we have single doubt ; but even if it were an open tried the experiment. question, I feel confident that there is

All of which is respectfully submitted. WILLIAM H KEMBLE, State Treasurer.

Retarn of Secretary Seward and Party

WASHINGTON, January 29, 1866. The U.S. steamer De Soto arrived here about 4 P. M. yesterday, and landed Secre-tary Seward, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Seward, and Miss Wharton-Mrs. Seward's sister -at the navy yard. The party left here on Saturday, December 29to, and have

thus been absent a month. After leaving Fortress Monroe they first visited St Thomas, where they stopped two days. The first day they dined with the Gevernor, and next day Secretary Seward held a levce on the De Soto, receiving all the captains of vessels in port, foreign consuls, Government officials, etc., the individuals being introduced by the American vice consul, Mr.

It is said that while at St. Thomas Secretary Seward exchanged visits with General Santa Anna, of Mexico, now residing at St. Thomas. From St. Thomas the De Soto

6.732. proceeded to Santa Cruz, where Secretary Seward and party landed at Frederickstadt. ve over to Christianstadt

(Frem the Bradford Reporter.] The Great Revivalia fowanda.

peared on Saturday night at a meeting behalf of Sunday schools. On Sunday spoke in the Methodist Church, and same afternoon he addressed a large anfar manner which has given him his world

wide reputation as the children's preacher. Methodists, Baptists, Episcopalians and Presbytetians filled the largest churches in town, and sometimes the Court House to over flowing ; many persons often standing our expenditures, during the same period, the sum of \$3,523,000. By levying a tax of one per cent on the capital of banks, and the exercise of proper diligence in collecting our filling the seats, ais's and standing places, sometimes till near midnight, in the most extraordinary manner. Aarons and Hurs, 000; while the expenditures, with the least possible effort, can be reduced to \$3,000,000. Under these circumstances, it is worthy of work, and above all, the voice of fervent prayer from the hearts and lips of thousands scended to Heaven.

Let no one suppose this a mere temporary excitement. On the contrary, men and wo men of all ages, of the best intelligence and capacity, tradesman, merchants and profes-sional men, officers and soldiers in the late war, who had faced death in many battles. tavern keepers, the profane and vicious, and those who had been strickly moral in their lives, the rich and the poor, the rule and the refined, the learned and the ignorant, the talented and the simple minded, bowed together at the foot of the cross, friends rejoiced together, and foes reconciled. It is very difficult to estimate the num-

bers of hopeful converts, but we think we may safely say that at least four hundred, of twenty-five hundred people gave out-\$5,426,000 00 ward evidence of conversion.

> G. T. Beauregard publishers a "stirring appeal" in the New Orleans Delta for the delivery of fifty thousand cypress cross ties along a Louisiana Rathroad of which he is General Superintendent and Chief Engineer.

The Kentucky Senate on the 13th instant assed a bill to incorporate a bank in the ity of Louisville, to be controlled by free colored citizens. The bank is prohibited from having any connection with the Freedmen's Bureau, and forbids the election of any person as an officer of the institution who has ever lived in Boston.

For the fiscal year ending June 80, 1865 the mint and branch mints of the United States coined \$23,819,243,64, in gold silver and copper.

One hundred citizens of Springfield, Ill have formed a Vigilance Committee for the purpose of ridding the city of gamblers, thieves and murderers that infest it.

In Illinois the farmers, forty miles from Chicago find it economy to cart their grain with oxen to that city, instead of sending it by rail. A comment on railroad charges. Immense discoveries of diamonds and

old and silver are said to have been made in Idaho. A writer says that he has come to the

conclusion that the terms grass widows arises from the fact that their husbands are always roving bludes.

Woman-The morning star of infancythe day star of manhood-the evening star of age. Bless our stars !"

tional Cemeteries at Gettysburg and Antie-tam, as mentioned by the reports of the committees appointed to establish these cemeteries are: Gettysburg, 3,538; Antietam,

The Scranton Register says coal in the accompa Mr. Perkins and Sir, and and vice consul, costs eighty cents to mine it, and eighty \$1.90. All that is charged above that, is for transportation and prout. stopped at Santa Cruz two days, and were nored with a special state dinner by the Governor, at his residence at Christainstadt NEW FRACTIONAL CURRENCY .- Five the capital of the island, and at which the hundred thousand dollars of the new fifty-American and other foreign consuls were cent fractional currency have been printed at the Treasury Department. The issues From Santa Cruz they went to San Dowill be made in a few days.

rine Confeesions and Experience

PUBLIC SALE

SIXTEEN ACRES

Inventors' Offices.

D'EPINUEIL & EVANS.

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND PATENT SOLICITORS.

No. 435 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Patents solicited-consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skilfully attended to. Special

Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent of Special Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Of-fice procured. N. B. - Save yourselves aneless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with

these Offices can be transacted in writing. For fur ther information direct neabowe, with stamp enclosed for Cfreukar with referances. February 3, 1866-19.

WRIT OF PARIFICS.

The beirs of Henry Masser, dec'd Term A. D. 1866.

) Returnable March

William Masser,

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, 88.

estate, to wit

OF AN INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and whers, who suffer from Neurous Debility, Premature Becay of Manhood, Ac., supplying at the same time the means of alf-cure. By one who man oured himself after undergoing considerable quada-ery. By oneloning a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies, tree of charge may be had of the as-thor. of Mill and Farm Property, OTTATE on Penns Creek, adjoining New Berlin D Union County, Ps., containing about NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Boq., Brooklyn, Kings January 27, 1965-1y

of the first quality of FARM LAND, and embracing out of THE BEST OF WATER POWERS, including both sides, of the creak. The improvements are three dwellings, two stables, two mill beildings, ap-ple orchard and one half of the dam built, with head and tail race complete. This property being in a public place—surrounded by a thickly settled and rich farming country, is well situated for any kind of buiness requiring a strong water power. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, 'Turesdary, March Gath, Indes, at the Public House of SAMUEL BAUM, New Rerlin, Union County, Pa., when the terms (which will be easy) will be india known by the subscribers. BUYERS & RINEHART. New Berlin, Feb. 3, 1866. WANTED, AGENTS, \$150 PER MONTH TO WANTED, AGENTS, \$150 PER MONTH TO sell the improved Common Sense Family Sew-ing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, cord, braid, bind, gathar, quilt and embroider beamifully. Price only \$20. Every Machine is warranted three years. For terms address or call on C. HOWERS & CO. Reception rooms, No. 255 S. FIFTII Street. Philadelphia, Pa. January 27, 1865-lune. New Berlin, Feb. 3, 1860

We Clip the following from on of the Phila delphia Daily Papers. Our people visiting or send ing down to the City, would do well to make a not

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S FINE CLOTHING. This establishment, located at the Cor. of Sixtn. & Mangar Street, Philap'a, familiarly known as "OAK HALL," is probably the largest and best con-ducted "Ready Made," Clothing & Merchant Tailor-ing House, in the State. Their superior styles, ex-cellent workmanship and moderation in prices, have made their House deservedly popular.

In their CUSTOM DEPARTMENT, where elegant GARMENTS are MADE to ORDER, none but the very best Artists are employed, and the fine assortment of Materials to select from enables every one o be well suited.

Samples will be sent by Mail, and instructions for measuring when written for. Nov. 11, 1865.-St

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvanis to the Sheriff of Northumberland county, Greeting : Denfuess, Blindness and Catarrh. of Northumberland county, Greeting: WHEREAS, at at Orphans' Court held at Sunbury... In and for the county of Northumberland, the 12th day of January in the year of sar Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty six, before the Hon. Alexan-der Jordan, President, and his Amount Justices of the Ooart. In the matter of the estate of Henry Masser, deceased. The petition of William Masser, of St. Juseph, county Michigan, was presented, setting forth that the said Henry Masser, lately died inte-tute leaving issue John Masser [residing at Three Rivers, Michigan.] Henry B. Masser, Jacob B. Mas-ser, Peter B. Masser, Mary intermatried with Fran-cis Bucher. Eitsabeth intermatried with Jeremiah Shindel (residing in Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, George W. Masser (residing at Scranton, Pennsyl-vania, who has aliened his estate to H. B. Masser; and the petitioner. That the said decedent in his Treated with the utmost success by Dr. J. ISAACS Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland, No. 519 Pine street, Philadelphia. Testimonials No. 519 Pine street. Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Coun-try can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no se-crets in his practice. Artificial Eyes, inserted with-out pain. No charge made for examination. July 22, 1865.—19

The Bridal Chamber, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Man-published by the Howard Association, and sent free of charg'

in scaled envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia and the petitioner. That the said decedent in his lifetime, and at the time of his denth, was seized in his demene as of fee of and m the following real

ITCH ! ITCH !! ITCH !!! SCRATCH : SCRATCH : SCRATCH :

Wheaton's Distment Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all

Also cures shit kneum. Uleers, Chablains, and all Eruptions of the Skin Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists. By scading 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass. it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage. to any part of the United States. Sept. 25. '65-6m.

WHISKERS ! WHISKERS !

Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches ' Our Gre cian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair an bald heads, in Six Wesks. Price, \$1.00. Sent by mail anywhere, disards are lead on provide the price of the second closely scaled, on receipt of price. Address, WARNER & CO., Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y. February 18 1855.-19

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Dehility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youth ful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering he manity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad. each and all appear if you think proper. WM. M. WEAVER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Feb. 3, 1865. vertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN

No. 13, Chambers St., New York.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means o

The astonishing results which has attended this invaluable mediatue proves it to be the most perfect remedy ever discovered. No language can convey an alcquire idea of the immediate and almost mi-To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they

will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTRNA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertise,

ous change which it occasions to the debilitated shattered system. In fact it stands unrivalled as a remody for the permanent cure of Diabetes, Impotency, Loss of Muscular Energy, Physical Pros-tration, Judigestion, Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflamation or Uterration of the

consumption finally ends her career

For sale by all Druggists. Price \$1. W H GREGG, & CO. Proprietors.

General Agents, No. 46 Cliff street, New York, February 3, 1866-6me.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

in the Borough of Sunbury.

36 TOWN LOTS,

Sunbury, Jan. 27, 1866 .- 3m.

By virtue of certains write of Alias Piera Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Nor-thumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borodgh of Sunbary, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17th, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following pro-nerty, for will

SHERIFF SALE.

Shoriff's Office, Sunbury, Jan. 27th, 1866

Notice to Bridge Builders.

EXTON'S CELEBRATED

TRENTON CRACKERS.

KIRK & DEWALD.

Wholesole Dealers in

Tens, Spices, Fancy Groceries, &c.,

North East Corner Front and Arch Street.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

FISHERS

EATING & LODGING HOUSE

A Few Steps North of the Depot.

SUNBURY, PA.

Administrator's Notice.

PHILADELPHIA, Sole Agent for Pennsylvania.

January 27, 1866 -31

Sunbury, Jan. 20, 1868.

erty, to wit !

THE undersigned offers at private sale

MORGAN& ALLEN.

CONSTITUTION WATER.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases ori-ginating from an Impure State of the Blood, and for all (hereditary) Diseases transmitted from parent to child. SCLOFULA!

CONSTITUTION

LIFE SYRUP

UMA, GLA DULAR SWELLINGS, ULCERATION. KING'S EVIL. ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM. STRUMA. This taint (hereditary and acquired.) filling life with untold misery, is by all usual medical remedies

RHEUMATISM.

ineurable.

If there is any disease in which the Constitution If there is any disease in which the Constitution Life Syrup is a sovereign, it is in rhoumatism and its kindred affections. The most intense pains are almost instantly allevinted—enormous swellings are reduced. Casse, chronis or vocarious, of twenty or thirty years standing have been cured.

I NERVOUSNESS.

Nervous Debility, Shattered Nerves, St. Vitus' Dance, Loss of Power.

St. Vitus' Dance, Loss of Power. Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy. Thousands who have suffered for years will bless the day on which they read these lines. Particular-ly to work, suffering women will this medicine prove an inestimable blessing-directing their footsteps to a Hops which fulfills more than in promises.

MERCURIAL DISEASES. Salivation

ivation, Rotting of Bones, Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones, Feeling of Weariness. Depression of Spirit s

F

Constitution Life Syrup purges the system entirely from all the evil effects of Mercury, removing the Bad Breath, curing the Weak Joints and Kheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is suie to produce It hardens spongy Gums and secures the Teeth as as firmly as ever.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. Eradientes, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases

of the skin like ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

and all other difficulties of this kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both mules and females, often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

F

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP Cures all Swelling of the Glands.

A certain tract of land situate in Upper August township in said county, adjoining the Susquehanna river, and lands of Samuel Ryland. Dennis Wolver-ton and John Massar, containing eight acres and 10-Either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast, and sizeuld be taken as soon as the swelling is detected, thus preventing their breaking, and producing from-blessime discharging sores, which disfigure so many ton and John Masser, containing eight scres and 10-perches. Another tract of land situate in same township, adjoining lands of William Conrad. Christian & iller and others containing Fifty-five Acress more or less. Another tract of land, situate in Lower Augusta township, in said county, bounded by lands late of lienry Hall, Jacob Conrad, George Hall and others, containing One Hundred and Forty Acres, more or less. of the younger portion of the community, from six totwenty years of age. Young children are very subject to discharges from the ears, which depends upon a scrotalous empitution. These cases soon recover by taking a few doses of the Life Syrup.

S

containing One Hundred and Forty Aeres, more or less. Another tract in said township, adjoining indis of Daniel Mallick, George Weiser, John Wiggins and land, late of John James, containing ninety nine Acres, more or less. Also, a lot of ground in the Borough of Sunbury, fronting on Broadway street, and being lot number Hifty-two, containing about one-fourth of an Acre. This to notify you and each of you herein above named, and you are hereby notified, thas by virtue of the above wirt to me directed, an inquest will be held on the premises of said Henry Masser, deceased with boundaries are berein above given, of Monday the 26th daysof February, at 10 of lock A. M. for a previse of making partition of or to value and a previse the real estate herein above given, of Monday cach and all appear if you thick proper.



Epileptic fits, sympathetic ar aryunic diseases of the heart, as palpitation, diseases of the actives, pro-ducing a grating or filing sound, der pre-S the beart case and all the affections of this integrand some (persons suffering from any nears pain in the relation of the heart), will be greatly relieved by Sugarth tion Life Syrup. Broken Down and Delicate Constitutions seaffering

from Indipatition to Exercise. White in the Eack from Indipatition to Exercise. White in the Eack Lass of Memory, Forebodings, Morrow et Calamity Fear of Disers, Dimness of Vision, Vry, Hor Skr and Extremities, Want of Sheep, Kostleaness, Fill Haggard Countenance, and Lassitude of the Mesou In system, all require the mit at the Constitut



January 13 1835 -1y.

An exchange gives the following toast

The number of soldiers buried in the Na

"The Joint Committee on Reconstruction, consisting of six Senators and nine Representatives, have agreed on the followng proposal of Constitutional Amendment, which was reported to the Senate by Mr Fessenden of Maine :

ARTICLE — Representatives and Direct faxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within his Union according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of perons in each State, excluding Indians not axed ; provided, that whenever the elective ranchise shall be denied or abridged in any state, on account of ruce or color, all perons of such race or color shall be excluded rom the basis of representation.

-This amendment virtually remits the juestion of Black Suffrage to the several states, requiring only that each shall abide vy its own decision, and not count as a basis of political power in the Union such portion of its population as it shall deliberately de rive of power and exclude from the body solitic. In other words, it says: "Account our Blacks men or brutes; but, if you acount them brutes, do not ask other States o regard them as men."

.... RECONSTRUCTION .- The Reconstrucion Committee, through Mr. Fessendca, has eported a joint resolution to amend the constitution so as to apportion representaion in Congress and the Electoral Colleges coording to the number of voters in each

Mr. Stevens, from the same Committee sported the same resolution to the House. 'his is important measure, rests on princiles that cannot be refuted, though they ay have violent prejudices arrayed against hem.

FIRE AT RENOVA .- The Boot and hoe Store, of Mr. P. Bacon, and the Saloon f James F. Green, at Renova, Clinton Coun-/, were destroyed by fire on Saturday mornig last about 1 o'clock. The fire was vidently the work of an incendiary.

----The Union State Committee met in arrisburg on the 19th inst. and issued a dl tor a State Convention to meet on Wedsday, the 7th day of March-two days ter the meeting of the Democratic Convenon.

Pittsburg is truly the Burmingham of nerica. The Pittaburg Gazette publishes list of some of the leading establishments, aong which are the following located in at city and Allegheny namely :

81 Rolling Mills, 33 Machine Shops, 12 iller Factories, 7 Blast Furnases, 4 Iron the Factories, 7 Blast Furnases, 4 Iron the Factories, 2 Malleable Iron Factories, Forges for Shafting, 5 Steel Works, 46 on Foundries, 10 Brass do., 2 Copper olling Mills, 50 Glass Factories, 58 Oil flueries, 30 Tanneries, 58 Tobacco Facto-s, 8 Copper Manufactories. Besides 175 olliaries attached to the coal trade of the F. stance provide statics for price

whole income from them in 1865 was \$635, 562 10, or about one fourth of one per cent on their value. In this the tax on tonnage is not included, for it is difficult to determine whether this was intended as a tax on the corporation or on production. If it was designed for the former, it should be forthwith amended or repealed because of the present. inability of the Auditor General to ascertain what amount of tax is due the State, and

before the war.

to for the

terest.

of the Legislature.

State.

mingo city, where they stopped one day, on account of the unequal manner in which and were received with every possible mark of distinction by President Bacz, of the it operated on the different companies was intended to reach. For example:

ing charters under the national banking

system. As these corporations are still

located in our midst, and derive all their

patriotism enough among the owners of

these institutions to induce them readily to

bear their just proportion of the expenses of

a contest which, if it had terminated ad-

versely, would have left them with little or

no capital to tax. Oa inquiring of the

Controler of the Currency, I learn that the

National banks of Pennsylvania have a capi-

tal of \$16,043,190. A tax of one per cent.

There is no foundation for the cry that

these institutions are already too heavily

taxed by the General Government, for, in

fact, these State banks, by placing them-selves under the National banking laws,

occupations have been subjected to on ac-

count of the war. An exhibit of the rela

tions are in reality, less now than they were

I respectfully call your attention to the

Dominician Republic. The American and The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, other consuls also paid their respects. They with an income which, in 1864 amounted to next visited Portau-Prince, where they were nearly \$15.600,000, pays for 1865 a tax of \$51,865 13 while the Reading Railroad received by President Geffrard and the several foreign consuls, and visited the town Company, with an income of \$9,250,000 and suburbs and country adjacent, accom during the same period, pays, \$89,232 77. ied by Mr. Elie, Minister of Foreign Af The Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Company, with an income of \$700,000, pays

They arrived at Havana on Saturday, 20th \$16,383 03 .- The Erie Northeast, with an instant, the entire party going on shore to a income of only \$500,000, pay \$14,754 43; and the Atlantic and Great Western, with hotel. The Secretary very courtcously de-clined the use of the Captain General's paits immense capital and traffic, paid the inlace, in consequence of the short time he insignificant sun: of \$6,031 27. tended to stop. On Monday, 22d inst., the Secretary and Mr. F. W. Seward attended a banquet given in their honor by the Cap-It cannot be ascertained at present, what

the gress receipts of the different railroad tain General, at which there were some and transportation companies will amount seventy guests present, including U. S. Con-sul General Miner, Captain Walker, of the past year, but they will most probably reach the sum of \$60,000,000. A tax De Soto, the several foreign consuls, the of three-fourths of one per cent, on these gross receipts would yield as much income, Vice Admiral of the Spanish fleet, and all the Spanish and French officers in and would be far more equal in its operation than what is now known as the tonnage tax. port. This change in the manner of assessment

At night the party were honored with a would double the taxes of some of our large delightful serenade, and next day the Secre-tary held a levee at his hotel, receiving nucorporations, but it would proportionately reduce the amount now paid by others, who are unfairly dealt with by the present sysmerous officials and citizens of Havana, including over five hundred students, with the professors from the University of Hava-

By a law approved April 30 1864, the The De Soto left the harbor late on Tuestreasurer of corporations are required to deduct the three mill tax when paying the day, 23d instant, and a number of the stu interest on their bonds, and pay the same dents and others chartered a steamer and accompanied the De Soto past Moro Castle, to take a final farewell of the distinguished over to the State Treasurer. This law thus far operates very advantageously, yielding in 1865 an excess \$150,000 over the previ visitors, and on parting saluted the Secre retary and party with loud cheers. ous year. But it is still imperfect, and ought to be amended. A tax of three mills At. St. Thomas, salutes were exchanged on the principal of a six per cent. bond is between the Danish and American flags, and the same as a tax of five per cent, on the inthe same was the case with the Haytien and Spanish flags at Hayti and Cuba. Every-

I recommend that the law be so amended where on the trip Secretary Seward and as to require a tax of five per cent, to be party were the recipients of the most distinguished attentions. They had delightful paid on the interest accurtng on all bonds. weather in the West Indies, the thermome-This will make a five, six or seven per cent bond bear equal burdens. The corporation should be required to make it to the Audi-tor General, instead of the State Treasurer, ter ranging about 80, and everything wearing the appearance of summer. The trip, though short, has been apparent ly of the greatest benefit to both Secretary and have its account settled in the usual

manner, with a severe penalty for a noncom-pliance. This tax, if properly regulated, will become one of the most reliable sources Seward and his son, Mr. Frederick Seward, the public will be glad to know. of income to the State Treasury and should A cement which is good protection against receive the early and careful consideration

Our license laws require amendment Nine-

weather, water and fire, to a certain extent, is made by mixing a gallon of water with two gallons of brine, and then stir in two Some method should be adopted by and a half pounds of brown sugar and three which the officers of the State can learn the wherabouts of the officers of foreign sorpopounds of common salt; put it on with a rations liable to taxation under our laws. As brush like paint.

John Reigel, residing in the eastern part of Dauphin county, has had six some in the armies of the Union, and though they parti-cipated in many of the most bloody conflicts of the war, they have all escaped without the slightest injury and have all returned home safely. the law is now enforced, but a small proportion of these institutions pay any tax into the treasury. If all corporations, both foreign and domestic, were required to keep a complete record of the names of their officers, places of business, &c, with the Audi-tor General, it would greatly facilitate the collection of taxes due from them- to the home safely.

Artemus Ward utters scathing maledle tions on a Wisconsin town where he lector-ed. His agent took \$2.87 at the door, while Artemus took the measlos inside.

tenths of the theatres pay no license, at all, and in the city of Philadelphia, alone, near-ly three thousand persons, liable, under the laws, annually fail to take out licenses as venders of merchanduse. This is from no fault of the county officers, but arises from The Prince Kowarkine, the heaviest "swell" in Tiflis, lately blew out his brains, leaving his disconsolate widow a fortune of thirty-two millions of frauce.

January 13, 1865-1y. ARTIFICIAL SUBSTITUTES .- It is not gen

rally known that soldiers who have lost limbs in the service of the United States are entitled to artificial substitutes, that can be of honorable discharge, and that the wound causing the loss of limb received in service.

THOS. F. CHAPMAN

January 13, 1865-19. HALF NOTES NOT TO BE REDEEMED .- The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that half U. S. notes, that have been "punched" will in no case he redeemed by designated depositories of the United States.

SOLDIERS' DISCHARGES. - It has been ascertained that individuals engaged in pur chasing honorable discharges from soldier dispose of the same to "conscripts" who evaded the draft by fleeing to Canada. The names of discharged soldiers, by means of a chemical process, are removed and the names of the purchasers substituted.

soldier may have against the Government.

There are yet in the volunteer service 26 Cloverseed. Major Generals and 49 Brigadiers. In the regular army there are 1 Licutenant General, 4 Major Generals and 10 Brigadiers; and the whole number of officers and men is 24,919. The product of the gold and silver mines of Montana Territory, for the past year. amounted to mora than \$16,000,000. Four years ago, the Territory was a wilderness, minhabited, except by savages.

"DON'T BE FOOLISH."-You can make Six Dollars from Fifty Cents. Call and examine an invention argently needed by every body. Or a sample sent free by mail for 50 cents that retails ensily for \$6, by R. L. WOLCOTT, 170 Chatham Square, N Y. Sopt. 16, 1865 .-- 17.

As the twinkling stars go out one by one in the golden lustre of the morn, so the once-popular perfumes of the American market have faded into oblivion before the superior claims of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus," the standard perfume of the West era Hemisphere. Sold everywhere.

For persons of sickly and debilitated con

stitutions Speer's Samburg Port Wice is especially recommended as a valuable tonic and invigorator. As a dinner wine it is pleasant and agreeable, and its exhilirating effects considerably assist digestion. For general family use it cannot be excelled by the finest port for taste, flavor, or juicy richness, while it is devoid of the deleterious and intoxicating qualities which uniformly characterize foreign wines.



Buenogin, Jan. 20, 1866. Tons. Cur Sant for week suiding Jan. \$7, Pur last report,

111. 121

To same time last year,

in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted. and spread information which he conceives to b invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his -second w as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing

Parties wishing the prescription, range, by return mail, please address

These Irregularities are the cause of frequently re-carring discuss, and through neglect the seeds of more grave and dangcrous unladies are the result; and as month after month passes without an effort being mude to assist nature, the difficulty becomes chronic, the patient gradually loses her appetite, the bowels are constinated, night sweats come on, and communication finally code second REV. EDWARD WILSON. Williamsburgh, Kings Co , New York.

Strange But True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something to their advantage by re procured upon the presentation of evidence turn mail, (free of charge,) by addressing the under signed. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will They are furnished free of charge, and do Please address their obedient servant, not effect any pension or bounty claim the

831 Brondway, New York.

DEATHS.

At the residence of his father, in Rush township, on Tuesday last, JOHN EMERY ituate between Fawn & Deer streets below Whortle-HELLER, Esq., aged about 82 years. For terms, &c , call on

C. SHOW THE R. L. HOUSE	Contractor of the local division of the loca	
	SUNBURY	MARKET.
Flour,	\$13 00	Eggs.
Wheat,	2 40	Butter,
Rye,	100	Tallow,
Corn,	1 00	Lard.
Oats,	45	Pork,
Buckwheat,		Bacon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!! large and complete assortment just received.

\$2 50 Ham, \$7.00 Shoulder

Frink 1980, at Locdock, P. M., the following pro-perty, for wit: A certain tract or please of land, situate in Dela-ware township, Northumberland county, Pennsylva-nis, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by lands of Charles Hattgel and William Dougherity; on the south by lands of William Nicholson, Mary Weeks and Jesse Weeks, contain-ing J3 here and 82 perches, whereon are executed a two-story frants house and kitchen, frame bank barn and other outbuildings. Seined, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of William II. Foust. WM. WEAVER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Offlee, Sunburg, Jan. 27th, 1805 PERFUME LATCHETS from 50 to \$1.00. VALENTINES. Sentimental and Comic, at from 2 cts. to \$1.00. Fancy envelopes—large and small, 2 cts. to pi and at LIGHTNER'S BOOK STORE, Market Sound

Sunbury, Feb. 3, 1266. Market Square.

A CARD.

HAVING bought the news agency of James Washington, I respectfully announce to the attrans of Sanbury and vicinity, that I have con-nected it with my business and solicit a continuation of of their patronage. My terms are A Letting for the Superstructure of the Milton Bridge, will be had on the 14th day of Febru-ary, next, at the Treasurer's Office in Milton. A Plan and Specifications, will be exhibited one week before the letting. The wood work of the bridge, will possively hadet on that day. By order of the Board of Managers. JOS. BOUND, Treasurer. January 27, 1866.-21 Philadelphia Press, daily, 80 ots. par month. Philadelphia Inquirer " 60 Harrisburg Morning Telegraph, daily, (delivered

70 cts. per month, in advance. The Monthly Magazines and Weekly papers can all be obtained at my store. Very Respectfully. N. FERREE LIGHTNER. Sunbury, Feb. 3, 1866.

NEW LIQUOR STORE! WM. HOOVER.

Railroad Street, above Market, NEAR THE CENTRAL BOTEL. SUNBURY, PA.

SUNBURY, PA. RESPECTFULLY invites his friends and the hypublic generally, to call and examine his large morthenia of figuore before purchasing classfere. His stock consists of Brandles, Whiskey, Holland Glin, Yam-kee Ram, Monagrahela mad Bourbon of the best quali-ty. Wines, Cider, Vine-gar, Ec., &c. Farmers, Hotel Keepers, and others are invited to call, as his stock is genuine, and will render gineral satisfaction.

HOT MEALS AT ALL HOURS, DAT AND NIGHT.

Sunbury, February 3, 1866. VALUABLE TOWN-LOTS FOR BALP. E GHT (6) valuable town her are offered for ling's addition in the Berry street, opposite Fri-ting's addition in the Berny to anthury. In-11.919 08

17,148 17 mbury, Tebruary 8, 1808 39 48

Admitmissirador's Yotice. N OTICE is boreby given, that latters of adminis-tration having bean granted to the subscriber, on the state of Mary St. Clair, late of Lower Au-gusts teenship. Northembarland County, Pa., de-oessed. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to present them daily authenti-outed for soltiment. JOEN SNTINER, Administrator. Lower Augusts twp., Jac. 20, 1865 -hag of formes induced as most in mine

of Urine, Irritation, Inflamation or Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland. Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, or Brickdust Deposit, and all diseases or affections of the Bindler and Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings existing in Man. Women, or Children. Ear those Diseases peculiar to Fe-

wsovereign Remedy.

under the skin. In the discases of the Liver, graing rise to 1.4 guer, Dissiness, Indigestion. Wask, Storanch er ulcerated or ennorrous condition of these ergnin, companied with burning or other unplemant by toms, will be relieved by the use of Constitut Life Syrup.

Syrap stands unrivalled by any preparation the World.

THE RICH AND POOR are liable to the same diseases. Nature and Seishas made the Constitution Life Syrup for the Las of all.

PURE BLOOD produces healthy men and women; and if the stitution is neglected in youth. disease and a d ath is the result. Price, \$1 25 per bottle; one half dozen for \$7.

P WM. H. GREGG, M. D.

SOLE PROPRIETOR, NEW YO MORGAN & ALLEN, Wholesale Druggists

No. 46 Cliffet., New 1

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston. J. H. REED, & CO., Chicago. FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Chicago. COLLINS BROTHERS, St. Louis. D. PARK, Cincinnati, HINSON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia

BARNES, WARD & CO., New Orleans BARNES, HENRY & CO., Montreal, Canada, HOSTETTER SMITH & DEAN, San Francisco February 3, 1866 .- 6m

Pure Liberty White Lend.

Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it ou will have no other. Macufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Whitesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers, No. 137 North THIRD Street, Philadelphi

January 27, 1866-1y.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-66. the Great Invention of the Age in

HOOP SKIRTS. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX EI TIC (cr double) SPRING SKIRT

This invention consists of Duplex (or two) E Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided ly and firmly together, edge to edge, makin toughes', most flexible, elastic and durable : by and armity togener, edge to cure, must boughes, most flexible, classic and durable S ever used. They seldom bend or break like the gle Springs, and consequently preserve their p and beautiful shape more than twice as long single spring skirt that ever has or can be must The wonderful flexibility and great comfor pleasure 1a any lady wearing the Duplex F Skirt will be experienced particularly in all er Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Rai road Cars, to Pews, Arm Chairs, for Premeunde and House as the Skirt can be folded when in use to oc-sumall place as easily and conveniently as a 2 Muslin Dress. A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfor great convenience of wearing the Duplex 1 Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will neven wards willingly dispense with their use. For dren, Misses and Young Ladies they are supe all others. The Hoons are covered with 2 oby twisted

Il others. The Hoops are covered with 2 ply twisted

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply twisted and will wear twice as long as the single yare ing which is used on all single Steel Hoop The three bottom rodson every Skirt are also Steel, and twice or double covered to prev-covering from wearing of the rods when di-down stairs, stone steps, etc., etc., which tr constantly subject to when in use. All are made of the new and elegant Cords-and are the best quality in every part, givin, wearer the most graceful and periest shape 1 and are unquestionably the lightest, most de comfortable and coepomical Skirt ever made WESTS, BRADLEY & CAREY PROPRI of the Investion, and Sole Manufactures, 97 of the Invention, and Sole Manufactures, i bers, and 79 & 31 Reads structs, New York For sale in all first-class stores in this of throughout the United States and Ganada de Gubs, Maxico, South Americo, and Indice.