The Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor.
E. WILVERT, Publisher.

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1865.

☞ MODERN DEMOCRACY.—It is curious to look into many of the country journals which continue to call themselves democratic papers. In them, it is in vain to look for a word of commendation for any man who has not been a rebel, traitor, or sympathizer with secession. While they dare not openly approve of the assassination of Lincoln, they rather sympathize with, than condemn the authors of this horrid crime. One would suppose that these papers could have little or no influence, nor have they, except among the ignorant and credulous, who are even now made to believe that the rebels were right in fighting for the confederacy, and justified in their attempt to dissolve the Union, that the most distinguished democrats were the leaders of the rebellion in the South, and those who assisted them in the North. In a neighboring journal we find a copy of the prospectus of a semi-rebel magazine published in New York. Of the nine contributors named, all are noted for secession proclivities. One of them having been an officer in the rebel army. Among the prominent features of this journal, the editor promises steel engravings and sketches of all the leading *Confederate* (not rebel) Generals. In another column the editor announces the sale of the portraits of "Gen. Lee" and other leading Confederate Generals. He also announces, in the same column, Mr. Buchanan's new book, the history of his administration. Happily, the portraits or works of Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Madison are not referred to, as they are not only unnecessary, but out of place in what constitutes modern democracy.

☞ BUCHANAN'S HISTORY OF HIS ADMINISTRATION ON THE EVE OF REBELLION.—This is the title of Mr. Buchanan's new book just issued by his publisher in New York—price $2,50 per copy. Some of the old politicians who still cling to the fortunes of the old Public Functionary, have constituted themselves agents for this work, and will, no doubt, distribute a goodly number among the faithful, at the exhorbitant price named. If the book was one of more than ordinary value or merit, it would be well paid for, at half its cost, but to tax the ignorant, the curious and the uninitiated $2,50 for a small volume of little value, and less merit, is making the purchasers pay entirely "too much for the whistle."

☞ THE PRESIDENT.—Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, in his speech at a serenade to-lately, said:—"Andrew Johnson is no hot-house plant, but a mountain oak, which defies the fury of the thunder gust. Intrepid, yet patient; firm, but forgiving, with the Union and the Constitution as his pillow and his cloud, he seeks to reconcile and bring together again the estranged children of a common father. Let us all aid him in the good work, and secure its accomplishment."

☞ We are indebted to Gov. Pollock, for his Annual Report as Director of the Mint. The amount of Gold received at the Mint and its several branches during the year ending June 30th, 1865, is $31,065,349, 71, and Silver, $1,183,405,23. He recommends, a five cent coin to be manufactured from the same material as the new three cent piece,—nickle and copper alloy, in view of the early withdrawal of the smaller denominations of fractional currency, said coin to be kept in circulation only until the resumption of specie payments or for some other fixed period. The coinage of nickles, brings a handsome sum into the National Treasury. During the fiscal year $400,000 has been realized from the profits arising in the coinage and sale of the penny, two penny and three penny pieces. The affairs of the Mint are well conducted.

☞ BOUNTIES TO SOLDIERS.—A bill has been introduced into Congress granting bounty-land and money to all soldiers who enlisted prior to June 25, 1863, and were honorably discharged by reason of wounds or expiration of terms of service; and will, doubtless, receive the consideration from our Representatives that it deserves. The object of the bill is to make the bounty of this class of soldiers equal to that of those who subsequently enlisted, during impending drafts, and who, for short enlistments, received large bounties.

☞ AMERICAN HOME LABOR LEAGUE.—A meeting to form an Industrial League, was held at the Board of Trade Rooms, Philadelphia. Of its necessity to American labor none can doubt, when they observe the obnoxious character of the New York free trade league. The American Home Labor League will be a national organization, and should number its members by hundreds of thousands.

☞ SENATOR SUMNER.—The President having sent a special message to Congress accompanying the Report of Gen. Grant, in relation to the freed men of the South.—Senator Sumner stigmatised the message as a "white washing document like that of Franklin Pierce, in regard to the Kansas atrocities" for which he was severely handled by several Senators. Sumner is one of those impractical men always varying on extremes. His learning and literature enables him to indulge in and make some show in political vagaries, but he never was a safe counsellor, or fitted for a leader or statesman.

☞ Gen. Grant in his repeal to the President while on a visit to the South, speaks encouragingly of the progress of re-construction in the late rebellious states.

☞ Our neighbor of the *Democrat*, who has a peculiar taste for "elegant extracts" was quite happy in his selection of a vapid article refering to us, copied from the columns of a hair-brained secessionist, who regards Davis and Lee as models of democracy, and with Mrs. Surratt and Wirz, martyrs in a just cause.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN GOODS.

THREE ARRESTS MADE.

We referred last week to the fact that a system of wholesale thieving had been carried on in various parts of the country for some time past, and that as yet no clue to the perpetrators had been discovered. We are gratified to be able to state to-day that discoveries were made last week by which considerable stolen property has been recovered, and several persons implicated either as parties to the larcenies, or for receiving and concealing stolen goods, were arrested.

The information leading to this result, was obtained from a girl who had been living at the Hotel of John Menges, between the out-let locks below this place and the Muncy Dam. After hearing the statement of the girl a warrant was issued of Monday last week, by W. P. I. Painter, Esq., and placed in the hands of Constable Watt, of Muncy Creek township, who with several others, visited the residences of John Menges and Solomon Menges, (the latter residing below the Dam.)

At the former place, after considerable searching, 5 sets of Harness and four Buffalo Robes, were found headed up in Whisky Barrels and piled away in the liquor room of the Hotel, with the spigots in the Barrels and everything complete to conceal the goods and avoid detection.

At Solonion Menges' about one half the goods stolen from the Factory of Eves & Bro., in Wolf township, were found on Tuesday. These were also headed up in Whisky Barrels.

From information received from some of the parties, a visit was made to the residence of Daniel Wertman, near Turbutville, North'd Co., on Wednesday, where more of the goods of Eves & Bro. were found sewed up in a bed.

On Friday parties from Shamokin Dam came here and procuring a warrant and the services of Constable De Hass, recovered a lot of bed clothes, at John Menges' which had been stolen from the Hotel of Mrs. Keen, at the former place.

We may add that an endless variety of small articles, such as a black smith's screw plate, monkey wrench, gimlets, chissels, linen handkerchiefs not made up, ribbons, &c., &c., were also found at John Menges', and have not been identified.

The Harness and Buffalo Robes chiefly belonged to gentlemen in Northumberland County, all having been identified and removed during the week.

The following arrests were made:

Lewis H. Grant, charged with being a party to the larceny of the Goods of Eves & Bro.—committed to jail in default of $1500 bail.

Daniel Wertman, charged with receiving and concealing stolen goods—gave bail in the sum of $1500 for his appearance at Court.

Thos. French and Robert Derr, two of the persons charged with the larceny of the goods of Eves & Bro., and John Rivers, supposed to be the leading spirit in the Harness and Buffalo Robe department, and John Menges, charged with receiving and concealing stolen goods, are still at large.

We understand it has been disclosed that the party have been operating for about two two months and that they have had two horses and a wagon to transport their plunder. Rivers and French left this part of the country a week or two ago, the former with the team and it is supposed a load of stolen goods, and the latter is reported to be in New York State. He has probably gone there with the Horse, Buggy and Harness stolen at Alvira, Union County, just two weeks ago. We hope to hear of the arrest of the bal[illegible] at an early day.—*Muncy De[illegible]*

THE FENIANS.

The New York *Times*, of Saturday, says: "The Senate has adjourned, and four Senators have gone to their homes, leaving their brethern and President Roberts patiently awaiting the arrival of the Irish Head Centre, James Stephens. They expect him to take the dictatorship here—for in the Fenian Brotherhood, if nobody has disembled, the Head Centre is an absolute monarch—and they believe that when he shall have deposed the rival Presidents all will be serene. President O,Mahony and his adherents, meantime, are awaiting the gathering of that Congress which the Roberts men repudiate, and which they say cannot constitutionally assemble. The O'Mahony men insist that the Congress of the second of January—whether the disaffected West sends representatives or ignores the thing altogether—must be recognized as the supreme power, and Messrs. O'Mahony & Co. have no doubt that the delegates will expel from the organization the ten senators who have deposed President O'Mahony and made Mr. William R. Roberts president in his stead. If the Congress assembles, it will hold secret sessions for a week or more at any rate; and the public may expect to know of their proceeding nothing more than the Senate and the Union Square people have made known during the wrangle of the past week, and that is precisely what the combatants wish to publish, and not another line or letter. It may be observed, that during all the controversy in which the wranglers have styled each other speculators and traitors, neither side has given the public any information concerning the trifle of a million dollars or so that may not have been invested in privateering ships or arms, and it is possible that many an honest Irishman who has contributed his mite may soon scan the shipping news to ascertain whether any privateers are spoken on the North Atlantic. Money has been expended for arms, undoubtedly; but how much nobody is permitted to know. Now and then a solitary musket is borne into the Union Square mansion, and none is ever taken therefrom by daylight, nor do the guardians of the night inform us that any come thence between nightfall and daybreak. Whether there are other arsenals elsewhere only the initiated know.

The Freedmen in North Carolina.

Gen. Howard, commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has just received a report from Col. Whitlesey, assistant commissioner for the State of North Carolina, in which he represents that acts of violence and serious difficulties between the negroes and whites were very rare. None deserving mention have been reported during the first month. Destitution is not so great as was anticipated, but there is reason to fear that it will increase before spring. In the western districts, he states that the freedmen are beginning to look for homes, and that contracts are made for next year at fair wages, and many are renting lands on liberal terms. The greater part of the blacks understand that they must work, and are willing to do so. The temper of the better class of whites toward the blacks is good. The commissioner gives the number of schools in the State as sixty-seven, the number of teachers as six hundred, and the number of scholars 7,053. The number of hospitals has been diminished to twelve.

Open-air preaching is becoming a great institution in England. It goes on in almost every part of the land, and a peculiar class of itinerant preachers is growing up to meet the demand.

The release of John Mitchell does not meet the approbation of our trans-Atlantic cousins. The London *Star* says it is an act of injustice to that country, and an encouragement to the Fenians.

The English princesses wear no crinoline—so a London Jenkins has discovered.

Letter from the Director of the Mint to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Director of the United States Mint at Philadelphia has sent to the Secretary of the Treasury several specimen of coins, with a new motto thereon. Accompanying the coins the Director sends the following letter:

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15, 1865.

"SIR: By the fifth section of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1865, entitled an act to authorize the coinage of three-cent pieces, and for other purposes, it is enacted that in addition to devices and legends upon gold, silver, and other coins of the United States, it shall be lawful for the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause the motto, 'In God we trust,' to be placed upon such coin hereafter to be issued as shall admit of such legend thereon. In pursuance of the authority I directed the engravor of the mint to prepare dies with this motto, for such gold and silver coin as would admit the addition. The execution of this order required time, care and skill, and I now forward to you specimens in copper of double-eagle, eagle and half-eagle gold coins, and dollar, half-dollar and quarter-dollar, of silver coins with the motto, "In God we trust," on the reverse of each coin, for your approval or otherwise, as required by law. The other gold and silver coins are too small to receive the motto, so as to be legible. The existing legend and devices will not admit of a greater prominence being given to the motto on the coins, but the addition, as now presented on the specimens, add much to the appearance of our coinage. should you approve of the specimens submitted, I will at once cause to be struck off, with the worth of the gold and silver coins, the denominations represented by the specimens. I propose to direct the engraver to revise and remodel dies for the gold and silver coins, so that, by retaining the legal devices and legends, he may, by the change of size, position, &c., give to the coins with the motto a more artistic and elegant appearance. I think it can be done. If successful, I will submit them to you for your judgment and approval. For this purpose no additional legislation is required.

Yours, respectfully,

JAMES POLLOCK, Director.

Death of Hon. Jacob Collamore.

Mr. FOOT (Vt.) said:—

In making the formal announcement to the Senate of the death of my late colleague, the Honorable Jacob Collamer, it is eminently fit and becoming, Mr. President, as it is also in accordance with an approved and sacred custom, that we pause for an hour in the ordinance routine of our daily labor, that we may consecrate that hour to the virtues and the memory of a deceased and lamented associate, who has shared so long and so largely in our regards and in the public confidence for his mature wisdom and for his great moral excellence. "Your colleague, Judge Collamer, is dead," was the startling telegraphic message I received at my home about five weeks ago. He expired at his residence in Woodstock, Vt., on the evening of the 9th of November past, after a brief illness of little more than a single week, at his own home, in the midst of his own devoted and affectionate household, in the full exercise of his intellectual faculties, an abiding and unshaken faith in the Christian religion and in the cherished hope of a blissful immortality. But three weeks before his decease he visited Montpelier, the capital of the State, some fifty miles from his residence, to attend the funeral services of a younger and favorite brother. Having paid the last sad offices of respect and affection to a brother's memory, he returned to his own home, but, alas! only to lay himself down so soon to die. By this dispensation, so sudden and so sad, the Senate of the United States has lost one of its oldest, most experienced and most trusted of its members, the country one of the ablest and purest of its statesmen, society and the church of which he was a member one of its worthiest and brightest exemplars, my own State her most eminent citizen, and this day there is mourning throughout all her borders.

Address of Hon. Ira Harris.

Mr. HARRIS (N. Y.) said:—It is not for Vermont alone to mourn; New York claims the privilege of standing by her side in this hour of affliction, of bending with her in grief over the grave of her illustrious son. He was a son of Vermont by adoption, of New York by birth.

It is not my purpose to speak in detail of the life, and character, and public services of our lamented friend. To do so would be to repeat what has been so well and so beautifully said by the Senator who has preceded me; and what could be more beautiful or more appropriate than the eulogy to which we have just listened? He has traced the course of Judge Collamer from the beginning of his career to his last hour, showing how, by his energy, his intellectual power and moral worth, he reached the high position which he so long occupied. I did not know him, as did the Senator from Vermont, when in the pride and freshness of his life. When we first met the hand of time had touched him; but then—then I saw enough to realize what he might have been in the full maturity of his vigor and manhood. He had passed beyond the allotted period of human life, yet even his last years were devoted with equal fidelity and success to the services of his country.

To the last he continued to exhibit the effects of a mind well diciplined by early habits of industry, and well furnished with the rich fruits of a long experience. In him were happily combined those elements which constitute the sound and judicious statesman and the man of great personal dignity. He was justly esteemed for the excellence of his judgement and the purity of his character. His most prominent characteristics were sound discretion, clear discernment, good common sense and great honesty of purpose. No purer patriot ever participated in the councils of the nation. He did not often occupy the attention of the Senate in debate, but when he rose to speak he always received the most respectful and earnest attention. Such was the directness and force of his argument, so fluent were his resources, both of wisdom and experience, so minute was his knowledge of public affais, that all present, Senators and spectators, became interested and instructed listeners.

The office of the *Daily Union Vedette* has been removed from Camp Douglas to Salt Lake City. In giving notice of the fact the editor says: "We shall stop not, nor yet move a peg, until *obedience* to *the laws*, abolishment of beastly polygamy, and equal rights and privileges, with security of life and property, to Jew and Gentile, are the order of American principles in Utah, under Territorial or State government; until the robbers of the righteous and the tramplers of the weak, the usurpers of the land and obstructors of immigrant enterprise, the stumbling blocks to continental greatness, and the damning disgrace to our nation's glory, are legitimately removed; until this bounteous birthland of the free is developed, and made the home of men obeying wholly and unconditionally the laws and statues of the Government that protects them—not the home of foreign fanatice duped into degradation and disloyalty, but highminded men and women.

Buttons as large as five franc pieces are the style with New York ladies, as they used to be with the New York roughs.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

In Boston and elsewhere torpedoes have been discovered in coal from the Pennsylvania mines. It is said they were used as signals on railroad tracks, but got into the coal by mistake.

The lower house of the Missouri Legislature has adopted a resolution declaring Jefferson Davis an unfit subject for executive clemency, and that he should suffer the penalty of the law.

During the war the jewels of Zion lodge of Masons, in Jones county, North Carlolina, fell into the hands of a Connecticut regiment, and were ultimately brought to Hartford, where they were repaired by the St. John's Lodge of that city, and forwarded to the North Carolina owners, with sundry additions to their value.

A man in Jackson, Michigan, got drunk and staggered upon a bed whereupon lay his infant son. His whole weight rested upon the babe and it soon expired. The wretched man, who is a respectable, well-to-do citizen, made a vow never to touch liquor again.

A Boston merchant, writing from Kingston, Jamaica, says that of the blacks executed, one-half knew nothing whatever of the outbreak. Thousands of innocent blacks have been severely whipped to inspire them with a wholesome fear of such proceedings.

The Richmond *Whig* expresses the opinion that there is undoubtedly a general admiration entertained for the "brave Ulysses" throughout the entire South, but at the same time it intimates that there are yet many rebels base and vile enough at heart to assassinate him, if they could do so without detection.

It proves by the confession of the murderer Corbitt, recently convicted and sentenced to death at Chicago, that three men are now under ten years sentence in the States Prison, under conviction for a crime which they had nothing whatever to do. They were convicted on circumstantial evidence, and will be pardoned at once.

When Mr. Livingston, the American Minister, who was quite deaf, was introduced at the Court of Napoleon, he had prepared to answer the question he supposed the Emperor would ask in regard to his passage across the Atlantic. Napoleon accosted him thus: "How is Mr. Jefferson?" "Very boisterous!" replied Mr. Livingston, to the great amusement of those present.

A recently married lady in Cincinnati was called into the parlor of her boarding house day last week to see a woman who had inquired for her. She recognized a discarded lover in feminine disguise, and only his awkwardness in taking his revolver from an unfamiliar pocket gave his intended victim time to escape from the distardly murder he had planned with so much cunning.

The Portland *Argus* understands that there are more apples stored in that city at the present time than at any previous time within the past two years, yet prices are extravagantly high. But prices must come down, and speculators know it. Though selling at exorbitant price rates they are cautious about buying.

A young Italian lady, daughter of a farmer near Montefore, in the province of Avellina, recently stabbed to death the notorious bandit Muisa, who had broken into her father's house, and was treated there to some refreshments, as a matter of protection against his murderous intention. While the young girl approached him under the pretext of taking from him an empty plate, she stabbed him with her stiletto so effectively that death ensued immediately. The reward of five hundred frances offered by the authorities for his capture has been paid to the plucky girl.

The season of navigation on the Upper Mississippi has closed—the last boat having left St. Paul on the 30th ult.

The Levees of New Orleans are again crowded with foreign and domestic ships, and the steamboats from the great North and Northeast.

A vigilance committee has been formed at Titusville, Pa.; the whole oil region is infested by ruffians, who rob and murder.

Mr. Townsend Harris, late United States Minister to Japan, has presented to Gen. Grant a magnificent sword of honor received from the Tycoon.

"Apology for the Rebellion," by J. Buchanan, spinster, is the title—or should be—of a recent publication, that is receiving considerable attention from the press.

An obituary notice of Tom Sayers, the pugilist, in an English paper, speaks of him feelingly, as one who became the idol of a pot house, who died of drinking, and whose funeral was a riot.

A gentleman who recently inserted a "want" in the Chicago *Journal*, received six hundred and thirty-two answers. Who says the people don't read the advertisements?

Hon. Tom Corwin, of Ohio, says that he would have continued in the Mexican embassy, but that he had to climb mountains and keep on foot all the time to keep in reach of the Mexican repulic, and he was too old for it.

Mr. Bigelow, United States Minister at Paris, recently stated to a New York friend of his, on the latter's departure for this country, that our relations with Louis Napoleon's Government have never before been so delicate as the present moment.

Rev. John Pierpont presided over a national convention of spiritualists held recently at Philadelphia, declaring himself a christian spiritualist, and, as such, objected to resolutions offered denouncing christianity.

A CAUTION TO GIRLS.—The Raleigh *Standard* of a late date says: "We understand that a couple of Ladies arrived in this city a day or two ago in search of a gay deceiver in uniform, whom they accused of loving, if not wisely, at least two well. It seems he had married one of the ladies in the State of Maine before the war broke out, and afterwards, having joined the army, he married the second in the city of Baltimore. The first spouse heard of the second, came on to Baltimore, found the report true, and, in company, the two came on to North Carolina amicably together, where they arrived just in time to break up an arrangement on the part of a gay Lothario to add another to the list of his victims. We pity while we must condemn this faithless fellow, for a man with two wives with sharp sticks after him at once, is certainly an object of compassion. Let girls take warning and be sure they are No. 1 when they marry strangers."

☞ COUGHS.—The administration of medicinal preparations in the form of a *lozenge*, is of all modes the most eligible and convenient, more especially as regards a COUGH REMEDY "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" or Cough Lozenges allay irritation, which induces coughing, giving instant relief in Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Influenza, and Consumptive and Asthmatic complaints.

☞ After perfuming every other theatre, Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" is now perfuming the late theatre of war. Southern orders roll in continuously. There is a perfect union of sentiment between the two sections as regards this peerless extract. Sold everywhere.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC is now ready for delivery, gratis, by their agents who are happy to supply all that call for them. Every family should have and keep this book. It is worth having—comprising much general information of great value. It gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints, that we can get anywhere. Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat and its medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick, the wheat's weight in gold. Many of the medical almanacs are trash but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

Mr. Lincoln's memory is to be prepetuated by naming one of the Western Territories after him.

General Grant favors the disbanding of the entire volunteer force, and the increase of the regular army to 75,000.

The total proceeds from the sale of public animals employed in the military service have exceeded $650,000.

"DON'T BE FOOLISH."—You can make Six Dollars from Fifty Cents. Call and examine an invention urgently needed by everybody. Or a sample sent free by mail for 50 cents that retails easily for $6. by R. L. WOLCOTT, 170 Chatham Square, N Y.
Sept. 16, 1865.—1y.

Shamokin Coal Trade.

SHAMOKIN, Dec. 18, 1865.

	Tons. Cwt.
Sent for week ending Dec. 16.	9,090 04
Per last report,	438,977 09
	448,067 13
To same time last year,	318,183 16
Increase,	129,883 17

ABOUT NAPS.—A lecturer once prefaced his remarks with, "My friends, let us say a few words before we begin." This is about equal to the man who took a short nap before he went to sleep. Speaking of a nap reminds us of the glossiness of that upon the dress coats made at the Brown-stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street, above Sixth. The suits gotten up there are alike distinguished for fineness of material, excellence of cut, and general elegance.

☞ We Clip the following from on of the Philadelphia Daily Papers. Our people visiting or sending down to the City, would do well to make a not of it:—

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S FINE CLOTHING.

This establishment, located at the Cor. of SIXTH & MARKET Street, PHILAD'A., familiarly known as "OAK HALL," is probably the largest and best conducted "Ready Made," Clothing & Merchant Tailoring House, in the State. Their superior styles, excellent workmanship and moderation in prices, have made their House deservedly popular.

In their CUSTOM DEPARTMENT, where elegant GARMENTS are MADE TO ORDER, none but the very best Artists are employed, and the fine assortment of Materials to select from enables every one o be well suited.

Samples will be sent by Mail, and instructions for measuring when written for.
Nov. 11, 1865.—8t

AGENTS WANTED!

$10 A Day easy Made $10

By selling Engraving, Card Photographs and Stationery. Our Stationery Packets excels all others; each package contains paper, envelopes, pencil, pens, &c., and Jewelry worth a dollar at retail. Price only 30 Cents. We will send Agents 100 Stationery Packages and a Silver Watch for $47. We also publish splendid Steel Engravings and Portraits, Lithograph Prints, &c., very popular and saleable. Will send a fine assortment of 100 for $15.00 that will realize $50, or a $10 lot that will sell for $30 or over. Will send a sample lot for $5 that will sell for $15.

Send Stamp for Catalogue, Terms, &c.

HASKINS & CO. 36 Beekman Street, N. Y.
November 25, 1865.

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success by Dr. J. ISAACS Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 519 Pine street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes, inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.
July 22, 1865.—1y

The Bridal Chamber, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men—published by the Howard Association, and sent free of charge in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia Pennsylvania.
February 11, 1865.—ply

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. Sept. 23, '65—6m.

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price, $1.00, sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price.

Address, WARNER & CO., Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y.
February 18, 1865.—1y

DEATHS.

In Lewisburg, on the 8th inst., DANIEL HAWS, father of Rev. A. D. Hawa, of Shamokin, in the 85th year of his age.

In Shamokin, on the morning of the 13th inst., ALLIENE ROLLINS, daughter of Mr. A. R. and Mrs. Phoebe Fiske, aged 5 years, 3 months, and 16 days.

SUNBURY MARKET.

Flour,	$13 00	Eggs,	25
Wheat,	2 40	Butter,	50
Rye,	100	Tallow,	14
Corn,	1 00	Lard,	20
Oats,	45	Pork,	22
Buckwheat,	80	Bacon,	18
Flaxseed,	$2 50	Ham,	28
Cloverseed,	$7 00	Shoulder,	26

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of certain writs of Alias Testatum ven Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Sunbury,

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 8TH, 1866,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, to wit:

A certain lot of Limestone Land, situate in Lower Mahanoy township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of John Michael; on the east by land of Jacob Lenker; on the south by land of Jacob German, and on the west by land of David Hain, containing one half acre, whereon is erected a small Shanty and two Lime Kilns, &c.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of David K. Hultzman.

WM. M. WEAVER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Dec. 22, 1865

$1.500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Upper and lower feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulers free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 823 Broadway, New York; No. 236 Carter St., Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 14 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y. dec23 1y

$90 A MONTH!—AGENTS wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. dec23 1y

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, designed to be the most effectual *Alterative* that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need only to assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for $1 00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are for sale by

FRILING & SON, Sunbury, Pa

R. B. McCoy, Northumberland, and all Druggists and dealers everywhere. Ate wholesale by J. M. MORRIS & CO., Philadelphia.
December 23, 1865.—1y

ORDINANCE.

"BE IT ENACTED by the Burgess and Common Councilmen of the Borough of Sunbury, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons, within the limits of the borough aforesaid, become intoxicated and disorderly, disturbing the peace, by riotous or other conduct, the Chief Burgess of the said borough be and is hereby authorized, at his own view, or information being made before him, to issue a warrant to cause the arrest of such person or persons so offending against this ordinance, and have the same brought before him, and upon conviction of any such offence, shall forfeit and pay such fine as may be imposed by the Chief Burgess of said borough, not exceeding twenty dollars, for the use of said borough, and any person or persons neglecting or refusing to pay the same, with costs of suit, the Chief Burgess is hereby authorized to commit such person or persons to the county jail for each offence, for any period not exceding sixty days."

Approved, December 11, A. D., 1865.

S. B. BOYER,
Chief Burgess.

The First National Bank of Sunbury, Penn'a.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular annual election of Directors of "The First National Bank of Sunbury, Pa., will be held on Tuesday the 23d day of January, A. D. 1866, at the Banking House, in the Borough of Sunbury, Pa., between the hours of 10 A. M., and 3 o'clock P. M., of said day, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress.

S. J. PACKER, Cashier.
Sunbury, Pa., Dec. 23, 1865.

New Books at Lightner's.—

Life and Public Services of A. LINCOLN, by Crosby,	$2 00
Pauline Cushman, The Union Scout and Spy,	2 00
Our Mutual Friend,	2 25

Holiday Books—Separately or in Sets.
Sunbury, Dec. 23, 1865.

Magazines, for January, just received at LIGHTNER'S Market Square.
Sunbury, Dec. 23, 1865.

A New and fine lot of PERFUMES, &c., for the Holidays, at LIGHTNER'S.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Sunbury, on Thursday, December 21, 1865, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, to wit:

All those three certain lots of land, situate in Upper Augusta township, in Joseph W. Cake's Addition to Sunbury, being in Block No. 13, and being numbers in said block 1, 2 and 3, and fronting on Railroad Avenue, each lot being twenty-five feet on said Avenue and extending each one hundred and fifty feet to a thirty feet street, together with the appurtenances, whereon are erected a large four-story brick hotel, with basement, known as the Augusta Hotel, a large frame stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of William S. Snyder and D. S. Bergstresser and William S. Snyder.

WM. M. WEAVER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, December 1, 1865.

Prescriptions carefully compounded of the best DRUGS at the Mammoth Store of

JNO. FRILING & SON.

Sunbury, May 20, '1 1 8.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of certain writs of Levari Facias and a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, 1865, at 1 o'clock, P. M. The following property, to wit:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of ground situate in the town of Trevorton, Zerbe township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: the eastern half part of lot No. 4, and lots Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8, in block No. 120, on which is erected a large two story brick dwelling house, thirty-five feet front on Shamokin street and seventy-five feet deep, the said lots being each twenty-five feet in width on Shamokin street and one hundred and fifty feet in depth.

ALSO:

Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, in block No. 136, the said lots being each twenty-five feet in width on Coal street and one hundred and fifty feet in depth, as marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton

ALSO:

All those certain six out lots of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Northumberland county and State aforesaid, and numbered respectively as out-lots Nos. 129, 130, 155, 156, 157 and 158, as marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton, said out-lots each containing two acres of ground, more or less.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Charles P. Helfenstein, Administrator of Edward Helfenstein, dec'd.

ALSO.

All those six certain lots, or pieces or parcels of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Zerbe township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton as follows, to wit: In block No. 92 lots No. 2 and 3, fronting in Market street, in block No. 108, lot No. 9, and in block 124, lots numbered 6,