

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The indications are, that Lincoln has carried every State in the Union, except Kentucky, New Jersey and Delaware. This unanimity of sentiment is not only desirable, but we think highly important in its bearing on the question of peace. Even so the friends of McClellan are free to admit that it is better that the majority should be large and decisive. The rebels will govern themselves accordingly. They will now see the utter hopelessness of compromising on the basis of their independence, and those who desire peace, (and we have no doubt, a majority of them favor peace on any terms) will accept the terms offered as the best they can do. Thus one by one we hope to bring back every State. This, it is true, may require some time, but in the end will be accomplished.

We publish in another column a communication in favor of increasing the salary of the County Superintendent of the Common Schools. The writer certainly gives some sound reasons in favor of his proposition. It is true that a certain sum is appropriated for salaries, and that which is taken off from the salary of our own Superintendent, only serves to increase the salary of others, then there should be no objection to an increase of our own. There is evidently something lame in the law which brings about such results. We, perhaps, differ with our correspondent in regard to the efficacy or importance of the office of Superintendent, but if the office is to be continued, then we can have no objection out as favorable as any other.

THE election in this place, though warmly contested by both parties, passed off without any unusual disturbance. The vote in the Borough was the heaviest ever polled in this place and reached 418, and what was singular, about 350 of this number was polled at noon. The vote in October was 365, being an increase of 53 over that vote. The Union majority in October was 108, and on Tuesday last 140, being a Union gain of 32. In Upper Augusta there was a Union gain of 12; in Point 10; in Coal township 50; in Milton 25, and Lower Mahony 25. The principal gains of the McClellan party were 43 in Mt. Carmel, all new voters, and 8 in Northumberland.

The vote for Senate and Assembly in the Lycoming and Union county district is very close. The following table shows the home and soldier's vote included: Whole vote, Shriver, U. 6172; Walls, D. 6319—147 maj. Whole vote, Allen, U. 6280—43 maj. Orwig, U. 6245—34 maj. Manly, U. 6245—16 maj. Wilson, D. 6237—16 maj. Boyer, D. 6231.

To be added—34 Union majority in Capt. Edwards' Company, not in time. In case of a contest, all the true votes received before the Legislature meets, are to be counted. This will elect Manly also.

FRAUDS IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—It is said that great frauds have been discovered in the vote of Cass and other townships in Schuylkill county and that their rejection will elect Howell Fisher, the Union candidate for Congress.

It is fair to presume that over five hundred votes will be polled at the next election in this place. In view of this fact the Borough should be divided into two wards.

VICTIMS OF MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.—Those who made investments of greenbacks, with a view of doubling the amount, based on the faith of calculations and facts, as they appeared in the Philadelphia Ape.

COAL TRADE.—The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 28,474 1/2 by Canal 28,448 1/4—for the week 56,922 7/8 against 105,195 tons for the corresponding week last year. The loss for the week compared with last year, is 48,092 tons, making 182,930 tons for the last four weeks.

There is a little more inquiry for coal at the reduced rates, particularly for the New York market by Canal. After the election of Lincoln and Johnson on Tuesday next, no doubt the trade will improve materially until the close of the season.

The boats are departing on their last trip for the season to the distant markets. The Coal Trade south from the Williamsburg Basin, via the Wyoming Canal, fell off in the month of October 75,150 tons compared with last year. This, added to the loss for the other regions, makes a loss of 209,080 tons in the Coal Trade since the nomination of McClellan and Pendleton. This loss will exceed two millions of dollars to the trade in its various departments.—Miner's Journal.

The establishment of the new Lutheran Theological University in Philadelphia, is a proof, and sign of the existence of a controversy, in the Lutheran Church in this country, which threatens, says the Presbyterian, to become more violent than it has been, and may end in a division of the church. The instructions in the new institution are to be throughout in conformity with the doctrines of the Reformation, as confessed in the Lutheran Church in this country, and afterwards in the symbols of the Lutheran Church.

Somebody has made a calculation, upon what authority we know not that the grand total of Protestant missionary operations in the world is 84 societies, 9,415 agents, 317,000 church members, 265,000 pupils, and a combined income of \$4,481,000. The American missionary societies are sixteen in number, 2,888 agents, 81,000 church members, 22,000 pupils, with an income of \$1,100,000.

From 1800 to 1855, upwards of 4,000 persons have been drowned by the Friends of the United Kingdom for marrying contrary to their law. On last Saturday seven of the oldest and largest banks of Philadelphia came over in a body to the National Banking system, and reorganized under its provisions. Three out of this week have followed their example, and of all the remaining banks of the city, every one is taking steps in the same direction—two only excepted—which are hampered by an embarrassed condition, arising out of the late reorganization of their charters.

Northumberland Election Returns.

Table with columns for Townships, Votes for Lincoln, Votes for McClellan, and Total. Includes entries for Sunbury, Northumberland, Milton, McWatersville, Turberville, Turbet, Deleville, Lewis, Challisburgh, Upper Augusta, Lower Augusta, Roho, Shamokin, Coal, Mt. Carmel, Mt. Carmel Twp., Jackson, Cameron, Jordan, Upper Mahony, Washington, Second Mahony, Little Mahony, Zerbe.

Election Returns from States.

NEW JERSEY. Newark, Nov. 9. New Jersey gives McClellan about 5,500 majority. Starr and Newell, Union, and Sigraires, Roger and Wright, Democrats, are elected to Congress. The State Senate will stand 13 Democrats to 8 Union; a Union gain of one member. The House, with three counties to hear from stands 80 Union to 21 Democratic. The Union party will probably have one or two majority, but no joint ballot the Democrats will have a small majority, thus securing the United States Senator to succeed Mr. Ten Eyck, Union.

MISSOURI. The Republicans estimate Lincoln's majority in St. Louis county between 4,000 and 5,000 on the home vote, and the Democrats give him from 1,500 to 2,000. John Hodgden, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the Twelfth District over Knox, H. T. Blow, Republican, is elected to Congress in the Fourth District, Rogers, Democrat, 1,800 majority. Fifth district, Augul, Democrat, 230 majority.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 9. One hundred and eleven towns give Lincoln 29,796 and McClellan 17,975, showing a Union gain of 734 on the September election. The same proportion throughout the State will give Lincoln about 18,000 majority.

KENTUCKY. Louisville voted McClellan 4,873; Lincoln 1,849. Partial returns from 28 counties, excluding Jefferson, in which Louisville lies, give a majority of 350 for Lincoln. McClellan has probably carried the State.

WISCONSIN. MADISON, Nov. 9.—The Republicans elect a majority in both branches of the Legislature, and five of the six Congressmen; it may require the soldier's vote to carry two of them.

DELAWARE. WILMINGTON, Nov. 9.—The returns from Kent county show Democratic gains over 1863, while in Sussex there are Union gains. The State is considered as very doubtful.

ILLINOIS. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 9.—It is now believed that the Republicans have a majority in both branches of the Legislature, and elect 9 members of Congress.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 9.—The vote of 132 towns gives Lincoln 25,748; McClellan 23,687. This indicates a handsome majority on the home vote.

CONNECTICUT. HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—Lincoln's majority in all but 13 towns is 2,394.

NEW YORK. NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The press of this city agree that Abraham Lincoln has carried the State by a majority ranging from 10,000 to 15,000.

Governor Seymour is defeated. The Herald reports that the indications are that New York has gone for Lincoln by from 10,000 to 15,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—It is reported that Humphrey, Republican, is elected to Congress from Brooklyn, and also that H. J. Raymond is elected to Congress, and that Fernando Wood has been defeated for Congress by Darling, Republican. Roscoe Conkling is elected to Congress over Kernan.

Albany gives Seymour, for Governor, 78,527, and Fulton 36,122. In eighty-three towns and cities, including Albany, Buffalo, Troy and Utica, and also three counties, McClellan has 18,994 majority.

In nineteen towns that have been heard from so far the aggregate majority for Lincoln is 2403.

The Tribune claims New England, Pennsylvania, Delaware, New York, Maryland, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Kansas for Lincoln. Grand total 190 electoral votes, independent of the Pacific States, which it says have probably chosen 110 Lincoln electors.

It claims over 10,000 majority in New York State, and that members of Congress enough have been gained in the Union to secure the requisite two-thirds vote in the House for the prohibition of slavery by a constitutional amendment. It makes the New York delegation stand 22 Union to 9 Democratic.

The New York World concedes Lincoln's election.

THE LARGEST GUN IN THE WORLD.

The grand test of the twenty inch Rodman gun at Fort Hamilton, on the 20th, proved an entire success. At 12 o'clock, the first loading of the heaviest piece of ordnance in the world, the parapets of officers were thronged with distinguished officers and ladies and gentlemen, anxious to witness the trial of the great gun. It was not until half past two o'clock the first discharge, a blank cartridge of one hundred pounds of powder was fired. The concussion following the discharge was slight, and the recoil of the gun much less than was anticipated. The piece was next loaded with a charge of fifty pounds of powder and a thousand pound shell. The time taken in loading was about half an hour. The shot, which was as successful as the first, the ball, in consequence of considerable depression of the gun, striking the water at a quarter of a mile distance, ricocheting several times. The gun, on examination, being found to have received no strain, preparations were made for a final trial.

At 6 o'clock the piece was again loaded with a charge of one hundred pounds of powder and a ball weighing one thousand and eighty pounds—one of the largest projectiles ever cast. It was said to be anything but an easy task to adjust the ball. However, at the hour mentioned, the piece was loaded, and everybody stood clear for the last grand trial. The gun was raised to an elevation of twenty-five degrees, and the discharge was deafening. The ball was 34 seconds in the air, and fell at the distance of about 10 miles. The shot, which was a noble applause followed the final shot, and all concerned in the management of the piece were warmly congratulated. The following are the dimensions of this last great achievement of Captain Rodman:—Weight of gun, 116,497 pounds; length, 21 feet; bore, 20 inches; chamber charge, 100 pounds; average weight of ball, 1,000 pounds.—N. Y. Times.

Lieut. Cushing.

A correspondent of the New York Times gives some interesting incidents in the history of the young hero of the torpedo exploit against the rebel ram Albatross. But this is not the first exploit of Lieut. Cushing. He seems to have a fancy for adventures of this sort. During the blockade of Wilmington, some time during last month, Lieut. Cushing was in the history of the young hero of the torpedo exploit against the rebel ram Albatross. But this is not the first exploit of Lieut. Cushing. He seems to have a fancy for adventures of this sort. During the blockade of Wilmington, some time during last month, Lieut. Cushing was in the history of the young hero of the torpedo exploit against the rebel ram Albatross.

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A mounted patrol of 500 men has been organized by the citizens for the protection of this city. They will be on duty all night. A sufficient military force here to prevent any outbreak. Richmond and Hancock, agents of the New York Times, have received a dispatch to-day stating that the Canadian steamer Georgeina has been fitted out as a pirate, and is in Lake Huron.

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SUMMARY OF NEWS.

A newspaper carrier walked on the Fashion course, last Wednesday, 21 miles in four hours and seven seconds, for a purse of \$400. An ingenious Pennsylvanian has invented a machine for coal mining, which weighs 200 pounds, costs \$300, and will do the work of twenty men. Yale College has recently received large and valuable additions to its collection of coins, which now numbers five thousand specimens.

From Sherman's Army.

DEFEAT OF HOOD. NASHVILLE, Nov. 5.—On the 3d inst., the rebel army, under Hood, attempted to cross the Tennessee river at the mouth of the Bluewater, and were repulsed by the Union army under General Sherman, with considerable loss.

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5. The Indianapolis Journal says that officers from Chattanooga report that Gen. Sherman returned to Atlanta early last week with five corps of his army, leaving two corps in Tennessee, under Gen. Thomas to watch Hood. He destroyed the railroad from Chattanooga, and is sending the iron to the former place. Atlanta was burned, and Sherman is now marching directly for Charleston, S. C.

The Wachusett.

The gunboat Wachusett which has prepared the signal service of capturing the privateer Florida, was again at the Charleston Navy Yard in 1861. The engines were built by George Quintard, esq., at the Morgan Iron Works in this city. Wachusett is a screw sloop of war of the second class, of 1,022 tons register. The 10th of October, 1861, she was one of the flotilla which aided the army in its operations against Yorktown, Va., in May, 1862, this being her first service. On the 16th of May, 1862, she was present and participated in the attack upon the battery at Drury's Bluff known as Fort Darling. In 1863 she was the flagship of Admiral Charles Wilkes, of the West India, and on the 25th of March, of that year, she captured the Dolphin, a blockade runner; she also captured the blockade runner Virginia, both vessels netting over \$60,000. During the present year she has been employed on special duty of the coast of Brazil. The capture of the Florida will place her name prominently on the page of our eventful history.

The Pirate "Florida" Captured by the "Wachusett."

The United States steamer Keonard, Capt. Winslow, has arrived at this port from St. Thomas. She brings eight of the crew of the private Florida, captured by the United States steamer Wachusett, in the bay of San Salvador, Brazil, October 7th. Fifty-eight of the crew and twelve officers were captured, without the loss of a man on board the Wachusett. The Wachusett, with the Florida, was to leave St. Thomas on the 2d inst. for the United States.

Later.

The following is a brief account of the circumstances of the capture of the private Florida: She arrived at Bahia Bay of San Salvador, on the night of the 7th ult. Captain Collins having held a consultation with his officers determined to sink the Florida in Port. Accordingly about three o'clock the cables were slipped, and the Wachusett steamed without doing her any great injury. Capt. Collins now called out to those on board the Florida to surrender or he would sink her. This demand was replied to by the First Lieutenant—"under the circumstances I surrender."

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from there, in the direction of Talladega. His three corps of infantry—Lee's, Stewart's and Cheatham's—picked the south bank of the Coosa, while Wheeler with his cavalry strongly entrenched at Turkeytown, on the north bank of the Coosa. Wheeler's men are dismounted, and acting as an infantry corps of observation. No engagement of any importance has taken place between the armies since the return trip commenced; and I do not see that any fighting is likely to occur soon.

There are rumors of a reorganization of the armies composing Sherman's Military Division, by which department organizations will be done away with, and the whole army, under General Sherman's personal supervision, become a more manageable machine. The railroad from Chattanooga to Atlanta and Rome will be in running order tomorrow. More than twelve miles of track have been entirely rebuilt since the enemy were driven away, the destruction of the rails and bridges having been complete.

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The pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Chicago, Rev. Zephaniah M. Henshaw, was lately garrotted and robbed of a valuable gold watch, which had been presented to him by his former prisoners in Milwaukee. The present congregation of Mr. Henshaw, on learning of the loss, immediately presented him with another watch, and also with a revolver and a solid hickory cane, in order that he may hereafter deal liberal "apostolic blows," should occasion demand.

The Richmond Whig of the 19th inst., laughed at the superstition of the Yankees, who expected some great event on that day because it was the 82d anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis, and boasted that Richmond was still safe. A few hours later, when the Whig's own city was in flames, it may have concluded that the "superstition" was not so ill-founded after all.

The wealthiest English noblemen are the Duke of Northumberland, the Duke of Cleveland, the Duke of Bedford, the Duke of Sutherland, the Marquis of Westminster, and the Earl of Dudley, neither of whose incomes is less than £200,000 a year, while some exceed it by nearly one-half.

Courtesy James, Sergeant in company I, Third Ohio Cavalry, and son of G. P. R. James, the eminent English novelist, died recently in the Mower Hospital, Chelsea Hill.

A comparison of our taxes with those of most of the European nations show that they are even in time of war much less than in France, Austria, England, &c., in time of peace.

A drover in Cincinnati lost \$400, which a cow swallowed, a fact that was ascertained by finding in her mouth pieces of the greenbacks. He had her killed and picked out of the stomach and put together enough to amount to \$150.

Robert J. Walker has shipped from London thirteen or fourteen cases of valuable pictures to be sold for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission his own generous contribution.

The wife of Edward W. Green, the Malden murderer, had on Wednesday last an interview with him since the day for his execution was fixed by the Executive. The interview occupied half an hour, and was very affecting.

The St. Joseph Herald says the streets of that city are filled with women with segars in their mouths.

Great Britain imports brooms from this country. A large manufacturer in Chichester supplies heavy orders for London and Birmingham.

A flag staff one hundred and seventy feet high, in a single stick, has been erected at Bridgeport, Connecticut, at a cost of fifteen hundred dollars, by Elias Howe, Jr., the sewing machine man.

Longfellow's "Hyperion" is to be published in England, illustrated with twenty-four photographs of scenery of the Rhine, Switzerland, and the Tyrol.

Among the patients in the hospital at Northampton Grove, N. H., are four ordained ministers and several graduates of colleges, all now commissioned officers or privates.

The Canadian papers are unanimous in denouncing the recent raid into Vermont as barbarous, and contrary to all the rules of civilized warfare.

The wheat crop of Minnesota is stated to be 2,800,000 bushels in excess this year over that of any previous crop. At the same time that young State has sent twenty thousand of her laborers into the field as soldiers.

Pennsylvania has 2342 miles of railway which have cost \$148,471,710. The rails are 1047 miles in length, costing \$241,700. The roadbed cost \$123,771,710, amounting to \$1,416,501,536. The State debt, Nov. 30, 1863, was \$39,436,596, showing a decrease from the preceding year of \$215,617.

A firm in Springfield manufactures forty thousand collars a day.

The Smith family, in England, numbered 250,000 souls, and an equal number of bodies.

The new Atlantic Telegraph Cable is now being manufactured in England at the rate of eighty miles per week.

The largest lake in the world is Lake Superior, which is truly an infant sea, being four hundred and thirty miles long.

Shamokin Coal Trade. SHAMOKIN, Nov. 7, 1864. Sent for week ending Nov. 5. 9,154 1/2 Per last report. 26,253 1/2 To same time last year. 236,712 1/2 226,127 1/2 9,526 1/2

A GOOD TIME COMING. For dyspepsia and those who have been suffering for years with a disordered liver, or weakness of the digestive organs. You will believe this after giving Hoffmann's German Bitters a trial. This remedy will cause a permanent cure, and enable you to enjoy life.

EDITOR OF AMERICAN: Dear Sir.—With your permission I wish to see to the return of your paper that I will send by registered mail, to all wishing it (free). A Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Freckles, Blisters, Tan, Frezles, and all impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable you to grow your hair, or to obtain Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours, THOMAS CHAPMAN, Chemist, 634 Broadway, New York.

W. W. and E. B.—Professor J. ISAACS M. D. Oculist and Surgeon, formerly Lecturer at the University of Pennsylvania, is now located at 511 Pine Street, Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE and EAR will be examined, and cured, if curable. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.

COUGH AND CONSUMPTION. Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary and Bronchial affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stage of disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually averted. Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket and taken as occasion requires.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge), by sending their address to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. York.

SUNBURY MARKET. Table with columns for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Flaxseed, Cloverseed, Eggs, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Shoulders.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gentlemen's Hats. All the latest styles at CHARLES OAKFORD & SONS, Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. Nov. 12, 1864.—3m

Statement of Northumberland County Bank. Statement of the Northumberland County Bank as required by the 23d section of the Act of General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved October 13th, 1857: ASSETS.

Table with columns for Gold and Silver in vault, U. S. 5 per cent Government Bonds, U. S. Legal Tender Notes, U. S. 5-20 Bonds, Mt. Carmel Bank, Loans and Discounts, Due from Banks in Philadelphia, Notes of other Banks, Due from Brokers, Bank Property, Capital Stock, Due Depositors and other Banks, Due Commonwealth.

I certify the above statement to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. THOS. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

Affirmed and subscribed before me. F. S. HAAS, N. P. This Bank has declared a Dividend on Capital Stock of Four per cent for the last six months, clear of United States and State taxes, payable on demand.

A meeting of the Board of Directors will be held at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 21st day of November 1864, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock P. M. of said day. THOS. D. GRANT, Cashier.

Ladies' Furs. The largest assortment at CHARLES OAKFORD & SONS, Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. Nov. 12, 1864.—3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at Public Sale at the House of Joseph Vankirk, in the Borough of NORTH-CENTRAL, on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1864, his

FARM.

in the Borough of North-Central, on the Northeast Branch of the Susquehanna River, adjoining lands of Jesse C. Horton, Wm. Elliott and John of Joseph Priestly, &c. The farm contains fifty (50) acres more or less of excellent land. The improvements are a Bank-house, a two-story frame Dwelling House, a double barn, a well, a large quantity of excellent apple trees, and a pump of excellent water and a never-failing stream of water passes through the tract.

Also: Two lots in the Borough of Northumberland, and numbered in the general plan of said Borough as lot No. 150 and 151, fronting on Queen street, adjoining property now occupied by John Stewart and Jacob Steyer. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, and terms will be made up by the subscriber. GEORGE H. M. TAGGART, Northumberland Nov. 12, 1864.

Ladies' and Children's Hats. Latest styles at CHARLES OAKFORD & SONS, Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. Nov. 12, 1864.—3m

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1864. MAMMOTH STORE.

J. W. FRILING & SON. BEE have to call the attention of the public to the fact that they have just returned from the City a very

LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOOD Consisting of DRY GOODS, Hardware, Queensware, Cellarware, BOOTS & SHOES, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, Trimmings, Drugs and Chemicals, Oils, &c. and in fact EVERYTHING GENERALLY

in Country Stores. We bought our goods at the lowest Cash and consequently we think we can offer good bargains to purchasers for Cash or Country Produce. The highest market price paid