SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1864.

Par Reprisals .- The Democrat, of last week, in its account of the late attack of some of the returning soldiers of the Shamokin company, upon that office, publishes and endorses a vile article from the Philadel- thizers with rebeldom. The object of the phia "Age," under the head of Reprisals .- letter, in brief, is to endeavor to stimulate This article commends the suggestion of his friend to acts of civil wars. The results, that contemptible traitor, Vallandigham, however, of such counsels, in the case of the who advises those who have suffered from New York riots last summer, have shown the lawless conduct of soldiers, and others the Copperhead sympathizers that "it wen't committing acts of violence, to retailate, by pay," and as the old war-horse of the true committing similar acts of violence and in- Democracy of that State recently, in a pub-Jury upon innocent individuals who do not lie war meeting intimated, New York now belong to their party. That Vallandigham should inculcate such doctrines, is not sur- is but one sentiment in the Commercial prising. His object in doing so, is to fo- Emporium, and that is the maintenance of ment dissensions and civil war among the the Union, which is to be accomplished by people of the North, and there is not a the crushing out of the rebellion by filling minion of Jeff. Davis, North or South, who up the ranks of our veteran regiments and is not anxious accomplish this object .-No good and loyal citizen, of sound mind, test. can endorse such doctrines. To recommend such a course in this place, where the Union party predominates, five to one, is not only than in the case of these New York riots. wicked and criminal, but foolish in the ex- It opened the eyes of the people of that treme. The soldiers who made the attack, great city and State to the volcano upon knew all about the Democrat. They were which they stood, by their indifference to residents of the county, and came to town the pestilent crew in their midst, who were excited with liquor and remained but an daily preparing the minds of the ignorant hour, waiting for the train by which to return to the army. A few of them escaped force to stay the arm of the Government in the vigilance of the Captain, who, however, its efforts to raise troops and means to opsoon followed them and sent them back .-John B. Doughty, and other influential citi- then on their way into the very heart of the zens of Shamokin, did all they could to loval States at the head of their legions, quell the disturbance. In this they were The efficient manner in which these rioters aided by Mr. J. Haas, ourself and other were met by the strong arm of the nation, citizens. And what do these passe loving showed to all of those who desired to parhaters of mob law propose? Why, no- ticipate in such outbreaks, that the Governaided in protecting them in their rights as to those in Dixie-and such a scene-as that citizens -- for the article referred to does not presented in New York last summer will apvise retaliation upon the soldiers, but upon the leaders of the Union party. Such nets of a few soldiers, maddened by intoxiis the doctrine of men who would disgrace cation; a supposed sympathy for the Rebels, the memory of Jefferson and Jackson by calling this democracy.

of the President, just issued, calling for the service of the navy, and a reserve corps of 200,000 more troops, extends the period for which the present heavy bounties for volunteeering will be paid to the 15th, instead of the 1st of April. A number of the States snow storm of the season occurred in Philahave siready completed their quotas under former calls, and doubtless it has been determined by the Government to make this ex- the snow was about six inches deep, and tension, the better to avail of the machinery now in use for recruiting, so that as many as possible may be added to the army up to getting through the snow drifts. In market the new period, (15th April,) and all over- street the freight cars were blocked with plus enlistments to fill up previous quotas will then be allowed towards the new call. hour, but as we advanced towards the Sus-. It is to be hoped that all interest, (as quehauna there was less and less snow, and every man, woman and child in the State when we reached Lancaster scarcely any was ie.) will use their exertions to fill up the visible, ranks of the army to the fullest extent retime fixed for the draft, after the 15th of April, but it will take place as soon as it can be determined the number that each Mr. Bright has been one of our most enterward, town or district is to furnish. Thus, If the whole State's quota is provided, there will be no draft in that State-if any county or city furnishes its quota, there will be no draft in that county or city. But if there is a deficiency, and any Bard or district is found to have furnished its proportion, such ward or district will be exempt, and the draft will be made upon those only which have not furnished their proportionate number of the quota. This, we think, will be found to be the rule of action upon which the drafting officers will act. The Administration has been charged with dilatoriness here. tofore, in not having a sufficient force in the field to crush out the rebellion, but this charge will not hold good hereaf-

THE BOUNTIES.—The proclamation

A NEW DODGE TO DEFEAT THE AMEND. MENT OF THE CONSTITUTION ALLOWING SOL DIERS TO VOTE .- The amendment to the Constitution allowing the soldiers to vote passed the house of Representatives, on Wednesday, finally. The Democrats, with but two exceptions-Messra. Boyer and Rice-voted for the first amendment, but when the second amendment came up on final passage, every Democrat, except Mr. Marshall, voted against enfranchisement of Committee and Standing Committee, give

If the second amendment had been defeat ed, the whole proposition would have been lost. The Constitution plainly provides that in order to amend that instrument, such amendments must pass the Legislature at two consecutive sessions WITHOUT AMEND-MENT OR THE LEAST ALTERATION. If the amendments had been changed or abridged, phis, Cairo, Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisthe whole scheme would have failed, and ville, Washington, &c. Twenty-three hunthe soldier would not have been allowed to vote. We append the yeas and pays on the final passage of the second article, which will show conclusively where the Democrats stand. Preserve this record, so that you can convict them when they deny that they are the enemies of the soldier.

The year and mays were required and were as follows, viz:

YEAS-Messrs, Alleman, Balsbach, Barnett, Bigham, Billingfelt, Bowman, (Lancaster.) Brown, Burgwin, Cochran, (Erie.) Cocaran, (Philadelphia) Coleman, Denniston, Staier, Foster, Glass, Guernsey, Haslett, Henry, Herron, Hill, Huston, Kaiser, Kelley, Keras, (Philadelphia.) Koonce, Lee, M'Clel-lau, M'Kee, M'Murtrie Mayer, Marsh, Mar-thall, (Dem.) Miller, Negley, O'Harra, Olmst-ed, Orwig, Paucoast, Price, Reed, Slack, Smith (Chester,) Smith, (Laucaster.) Smith, Philadelphia,) Stanberger, Sutphia, Watson, Wells, White, Windle and John-

NAVS -- Messes, Alexander, (Clarion,) Bar-Book, Bowman, (Cumberland,) Boyer, Praber, Hakes, Hargnett, Hopkins, Hoover, Horton, Josepha, Kerns, (Schnytkill,) Klies, Long, M.Manus, Missimer, Mayers, Noyes, Long, M.Manus, Missimer, Mayers, Noyes, Parshing, Potteiger, Purdy, Quigley, Reiff, Rex, Rindle, Robinson, Schoffield, Sharpe, Shiquer, Spangler, Walsh, Weaver, Weiser

So the question was determined in the af-

Paul Morphy, the chica player, is at Nur

LIEUTENANT-GEN. GRANT.

VALLANDIGHAM ONCE MORE!-The

safe retreat in Victoria's dominions, recom-

States to resort to violence and ample "re-

prisals, instant and summary, upon the per-

sons and property" of the Union men in the

vicinity of those places where soldiers have

been guilty of any attacks upon the sympa-

presents an unbroken front, and that there

sending them forth renewed for the con-

Good is very often extracted from evil.

and this fact was never more fully verified

and deluded masses to attempt by brute

pose the rebellion, the leaders of which were

destroyed printing office, which lawless act,

universally regretted throughout the com-

we were advised not to leave the city as the

snow and detained the passenger trains an

1-97 Messrs. E. Y. Bright & Son, of this

place, have sold out their store to two men

doing a large business for a number of years.

+++

WHAT BECOMES OF THE MONEY RAISED

FOR THE SANITARY COMMISSION !- The cash

which has actually reached the Treasury of

the U. S. Commission, Washington, has in

three years amounted to about one million

dollars, of which the Pacific coast, has

given three-quarters. It would be well for

those on the Atlantic coast, who sometimes

question our economy, to consider this fact.

Fifteen-sixteenths of this amount is expend-

ed for supplies and transportation : the other

sixteenth goes into the support of its homes,

its lodges, its machinery of distribution, its

hospital and camp inspection. Supplies

purchased are such as country homes do not

Crackers ank farinacious food, by the ton.

Tea, coffee and sugar, by the chest and

Crutches, bed-rests, mattresses and bed

tables by car loads; anti-scorbutics and

The Boards of the Sanitary Commission,

consisting of President, Treasurer, Medical

their services and their time gratuitously.

these are triding, except the case of one or

Soldiers' Homes or lodges, scattered over the whole field of war, from New Orleans to

Washington-including Vicksburg, Mem-

dred soldiers per day are taken care of in these homes. Multiply 2,300 by 365, and you will get a faint idea of the number of

Three other agencies to secure the soldiers

rights are sustained by the commission.

A claim Agency to secure his bounty : 2. A

Pension Agency; 3. A Back-pay Agency.
Often \$20,000 back pay is secured in one
day. A Hospital Directory is also sustained,
by which the whereabouts of the sick men

worth a million, if human anxiety can be

estimated in money.

The Commission also has sixty hospital

aspectors, constantly in the flield. They

also have hospital cars on the main roads

carried. They also supply the hospitals with daily car-loads of supplies from the princi-

The cost of distributing supplies is less

quires large funds and supplies. At Murirecaboro, Autietam, Gettyabueg, Chatta-nooga, Vicksburg, Port Hudson, sadden and

than three per cent.
The battle service of the Commissi

men thus relieved.

pal markets'

The Commission supports twenty-five

two, who go frequently on tours of observa-

Condensed milk, by the ton,

steads, by the hundred.

Wines and spirits, by the barrel.

pay well as an investment.

supply—such as

Beef stock.

ogsbend.

rectionary epistle.

bie papers publish a letter from Vallandig-HE ASSUMES COMMAND OF THE AR ham, dated in Canada. The banished trai-MIES OF THE UNITED STATES. tor, true to his natural instincts, from his

His Hondquarters with the Army

of the Potomac. mends to his Copperheads freinds in the NASHVILLE, March 17. Licutenant General Grant formally asumed the command of the Armies of the

United States to-day. The following is his rder on the subject : HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 17, 1854.—General Orders No 12.—In pur-

suance of the following order of the Presi-

EXECUTIVE MANSION. WASHINGTON, March 10, 1864. Under the authority of the act of Congress reviving the grade of Lieutenant General, in the United States army, approved February 29th, 1864, Licutenant General Ulysses S. Grant, U. S. A., is appointed to the command of the Armies of the United

tates. A. LINCOLN.

I assume the command of the armies of the United States. My headquarters will be deficiency, 7.520. Balance, 14,224, in the field, and, until further orders, will be Pennsylvania's quota, 23,302; cr with the Army of the Potomac.

There will be an office headquarters in Washington, D. C., to which all thicial communications will be sent, except those from the army here, P. adquarters are at the date of their address, U.S. GRANT,

Lieutenant General of the U. S. A. General Grant leaves for Washington on Saturday, and repairs immediately to the front. His staff are composed of officers for-merly with him in the Mississippi. Among them are Brigadier General Rawlings, chief of staff: Lieut, Col. Bowers: Cantain G. K. Leet ; Captain E. S. Parker, Assistand Adj't Gen.; Captain H. W. Jones, A. Q. M.; Cap-Baiear, Lieut, Col. Duff, late chief of artillery, goes as senior aid-de-camp. General Sherman is due here to-night, and

will immediately resume command of the military division. General Dodge is in the

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 20. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

A rebel advance was anticipated vesterof lawless violence upon the very men who out the justice due to home rebels as it was ever, all things had been packed, and all was in readiness for a move, the order was countermanded. Firing was heard all yes-terday along our line; but was supposed by not be likely again to occur. The lawless many to be merely artillery practice. This morning, however, firing was heard in the direction of Dumfries, and it sounded as or a feeling of animosity against themselves, though there were some skirmishing going or whatever the cause may have been, they

Hereafter deserters from the rebel army coming within our lines are not to be com mitted to prison if they prove to be bona fide deserters, but will be dismissed upon munity, affords Vallandigham a text upon which to write a most virulent and insurtaking the oath of allegiance, furnished with transportation to the North, or employed on the various fortifications. Within the past week some three or four hundred prisoners Snow STORM .- The most violent have been released from the Old Capitol, and sent to Philadelphia and New York. delphia on Tuesday night. The wind howled

The Committee on the Judiciary of the terrificly during the night. In the morning House has instructed its Chairman to report, with a recommendation that it pass, Representative Wilson's joint resolution' proposing to the several State Legislatures an trains would most probably be delayed in amendment of the Constitution abolishing slavery, as incompitable with a Republican

Arkansas a Free State.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 18. Partial Election returns from eleven counties give more votes than the whole number required by the President's proclamation to

replace Arkansas in the Union.

There are 43 counties to be heard which will give fully five thousand more recently from Danville. This firm has been votes. The new State Constitution named by the late Convention, was almost manimously ratified, there being so far only 137 votes against it. Arkansas is thus declared prising men, and has put up, besides a foun- a free State, by the voluntary action of her dry and machine shop, quite a number of own citizens. buildings during the past six years, which

Governor Isaac Murphy and the whole State ticket is elected. Guerrilla bands made violent theats, not withstanding which the citizens were enthusinstic in their determination to vote the State back into the Union, many going to the polls at the risk of their lives.

The military authority used every exertion to protect the voters.

The estimated force of the enemy at the recent fight at Yazoo city was 5,000, and five guns. Two stern-wheel boats there, but could render no service without endangering our forces. The 8th Louisiana Colored regiment lost 80 killed, wounded

The 1st Mississippi Cavalry lost fifty in wounded. In all, nine out of eighteen officers of the eighth Louisiana were found

From Tennessee. CAIRO, March 20

The steamer Graham, from Memphis on the 18th inst., arrived to-day, having as passenger Gen. Hurlbut, who is en route for home to visit a sick family. She brings 240 bales of cotton for St. Louis

Cargoes of ice, Potatoes, onions, pickled cabbage, sour krout, lemons, oranges, vege-The steamer Panney was sunk on the 16th, near Egg Point, 15 miles above Grand Lake. No lives were lost and most of her

cargo was saved. A white man was severely injured and six negroes killed by the cars running off the track, on the Mississippi and Little Rock They receive nothing. Their traveling ex-penses alone are partly refunded them and,

railroad, on the 4th. The gunboat Orage, which lead the advance on the recent expedition up the Ou-chits river, fired 150 rounds, had one man killed, and was struck by several shots, with-

out being damaged.
The 9th and 53d Illinois, and 23d and 53d Indiana regiments having re-enlisted as veterans, arrived here to-day en route for home

Eighty-four rebel prisoners taken by Sherman's expedition have arrived from Vicksburg. The Memphis cotton market was dull,

but the prices were unchanged. The receipts by wagons amounted to one hundred boles and the shipment. North to five hundred bales. MEMPRIS, March 18.

Gen. Hurlbut made a speech to the city ouncil, giving them to understand that if they did not clean the city and take measures to improve its sanitary condition, he would stop their collection of the taxes and do the work himself.

Forest is reported to be organizing for a movement to West Tennessee. He had ob-tained a large number of horses and is mounting his infantry.
Grierson's cavalry are watching him and will give him warm work if he advances

COAL TRADE.—The quantity sent by Rail-road this week is 55,578 12 against 42,570 tons for the corresponding week last year. By Canal 275 10 tons—making 55,854 02 nooga, Vicksburg, Port Hudson, sadden and vast demands were made. \$50,000 would not cover the outlay the first two weeks after our great battles. At Gettysburg it was \$75,000. The average cost is \$3.20 to each man, often, as at Gettysburg, \$10,000 per man. Are these expenses extravagant, considering the blessings dispensed by the variety and amount of the Sanitary Commission.

The rates of toll and transportation on Canal and Railroad are not yet promulgated up to our going to press last evening—and consequently but little coal has been shipped by Canal so far. A few boats are loading, to be ready to start as soon as the toil and freights are decided on. The boat-men ask \$2.45 and \$2.50 per ton freight to

Options are up to a fabulous figure in New York - Miners Journal,

Philadelphia market; never so high before.

Fiftuen dullars a thousand was the price for the good arithmeticans' lieuways to first them their qualities on Westmanday a week.

THE CALL FOR 200,000 MEN. Quotas of the Various Mintes.

WASHINGTON, March 22 The following is the statement fixing the quotas of the several States for the Presi-dent's call of 200,000 men of March 14th. 1804, with all credits deducted from a defiiency added thereto, excepting veteran colunteers, to March 1st, 1864:

Maine's quota under call for 200,000, March 14, 1864, 4,721; number to be credited, none; deficiencies to be charged, 1,920; balance to be furnished, 6,641. New Hampshire's quota, 2,588; credit, 160; deficiency none; balance, 2,428.

Massachusett's quota, 10,639; credit none deficiency 0.958; balance, 20,592, Vermont's quota, 2,300; credit, 2,130,

deficiency none; balance, 170. Rhode Island's quota, 1,688; credit, 525, deficiency none; balance, 863. Connecticut's quota, 3,168; eredit, 594; deficiency none; balance, 2,564. New York's quots, 32,794; credit and de-

ficiency none; note, not yet completed.— Balance, 59,230. New Jersey's quota, 6,705; credit, none;

Pennsylvania's quota, 23,302; credit and deficiency, none; note, not yet completed. in Balance, 74,127. Delaware's quota, 984; credit, none; de

firiency, 601. Balance, 1,676. Maryland's quota, 4,317, credit none; de Sciency 17,411, balance 21,728. West Virginia's quota 2,051, credit none;

deficiency 1,139, balance 3, 190.
District of Columbia's quota 1,702, credit none; deficiency 3,153, balance 4,855. Ohio's quota 20,595, credit none; defiiency 18,628, balance, 39,223. Indiana's quota 1,300, credit 9,939; defiiency none, balance 3,069. Illinois' quota 18,524, credit 30,960.

Michigan's quota, 7,821; credit, 634; deficiency, none; balance, 7,187. Wisconsin's quota, 7,941; balance, 1,540. Minnesota's quota 2,180; balance 5,437. Iowa's quota, 6,439; credit, none; defi-

Missouri's quota, 3,925; credit, none; deficiency, 4,962; balance, 8,887. Kentucky's quota, 5,787; credit, none, deficiency, 9,683; balance 15,472.

iency 6,701; balance 13,140.

Kansas's quota. 1,409; credit, none, deficiency, 1,118; balence, 2,595.

Rebels North of the Cumbriand River. Louisville, March 20.

Hughes, Ferguson and Short, are on the Northern side of the Cumberland river, with 500 rebels.

On the morning of the 16th they attacked one of Gen. Hobson's camps near Burnett's Ferry, whence the rebels were driven with a loss of four killed and several wounded. On the next day near Celin, Gen Hobson's cavalry attacked the rebels under Col. Hamilton, killing and wounding several, and capturing Hamilton.

Hobson has nearly broken up the guerrilla bands along the Cumberland river, and many of them are daily surrendering them-

From North Carolina.

NEW YORK, March 19. The steamer Ella S. Terry, from Newbern, N. C., on the 14th inst., arrived at this port

this morning. There had been a slight skirmish between the chemy and the Third New Rork Cav- army to its present increased degree of effialry, but no serious collision had occurr- ciency.

Two of our prisoners were frozen to death on the trip from Richmond to Americus, Ga. thirty-one escaped from the cars be-tween Branchville and Augusta.

at Kinston, and the reported hanging of brings no news of general interest. several companies of the Second North Carrolina White Regiment in Western North Carolina, who were recently captured by the rebels, have given a fresh start to the enlistment of conscript deserters, who are enger

to avenge these atrocities.

Free schools are about being organized in New Orleans, Beaufort and other places, for the education of poor white children. The Newbern Times again urges the send ing of fifty thousand troops to North Care lina. It says :- "Newbern is so strongly fortified that it cannot be taken by the bels; but the time has come when the Federal army should penetrate to the interior carrying the banner of social and political

The Henderson (N. C.) Times states that nine-tenths of the people of that county have signed a petition to Gov. Vance, asking him call a State Convention.

From North Carolina.

NEWBERN, N. C., March 19. The recent said on Richmond caused the rebel General Lickett to send several regiments to Virginia, just as he was ready to commence operation in this direction. These regiments are now returning, evidently to carry out his original intentions.

Governor Vance, in a recent speech, stated

that General Lee depends upon North Carolina for the support of his army. He dwells upon the importance of keeping the railroads of this State in good condition, on the ground that General Lee could not remain in Virginia forty-eight hours after they fail.

The Wilmington Journal says that the statistics of blockade running for the past year show that on the average only one out of twenty have been captured.

The report of Governor Vauce showing the amount of rebel supplies received through this blockaded port, discloses a most start ling state of things. Everything the enemy could ask for is received through this chan nel in great quantities.

An experienced naval afficer has remarked that owing to the peculiar situation of the coast, its numerous channels embracing an erea of thirty miles, the entire navy of the United States could not make the blockade of Wilmington effective,

W. W. Helden is out in a card apnounce ing bimself as the Conservative candidate for Governor of North Carolina. WASHINGTON, March 12.

Of one thousand seven hundreb and eighteen applicants before the Casey Examining Board for commissions in negro regiments, seven hundred and eighty-four have been

There is no foundation for the statement in regard to the arrival of Mr. Dayton's son with important despatches from France in reference to prospects of recognizing the Southern Confederacy. No special bearer of despatches from Mr. Dayton has arrived here, nor is there any ground for the absurd

rumors buit on this supposed fact. THE Danish engineers have discovered an agenious and simple contrivance for keep ing their opponents exposed to a heavy fire, by a sort of invisible fence made of strong wire, supported at stated distances by the ber posts inserted in the ground. It mus take, at all events, some precious minutes to overcome this obstacle, during which the attacking troops would be open to a des-tructive fire without any shelter. The cutrenchments at Duppel are surrounded by these formideble barriers.

It was denied, some time since, that Mrs. Douglas was officiating as a cierk in the Treasurey Department. The Washington correspondent of the Wisconsia says, that "passing through the Treasury Department the other day, I met Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas, who is filling the duties of a twelve hundred deltes elegiship in list depart-

The War In the Southwest.

COMBERLAND GAP, March 23. Lieutenant Colonel Davis, of the Eleventh Tennessee Cavalry, who was wounded and taken prisoner on the 22d of February, has

and Estler, who have long been a terror to Union citizens.

LOUISVILLE, March 22,-The Journal's Chattanooga despatch says, on the authority of deserters, that Morgan,s command is

Vicksburg last Saturday with a large a num- graph. ber of gunboats and transports.

Firing in the direction of of the fleet was

heard last Monday at Natchez, A MOVEMENT FROM CAIRO. Carno, March 21 .- The 17th New York infantry arrived from below to-day, bound

Adjutant General Thomas is stationing troops, mostly colored, at the principle points along the lower river to protect plantations and trade depots.

The 35th New Jersey Regiment is en camped here. It is understood that it will form a part of Veatch's division here, which it is supposed, have some thing to do with a contemplated military movement from this point. Nothing definite, however, is kdown. The remainder of Veatch's divi-sion will reach here.

Gen. Grant and the Army of the Potomac.

Gen. Grant is expected shartly to take active command of the Army of the Potomac, thus following the practical example set by Napoleon-at one time with his army in Italy, and at another with his army in Germy, General Grant's modesty and self-containing in the midst of great success. his quiet, habitual energy and constant good sense, entitle him to the respect and faith of the nation. Every step in his career has only better revealed his keen intellect and clear military sagacity, and to say that he is a safe general is not the least or the most that can be said of him. Whatever be his future, nothing can blot out the genuine record he has already made in patient, but orilliant years of strong trial. When he takes hold of what Hooker's generous enthusiasm termed "the first army on the planet," perhaps his greatest work and his great est competitor will be before him, but will have his own renown, a large army, and the strong practical sense which has guided him in every field, to secure victory again. The Army of the Potomac has endured its defeats as nobly as the armies of the West have borne their victories. Good and earnest, sound and whole-hearted leaders of corps, divisions, and brigades, acting under the eye of a commander in chief who has full power and unquestioned discrimination, should make the future success of this brave army worthy of its years of trial, -Gen. Grant will have his first and chief support in that brave, faithful, and able soldier, Gen. Meade, who has brought the

From Memphis.

Camo, March 22. The steamer Pauline Carroll, from New Orleans, arrived here to-day with a cargo of The hanging of fifty-one Union soldiers sugar and molasses for St. Louis. She

On the steamer leaving Memphis on sary store fell in burying beneath the ruins about forty negroes, who were quartered in the place.

The steamer Von Phul has passed up for The steamer Von Phul has passed up for thankfully received by his aged mother, and St. Louis, with the 5th Illinois cavalry en the press will do her a kindness by passing route for home on a furlough. Maj. Gen. McPherson and staff arrived on the same steamer, and left for Nashville.

SECOND DISPATCH. CAIRO, March 22 .- The steamer Verry, from Memphis at midnight on Sunday, has arrived. She reports that four women were more or less injured, and the dead bodies of twelve children had been taken from the ruins of the falling building up to the time of the steamer's departure. It was supposed that more bodies were yet under the ruins, and the search was being industriously con-

Eighty-eight rebel prisoners, who were brought up on Sunda, were forwarded to Camp Chase to-night. The following letter has been received

from Memphis: MEMPHIS, March 20 .- The advices from Vicksburg are to March 15. They report that a large number of fires had taken place there recently. Several Government store uses had been set on fire by incendiaries on that day. A large railroad depot and several adjoining buildings were burned, consuming large quantities of Government

There is no news from the expedition to Shreveport. *

The Indian War

Official despatches have been received at District Head-quarters in this city, by the way of Fort Abererombie, from the scouts stationed by General SIBLEY at the head of the Coteau de Prairie. They had fallen in with a few Indians from the north, and also from the Missouri, from whom they learned that there was a dsvision of opinion among the several bands some being in favor of peace, while others were disposed to con There were inue the war with the whites. straggling parties along the Upper James and Cheyenne Rivers, following the buffalo, which are wending their way southward. The savages have suffered greatly from a want of food and clothing, and, but for the mildness of the winter, many of them would doubtless have perished. Some of the Sioux, who were removed to the Miss ouri reservation, had found their way to the James River on a buffalo hunt, accompanied by the Rev. Mr. WILLIAMSON.—St. Paul Pioneer, March 16.

A Battle in Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21.-Three Russign war steamers sailed from this port to Dates have been received from the Sand-

wich Islands to March 5th. The news is un-Spring whalers were beginning to arrive at Honolula.

The sugar crop is very promising. The steamer Orizaba has arrived from the northern ports of Mexico with \$2000,000 in treasure and three hundred packages of ore. The mining speculations in Senora and Sinola are represented as in a promising

The Mazathan Times of March 5th says the French forces left Guadalajara on February 24th, and are going towards Coluna, and ere this a battle must have been fought

with the national forces.

The same paper says that commerce at Mazatlan is uninterrupted, but it seems the purpose of the French is to effectually blockade all the ports south of Mazatlan. The robot Bragg is a brother in law of Jefferson Davis, which accounts for his position. He that provideth not for his name

household to worse than a infinit.

acting on scriptural authority.

LIBERLY OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Southern refugees, who came here some three weeks since, and who have been kindly cared for by our citizens since there arrival, expressed a defire, a few days since, to visit their friends in the West, taken prisoner on the 22d of February taken prisoner on the 22d of Feb burg. Mr. Young at once replied to Mr. M'Clure, "The Pennsiyvania Railroad Company, always liberally disposed towards the poor and friendless, will carry the refugees to Pittsburg free of expense, and I enclose a pass for their transportation." It is but a few weeks since we were shown a pass, opposite Decatur, and cannot be mounted, few weeks since we were shown a pass, owing to the scarcity of horses. Deserters given by Thomas A. Scott, Esq., to a poor from Longstreet's army say he is doubtless colored family in this city, who were grant-moving to join Leee. moving to join Leee.

CAIRO, March 21.—Admiral Porter left Esq., in Eric county.—Harrisburg Tele-

> Grafting Wax,-Several persons have asked us for the receipt to make the grafting wax, that we have used for years and often printed in the Telegraph. It is as follows:- Five parts of rosin; one part of beeswax; one of tallow. Melt these in a skillet, tineup, or any metal vessel; the skillet being prierable as it can be handled

better and the wax keeps warm longer in it. Men these over the fire and mix together well. When the scions are set-say as many as twenty or thirty, or as few as is wished-have the mixture ready and apply it warm, with a small wooden paddle. that every part is covered and the air completely excluded. It requires no bandage. We have made the wax in different proportions to the above, but we find these to be the best adapted to the purpose. The object to be attained is to have the wax of such consistency that it will not crack in the cold winds of March and April, nor run in the hot suns of summer.

FOUL PLAY .- On Wednesday of last week a man in the U.S. uniform was found dead in the eddy of the Susquehanna, near Forty The head was badly bruised and the breast had marks of violence. From the fact of the nose being uninjured it was inferred that he had not fallen upon his face but had met with foul play and been thrown into the river.

On Monday morning another body of a '.S. soldier was found drowned in the same

We since learn that a letter found on this last body was directed to "Edward Crawford, Invalid Corps, Troy, Bradford Co., Both soldiers had on the Invalid Corps uniforms. No marks of violence were on the

last one, but both had been in the water some time. - Wilksbarre Times. The Valandigham family entertain feel ings of admiration, not to say love, for the negro race in general, the female sex in particular, that is incredible. The race has furnished the stock in trade and the speechinspiring theme of the Ohio martyr for a number of years. But the younger members of the family outstrip him in their affections for the "down-trodden African." Perley Vallandigham, "a youth to fortune and to fame unknown," nevertheless a nephew of the great Ohio martyr, is married to and lives with a negro woman in this city. His

river is also married to a negress .- Muscatine Journal. INFORMATION WANTED.-Mrs. Elizabeth lones of Williamsport is desirous of obtaining information relative to her son Henry B. Jones, a young man aged about mineteen years. He was formerly a brakeman on the E. railroad, and has disappeared under such curcumstances as to cause his mother to fear that some violence has been done nim. He was last heard of at Rupert. Any information concerning him will be

brother, living on the opposite side of the

this notice around. HON, HENRY D. MOORE was elected State Treasurer, by the Legislature, in joint meeting, on the 16th inst. The vote stood, for H. D. Moore 66; W. McGrain, present incumbent, 56, Mr. Moore will enter upon the duties of the office on the first Monday in May. This is the fourth time Mr. Moore has been chosen State Treasurer, and it is the best evidence in the world of his integrity and competency.

The last infant of the Queen of Spain received eighty names.

Shamokin Coal Trade.

SHAMOKIN, Mar. 19, 1864. Tuns. Cw Sent for week ending March 19, 43,175 0

To same time last year

49,562 12

LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA .- Jaundice, Ner-CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Hearthurn. Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fiuttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing. Fluttering of the heart. Choking Sensation when lying down, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes. Sudden Flushes of Heat, and Great Depression of Spirits, are speedily and permanently cured by Hoefland's Genman's Genmans Bittens, sold at 75 cents per bottle by the proprietors, Dr. C. M. Jackson & Co., 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, and by all druggists and dealeast in medicines in the United States and Canadas.

CONSTIPATION OF THE BOWELS .- How many of Constitution of the Bownes.—How many of our citizens are suffering from this disease, and expecting to be cared by the use of violent purgatives, debilitate the system, and cause a return of the diseases with increased asperity? Is it not better to have a remedy that will care, by giving strength and vigor to the bowels, enabling them to perform their functions in a natural matner? Such a remedy is "Hoefland's German Bilters." It will not purge you, but by its great invigorating and tonic properties, will give your system a tone that will enable it to perform all its functions in a vigorous and natural manner. Fore sale by all druggists and dealers in medicines at 75 cents per bottle.

MADAME PORTER'S CURATIVE BALSAM bas long tested the truth that there are first principle in Medicine as there is in Science, and this Medicine is compounded on principles suited to the manifold nature of Man! The cure of Colds is in keeping open nature of Man. The cure of Colds frin keeping open the pores, and creating a gentle internal warmth, and this caused by the use of this Medicine. Its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of blood through the lungs, it entirens the muscles and assists the skin to perform its duties of regulating the heat of the system, and in gently throwing off the waste vulstance from the surface of the body. It is not violent remedy, but the emollient, warming, searching and effective. Sold by all druggist at 13 and 25 cents per bottle.

Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease !!!

To CONSUMPTIVES. The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after hav ing suffered several years with a severe lung affect tion, and that dread disease, Consumption-is anal-

ous to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means

of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the preseription used (frue of charge), with the directions
for praparing and using the same, which they will
find a sure cure for Communication. Asthma. Bronchitle, Coughs. Colds, &c. The only object of the advertices in sending the Prescription is to benefit the
afflicted, and spread information which he conscives
to be invaluable; and he hopes every-refferer will
try his remedy, as it will coat them nothing, and may
prove a blessing.

Furtice who into the prescription will address Putties whiching the prescription with address

BAY EDWARD A. WILLOW, Williamsburg. Ces to 1661 - In Kings County, Naw York

He is the happiest who does the most to make others happy. The inventor of Herrick Alles's Gold Model Saleratus must be the happiest man in existance, for we harsard nothing in saying, that the use of the Gold Medell Saleratus cannot fail to make a happy household. Our better-half says she does not fear of our ever frowning, as long as she can get the genuine Herrick Allen's. We say success to the inventor, and if every body knew how good it is, no other would be used. A good many of our Marchants have it. Their depot is 142 Liberty Street, New York

FOR THROAT DISEASES and affectious of the Chest, "Baown, Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, are of great value. In Coughs, Irritation of the Throat caused by Cold, or Unusual Exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public, or singing, they produce

Religious Notices.

the most beneficial results.

Divine service will be held every Sabbath in this torough as follows : Borough as follows:

PRESENTERIAN CHURCH.—Opposite the N. C. R.
R. Depot, Rev. J. H. Young, Pastor. Divine service
every Sabbath morning at 104 o'clock. Prayor
meeting on every Saturday evening.
GERMAN REFORMEN CHURCH.—North west corner
of River and Binckberry sts., Rev. W. C. Cremer,
Pastor., Divine service, alternately, every Sabbath
at 10 A. M. and 61 P. M. Prayor meeting on Pri-

day ovening.

Evangelicat, Luthenan Church.—Deer street below S. V. & P. R. R., Rev. M. Rhodes, Pastor. Divine service, alternately, every Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M., and 6j P. M. Prayer meeting on

Wednesdoy ovening.
St. Matthews' (P. E.) Chunch.—Broadway above Market street, Rev. L. W. Gibson. Rector. Services alternately Sunday mornings at 101 o'clock. Every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Fridays and during Lent at 42 P. M.; Holy-Days, 101 A. M.

MARRIAGES.

In Trevorton, Pa., on the 20th inst., by Rev. G. McNair, Sergt, GEORGE BLANKS-LY, Co H. 46th P. V. to Miss MARY ANN LOMLINSON, both of the above piace.

In Shamokin, of Dropsy, on the 12th, inst., ANNA MARIA EISENHART, ago

64 years 4 months, and 5 days. SUNBURY MARKET \$1 40 a 1 50 | Eggs, 120 | Tallew, 75 Bacon, \$2 50 Ham. \$4 00 Shoulder,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MEYERS NEWLY IMPROVED CRESCENT SCALK OVERSTRUNG PIANOS.

MELODEONS AND SECOND HAND PIANOS. Warerooms, No. 722 ARCH St., below Eighth, PHILADELPHIA. March 26, 1864. - 3mw HENRY HARPER.

Acknowledged to be the best.

London Prize Medal and Highest awards in Ano-

No. 520 ARCH St., Philadelphia. MANUPACTURER & DEALER IN WATCHES. FINE JEWELRY.

SOLIDSILVER WARE And ROGER'S Superior Plated Ware. I P'All kind of Silver-Ware, made on the premi-

es. WATCH Repairing carefully done! March 26, 1864.—3m ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE COAL LAND. IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sails, at the public house of Benjamin Knouse, in the town of TREVORTON, on PRIDAY, the 29th day of APRIL, 1864, the one equal undivided sixth part of all that certain TRACT or PIECE of LAND, estimate in Little Mahoney and Cameron townships. Northumberland county, bounded by lands of Joseph Dunkleberger, lands of the Treverton Company Jonathan Dunkleberger, and Dewart and Hunter, Containing Four Hundred and Seventy Acres and One Hundred and Forty-two Perches, strict measure The land is well Timbered. Two veins of ANTHEA. CITE COAL. have been opened and worked on said tract. One vain is 14 feet in width. This is one of the most valuable Coal Tracts in the Treverton Coal Region. Late the estate of Jacob Dressler, dec d. Sule to commence at 10 o'clock. A. M., of said day, when the terms and conditions of sale will be made

JOSEPH DRESSLER, Adm'r.

By order of the Court. A. J. CUMMINGS, Cik. O. C. Sunbury, March 26, 1864. PEREMPTORY SALE.

BY M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers Over 45,000 Acres of Land Lycoming, Clinton, Tioga and Luxerne county, Pa ON TUESDAY, MARCH 28th, 1864, at 12 o'clock M will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE the following de-

eribed property, via 45,111 ACRES DESIRABLE LAND, 129 Tracts varying in size from 50 to 1100 acres each viz 25,742 Acres—51 Tracts—Lycoming county, Pennsylvania—in which county are numerous mines of coal and iron, and many parts; heavily timbered, and other fine farming land. 10,000 Acres—24 Tracts—in Clinion county, as the

western decivity of the Allegheny Ridge-has hill and valley and finely watered-an abundance of iron and coal and rich in agricultural produce-facilities to market by railroads, canals, &c

to market by railroads, canals, Ac 4,869 Acres - Tioga county—(19 tracts of 60 to 500 acres each, on the methern boundry of the State, near the New York and Eric Railroad.
6,500 Acres - Luzerne county—25 tracts, from 50 to about 400 acres each). This is one of the great COAL COUNTILS in the State—the facilities for carrying its products to market are unusually great and farming products yers extensive. and farming products very extensive.

LP Full particulars now ready in pamphlet form giving the names of warrantees, number of noves is each tract, extracts from the laws under which the itles are derived, and under which they will be

sold, terms of sale, &c., may be had on application S.T. Bodine, Eq., 154 South Fourth st., Philadelphia, or to the Auctioneers.

Sale absolute of the whole 45.111 Acres.

M. JHOMAS & SONS, Auct oncers.

139 and 141 South Fourth St., Philadelphia.

March 26, 1864—11

G. W. BIRGUER.

ZIEGLER & MALICK. ATTORNEYS AT LAW Sunbury, Northumberland Co., Pa Offer their professional services to the public. Col-lections and all other professional business entrusted them, will receive prompt attention

Also, Military claims will be collected, such as Bounty, Buck-Pay, Pensions, &c., &c. Both speak the German Lauguage. Office—Market Square, next door to Prothenotary's Sunbury, March 5, 1864.

FLAG & BUILDING STONE QUARRRY TO LET!

THE subscribers will Lease their Flag and Build-ing Stone Quarry, about three miles from Sun-bury, on the North Branch of the Susquehama river. The stone are of the best quality, suitable for pavements and building purposes. are apply to ESHER A MAR For further particulars TIN Shamokin, Pa., or S. B. BOYER, Sunbury, Pa

MAET CHA TACE LARGE CANAL BOAT, run for several sea A LARGE CANAL BOAR will be sold cheep by applying to JOHN W. HOPPER. applying to March 19, 1864.

JEREMIAH SNYDER.

Attorney & Counsellor at Law files on South side of Market street, four Acors was

SUNBURY, PA. Will attend promptly to all professional business entrasted to his care, the collection of claims in Nor-thumberland and the adjoining counties. Cocontinations in therman and English. Sunbury, March 19, 1864.—19

TOBACCO SEED. THE subscriber offers for min name superior Con-centions decid-Leaf, and Maryland Broad-Top To-bacco Bood. Price 25 cents pay paper. Sund Emply

and plain directions.

Also a lut of good Tobacco Last for sale.

Suphury, March 19, 1864.