

The Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor.

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1862.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State Street,
Boston, are our agents for the SUNBURY AMERICAN
in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

NON-PAYING SUBSCRIBERS.—We shall continue to cut off weekly all subscribers of long standing and doubtful responsibility, who make no effort to pay. If their paper is stopped they will know the reason.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED.—A boy about fifteen years of age, desiring to learn the printing business, can have a good chance by applying at this office immediately. One from town that can board himself, preferred.

The list of losses of the Lycoming Insurance Company, for the quarter ending September 10, 1862, amounts to \$28,504.52. The losses vary from a few dollars up to \$5,000. The latter figure is, we think, too high for country companies.

The President's Proclamation authorizing the arrest and trial of offenders against the Government, by Martial Law, will, we trust, have a good effect on secession sympathizers.

Business at New York is reported as unusually brisk at the present time.

More BOOGIE MONEY.—A new counter-
feit \$2 note on the Delaware county bank.

MERCHANT TAILOR.—Our enterprising friend J. O. Beck advertises a new stock of well selected goods for men's wearing apparel, which he has just received from Philadelphia, and expects those who want a good and cheap suit to give him a call.

Correspondents from the army should be brief and confine themselves to facts, incidents and anecdotes. Speculations on the war should be postponed for the present. Our best correspondents seem to understand this, and act accordingly.

A terrible accident occurred on the Cumberland Valley Railroad, about two miles from Harrisburg, on Friday morning, resulting in the killing of 10 or 12 men, and wounding 30 or 40 others. An engine had carelessly left standing on the track, and a train containing the 200th Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, returning from Green castle, came in collision with it, with terrible force, demolishing a number of the cars and killing and maiming a large number of the inmates. The killed and injured were chiefly from Philadelphia and Reading.

PARTY AND PARTY CANDIDATES.—Hon. James T. Hale, of Centre county, has given his assent to become the Independent Union candidate for Congress, in the district composed of the counties of Lycoming, Centre, Clinton, Tioga and Potter, in opposition to William H. Armstrong, Esq., of Williamsport, who has been nominated by the Republicans.

A large meeting was held at Jersey Shore, in which Hon. James Gamble, our former member of Congress, and other leading Democrats as well as Republicans, took part. Judge Gamble, as chairman of the committee, offered the following resolutions, which show what leading Democrats in Lycoming county think of party leaders and party nominations, in times like these:

Resolved. That the Constitution as it is, and the restoration of the Union, it was, is the only political platform which should be tolerated until our government is re-established and its sovereignty restored.

Resolved. That we, the American people, without the distinction of party, united for one common purpose, and casting behind all past party ties for the time being, hereby nominate the Hon. James T. Hale, as an independent Union candidate for Congress, and claim his services as due to the country, to the district, and due to us.

Judge Hale, in his letter of acceptance, endorses party measures and party nominations, and proceeds to say:

"I am informed, and believe, that the meeting was composed of men of all political parties whose object was to unite the loyal and patriotic men of the District in the support of a candidate having their confidence, without any party nomination whatever. In this object I entirely agree, and am fully in the assertion made by the meeting, that in the present condition of our country, party nominations should be far from abandoned."

"With these views, and concurring also in the sentiments expressed in your proceedings, I yield to your request to be a candidate for re-election to Congress, and if elected will endeavor to serve you faithfully."

"I have not arrived at this conclusion without the advice of friends, in whose judgment and patriotism I have the most entire confidence."

What will the Breckinridges of this country say to this condemnation of partisanship by the leading Democrats of our neighboring county? Why did they not keep up a conservative man? Simply because the Breckinridge sympathizers in this country are office hunters, with scarcely a single exception. They have combined and managed to effect the nomination of men of their own stripe, for all the offices, and even openly call on the Douglas Democrats, as only true Democrats, to elect them—hey wanted a man of their own tribe as a candidate for Congress, and therefore selected William H. Miller, a full-blooded Breckinridge, for that purpose. Those who ok upon party, in preference to patriotism id the country, will, of course, vote the party ticket. Patriots and good citizens of all parties, who prefer the good of the country, will unite on the Union ticket, not partisans but as Union men and patriots."

CENTRAL HOTEL FOR SALE.—This well known Hotel, located in Sunbury, at the junction of the Northern Central with the Sunbury and Erie Railroads, is available at private terms, with complete easy. For further information, apply at this office.

ADMIRAL'S Notice.—The time has come when all jealousies all divisions, all personal aims and aspirations should be banished, so that we may all stand by the integrity of the Republic.—Secretary Chase.

GOLDEN WORDS.—The time has come when all jealousies all divisions, all personal aims and aspirations should be banished, so that we may all stand by the integrity of the Republic.—Secretary Chase.

INKLINGS OF PEACE.

We have a very strong conviction that the Confederate leaders will not allow the 1st of January to approach without very earnest efforts, though they may be underhand, to stop this desolating civil war which they so recklessly inaugurated under the gravest misconceptions of the military resources and tenacity of purpose of the loyal States.—Hannan Poote's recent proposition in the Rebel Congress of an Embassy to Washington will probably be overruled, but the effort which it contemplates will nevertheless be made. The resources of the Rebels, consisting mainly of boundless issues of paper promises backed by no system of taxation, are not easily exhausted; but they have no clothing for a Winter campaign, having exhausted that which they bought on credit of our Northern merchants in 1860, and swindled them out of the pay for, and their British friends have learned by experience something valuable enough to tell them to people who pay for them, is extra-hazardous. In short, the Rebellion does not pay, and it will have to be given up.

There must, then, be an accommodation, and that fact established, it seems to us very easy to settle the terms. The obvious basis of an adjustment is the *Constitution of the States without note or comment*. That is, at the very lowest estimate, a treaty; but call it compact, alliance, or what you will, it is a valid and binding contract. Our fathers made it freely and heartily, and it cannot degrade their sons to reaffirm and abide by it. If we repudiate that, what assurance can be given or trusted that any new bargain can be lived up to?

Whenever the Rebels really desire peace—as we think they very soon will—if they do not already—they have but to notify the Government that they are ready to return to loyalty, and to that end have abrogated all ordinances, acts, and oaths of allegiance inconsistent therewith. President Lincoln would thereupon feel warranted, we doubt not, in issuing a Proclamation of Amnesty, inviting the States lately in rebellion to select Members of Congress as if no rebellion had existed.

The Rebels would need no further assurance of immunity; their friends of the Vallandigham persuasion would guarantee them a practical ascendancy in the House, if not in the Senate also, and thus shield them from all serious harm. And, if they should choose to have a Convention to revise the Federal Constitution, we have no doubt that this would be easy of attainment, though we would prefer to have no stipulations on the subject. They might have had one without objection in 1861; they can have one without stipulation in 1863. But the true and sufficient basis of immediate peace is "The Constitution as it is." Man can devise no better.—*New York Tribune.*

Cutting the Gordian Knot.—The President's proclamation sweeps away hosts of difficulties which have encumbered our movements at every step in this war. It puts us right before Europe; it brings us back to our traditions; it animates our soldiers with the same spirit which led their forefathers to victory under Washington; they are fighting to-day, as the revolutionary patriots fought, in the interests of the human race, for human rights, and against oppression and oppressors of all kinds. It draws, too, a strict line between rebels and loyal men, too, the last captures made by the rebels Jackson at Harper's Ferry, the Bienville journals exultingly announce two thousand negroes. These poor creatures are plainly counted among the spoils of war; they will like brothers of their brethren, be sold for the benefit of the captors; Jefferson Davis and the King of Dadooy act alike in this matter. But when we capture negroes they are free, and the President publicly recognises and maintains the freedom of such persons. The laws of liberty in Europe will understand the difference.

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Just Received!—J. H. ENGEL has just returned from Philadelphia with a

SPLENDID STOCK.—OF Spring & Summer Goods.

Ladies' Wear.—Cloth, Cambric, Veiling, Italian Cloth, Linen Coating, Linen Cheek and Cottonade.

Ladies' Wear.—A good assortment of Hats and Caps.

For Men's Wear.—A large assortment of Boots and Shoes.

A full stock of Groceries, Molasses and Sugar.

Hardware and Building Material.

A full stock of Queen and Glassware.

A full stock of Flax, Salt, Oils and White Lead.

A large stock of New Wall Paper.

And thousands of articles not enumerated.

All the above will be sold cheap for Cash or Credit.

Country Produce.

J. H. ENGEL.

Sunday, May 17, 1862.

ELEGANT CARDS DE VISITE.—N. B.—THE TIME IS TO FILL YOUR ALBUMS.

IN consequence of the scarcity of change, I will sell my elegant ENOGRAPHRIC CARD DE VISITE PORTRAITS.

SIXTEEN FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Sold by mail Postage paid.

These cards are best published and are permanent.

They divide all the principal Generals of the Army, President, Cabinet, &c. Also two of the greatest villains under JEFF and RABIGARD.

Catalogues sent on application.

Sample copies sent on receipt of Ten Cents.

JOHN DAINTY,

728 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

September 6, 1862.

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE.

Market Square, Sunbury, Pa.

JOHN GOOD.

Sold by Druggists every where.

And by Filling & Grant, and H. A. Fisher, in Sunbury.

D. R. McCAY, Northumberland.

P. E. Cady, and C. Bacon, Milton.

J. Christian, Tunkhannock.

Hesch & Co., Mt. Carmel.

S. Borgerstone, Elysburg.

W. Mahony, Williamsport.

W. & M. Williams, Paxton.

And dealers Everywhere.

August 2, 1862.

Manufacturers of Stone Ware.

COWDEN & WILCOX,

HARRISBURG, PA.

THE Stone Ware now made at this establishment is equal to any made in this country. Every article produced is requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them to the public to test before purchasing elsewhere.

Call and see my stock. No charges for showing.

JOHN GOOD.

Sunday, June 11, 1862.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Ayer's Pills, and Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

And sold by Druggists every where.

And by Filling & Grant, and H. A. Fisher, in Sunbury.

D. R. McCAY, Northumberland.

P. E. Cady, and C. Bacon, Milton.

J. Christian, Tunkhannock.

Hesch & Co., Mt. Carmel.

S. Borgerstone, Elysburg.

W. Mahony, Williamsport.

And dealers Everywhere.

August 2, 1862.

ISAAC TITSWORTH, Adam's

Titworth, of Cedar Point, a few miles

from the place of the "Sunbury American."

GENERAL HOUSTON.—The Houston (Texas) *Telegraph*, of the 3d inst., says:—"The question whether Sam Houston is alive is dictating the press both of the United States and the Confederate States. We answer it, he is alive and comparatively well, residing his place on Cedar Point, a few miles

THE PRESS ON THE PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

OWEN'S PATENT IMPROVED BROOM.

THE subscriber having purchased the Right for Northumberland county, offers for sale 1NDIVIDUAL and TOWNSHIP RIGHTS. This Broom is an excellent and durable article and so easily constructed that a child can put it together. The entire cost of the Broom, material and all, will not exceed six cents.

The Right and machinery for the making, costs \$25, for an individual Right, and \$100 for the Towns-right Right, all held at the most reasonable rates. Apply at FISHER'S Drug Store, or to THOMAS McLOW, Sunbury, Pa.

July 23, 1862.—6m.

BRADY HOUSE.

Courts of State and Third Streets,

HARRISBURG, PA.

THIS house, in consequence of its convenience and near location to the Capitol, has made it a favorite place, not only for those doing business at the seat of Government, but for others

visiting Harrisburg.

March 29, 1862.

60,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED TO CRUSH THE REBELLION!

THE following notice of volunteers is issued by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.

WEAR THE BOOTS AND SHOES, more being made by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.

WEAR THE HAT, more being made by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.

WEAR THE COAT, more being made by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.

WEAR THE JACKETS, more being made by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.

WEAR THE GLOVES, more being made by the subscriber of the latest styles and best of material.