Senator Henderson, from Missouri, favors the gradual extinction of alavery, by consent of the several States.

Farfion, William H. Polk, of Tennosco a brother of ex-President Polk, and the opponent of Gov. Harris in the late election for Governor in that State, is now in Nashville, anxious to assist Hon, Andrew Johnson in re-establishing the national authority.

"The Secession sympathizers of the North, delight in making loud protestations denouncing the confinement of a few real and suspected traitors in Fort Warren. They have nothing to say, however, of such aunouncements in the Southern journals as the following from the Norfolk Day Book:

"No less than seventy seven citizens of Loudon county were sent to Richmond on Thursday last, and confined in prison on the charge of being disloyal to the South."

THE BRAVERY OF THE PENNSTLVA-MA TROOPS engaged in the late battle at Winchester is amply shown by the sad record of their fearful losses. A correspondent of the N. Y. Herald, in describing the battle says:

"The loss on our side was heaviest in the Eighty-fourth Pennsylvania Regiment, Of the five companies of three hundred men, in all engaged, they lost Col. Murray, as dashing and brave an officer as ever drew a sword; one captain, one licutenant, twenty-three privates and non-commissioned officers killed and sixty-three wounded,"

Geo. Malin, Ticket Agent of the Phila, & Eric Railroad at this place, has upward of one hundred quails, which he has been feeding during the winter, and intends to give them their Liberty the present week. This

IRON VESSULS,-The cost of the Monitor is and are worth much more when old enough crew equal in strength to only one-third or one-half of one of our frigates, and would therein effect a great saving in our naval ex-

A Secessionist, of rather an amiable turn of mind, accosted a Federal officer lately, and, in a jovial manner, interrogated him as the North Pole," replied Stars and Stripes. "and, when I left, there were two regiments there waiting for arms.

When the Federal army arrived at Nashville, a lady remarked, with much acerbity "There goes the Northern circus." "Yes," exclaimed an aristocratic mute-driver, "and our last performance was at Fort Don-

DEPARTURE OF HEENAN FOR ENGLAND. On Saturday, John C. Heenan, left in the City of Washington, for England, with his brother James. He is a much more formidable man in appearance, as well as in science, now, than he was when he went over to meet the redoubtable Tom Savers. Since then, Heenan has thickened and solidfied, while his astonishing quickness and activity have been preserved. His former antagonist, Sayers, has long been anxious to have him go over, and there will be a right merry meeting between them .- Wilkes' Spirit Times.

To CUBE DIPTHERIA .- A gentleman, who has administered the following remedy for diptherla, informs us that it has always proved effectual in affording speedy relief. Take a common tobacco pipe, place a live coal, and let the patient draw smoke into mouth and discharge it through the nostrils. The remedy is safe and simple, and should be tried whenever occasion may require, Many valuable lives may be saved, our informant confidently believes, by prompt treatment as above.

Rev. J. W. Hedges, on leaving this place for his new charge in Shrewsbury, York Co., this week, was the recipient of some partial extra tokens of approbation, chiefly if not . wholly through the instrumentality of those enrious Union-loving "politicians" who approved his negative vote on the Union rese lutions before the East Baltimore Conference! The semi-Secession organ in Lewisburg and in Sunbury will doubtless make much parade of this puffing game, (which has generally been known here for some months past : and we deem it proper to say, for the informay have been their respect for him otherwise-nine-tenths of the members of the Lewisburg Methodist Society disapproved that vote of their late preacher. They are true and outspoken Unionists, and should not be classed with the handful among them who are held to be otherwise,-Lewisburg

The New York Tribune, in an article commenting upon the great battle and victory near Winchester, Va., speaks as follows f the Pennsylvania troops, who decided the fortunes of that brilliant day:

"The Rebels renewed the ection on Sun ay morning, making an effort to turn the Union right by a heavy fire of artiflery and s feigned attack on our left. Their canon, superior in number, (23 to 24.) were adantageously posted; their infantry were vered by woods and a high stone wall .ae rebel right was driven back half a mile an infahtry charge, but gained a strong sition, whence, by the of their artillery, regained all they had lost. A heavy

onade and fusiliade was kept up by both 28 till 3 P. M., without heavey loss, th the armies were for the most part ree or four hundred yards apart, and es still nearer. At 3 the infantry of bel left debouched from the woods and d our right, intending to capture the there stationed. Their first charge succeeded, but was repelled by

f grape-shot. A second and still charge was more easily repulsed : General Tyler, commanding our ed an advance on the rebel batterront. Two charges were succes-Colonel Murray and twentyone hundred and nine out

> ded the fate of the bat- employed several buggies, stole a march upon obel right utterly

His Own Story of His Trials.

The following narrative is from Parson Brownlow's own lips, and lately dictated by him while lying slek at Nashville, Tenn. :-Our reign of terror has been as violent and elentless as ever was experienced in the civilized world.

I will not passe to speak of the several elections held to carry the State out, but injuries of the Secesh mob.

The stream of Secession fire commenced the East Tennessee Railroad as far back as twelve months ago, thousands of armed of Lincoln's proclamation appeared and before the assault upon Fort Sumter.

My house and office were singled out as

The infuriated Southern soldiers, of the lowest morals imaginable, were encouraged by the Secession citizens to pull down the flag over my residence and demolish my office. Upon the arrival of every new instalment, while awaiting transportation, they surrounded my house, howling like welves, swearing and cursing like troopers, and blackguarding its inmates without regard to

age or sex. I continued to fight them in every legitimste shape until October 25, 1861, when they seized upon my office, building, press type and engine, and used the edifice for repairing and preparing guns for their sol-diers. On the 6th of November the election for President and Vice President of the

The Union voters related to go to the they are to only knows.

polls and the result of which was that return God only knows.

W. G. Brownlow. any consequence, and their Congressmen were elected by some 700 votes from the largest districts. Out of 175,000 votes in the whole State, Davis and Stephens received about 25,000, and mighty few of these in East Tennessee—the Sheriffs and their deputies atterly refusing to open polls.

This exasperated soldiers and citizens of the Secesh party, and they determined to shows a proper appreciation of the pretty hang the leading Unionists. At the same time the Legislature passed a law ordering all Union men to give up their fire-arms of every description, under a penalty of fine stated at \$275,000, about half the cost of and imprisonment. This was followed in First-class sailing trigates like the Congress.—
Iron Vessels are safe against dry rot and the usual sources of decay in wooden vessels.

Congress.—
East Tennessee by the burning of bridges by Union men. Then came the tug of war.

On this condition of affairs at the carnest On this condition of affairs at the carnest solicitation of my family and friends, I retreated into the "Smoky Mountains" with to break up. Their repairs are very light, retreated into the "Smoky Mountains" with and they may be efficiently manned by a a company of ten or twelve Unionists, among pel, in his 77th year, who had served as an officer in two campaigns under General Jackson in the war of 1812, fighting not for United States of America. This venerable man of God had committed no other offence save that of declaring himself for the Fedeto how far the Union line extended. "To ral Government, under whose flag he had beyond the limits of civilization, we encamped for days and nights together, subsisting

> the houses of friends. Meaning up by day at cavalry were out in pursuit of us with shoot us down at sight and capture none of us as prisoners. We separated, and some of unable to find me, although I saw their cavalry pass my hiding-place in rapid succession at different times. Finally, failing to capture me, the Secretary of War, Benjamin the Jew, instructed Major General Crittenden to give me passports and and an escert out of the "Confederacy," into the United States lines, on the ground that I was a dangerous man to the South, and keeping on the Union sentiment of East Ten General Crittenden addressed me a note saying if I would report myself at his headuarters within twenty-four hours, he would grant me passports and escort. I did so promptly the next day, and it was agreed hat I should start the next morning, escorted by Captain Gillespie's company of cavalry, into Zollicoffer's lines. But that evening bout sunset, Confederate Attorney Ramsey and me arrested by the Marshal on a warrant for treason, founded on the editorials of my paper before the State secoded. I was refused a trial and security, though I offered to enter into a bond for \$100,000 for my apbearance. Consequently I was thrown into the Knoxville jail on the 6th of December, where I found one hundred and fifty Union nen, many of them the best citizens of East Cennessee, We had neither table, bench, chair, nor stool, and the provisions furnished were the offal of a miscrable old hotel, kept by the Confederate Marshal. While there, they would take out as many as two at a time and set them on their coffins, in a cart, and, surrounded by bayonets, carry them to the gallows and hang them, Secession ladies of Knoxville going out to witness the frolic In one instance, a man by the name of Haun was hung with only an hour's notice. He requested that a minister should come and pray for him. His request was denied with cursing and bitterness. The jails in the

the war. Their money and fire-arms were taken from them and confiscated in favor of the jailors. After a confinement of four weeks I was a room in my own residence and a double their threats. guard placed around me to prevent any intercourse between the Unionists and myself. There I lay eight weeks longer, badly salivated, and so low as to require assistance in getting in and out of bed. Finding myself at length able to travel, I requested Mr. Benjamin to carry out his promise. Accordingly on the 3d of March I started for Nashville by rail, with an armed guard of ten men, under the command of two Rebel officers of my selection. I will not pause to narrate all the incidents by the

other counties were many of them filled also,

and as they became crowded the prisoners

were sent off in gangs of thirty and forty at

a time to Tuscaloosa for confinement during

way, as I contemplate the publication of all the facts in a more permanent form. Upon my arrival at Shelbyville, fifty-five miles south of Nashville, I found the Rebel army in large numbers rapidly retreating and greatly alarmed. General Hardee, in com-mand of Shelbyville, refused to let me pass, and held me in confinement ten days, threatening to send me to Montgomery, Alabama, and imprison me there. The siderably, A constable knowing the circum-Unionists of the town and county were so stance, and wishing to turn a penny, had the numerous and enthusiastic in their demonnerous into prison as an escaped slave. strations at my quarters that Hardee said ront. Two charges were succestled with slaughter, but the third he would take him in hand. When shown the constable, "do you hold this man in uting the rebels who opposed it, the flag of trace and Benjamin's pass he g two guns and four caissons. excused himself by saying that he didn't wish me to inform General Buell of their amount of stores in Shelbyville. Finally, were killed and eighty-three the army all leaving, except Morgan's 500 cavalry, 200 of whom were Texan Rangers. who followed its standard who swore violently that they intended to kill me before I reached the Federal lines, I

> sutterly broken and them, and went off at rapid speed on the centre wavered and Knowlinsville turnpike instead of the usual apt to retrieve the road to Nashville.

PERSECUTION OF PARSON BROWN- officers and privates treated me with marked kindness and respect -so much so that I was overpowered and for a moment unable to For the first time in twelve months I felt that I was in "the land of the free and the home of the brave."

From first to last I have put myself under no obligations whatever to the bogus Confederacy. While in jail they offered to release me and guarantee my safety if I would take the oath of allegiance, but I indignantly refused telling them that they had no Government; that it was a big, brutal Southern will content myself by saving that it was nest; never had been recognized by any never fairly voted out, but forced out at the Government on earth and never would be, point of the bayonet, good men being un-willing to encounter the insults, threats, and I would disgrace myself by taking any such

In conclusion, I have not had time to speak pouring through the town of Knowville upon in detail of the destruction of Union property, the robbing of Union houses, the stealing Union horses and negroes, and of the troops going towards the Potomac before various and numerous other enormities Lincoln's proclamation appeared and before perpetrated by these vandals. Suffice it to say that if the Federal Government does My house and office were singled out as nothing more during this war, she owes it objects worthy of special assault and battery. to the loyal citizens of East Tennessee to redress their wrongs and to emancipate them from the clutches of their oppressors.

I have never doubted that the Government would crush out this rebellion, but have felt mortified and discouraged because the Federal troops have been so slow in reaching East Tennessee. Where they were wanted most they have come last. The Union sentiment of East Tennessee has never yet yielded a bair's breadth, and the approach of a Federal army would be hailed with as much enthusiasm and joy as the pious people of Palestine bailed the announcement that this day is born to you in the city of David

a Saviour, who is Christ the Lord." I have escaped from the Philistines, bringing my son with me, to avoid his being Rebel Government, and for members of the Rebel Congress took place.

If the Rebel Greek into the Rebel army. My wife and five little girls remain in bondage. When The Union voters refused to go to the they are to be released and I permitted to

MR. TRAIN'S LECTURE IN KENNING TON

On Monday evening Mr. Train gave a lecture at Horns Tavern, Kennington, England, his subject being "Recollections of Travel in America, Europe, Aria, Africa and Australia, At the conclusion, the chairman, in putting a motion for a vote of thanks to Mr. Train pronounced it the best lecture he had ever istened to. He called for three cheers for the lecturer, which were given with great enthusiasm. Before the audience separated Mr. Train was invited to deliver another lecture at the same place at some future period, but we did not understand that the invitation was then accepted.

We could not give a better epitone of the lecture than by quoting the following from the Morning Advertiser: Mr. Train, who whom was a venerable minister of the Gos- received a very hearty welcome, said he saw that he was announced to deliver a lecture but all he proposed to do was to give, in a conversational way, and just as they occurred he "Southern Confederacy" but for the to his memory, some of his reminiscences of travel in America, Europe, Africa, China and Australia. It had been said that there was no royal road to knowledge-lie, on the contrary, said that travel was the royal road fought and bled. In these mountains, far to knowledge-at least, that was his experience, as set against all that could be acquired

upon bear meat, wild turkeys, and such provisions as we were able to carry with us.

After a time we returned to the settlements scotland, North Wales, and other beautiful traveling by night and putting up by the settlements. districts of Great Britain, took a flying tour through France, and thence to Australia, cavalry were out in pursuit of us with just at the time of the gold discoveries. He double-barreled shot-guns, with orders to drew a graphic and starring picture of Victoria, at the time, and contrasted it with the state of the colony now. In fourteen months our number were captured. They were having made £19,000 at Melbourne, he resolved to carry out his long cherished scheme of travel, and started for China, of which he saw a great deal, and was much impressed with the sterling honesty of the Chinese people, who were not to be confounded with

'long shore" population. From China he visited the Dutch settle ments of Batavia, Java, &c., then proceeded to Borneo and Sarawak, where he visited Rajah Brooke, a man who had treated this ountry like a prince, and upheld its honor like a brave man without being treated well in return. Malacca, Penang and Hong Kong were next briefly touched upon. Japan described in glowing colors. Then at Calcutta just before the mutiny-Lord Dalhousie coming away, Lord Canning just arrived, and Gen. Havelock discoursing amicably

with Nana Sahib,
A run to Madras, and a hasty call at Ceylon brought the traveler back to Europe by way of Aden, Egypt, Palestine and the Crimea, at the time when five armies were around and within Sebastopol. Mr. Train possesses dramatic and mimetic powers of the very highest order; and his lecture, delivered with great fervor, carnestness and animation, was received with a running accompaniment of laughter and applause.

From Port Royal. NEW YORK, March, 30,-The steamer Em-

pire City from Port Royal, has strived.

The following is from the New South newspaper of the 22d inst:— General Sherman visited Jacksonville on the 19th inst., and was waited on by a committee of citizens, who represente the feeling of all in the town as strongly for the Union. Many of the inhabitants had left Jacksonville with the Rebels, who threatened to return and hang all that remained.

Bands of Rebel Regulators of guerillas were pillaging and destroying all the proof suspected Unionists, under orders from the Rebel General Trapier. At Jack sonville, the night before our troops arrived these Regulators burned a large foundry. several saw-mills, five million feet of lumber, a large hotel and dry goods warehouse, suptaken down with typhoid fever. Upon the posed to belong to Unionists, and threatened physician certifying to the commander that to burn the entire town, but the gun-boats my condition was critical, I was removed to making their appearance, they postponed

The sentiment of Eastern Florida is declared to be loyal, and many are willing to take up arms to defend themselves against Rebel tyranny, and on one occassion, when the Regulators were reported as coming, the women even seized arms to protect them-

The national troops are treated to every hospitality the town affords, and the people state that they will go with the gun-boats if they leave; but measures have been taken to fully protect them.

After General Schenck's arrival at Cumber land, one of the first dicisions, says a correspondent of an Ohio paper, was very characteristic. A Secesh colonel had sold his negro to the Confederate Government, taking pay, of course, in scrip. The negro, employed in fortifications, managed to escape to Cumberland, were he spread himself con-General Scenck, hearing the facts, sent for

prison 1 "As a fugitive from service." "Don't you know that he escaped from service of the rebels ?" "Yes; but we have a law in Maryland that covers the case, General. "And I have a law upon which it can be decided. Col. Porter, set that negro at large, and put the constable in his place."

The astonished snapper-up of trifles was marched off to the cell lately occupied by pt to retrieve the stell right atterly hich was pushed refusing to fire re PROM REV WEST.

NEW YORK, March 80.

Island No. 10 was renewed vigorously by Commodore Foote's fleet yesterday, and the replies of the Rebels seem to indicate that they have received and put in position new guns of longer range than those they hitherto used, during the temporary cessation of

active hostilities. Sr. Louis, March 30 .- The army correspondent of the Republican, writing under date of Cairo, March 29th, says that the firing, on Friday, at Island number 10 was quite heavy, the Rebels opened from a new battery, mounted, it is supposed, with 128-pounders. The enemy could be seen THE CAMBEN AND AMBOY AND PHILADEL. cutting away the trees, and rapidly pushing forward other means of defence

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PERSONS WANTING A

CHANGE of CLIMATE FOR HEALTH. SEE ADVERTISIMENT OF VINELAND FARMS-J. WEICHSELBAUM.

OPTICIAN & OCULIST, From Philadelphia, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Sunbary and vicinity, that he has opened a room at the Washington House, where he offers for sale SPECTACLES OF EVERY VARIETY. SIZE AND QUALITY!!

A new invention of Spectacles, for distant or close reading, with gold, silver, steel, and tortoise-shell frames, and a new and approved assortment of perifocal and parallela ground flist Glasses of his own manufacture. He would particularly call the attention of the public to his Speciacles for NEAR SIGHTED PERSONS,

and for persons who have been operated upon for the cataract of the eye, and to his new kind of Glasses and Conservers of the sight, made of the best flint and azure Glasses. Good Glasses may be known by their shape, exact centre, sharp and highly polished surface. The qualities are to be found in a high degree in his classes. HIGHLY IMPORTANT !- The very best Brazilian

HIGHLY IMPORTANT! Into very heat Pracilian Pebble, so university proved to be far superior to any other abos. Also Microscopes, Spy and Quizzing Glasses of every size and quality. Telescopes, Magnifying and Opera Glasses, with different powers, together with every variety of articles in the Optical line of mentional. not mentioned.

Lor Optical and other Instruments and Glasses carefully repaired at short potice. He can always

earcfully repaired at short regise. He can always select Glasses to suit the vision of the person, as he sees them, upon the first trial.

He will remain in this place Durana Armit Corar, and those in want of the above articles will please and those in want of the above articles will please give him a call. He will, if required, go to any respectable house where his services may be wanted. **The very best EYE WATER and the best Hunting Glasses above for call.

ng Glasses always for sale. Sunbury, March 29, 1862.

PINELE & LYON SEWING MACHINE CO. \$38 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

riptive Circulars, with Samples of Work will be sent Mail Free OUR "FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,"

H AVING attnined a well established and flattering reputation, as being of all machines yet intro-Sewaxe, and having met with a success in its sale beyond our greatest anticipation, so much so, that for three months our orders have been ahead of our capacity to supply, we would now amounce that we have increased our manufacturing facilities, so that from this time forth, we shall be enabled to supply

orders on demand.

In the changes brought about by the war, no one In the changes brought about by the war, no one thing has played a more important part than the "Sawisa Machine." Without it three-fourths of our soldiers would to-day be clothed in anything but "Military Costume." All over the land army clothing has been the work required of our pariotic women, and nobly have they responded. Not content to make only so many garments se their hands could accomplish, they have called the "Sewing Machine" to their aid, and by it have rolled out the soldiers' Coars. Payrs and Shurts, at a rate assembling to themselves. Knowing that this work could not long themselves. Knowing that this work could not long continue, many thoughtful, prudent housewives, were careful to select the machine of all others, which would do the heavy army work, and when done with that, then to be used as their Fability Machine, and

FINELE & LYON SEWING MACRINE COMPANY'S PARILY MACHINES." with which you may sew from the finest cambric to the heaviest cloth, without change of feed, needle, or

tension—they have not been disappointed.

Thus having developed the adaptability of our machine for all kinds of work, we have made snother our "No. 3 Medica State which we confidently claim "Tailouise Machine," which we confidently claim to be the "BEST TAILORING MACHINE" yet to be the "BEST TAILORING MACHINE" yet to be the "BEST TAILORING MACHINE" yet introduced, sewing the coarsest linen thread with as much case as the common coston—and when required may be used to do the very finest cambric work, with 150 or 200 cotton—thus combining in one compact form, every quality required in either a FAMILY OR MANUFACTURING MACHINE.

We have had our Machines before the public long enough to establish their reputation. Dezens of others who started with flying eators—have fallen by

chough to establish their reputation. Dezens of others who started with flying colors "have fallen by the wayside;" and "soon the places that knew them will know them no more." Step by step has the Finkle & Lyon Machine wom its way to public favor; its success is established, and henceforth our aim shall be, as it has in the past been, to still further improve, simplify and reduce the cost of our machines. We shall, in a few days, issue a new price left. For further norticulars address. t. For further particulars address.
FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE CO.,

No. 528 Broadway, New York, March 29, 1862.

Estate of Robert C. Campbell,

Deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that the widow of said deceased has made her selection of personal property, under the Acts of 1851 and 1859, and has filed a schedule of the same in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans Court of Northumberland county, which will be presented for approval on Wednesday, the

9th day of April, 1862. AMOS VASTINE, Administrator. March 15, 1862 .- 4t WALL PAPER!

UST received from New York a large assortment of WALL PAPER, consisting of ONE RUNDHER AND SIXTY-THERE DIFFERENT STYLEL AND PATTERES, varying in price from 6 ceuts upwards, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, at the chap store of J. H. ENGEL.

cheap store of Sunbury, March 22, 1862. Pianos Tuned.

THE subscriber offers his services to the cilizens of Sunbury and vicinity, in Tuning Planes.—
Orders left at the Central Hotel, will be attended to. Sanbury, Jan. 18, 1862.—if O. KIMBALL.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been grauted to the undersigned, on the estate of Pediatinh Whitaker, late of Zerbe township, Northemberiand county, Ps., deceased. All persons indebted are requested to make temmediate payment, and these having claims against said estate to present them for settlement. LORINDA LOW.

Zerbe twp., March 15, 1862. Executrix.

Estate of Christian S. Brown, De-

NOTICE is hereby given that the widow of said deceased has made her selection of personal property, under the sains of 1851 and 1859, and has fited a schedule of the same in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, which will be presented for approval on Wednesday, the Sth day of April, 1862. MATILDA BROWN, March 18, 1882. ceased.

SHERRUPPS SALES.

BY virtue of sundry write of Al Ven Expones. Plurious Ven Expones and Leveri Facias,

The United States gun-boat Huntaville arrived from Key West this evening, with dates to the 25th inst.

The remainder of Commodore Porter's mortar fleet had all left Key West, together with some of our gun-boats. New Orleans was supposed to be their destination.

A French man-of-war from Vern Cruz at Huavana, had twenty-seven cases of yellow fever on board.

The health of the troops at Key West was good.

The small-pox had broken out in a New Hampshire regiment at Tortugas.

Two of the crew captured on board the steamer Magnolia report great preparations at New Orleans to resist the expected attack. Several gunboats were building and martial law would soon be proclaimed.

There is no truth in the reported capture.

There is no truth in the reported capture of Mr. Yancey. He engaged passage in the schooner Mallory, which was captured, but changed his mind and was to sail in the schooner Break O'Day.

BOMBARDMENT OF ISLAND NOT. 10.

CAIRO, March 29.—The bombardment of Llord No. 10 was recoved by increased by increasing the property of Etias Exceptant, indexendent and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Etias Exceptant, indexes of Jacob Weimer.

No. 3. Also, at the same time and place, two certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate in the town of Trever certain lots of ground, situate Griffith and William Griffith

No. 4. Also, at the same time and place, a certain lot of ground, situate in the town of Shamokin, in the county of Northumberland, and State of Ponnsylvania, together with all the privileges and appur-tenances to the same belonging, and described as follows, in the plan of said town, lot No. 5, in block No. 85, together with the hereditaments and appur-tenances. Seized, taken in excention, and to be sold as the property of Daniel Dooley.

Sheriff's Office.

Sheriff's Office.

Sheriff's Office, Sanbury, March 22d, 1862.

Arrangements 1862,

PHIA AND TRENTON R. R. CO.'S LINES. From Philadelphia to New York and Way Places, from Walnut street Wharf and Kensington Depot, will leave as follows, viz: At 6 A. M., via Camden and Amboy, (C. and \$2 25 A. Accommodation,)
At 6 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, N. J., Accommodation, At 92 A. M., via Kensington and Jersey City, (Morning Mail.) At 121 P. M., via Camdon and Amboy, (Aceommodation,) At 2 P. M., via Camden and Amboy, (C. and A. Express.) At 4 P. M., via Camden and Jersey City, At 4 P. M., via Connect Section (Evening Express)
At 4 P. M., via Camden and Jersey City,
(Second Class Ticket.)
At 6 P. M., via Kensington and Jersey City,

At 9 P. M., via Kensington and Jersey City,
(Evening Mail.)
At 12 P. M., via Kensington and Jersey City,
(Southern Mail.)
At 5 P. M., via Camden and Amboy, (Accommodation, Freight and Passenger, First Class Ticket,
Second Class Ticket,
1 50

Second Cless Ticket.

The 62 P. M. Line runs daily, (Sundays excepted.)
The 12 P. M. Southern Muit, runs daily.
For Water Gap. Strondsburg. Scranton, Wilkesburre, Montrose, Great Bend, &c. at 7-10 A. M., from Kensington, via Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Hallroad.
For Mauch Chauk. Allentown, Bethlehem, Belvidere, Easton, Lambertville, Flemington, &c., at 7-10 A. M., from Kensington Depot, and at 24 P. M., from Walhut street Wharf.
(The 7-10 A. M. Line connects with Trains leaving.

om Walnut street Wharf.
(The 7-10 A. M. Line connects with Trains leaving laston for Mauch Chunk, at 3-35 P. M.)
For Mount Holly, at 6 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.
For Freehold, at 6 A. M. and 2 P. M. WAY LINES.

WAY LINES.
For Bristol, Tremiss. &c., at 7-10 and 9\frac{1}{2} A. M. and
6-30 and 12 P. M. from Wensington, and at 2\frac{1}{2}
P. M. from Walnut Street Wharf.
For Bristol and intermediate Stations, at 11\frac{1}{2} A.M., from Kensington Depot.
For Palmyra, Riverton, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington, Florence, Bordentown, &c., at 122, 1, 4, 5 and 5? P. M.

Steambost Trenton, for Bordentown and intermediste Stations, at 24 P. M., from Walnut et. Wharf.

De For New York, and Way Lines leaving Kensington Depot, take the Cars on Fifth street, above Walnut, half an hour before departure. The Cars

Walnut, half an hour before departure. The Cars run into the Depot, and on the urrival of each Train, run from the Depot.

Fifty Pounds of Raggage only, allowed each passenger. Passengers are prohibited from taking anything as baggage but their wearing apparel. All baggage over fifty pounds to be paid for extra. The Company limit their responsibility for baggages to One Dollar per pound, and will not be liable for any amount beyond \$100, except by special contract.

WM. H. GATZMER, Agent.

March 29, 1862.

A Large Assortment of EVANS & WATSON'S of the whole system, and effectually counteracting Mercurial and other poisonous indusaces. SALAMANDER SAFES.

GREAT FIRE AT READING, PA. February 12, 1862. inform you that in the severe fire which, on the morning of the 4th inst., entirely destroyed all my stock and materials. I had one of your Salamander Fire Proof Safes. After enduring an intense red heat for seven hours, the Safe was opened, and the Books and Papers were preserved in an umblemished condition. I shall need another Safe as soon as I get Yours, most respectfully, W. P. DICKINSON, Reading, Pa.

FIRE AT GREEN CASTLE.

CHAMBERSURO, Franklin county, Pa., }
August 31st, 1861.
Messrs. Evans & Warson, Philadelphis—Gentlemen: On the morning of the 22d of August, 1861, our Storchouse at Greencastle was destroyed by fire. The Saintmander only we purchased from you some few years since was in the above monthhed sore-house, and contained all our books, papers, cash, &c., which were preserved in a perfect condition, after being exposed to a most intense beat for several hours. Please inform us upon what terms you will sell as excepted to receive the condition.

Trease inform as upon what terms you will sell a mother larger Safe.
Yours truly.
Salamander Saies, for Banks, Stores, Private Families, &c., &c. Also, Evans & Watson's Patent Alphabetical Bank Locks and Bank Vault Doors, squal to any made in the country, and sold on as good terms. E. & W. would respectfully refer to he following Banks and other parties, having their Safes and Locks now in use, to their entire satisfac-tion, and many others given at their Store. USITED STATES MIST. Branch Bank, Shelbyville, Philadelphia. Tennessee.

INTER STATES ARSENAL, City Bank of Philadelphia. California. Consolidation B k of Phila. Pottstown Bank, Pa. Com th Bank of Phila. Contestible Bank, Pa.
Contestible Bank, Pa.
Strondsburg Bank, Pa.
Pre'm Lean Ase'on, 4th st.
Jersey Shore Bank, Pa.
Bank of Northunberland
Lock Haven Bank, Pa.
Bank of Northunberland Lock Haven Bank, Pa.
Union Bank, Battimore. Philadelphia
Southwestern Bank of Va.
Paul and Swirt, Bankers,
Fulton Bank, Atlanta, Ga.
Newark Bank, Del.
Bank of N. C., Raleigh, Lewisburg Bank, Pa.
Other references given upon calling at our Store,
No. 16 S. Fourth Street, Philadelphia.
March 29, 1862.—17

HERR'S HOTEL,

Harrisburg, Pa.

THE management of this well-known Hotel hav-ing been resumed by Messis, COYLE & HERR, the present proprietors, beg leave to inform the public that the house is now being thoroughly renovated, refitted, and improved, with a view to the proper and comfortable accommodation of those who may favor the establishment with their custom. Guests will receive due attention and courtesy, and no expense will be spared that may conduce to maintain the hotel in a first-class style.

Families and others desiring to sejourn in Harrisburg during the summer months, will find pleasant boarding and large and well-ventilated rooms at our

establishment, upon moderate terms.
SCOTT COYLE.
March 29, 1862. J. GHLBERT HERR. H. B. MASSER. Attorney at Law. SUNBURY. PA-Collections attended to in the counties of Nor

aberland, Union, Snyder, Montour, Columbia and Lycoming. REFERENCES. Hon. John M. Reed, Philadelphia, Hon. John M. Acce., Philadelphia,
A. G. Oattell & Co.,
Hon. Wib. A. Porter,
Morton McMichael, Esq.,
M. E. Ketcham & Co., 289 Pearl Street, New York.
John W. Ashmead, Attorney at Law,
Matthews & Cox, Attorneys at Law,
Sunbury, March 29, 1862.

MATTHEWS & COX, Attorneys at Law. No. 160 Cor. Pulton Aud Broadway, NEW YORK. Will carefully attend to Collections and all other matters intrusted

Franklin House. REBUILT AND REFURNISHED. Cor. Howard and Franklin Street, a few Squares West of the Northern Central Railroad Depot, BALTIMORE. TERMS, SI PER DAY.

G LEISENRING, Proprietor

July 15, 1889.—4

THE LATEST STYLE OF SPRING AND SUMMER GARMENTS.

ARE CONSTANTLY MADE AT THE Fashionable Tailoring Establishment

JACOBO. BECK. Market Street, Sunbury, Pa. THE subscriber has just received and opened a large assertment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, such as

CLOTHS.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND QUALITY. Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. of the latest styles. In addition to his stock he is constantly receiving new supplies from the city, keeping a full assortment of the most substantial and latest styles of Goods in the city markets.

He is prepared to make to order all kinds of Geutlemen's and Boy's wear, such as DRESS COATS, FROUK COATS, BUSINESS COATS VESTS PANTALOONS, &c., &c.,

of the very latest style, and in the most substantial manner, at short notice.

Any Goods not on hand, will be furnished from Philadelphia, by giving two days' notice.

Lar Call and examine my stock. No charges made for showing.

JACOB O. BECK.

Sunbary, March 29, 1862.

Wall Paper-1000 Pieces, WALL PAPER OF EVERY DESIRABLE STYLES AND PATTERNS. UST received direct from the Manufacturer, at the MAMMOTH STORE of

Sunbury, March 15, 1862.

NEW GOODS

FRILING & GRANT,

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.

2 25 MAMMOTH STORE

HAVE just received and opened a new and cheap

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

DRY GOODS, Groceries, &c., &c.,

Which they will sell CHEAP for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE. We respectfully invite the attention of the public in general to our large stock Owing to our LARGE and COMMODIOUS ROOM our facilities for doing business are very largely incressed, and with the arrangements we have made for getting goods every few weeks, from NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA, we feel confidence of their

ALL KINDS OF GOODS CHEAPER than can be purchased elsewhere

WE KEEP EVERYTHING

Sunbury, March 15, 1887.

RHEUMATICS! DR. LELAND'S

ANTI-RHEUMATIC BAND PERMANENTLY CURES

RHEUMATISM IN ALL ITS VARIOUS FORMS.

Acute or Inflammatory ; Chronic. Lumbago, Sciatica, Pleurodyne, &c. Stiffness of the Joints and Cramps-Gouts, Neural-Rheum and Serofulous Eruptions of the body— Neutralizes the Impurities of the Blood and Floids

It is a convenient arrange BELT, containing a Medicated Compound, to be worn around the body about the waist EQUALLY EFFECTING ALL PARTS, whotever the disease may be. It can be worn writtent injury to the most delicate person and no change in the proper habits of flying is red quired it entirely removes the disease from it system, with the follocome use in such carses, powerful internal medicines, which websets in destroy the constitution and give temporary refer only by stupitying the system, and dendening its vitality. By this treatment, the medicinel perfects continued in the Band, being of a bight atomatic and volatile nature and capable of being readily absorbed, through the percent five all contents and volatile nature and capable of being readily absorbed, through the Band and general creations, without first having to pess sincery the stormach, which would tend not easy to define the from their carative powers, but to impair their terms of season of defining the digestion also.—This ternal organs an derings the digestion als avoiding the injurious effects, soutten the b fluids and restoring the circula and of fluids and restoring the parts affected than

ing the primary cause of a large part of the ness, Neutralije Pains and Rheumatics, so lent—and will entirely relieve the system of permicious effects. are constantly receiving undensited testin outsite to which we havite inspection at our office—their efficacy in aggravated cases of long smaling PRICE TWO DALLARS. May be had of Drug-gists, or will be sent by mind upon receipt of \$2, or by express every where, with all necessary instruc-tions from the principal office of

G. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors. 491 BROADWAY, near Broom street, New YORK. Treatise, with Certified Testimonials, cent

ADAPTED TO SOLDIERS. Agents-Sunbury, Friling & Grant,
"George Bright,
"Northumberland, R. B. McCoy.
March 15, 1862.—1y

Kollock's Dandelion Cotlee, PHIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Boblity Dyspepsia, and all Billious Disorders. Thousand who have been compelled to abandon the use of

coffee, will use this without injurious effects. can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 conts.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN, The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for nuking light sweet and nutritions Bread and Cakes Price 15 cents.

M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist, Corner of Bread and Chesnut Streets, PHILADELPHIA. And sold by all Druggists and Grocore. March 1, 1862.

International Hotel, 65 and 367 Broadway, Corner Franklin Stre NEW YORK.

THIS first class House—the most quiet, homelik and pleasant Hotel in the city—offers superior A and pleasant Hotel in the city—effects superior inducements to those visiting New York for business or pleasure. It is central in its location, and kept on the EUROPEAN PLAN, in connection with TAYLOR'S SALON, where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern conveniences attached.

March 2015/82 March 29, 1862.

Millinery, Straw Goods, &c. WE have the pleasure of informing you that we are now prepared to offer, at ear Old Stand, Nos. 103, 105 and 107, North Second Street, above Arch, Philadelphia, a well selected stock of MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS,

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS, in every variety, of the Latest Importations, and of the newest and most fashionable styles.

OUR STRAW DEPARTMENT will comprise every variety of BONNETS, HATS and TRIMMINGS, to be found in that line, of the latest and most approved shapes and styles.

Boliciting an early call, I remain
Yours, Respectfully,
March 26, 1862 47

GROVER & BAKER'S Pirst Premium SEWING MACHINES

FOR PAMILT USE AND Manufacturing Purpose With Hemmers, Fellers, Tuckers, Conders, Bunders, &c.

PRICES FROM \$40 UPWARDS

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, Make the Lock or Shuttle Strich Machines of the same patterns, and at the same prices of hair celebrat BLE LOCK STITCH MACHINES. This is the only Company that tookes both kinds, there are the only one that can supply all the wants of the pub-

一面 图 图 图 ②

13 Parchasers can take their chaics of either States with the privilege of exchanging for the other.

A new style of Shottle Machine runs fost and quiet, for
Vest Makers Tailors, Since Binders, &c. At the Low Price of \$40.

THE BUY THE BEST AT

GROVER & HAKER'S, S. M. CA.

TO H. B. Massen, Sunbury, Pa., Agent for the Becember 21, 1961-19

BLANK (Parchment Paper.) Deeds and blank Mortgages, Bonds, Executions, Summons, &c., for sale at the office of the "Soubury American."

Ingrained Carpets. ANUFACTURED and for sale by M. Peirer & Co.: Ledward and McDowell's finishing. North East corner Second and Rage streets, Philadelphia.

GOODS GUARANTEED. October 27, 1800.

PHILADELPHIA & READING R. R. CO. PASSENGER TRAINS FOR POTTSVILLE, READ-ING AND HARRISBURG.

MORNING, LINE DARLY, (Sundays Excepted.)
CALLOWHILL STREETS, PHILADFLAHIA (Prescipes entrances in Thirteenth and on Callowant streets.)
at 200 A. M., commenting it thirribotic with the Pennylvania Radroad 4.45 P. M. train rouning to Pinnburg; the Countervand Valley 1,30 P. M., train rouning to Chamberra, Carlinde, 28.4, and the Sentheric Cautal Radroad 1,20 P. M., train rouning to Senthery, Ac.

AFTERNOON LINES
Leave New Depot. CORNER OF BROAD AED CALLOWAILL STREETS, PHILADELPHIA, (Passenger entrances on Thirteenth and Callowalth streets.) LOWAILG STREETS, PHILADELPHIA, (Passenger entrainers on Thirteenth and Callowhin streets.)

For POTTSVIIALS and HARRISBURG, at 3,15 P. M.,
DAILY, connecting at Harnisharg with the Northern Control Radicad for Scalary, Williamsport, Elasita &c.
Express train from New York via Eastion, makes closs connection with Realing Mail and Accommodation trains, connecting at Harrisburg with the Pennsylvania Central 2,15 A. M., from running West.

For READING, only at 4.39 A. M., (Sudays arcented.)

DISTANCES VIA PHILAPPLIPHIA AND READING BAILBOYS To Phasmxville, Philadelphia and Reeding and Lebanon Valley R. R. Rending, Harrishnirg, abury, Lewisburg.

Jersey Shore, Lock Haven, Ruleton, Williamen ort and Einstea Restroad. The S A M and 3.15 P M, trains CONNECT DAILY AT FORT CLANTON, (Sundays excepted,) with the GATTAWISSA, WILLIAMSFORT, AND ERIE RATTAWISSA. NIAGARA PALLS, CANADA, ... WEST, AND

Sunbury and Erie R. R.

DEPOT IN PHILADELPHIA. Corner of BROAD AND CALLOWHILL Streets, W. H. McILHENNEY, Secretary, February 22, 1802.

NATRONA COAL OIL! Warranted Non-Explosive, and equal to any KEROSENE.

**New pay explosive Oil, when a few cents more parallel with a perfect Oil?

**Manuscript by

PA. SALF MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

No. 127 Walnut Street, Philadelphia February 15, 1992.—19 SAPONIFIER! SAPONIFIER!! THE FAMILY SOAP MAKER

All Kitchen Grense can be made into good. Soap, uniag Directions Accompanying Each Box ! SOAP is no carry made with it, as making a cup of ox for, Manufactured only by the Patenties, PA. SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

No. 127 Walnut Street, Philadelphia Pebranty 15, 1862 -- 1y SUMMONS IN PARTICION.

Ira T. Clement. william Masser, John Mas- Common Pleas In the Court of ser, Henry B. Masser, Pe- of Northamber-ter B. Masser, Joseph J. | land county. Athright, Jeremish Shindel April Term, and Elizabeth his wife, and 1862. Prancis Bucher and Mary

his wife. Northumberland County, ss. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of said county, GREETING:

IF Ira T. Clement, make you secure of presenting his claim, then, we command you that you summon, by good and lawful summoners, William Musser, John Musser, Henry B. Masser, Peter B. Masser, Joseph J. Albright, Jersmith Shindel and Elizabeth his wife, and Francis Eucher and Mary his wife, late of your county, so that they be and appear, before our Judges at Saubury at our Courty Court of Common Pleas, there to be held the first Menday of April next, to show wherefore-whereas, they the said Ira T. Clement and the aloresaid William Masser, John Master, Henry B. Masser, Peter B. Masser, Joseph J Albright, Jeremiah Shindel and Elizabeth his wife, and Francis Bu, cher and Mary his wife, together and undivided, do hold all that certain piece or tract of Land, situate in the township of Coal, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, contain ing twenty five acres, more or less, with the appurtenances; being a part of a larger tract of land surveyed upon a warrant granted to John Brady, bounded on the north by a treet of land surveyed in the name of Ludwig Gass, on the east by another divided part of the said tract surveyed in the name of John Bra-dy, now owned by Wm L Dewart, on the south by land surveyed in the name of Samne! Clark, and on the west by another part of the said John Brady tract, now owned by Wm Cameron and others ; upon a portion of the surface of which said twenty five scres of land, certain town lots and parts of town lots. adjoining the town of Shamekin, Northunberland county, and marked and designated in the addition to the General Plan of said town of Shamokin, have been laid out, numbered and designated as follows, viz: "Lots Nos. 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 301, 302, 303, 304 and 305 and parts of lots 164, 163, 162, 205, 206, 207 and 300;" the said plaintiff, Ira T Clement, owning one andiviled vighth part of the said land and the said defendants owning the other undivided seven eighth thereof, viz: the said William Masser the one undivided sighth ; John Musser, the one undivided eighth; Henry B. Musser, the one undivided eighth; Peter B Masser, the one undivided eighth; Joseph J Albright the one undivided eighth ; Jeremiah Shindel and Elizabeth his wife, in right of said Elizabeth, one undivided eighth; Francis Bucher and

done, do not permit unjustly and against the same laws and customs in such case made and provided, Ac. And have you then and there the names of those summoners and this writ. Witness the Honorable A. Jonnan, Presideat of the said Court, the 25th day of Pele

Mary his wife, in right of said Mary, the re-

maining one andivided eighth part thereof

they the said defendants, partition whereof

between them to be made, according to the

laws of this commonwealth in such case made

and provided, do gaineay, and the same to be

DANIEL BECKLEY, Proth'y I certify that the above is a true copy of the original writ, (and that all parties inter

ested will please take notice.
DAVID WALDRON, Eberiff Shariff's Office, Sanbury, 1

March 1st, 1862