those professing the same general political principles. Republican journalists do not besitute to assail, in language of vulgar vituperation, the President they were actively instrumental in electing. The slightest divergence in political views is visited with charges, little short of treason, against the providing for the exigencies of the times. bighest officers of the Government; and atteamen and generals share alike in the torrent of abuse and calumny which is poured upon their heads.

upon their heads.

An especial mark for the shafts of envy and who is charged at one time with gross favoritism, at another with downright corruptions, and incapacity for the discharge of the duties of his office.

Some of these charges are made in ignorpublic functionary, whilst others are the off-spring of sheer malice, resulting from disap pointed expectations. So far from having tude of the transactions of the War Departproved unequal to the discharge of his duties, Gen. Cameron, in the estimation of intelliwhich he has conducted the vast and compliring the present contest. When the portfolio ledged by all men. charge, its organization involved the conduct and management of an army scarcely exceedicg 20,000 men of regular troops, recruited and officered under laws and regulations long systematized and perfectly understood.

Since he came into office the army has swollen to more than half a million of men ! A new organization, with new rules and regulations for its government, has been success-fully adopted. Under this organization, subject to these rules and regulations, this vast body of men has been brought into the field, fed, clothed, armed, and reduced effective. with a machinery, designed in the beginning to provide for an army hardly equal in num bers to the present contingent of one of the amailer States

A commissariat and quartermaster's de partment was improvised, and rendered in stantly equal to the exigencies of the alarm. ing crisis, inaugurated almost at the moment he assumed the direction of our military af-

The capacity that organized and adminis. tured the War Department in such a manner as to enable it to provide, as it has done, for the pressing exigencies following each other in such rapid succession, during the last eight months, cannot be other than of the bighest order. When it is recollected that the North and West had been designedly stripped of arms, and of almost even means, both of of fence and defence, by the traitor Floyd and coadjutors, it becomes a subject of admiration with candid men, how the present Secretary was able too meet the almost awful emergency of our situation, which met him at the threshold of his office, with the promptitude

and success which have crowned his eff rts. Since the days of Louis XIV., and his great ministers of finance and war, Colbert and Louvois, the resources and energy displayed by Secretary Cameron, in creating, fuedicg, clothing, and equipping such a host as is now in arms to uphold the Union, have had no paraliel.

It is true that Secretary Chase bore a full share of the responsibility, and has been largely instrumental in developing the financial resources of the country, and providing for the emergency cast upon the nation by the treason of Jefferson Davis and his co con spirators. But, conceding to Mr. Chase all that is due to him for purity of purpose, integrity, and the transcendent ability with which he has administered the finances, it is to Simon Cameron and Gen. Scott that we owe it, that the Capitol was saved from the Confederated traitors, who had contrived its seizuro. It is to Gen. Cameron, also, it is due that we now have an army on foot able to hold tresson in check in every part of the country, and assail it in the very seat of its origin and power.

The chroniclers of the future, when they

come to speak of the treason of Cobb, Floyd, Thempson and Toombs, and the aid and comfort they received at the bands of James Buchanan, through either weakness or wickedness, or both, and the destitute condition of the North in troops, munitions and arms, if truthful, must over award to the Secretary of War the credit due to his great energy, great ability and uncommon devotion to the cause of the Union. But his detractors allege that his adminis-

tration of the Department was characterized by overwhelming extravagance, improvidences, favoritism, and, particularly in awarding contracts. None of these charges, involving criminality, have ever been established. On the contrary, wherever they have been specific, the charges have been traced to disappointed bidders for contracts, or to personal hostility, and have been wholly disproved. This has been the case in every But the charges of extravagance and im-

providence, failing those of fraud and favoritism, have been the more loudly insisted upon. Were we to admit those charges, it would bardly detract from the well earned character for ability and patriotism achieved by the

We have seen that when the administration of the War Department was committed to his hands, treason was already intrenched in force in advance, had removed the army and navy from the points where the conflict was begin, and had stripped the North and West of arms and munitions, whilst it had stored the forts and garrisons of the South with every kind of military stores and warlike materials. A scheme to seize the Capital had been likewise projected and organized.

To meet the preparations of the conspirators, the Federal Government was virtually without an army, navy or military stores. Scarcely eight hundred regular troops could be got together to save the city of Washington from a coup de main, on the part of the Confederate traitors. Everyting bad to be, as it were, created-for everything which could have ministered to the salvation of the Government had been removed. The treasury was almost as void of money, through the frauds of Cobb, Thompson and Floyd, as the public depots were of arms and munitions. The laws made for a country at peace were illy adapted to a state of war of such magnitude as the one which treason had been long providing for, and which it had now declared. or, at least, commenced. In addition to this, the machinery of the various Departments of the Government long accustomed to run in the same track, had become fixed and almost

It was under such circumstances that Gen Cameron was called on to organize, equip and place an army in the field ten times greater than had ever been called to arms before, There were no magazines or provisions: the great armories and depots from which temporary supplies might have been drawn were deceased, appeared in Court, on the return of the either in the immediate possession of the said inquisition, to take the premises therein snemy, or within his easy reach. Yet not-mentioned at the appraisement. You and every withstanding this unfavorable and dishearten-ing state of things, an army equal to the pear on the first day of next term at 10 o'clock. exigency was raised, armed, clothed and fed. and is now so well disciplined, and in a state valuation and appraisement thereof or show cause of such efficiency, as to promise a speedy why the same should not be sold.

ing, arming and transporting such a force could be made in a moment on terms as favorable and with the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting not on the first of the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting not on the first of the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such a force could be made in an advantage of the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such a force could be made in an advantage of the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such a force could be made in a moment on terms as favorable and with the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such a force could be made in a moment on terms as favorable and with the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such a force could be made in a moment on terms as favorable and with the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such as force could be made in a moment on terms as favorable and with the same providence and caution, as if it had been done in pursuance of a transporting such as favorable and transporting such as favorable Prom the Baltimore Daily Clipper.

INJUSTICE TO PUBLIC MEN.

Every observer of the characteristics of old system inadequate to the new state of the present unhappy contest must have been things, but was on the contrary a hindrance and a drawback in the performance of the ness with which public men are assailed, by vastly extended duties of the Deppartment. The Secretary, therefore, instead of moving onward in the beaten track, with agents trained to pace a given round, was compelled in the midet of a widely extended, growing

An especial mark for the shafts of envy and provident, or even corrupt? It is quite pos-detraction has been the Secretary of War, sible that there have been unfaithful and incompatent agents, and that the Government has been wronged by them. In like circumstances, was it ever otherwise, in this country or any other? No bonest or candid man will assert that it was. And every ance of the nature and extent of the doties intelligent man will wonder how so much was devolved by the war on this distinguished accomplished, with means so inadequate, and

ment and the results that have been achieved the friends of Gen. Cameron may point with gent and and honest men, has merited the bighest encomiums for the able manner in administration of the Department over which be has presided. His integrity is unsullied cated machinery of the War Department du' and his ability will be sooner or later acknow-

> THE AFFAIR OF THE NASHVILLE AND THE HARVEY BIRCH.

The affair of the Rebel steamer Nashville, and the ship Harvey Birch, of which we received some particulars per last steamer, created considerable sensation in England. The details of the affair are thus given by the Southampton correspondent of the London Times :-

About eight o'clock last Tuesday morning, (19th October.) when in latitude 49 deg. 6 min. North, longitude 9 deg. 52 min. West the Nashville fell in with the American ship Harvey Birch, Captain Nelson, bound from Havre to New York, in ballast, with the American flag flying. She ran alongside of her, and, as was stated to us, opened her all Samuel Linebach, Lewis ports and ordered the ship to heave to, the S2 Hunter Newberry, Sunbury flag to be hauled down, and the captain to

come on board immediately.

This was done, and Captain Nelson soon 35 Elias Fmerich, Lower Augusta returned to his ship with orders from the captain of the Nashville for all the crew to get their things ready as soon as possible, and go on board the Nashville, as they intended to destroy the Harvey Birch. They were allowed an hour or an bour and a half for this purpose, and got part of their things out. The men from the steamer took most of the provisions, with the ship's chronometer, barometer and some of the charts, permitting Captain Nelson to retain his own chronometer, but he has lost \$1200 or \$1400 worth of personal effects, books, charts, &c.

They then set fire to the ship fore and aft, apparently in the deck houses, and the vessel was soon in flames from stem to sterp. The three masts were seen to go over the side, and the bull was still burning when the steamer left her. The Harvey Birch was a fine full rigged ship, of 1.487 tons American measurement, and cost about \$125,000 in her construction.

She had a total of twenty-nine souls on board, including Mr. Blydenburg, (a son of her owner,) who was a passenger, Captain Nelson, two mates, two boatswains, cook, steward, carpenter, and twenty seamen. The men were put in irons on board the steamer, with the exception of the captain and mate, who were treated with great politeness, and kept as prisoners until the arrival of the vessel here this morning when they were immediately landed in the docks, and set at | 19 Thompson Derr, Upper Augusta to them. It is stated that before they were 21 Jonathan Yount, Milton degradation of falling into the hands of the put in irons the Confederate oath was 22 George Fasholt, Lower Augusta tendered to the men, which they refused to 23 William Hoff, Rush take, but Captain Nelson tells us that he is 24 Anthony Buttinger, Mount Carmel not aware of the fact although it may be 25 Isaac Philips, Jordan correct.

On leaving the Nashville, Captain Pegarm 27 Daniel D Hileman, Lower Augusta told Captain Nelson that he hoped they 28 Samuel Larch, Lewis would not part bad friends, for what had been | 29 Josiah Bird, Coal done was a simple act of retaliation on the 30 Paul Dewitt, Lower Angusta Northern States for invading their territories, | 31 Samuel Barrel, Lowe. Mahonoy burning their houses, ill treating their women, and stealing their negroes, and they were 33 Andrew Hauck, Lower Augusta bound to reteliate on the property of the 34 William C Kennedy, Coal North in every way they could.

A New Text .- Mr. Win, H. Richardson has invented a very beautiful and complete tent, which approaches nearer to farnishing the comforts and conveniences of a house then anything we have seen. It is made somewhat after the style of the Government test, (the Sibley), but has greater capacity and head room. Just overhead is a large canvas shelf, on which all the baggage may be conveniently arranged, entirely out of the way. On the pole is a very ingenious contrivance, which readily expands into a table of five feet diameter, although when closed it occupies about as many inches. Against the of the tent are shelves for books, inkstand, pitcher, &c. A curious contrivance on the top of the tent enables the occupant to change the air instantly at discretion. Ventilation is further increased by windows, which answer for look outs. A very neat and compact cot, which is adapted also for a table or shelf, furnishes a comfortable and convenient couch. The plan of heating is new and curious. The pole which supports the tent is a bollow tube, and answers admirably for a chimney to the small wood stove at its foot. its strongholds, had organized a large military The base of the tent is fifteen feet in diameter and it will accommodate from sixteen to twenty men, although it has been prepared expressly for officeers. It may be pitched or struck in five minutes, occupies less space than the Sibley and weighs about ninety-five pounds. It is water-proof and mildew proof, and would be a most acceptable present. The plan could be extended to provide large tents for sutlers' stores, churches, &c.

A REBEL GENERAL DEAD .- A letter from Port Royal announces the death of General Drayton, who had command of the rebel forces at Port Royal. It is said he was wounded in the fort, and died on the retreat. He was a man of great wealth and large military experience.

Kentucky has now thirty full regiments of loyal troops in the field, ready to fight, besides a good many fractions of regiments forming.

New Advertisements.

Rule on the Heirs of HENRY WEAVER, deceased.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, 88. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to heirs and legal representatives of Henry Weaver, late

of Rush township, in said county, deceased-GREETING: WHEREAS by an inquest duly awarded by the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, the real estate of the said Henry Weaver, was ap-

praised at and for the sum of And whereas, none of the heirs of the said A, M., and refuse or accept the said estate at the

victory to the Union cause.

Under such a state of things, who that is not either ignorant or unjust, could expect that the thousand contracts for feeding, cluth.

Witness the Hon. A. JORDAN, President of said Court, at Sunbury, this 18th November, A.

D. 1861.

J. H. M.S.-ER, Clerk O. C.

Soubury, Dr. 7, 1861.

Daniel S Kramer, Delaware Edward Poy, Turbut Peter George, Lewis Robert Campbell, Upper Augusta Henry P. Follmer, Turbut 6 William Brindle, Sunbury 7 Michael Ferstermacher, Lower Mahonoy Charles P Helfenstein, Coal Jacob T Hill, McEwensville Jonathan Klinger, Mt. Carmel William Keebach, Lower Mahonoy Freeman W Solser, Shamokin 13 John W Young, Milton 14 Henry Sharp, Mount Carmel 15 Jacob O Beck, Sunbury 16 Peter Harman, Lewis 17 Henry Hans, Upper Mahonoy 18 George Krick, Shamokin 19 Andrew A Heim, Zerbe 20 Jacob Hoffa, Turbut

25 John B Snyder, Milton 24 Robert McCormick, Turbut. TRAVERSE JURORS.

David Sterrick, Northumberland

22 Philip Hoff, Rush

1 Peter Keefer, Northumberland 2 Nathaniel Lytel, Sen., Lower Augusta 3 Emanuel Artman, Turbutville 4 Jacob Moury, Coal 5 Henry Gillinger, Shamokin 6 Bemjamin Stepp, Jackson 7 Cephes P Girtin, Turbut 8 Jacob Leisenring, Shamokin 9 George Whitmer, Lower Mahonoy 10 Oliver B Hoffman, Coal 11 William Startzel, Upper Augusta 12 John Snyder, Lower Augusta 13 Abraham Sarvis, Lower Augusta 14 George H Troutmen, Jordan 15 John B Snyder, Lower Augusta 16 George Shall, Mount Carmel 17 Samuel Bennage, Chillisquaque 18 Daniel Bloom, Lower Augusta 19 Charles Hoy, Milton 20 Henry B Latsha, Jackson

George Forrester, Upper Augusta 22 Henry J Gaskins, Northumberland 23 William Wilson, 24 William Cherrington, Coal 25 Casper Adam, Sen., Shamokin 26 Samuel McNinch, Chillisquaque 27 Silas Rumbach, Delaware 28 Tobias R Cauley, Milton 29 Jacob Leisenring, Northumberland 30 Samuel Wagner, Little Mahoney 33 John H Adams, Upper Mahonoy 36 William Clark, Rush

37 Daniel M Schwartz, Jordan 3s George Raker, Lower Augusta 39 Isaac Frederick, Chillisquaque 40 David N Lake, Coul 41 Solomon Falck, Upper Mahonoy 42 John W Bassler, Sunbury 43 Samuel Blain, Turbut 44 John Houtz, Milton 45 Farnsworth Reed, Shamokin 46 Robert C Campbell, Rush 47 Nathan Hans, Upper Mahoney

1 Charles Kramm, Milton

48 Andrew Lafferty, Lewis. PETIT JURORS.

2 John W Bucher, Sunbury 3 Andrew Overpeck, Turbut 4 John C Lytel, Lower Augusta 5 Henry Treon, Washington 6 Benjamin Gearhart, Rush 7 Joseph Hollopeter, Delaware 8 Isaac Drumbeller, Lower Augusta 9 William Gossler, Lower Augusta 10 Christopher C Ryan, Rush 11 John Runkel, Shamekin 2 David Eshbach, Lewis 13 Benjamin F Vastine, Rush 14 Alexander Guffy, Delaware 15 Charles Horn, Milton 16 William Muench, Shamokin 17 John Kiehl, Lower Mahonoy 18 Enoch D Raker, Little Mahonoy 26 Hiram Shearer, Turbut

32 John Buyers, Sunbury 35 Samuel Snyder, Sunbury 36 William G Robins, Point.

Register's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees, Creditors and other persons interested in the following estates, that the Executors, Administrators and Guardians of the same, have filed their accounts with the Register of Northumberland county and that they will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county on Tuesday the 7th of January next, in the forenoon of that day or confirmation, to wit :

1. Jones Alfred J., settled by his Guardian, John Haughawout. 2. Fox Frederick, deceased, settled by his Executors, Charles and William Fox.

3. Eckleman Francis, dec'd, settled by his Administrator, Wm Roshang.

4. Folimer Eve Barbara, dec'd, settled by her Administrator, John Porter, Esq.

5. Harwick Hannah, dec'd, settled by her

Administrator, Andrew Follmer. 6. Huas Elizabeth, settled by her Guardian, Wm. Deppin.
7. Elius Woodruff, dec'd, settled by his Executor, Jesse Weygel.

8. Snyder Jacob, dec'd settled by Jos. Snyder, one of the Administrators.
9. Smith John, et., (partial account,) settled by his Administrator, Daniel Smith. 10. Malick David, settled by his Guardian,

David Malick, 11. Masser Henry, dec'd, (partial account,) settled by H. B. Masser, one of the Executors. 12. Samuel Keyser, settled by his Administrator, Michael McGhee.

13. Silas S. Farrow, dec'd. (partial account) settled by his Executor, Amandus S. Miller. 14. William Cornell, dec'd, settled by his Executors, John Cornell and Abraham Shipman. J. B. MASSER, Reg'r, Sunbury, December 7, 1861.

PROCLAMATION. NOICE is hereby given that the several Courts of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Orphans' Court. Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for the county of Northumberland, to ommence at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday, the 6th day of JANUARY, next, and will continue

TWO WEEKS. The coroner, Justices of the Peace and constables in and for the county of Northumberland, are requested to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things to their several offices appertaining to be done. And all witnesses prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner are also requested and commanded to be then and there attending in their roper persons to prosecute against him, as shall -and not to depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at the time appointed sgreeable to their notices

Given under my hand at Sunbury, the 30th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord one thousand eigh hundred and sixty one and the Independence of the United States of America

God save the Commonwealth. DAVID WALDRON, Sheriff. coff's Office, Bunbury,) Nov. 20, 1881.

The Cheapest and Best Family and General Newspaper in the United States.

The New York WEEKLY TIMES is a large and exceptibility printed quarto sheet, of eight pages, or forty-eight columns,—devoted to Politics, Literature and General News, and intended to be the Beat on welfast the Chempest Family Newspaper to the United States.

The first aim of the TiMeS is, and will always be, to keep in readers theroughly and rediably possed up, as to everything which may impres, of general interest, in may part of the world. It comments tulls and freely upon all topics of importance in every department of public section, and always in the influence will be uniformly conservative, it advocates every measure of Just and beneficial Progress, and reaset the increase, extension, or perpetual-tom of Sinvery, as of everything clae mecompatible with the highest welfare of the whole community. While irreports promptly and accurately all intelligence of general interest in every department of human activity, it never panders to vicious tastes, and excludes from its dolumes everything that might reader it must for improper for general Family perusui. Assects to promote the general welfare by urging the claims of

Education, Morality and Religion upon the masses of the people; and in all its discussions, it endeavors emissantly is to guided and controlled by the splitt of moderation, patriotism and common sense.

In its Correspondence, both Foreign and Domestic, the Times is confessed to be superior to alsy other American Journal. Its Reports of Congressional and Legiclative proceedings, of Financial, Commercial and General Intelligence

General Intelligence of important Legal and Criminal Trials, and of whatever may have special interest for the great body of the o-m-taomity, are tail, prompt and reliable.

Especial attention is devoted to full, accurate and trust-worthy reports of the

Live Stock and Produce Markets, for which a special corps of Reporters is maintained A LITERARY DEPARTMENT will also be kept up, embineing Standard Nove a and Tales, and miscellaneous selections of the highest interest.

The Agricultural Department is compiled from a variety of goards, many of them maccessible to the American teacher, and furnishes valuable information to the Farmer and Gardener.

and Gardener.

The Weekly Times will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country on the following terms: 82 a year. 83 a year. 85 a year Single Copies Two Any person who will send us a club of TEN subscribers, at \$1 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself or may retain One Dollar as his compensation.

THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES, Is published Every day except Sammy, and is sent to sub-somers by mail at Six Dollars a year-moleding Sunday edition 87.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES. Published in Tuesdays and Fridays, and containing eigh pages of reading matter in every number, is sent to sub-scribers at the following rates:

nav receive an extra copy for houself, of retain Two Johns and a Hall as his compansation. Trams—Cosh invariably in advance.
All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & Co.,
Proprietors of the "New-York Times," New York City.
Nov. 30, 1851.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW VOLUME.

On the seventh of September, 1851, The New York WEEKLY TRIBUNE commenced the twenty-5 st year of its existence; The Daily Tribune being some months older and the Semi-Weekly Tribune somewhat younger. For more than twenty years, this journal has labored in what its conductive have fell to be the course of framanity, Justice and Freedom, endeaviewing to medicate the continuous of the oppressed and unfortunate, to honor and encourage metal exection in whatever sphere, and, to promote by all means the moral, intellectual and maerial advancement of our country. It has anned to be right rather than pepular, and to expose and gammend to day the tribulation of the round that others may not be writing to accept the tomorrow in pursuing this course, matakes have dopuless been made and faul's committed; but, having in all things inserted our readers to think and ladge for themselves rather than adopt bandly our owner or others' conductances, we drieve we may fairly claum for this journal the credit of his ving qualified its readers to detect and expose even its outle errors. To develop the initials of the young by the most general, thorough readers to detect and expose even its outle errors. To develop the initials of the young by the most general, thorough reproductive industry, through free grants of Public Lambs to actual settlers and cainvators, as also through the protection of immature or peculiarly expused branches from two powerful toreign competition, fire among the same to which this journal has adhered through good and evil report, and which it steadfastly commends to American patientism and philamhropy.

As to the Civil War now demension of our country, we hold it to have originated in a Rebellion more windon, wireked, inexessable, than was ever before known—a Rebellion in the interest of the few againstite transp—a Rebellion of the country with that of eve

usurpation, deception, terrorism and spolishers, fearfully strong, we believe the American Republic for stronger, and that the manimous, carnest efforts of loyal hearts and hands will insare the overtherew. But on all questions of feeting the objects, the scope, and duration of the most extraordinary contest we refer to those when the American people have chahed with astigarity, helding unity of purpose and of action in dispersions in a garder an emergency. In a crisis-like the present, our columns must be largely engreased with the current history of the War for the Union, nod with chardstrong of the new striking incidents. We shall not, however, remit that attention to Literature, to Foreign Affairs, the Agricultural Progress, to Comp. Markets, &c., &c., which has already, we trust, whose for The Tribune an homosphe position among its extemporaries. Our main object is and shall be to produce a comprehensive in wasaper, from which a careful reader tray glean a vivid and faithful history of the times, but merely in the domain of Action but in that of Opinion also. As our facilities for acquiring information increase with years, we trust the ini improvement in the contents of our journal is perceptible, and that, in the variety and failures of including a critic on the last." In this bope, we solicit a continuous of the generous measure of partning histories accorded to our journal.

TERMS

Daily Tribane (31) issues per annum) Semi-Weekly (104 " " " " Weekly (52 " " " Semi-Weekly (101 " " " 23 Weekly (52 " " 22 To Cluss—Semi Weekly : Two copies for \$5. Five \$11.25. Ten copies to one address for \$20, and any gen number at the latter rate. Per a club of Twenty, extrace py will be sent. For a club of Forty, we send the hands of subscription of the hands of the hands of subscription of the hands of the hands

When drafts can be precured it is much after than to re-ait Bank Bells. The name of the Post Office and State neulti in all cases be plainly written.

Payment always in advance. Address.

THE TRIBUNE, No. 104 Nassou Street,

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphana' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the tith day of December next, all that the undivided half of a limestone lot, situate in Jordan township, Northumberland county, bounded on the North by land of Moses Wert, on the West by lands of Elius Heckert and Simon Hepner, South by lands of Moses Wert, and East by lands of Samuel Shaffer and said minors, containing altogether twenty perches, on which is creeted a Lime Kiln. Also, an undivided interest in be furnished complete, without additional charge. another limestone lot, situate in same township, ounded on the East by lands of Samuel Bush, North by lands of Moses Wert, West by lands of Samuel Shaffer and lot above described, and South by lands of Moses Wert, containing ten erected a Lime Kiln-being the estate of minor rates :children of William Bohner.

Sale to commence at 16 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when the terms and conditions of sale will be made known by WILLIAM HOFFMAN, Guardian.

By order of the Court, B. MASSER, Clerk O. C., Sunbury, Nov. 23, 1861.

Widows' Election under the \$300 Law. NOTICE is hereby given that appraisements of real and personal property have been made to the widows, respectively, of the following named decedants, agreeably to the acts of Assembly, in such cases made and provided:

1. Gutschall John, dec'd. Knapp Michael, dec'd. 3. Cameron James, dec'd. 4. Everett James, dec'd.

5. Kline Isaac D, dec'd. And that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, for approval, on Tuesday, the 14th day of January next, unless exceptions be filed thereto before said day.

J. B. MASSER, Cl'k. O. C. Sunbury, December 7, 1861.

Estate of Wm. McCarty, deceased. November 23, 1861. NOTICE is hereby given that letters testa mentary, have been issued to the subscriber, on the estate of William McCarty late of the borough of Sanbury, Northumberland county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate or having claims on the same, will present them for settlement to the undersigned. RACHEL McCARTY, Administratria: Bunbury, December 7, 1861.

UNRIVALLED ASSORTMENT

WE SELL Ladies' Dress Goods, Cassimeres, Clothe, Sattinetts. Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hostery, Glures Hardware, Quennsware, Saddlery,

Ac., de., de.

GROCERIES

Fish, Salt and Plaster, Iron and Naile,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Glass, Tobacco, Segars, de, de, de,

At Prices that Defy Competition,

For Cash or Country Produce. We have selected these Goods with great care and feel assured that they are the

BEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF GOODS ever before effered to the public. Examine for yourselves. FRILING & GRANT.

Sunbury, November 23, 1861. BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE AND THE

BRITISH REVIEWS. GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBE.

PREMIUMS AND REDUCTIONS. L. SCOTT & CO., New York, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals:

The London Quarterly [Conservative.] The Edinburgh Review [Whig.]

The North British Review [Free Church.] The Westminster Review [Liberal.]

Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine [Tory.] The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the forthcoming year. They wil occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily lournal, and the penderous Tome of the future historian, written after the FANCY FURS !! FANCY FURS !! living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such, in addition to their well established literary, scientific,

and theological character, we urge them upon the con sideration of the reading public. The receipt of Advance Sheets from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, masmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the

TERMS. (Regular Prices)

For any one of the four Reviews, For any two of the lour Reviews, Eor any three of the four Reviewe, For Blackwood and one Review,

a full year of the Nos. for 1850, may be regarded

perches, altogether, more or less, on which is will be supplied at the following extremely low

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54 Gold street, New York.

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is besteby given that letters of individualistration having been granted to the subscriber on the scalate of Jacob Fry, iv., the of the horough of Sunhary, Northam berland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indeleted are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement, at the residence of the undersigned on Sciurday the 4th day of January, 1852.

CHARLES GARINGER, Adm't. Susbury, Nevember 9, 1:61 - 0:

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF Millinery Goods!

Misses B. & L. SHISSLER. Simpson's Building, Market Square, SUNBURY, Pa I nerv Goods just opened such as Lautes' Dress Goods Sike, and the intest New York and Philadelphin style BONNETS.

JACOBO. BECK. LADIES' DRESS CAPS. PURS, Ladies Gives, Husiery, Handkershiefs, Notions Flowers, and Millinery goods of every variety. MANTUAMAKING.—Dress: a mide in the best may THE subscriber has just received and opened a large assertment SPRING AND SUM-MER GOODS, such as

net and in any style.

We intend to sell-low, call and examine our stock.

If, & L. SHISTLER. Sunbury, October 12, 1861.

Estate of GEORGE MARTIN, Esc. decensed. NOTICE is berely given that letters of ad ministration having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of George Martin, Esq. late of the borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those baving claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement. Mrs. SARAH BLOOM, Adm'trix.

Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1861,- 6t New Millinery Goods.

Miss M. L. GUSSLER. Faun Street, two doors south of the Shamokin Valley & Pottsville Rail Road, SUNBURY, PENN'A. RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of SUNBURY and cicinity, that she has just received from Philadelphia a barge and selendid

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising of E CETTE E HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, TRIM-

assortment of the most inshiguable style of

MINGS &c. which she is selling at the most reasonable prices LADIES' DRESS CAPS To which she directs the attention of the ladies and invites all to call and see them. Thankful for past patronage, she hopes by keeping to best assurtment at reasonable prices

o continue the same. Sanbury, October 19, 1861.- 3m NEW YORK LINES. THE CAMDEN & AMBOY AND PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD CO.'S LINES. From Philadelphia to New York and Way

Places.
From Walmit Street Wharf and Kennington Depot. Philadelphia, will leave or follows, v.z. At 5 A M, via Camden and Amboy—C & A Accoun-At 6 A M, via Camden and Jersey City-New Jersey accommodation,
At 91 A M, via Camden and Jersey city—Morning
3 00 At 12½ P.M., via Kensington and Jersey city, Wes-tern Express. tern Express, 3.00
At 121 P.M. via Camden and Amboy, accommodation 2.23
At 2 P.M. via Camden and Amboy—C and A. Ex-

press.
At 6 P M, via Kenrington, and Jersey city, Evsing Express.
At 4 P M, via Kenrington and Jersey city, 2d
Class Ticket,
At 6 P M, via Camden & Jersey city—Evening Mail 3 to
At 11 P M, via Camden and Jersey city—South Rail 2 25
At 5 P M, via Camden and Jersey city—South Rail 2 25
Lion. (Freight and Passenger.) ist class ticket, 2 25
Lion. (Freight and Passenger.) The 6 P. M. Mail Line runs daily. The 11 Southern The 6 P. M. Mail Line runs daily. The 11 Southern Mail Satundays excepted.

For Belvidere, Faston, Flemington, &c., st 7 10 A. M., from Walnut street wharf and 24 P. M., from Sessimation, For Manch Chunk, Allemtows and Bethlehem, at 6, A. M. vin Lehtigh Valley Ruilroad.

For Water Gap, Strondshurg, Schulton, Wilhesbarre, Montrose, Grest Bend, &c., at 7 10 A. M., vin Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Rollroad.

For Freehold, at 6 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Mount Holly, at 6 A. M., and 2, P. M.

WAY LINES,

For Bristel Treature, &c., 27 10, and 51, A. M., 51.

WAY LINES,
For Bristel, Trenton, &c., at 7 10 and 2½ A. M., 5½
6 30 and 11 P. M. from Kensington and 2½ P. M. from Wannot a next Wharf.
For Paimyra, Riverton, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington,
Florence, Bordentown, &c., at 17½, 1, 5 and 5½ P. M.
Steamboat Trenton, for Bordentown, and intermediate
places, at 2½ P.M. from Wahnut street Wharf.

12 For New York, and Way Lines leaving Kensington, 12 pot, take the cans on Fifth street, show Walnut,
half an hart before departure. The cans run into the Depot, and on scrival of cach Train, run from the depot.

Fifty pounds of Bargange only, allowed each passenger,
Passengers are probabiled from taking anything as flagsace but their westing appared. All Buggings over fifty
pounds to be paid for extra. The Cammany limit then
terpossibility for Baggange to tage Dollar per plantd, and
will not be hable for may amount beyond 100 Dollars, except by aperiod contract. cept by special contract. WM H. GATZMER Agent C. & A. R. R. Co

Assessors. THE Assessors of Northumberland county are requested to make return of their triaunial assessments to the Commissioner's Office, on the 27th day of December, 1×61, at which time there will be a meeting of the Board of Commissioners By order of the Board,

S. D. JORDAN, Clerk. Commissioner's Office, Sunbary, October 10, 1861. \$

John Faretra. Philadelphia.

(Late 818 Marist,) Importer & Monufacturer of, and Deader in all Kinds of FANCY FURS, for Laden. Misses, and Chidren's West.

Having have manufactured and in store my usual large and hemotical amoutment of all the various styles and qualifier of Furs, adopted to the Fall and Winter Senses, I would respectfully inside an examination of tay stock and prices from these intending to manufacturers.

mentants of stoochoot's about as soon as the original elitinose of groups and continued to provide the provided of the provide

that it the late Win Swaim, (copyright segment.)

If persons purchasing the Painteen will be careful to observe that the word SWAIM a conceptly speaked, they are that the word SWAIM a conceptly speaked, they are that the word SWAIM a conceptly speaked, they are that the word SWAIM a conceptly speaked, they are that the word SWAIM a conceptly speaked, they are

General Agents for the United States.
SCHIEFFELIN BROTHERS & CG.,
170 William Street, New York.

BLACK SILK COATS, French Suques,

N E. Corner Ninth and Market, Philadelphia

COOPER & CONARD,

Gentlemen's and Boy's west, such as DRESS COATS, PROCK-COATS, BUSI-NESS-COATS, VESTS PANTA-LOONS, &c. &c. of the very Intest style, and in the most sufatanhal menner, at short notice. Any Goods not on hand, will be furnished from Philadelphia, by giving two day's notice. If Call and examine my stock, no charges made for showing. JACOB O. BECK.

THE LATEST STYLE OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

GARMENTS.

ARE CONSTANTLY MADE

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment

Market street, SUNBURY, Pa.

CLOTHS.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION & QUALITY.

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres. Vestings, &c.

of the latest styles. In addition to his stock he is constantly receiving new supplies from the city

keeping a full assertment of the most substantial

He is prepared to make to order all kinds of

and latest style of Goods in the city markets.

at the

Sunbury, May 11, 1961 .-JOHNS & CROSLEY. SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE IMPROVED GUTTA PRECHA CEMENT ROOFING.

The cheapest and most durable Roofing in use. It is Fire mrd. Water Proof.

It can be applied to new and old Roofs of all kinds, and to Shingle Roofs without removing the shingles. The Cost is only about One-Third that

of Tin, and it is twice as Durable. GUTTA PERCHA CEMENT, For preserving and reporting Tin and other Ment Roofs of every description, from its great electronty, in not injured by the contraction and expension of means, and will not etack to cold or ran on warm weather. There materials have been thoroughly tested in New York and all parts of the Southern and Western States, and we can give abundant proof of all we claim in their favor.

They are readily applied by or harry laborers, at a triding expense "NO HEAT IS REQUIRED." These materials are put up round; for use, and for ship-ing tradit parts of the causary, with full printed direct one for application.

Full descriptive circulars will be furnished on application by mail we in personal or Principal Office and Wardhouse, 28 WILLIAM STREET, (Corner of Librity Street,) New York.

Ackers Waster!-Terms Cash!!

Ackers Waster!-Terms Cash!!

Rich Figured Baregoe, 19, 25 and 31 cents, Barege Robes, 83 50, 84 00 and \$5 00, Mozambique Robes et \$5 60. Traveing Dress Goods, Shephard's Plaids, Mobuit Plaids, Gingham's, Lowns, Prints, Challies,

Grey Figured Goods.

COOPER & CONARD.

S E corner Ninth and Market, Philadelphia. N B .- Best quality Hoop Skirts, 94 cents to

May 18, 1861. SUNBURY STEAM FERRY AND TOWING BOATCOMPANY.

RAVELLERS and others are respectfully informed that the subscriber, in order to accommedate the public and facilitate travel, has reduced the rates of feerings at his STEAM FERRY, over the Susquebanea, at Subbury, and will carry Passengers, Horses, Carriages, and other vehicles, at the following rates, viz:

Foot Passengers, each 5 cents. Horse and Rider, 15 ** Herse and Buggy. 25 " Two-Horse Conveyance, Farmers and others, wishing to transport Coal

lower rates, A large, safe and commodious Steambout will ran regularly and promptly at all hours of the day, and to accommodate those who desire to attend the Churches at Sunbury and Schusgrove, the Boat will run on Sunday,

and Produce, can make arrangements at still

The Steam'out will run from Market Street Warf, and promptly convey Passengers from both sides of the River, without delay.

The Steam Ferry now affords not only a sefe and convenient transit over the Susquehanna, but also a piensort and agreeable ride.

1RA T. CLEMENT, Lessee and Proprietor.

Sunbary, May 25, 1861, STOVES! STOVES!!

FOR SALE AT THE INDUSTRIAL STOVE WORKS No. 33 North 2nd Street, Philiadelphia, opposite Christ's Charch, the most colsheated Gas consumon Cooking and heating Stoves of the day, LIBRIGH VICTOR COM-PLETIS, and all other Gooking and Resting Stoves. All of which are Genranteed to give entire satisfaction.

October 12, 1661.—3m j c c.

Entirely Vegetable. No Alcoholic Prepa-DR. ECOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

PR. JACKSON & G., Philadelphia, Penn's.

Will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspep-sis, Janualice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneye, and all diseases arising

Any of the above works with the regular subscription prices.

Thus a new subscriber may obtain the Reprints of the Four Reviews and Blackwood Seven Consecutive Years for \$37!!! Which is but little more than the price of the original works for one year.

As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducements as those here presented, now is the inducements as those here presented, now is the CHESTNUT, Philadelphia, and sold by an droggests in discountant of the great to cost, to provide, and to combine all the circumstant of the great to cost, to provide, and noticent as approximately and make in the combine all modern art has invented, and modern tast approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratif, ing proof that their effort has been appreciated. To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are required to practice the most rigid economy, the undersigned HAVE REDUCED THE PRICE OF BOARD TO TWO DOLLARS PER DAY, at the same time abating none of the luxuries with which their

Silk Basquines, Newest Designs, Ready Made, or Made to Order. tuble has hitherto been supplied. TREADWELL, WHITCOMB & O. Oct. 12, 1864 - 1 me.