California News.

[Correspondence of the Public Ledger.]

THE NEW ELDORADO—A PHILADELPHIAN'S OPINION OF THE GOLD FIELDS.

SHAW'S FLAT, Cal., 17th June, 1858.

EDITORS OF LEDGER—Gentlemen:—Mo[illegible] than a year ago I presented to the read[illegible] of the Ledger, the then novel idea that *Wash*[illegible] *ington Territory*, scarcely dreamed about [illegible] otherwise than as the cold nor[illegible] of our country, would become [illegible] of the Pacific. If the idea [illegible] viewed from the *ordinar*[illegible] duce prosperity to a St[illegible] view strengthened now [illegible] line of Gold Fields wi[illegible] equal to California? [illegible] and I will concentr[illegible] is material to know [illegible] "diggings" of the no[illegible] of the discovery con[illegible] Bay Company, and [illegible] published in relati[illegible] relative residing, or [illegible] wild regions. One n[illegible] from Indians, near T[illegible] than $50,000 worth of go[illegible] picked up without the use [illegible] rocker—pick or pan. Three [illegible] wards the stampede commenced from Puget Sound and Oregon, and now rages with redoubled fury in California. I have no doubt of the *richness* being equal to those of California in '49, when, however, many returned from here to "home" with sad hearts and empty pockets, cursing our Eldorado as a humbug. With regard to the extent of the "Northern Diggings," I have a short answer to make to the inquirer. *The same belt of gold that is found in Southern California, extends almost unbroken through California, Oregon, Washington, the British North, and crossing near Behring Straits, is being, and has long been worked by Russians in Siberia.* I enter in the same range of mountain, with here and there a drop or a break.

"Well," asks some old friend in Philadelphia, "will you advise us to go there?" To a man with a family or without a family, doing well and content, I would say, stop where you are, and enjoy what is better than gold, or much fine gold. To the daring spirit that heads the will to the vanguard of civil conquest, I would say, "go ahead"—but go prepared to encounter some perils by land and some by water, and above all, take care that some Indian don't disturb a morning dream by rolling your head from you. For some two years we shall probably have constant Indian murders, (which 10,000 men cannot prevent,) and no small amount of quarrel with John Bull's emissaries.

Yours, truly, P. K. D.

N. B.—The climate at 54.40 is that of Pennsylvania.

[Correspondence of the Public Ledger.]

THE FRAZER RIVER GOLD EXCITEMENT

The Rush Northward to the Mines.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20, 1858.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Gold, gold, is the only word now to be heard on our streets. The discovery of new deposits of the precious metal in the possessions of the Hudson's Bay Company has started our ever excitable population northward on the search. The excitement has now assumed the form of an epidemic, and men who a few months since laughed at the idea of leaving California to seek for new diggings, are now among the foremost in the general exodus. There are now nine first-class steamers on the route, conveying passengers to Frazer, as follows: the Republic, Columbia, Panama, Oregon, Northern and Cortez, belonging to Pacific Mail S. S. Co., the Brother Jonathan and Pacific, belonging to Capt. Wright, and the Santa Cruz, belonging to Messrs. Davis & Jordan. These steamers in connection with numbers of sailing vessels, have carried off from our shores at least ten thousand passengers since the fever broke out. The statements of returned miners, published in the daily papers, are only adding fuel to the flame and now that the gold is beginning to find its way to this city, those who doubted are convinced that the *ore* is there.

A miner, named Farniss, who returned yesterday on the Republic, told me personally that, during the time he worked, he never took out less than two ounces per day, but as the river raised from the melting of the snow on the mountains, the miners in his party were washed out from the bar on which they were working. He then came down to San Francisco for the purpose of laying in provisions, intending to start on his return about the middle of July, before which time he says the miners cannot work to advantage. He anticipates much trouble with the Indians, who are great thieves and very quarrelsome, the contempt they have for the Americans being fostered by the H. B. Co., rendering them very overbearing. They are an entirely different race from those we have in California, being stout, active men, who do not know such a word as fear. Other parties confirm his statements in every respect.

For some time you must expect the remittances of gold from this State to decrease, as many of the largest quartz lodes have stopped work, on account of the scarcity of labor. In the interior, the small mining camps are all so entirely deserted, the miners being on their way to the north. I cannot but think that our merchants will suffer, and perhaps some may have to go under, as the merchants in the interior cannot dispose of their goods, and of course cannot meet their payments when they come due. A lively demand has sprung up for pistols and rifles, an advance of the former (revolvers) amounting to $10 500, being disposed of in one lot on the day of arrival.

There is every prospect that breadstuffs will be high, as 3 cents per pound has been offered and refused for wheat in the field.—Bacon and other salt meats are bringing good prices. Coffee, tea, sugar, candles, and other goods in that line, are very dull.—Clothing has experienced no change excepting, for the coarser qualities suitable for the mines. Dry goods are bad stock. W.

[From the New York Herald.]

SALT LAKE CITY.

Brigham's Lion House—The Temple—Appearance of the City—How Gentiles Live Here, etc., etc.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 18, 1858.

Imagine a perfectly level plain, apparently twenty miles wide and one hundred miles long, almost surrounded by mountains. Near to the mountains, on the east of the plain, imagine a section of land six miles square laid out as a city, the streets, all of which are much wider than Broadway, regularly laid out and running exactly at right angles to each other, either due north and south or due east and west; they are 130 feet wide; the sidewalks are 20 feet wide; the block; are very large, often containing ten acres of land. The city has fifteen streets in one direction and eighteen in the other; they are paved, and if much trampled during wet weather must be very muddy. The site of the city gradually slopes from the north to the south; at the present time there is a rush stream of water running down the sides of every street lying north and south; water from these streams is conveyed into almost every garden in the city, for irrigating purposes. Cotton wood and other trees have been set out along every street; their bright green verdure and shade give a peculiar charm to the smooth and regular thoroughfares. Small but bridges have been built over the streams where they intersect the sidewalks. The town is very sparsely covered with houses; the major part of it there are only two or three little habitations on a square block, and it will be remembered that the blocks are very large. The houses are built close to the sides of the blocks, the rest of the ten acres being tilled as gardens and fields; thus the city at present contains numerous small fields of wheat and some very fine gardens. The houses are all built of adobe sun-dried brick; they are about 5 inches wide, 10 inches long and 4 inches thick; they are made of a superior quality of clay for building purposes, and seem to form very substantial structures. The color of the buildings is a sort of slate-white, and though with an individual house it is not very agreeable, yet it gives to the *tout ensemble* of the city a very lively and pleasant appearance. The buildings look neat and comfortable; they are generally small, modest structures, having no claim to architectural beauty; their style is variegated, but not remarkably so. Probably no other city in the world of this size presents to the eye of the approaching *voyageur* so magnificent a prospect; the exact space it occupies, the streets set as it were in a jewel of rippling brooks, which glisten bright as silver in the sunlight, their breadth and regularity, the rows of young verdant trees that border upon them, the lively color of the houses, the beautiful gardens and orchards with the small fields thick covered with flowering wheat, give to it an aspect singularly attractive, especially when it is contrasted with the bordering bleak and barren mountains. This city, so beautiful, so isolated from the rest of the world, at present so full of interest to the world, with its pleasant orchards and gardens, is the work of but ten years, and that too in a barren valley, without spontaneous vegetation higher than a willow bush. There were about 16,000 inhabitants in the city before it was depopulated by order of Brigham.

THE ART OF TAMING HORSES.—The London Illustrated Times is publishing a series of articles, written by Rarey, the horse-tamer on elucidation of his theory. He lays down three cardinal facts, in relation to the horse, on which he erects his theory. The first is that the horse is so constituted by nature, that he will not offer resistance to any demand made of him which he fully comprehends, if made in a way consistent with the laws of nature. In proof this he refers to the want of reason in the horse, which prevents that animal from resisting the impositions constantly practiced upon him. The horse is so much stronger than man, that, if he possessed the logical faculties, and was able therefore, to realize his advantages in a contest with man, he would not submit to be driven, or ridden, but would successfully demand to be left free to roam his favorite pastures. Happily for us, the horse has no reason; consequently no consciousness of imposition; and as a corollary no thought of disobedience, except impulsiveness, when the law of his nature is violated.

The second proposition is that the horse has no consciousness of his strength beyond his experience, and that accordingly, he can be handled according to our own will, without force. Every one acquainted with horses knows the truth of the first proposition, and the latter part follows logically from it.—The third proposition is that the horse will permit any object however frightful in appearance, to come around, over or on him, that does not inflict pain. When fear exists from imagination, and not from the infliction of pain, that fear can be moved by showing that there is no cause for the imaginary danger.

HIGH HEELED SHOES FOR LADIES.—A writer in the *Medical and Surgical Journal* has been trying to write down the high heeled boots at present in vogue with the ladies, and advocates their abrogation on the ground that they destroy the instep and weaken the muscles of the limb. That is all absurd! High heeled boots has been worn by men ever since they stopped going barefoot, while for some generations, until quite recently, women have been going slipshod, and are the muscular developments of the men less than those of the other sex? *Quien Sabe.* However, a cotemporary says, we think with considerable force and truth, that ballet dancers always do best in high-heeled gaiters, and where can be found plumper limbs and more poetical figures than among them? Besides, the high heels keeps the foot out of the wet, and thus prevents colds, or what Mrs. Partington might term *catarrs* in the head. In fighting high heels, our medical and surgical friend is "going it blind." The high heel is not only promotive to health, but it adds to the appearance of the wearer. In a flat foot there is no more beauty than there is in a snarl of right ankles. Our surgical brother should circulate more largely, and instead of arguing nonsense should keep posted.—*Buffalo Commercial.*

VALUE OF SHADE TREES.—Very few owners of real estate in country towns, seem to have any idea even of the commercial value of shade trees. One piece of ground, perhaps not very eligibly located, commands a high price, while another is a far better position is not wanted scarcely at any rate especially by those who have the means to make a considerable investment, simply because there are no attractive shade trees—nothing to make a home pleasant *on doors*. Suppose every inland town in the United States should appropriate the small sum of one hundred dollars annually, to be *invested* in this way—in beautifying and *enriching the place*, what a change ten or twenty years would produce! Take away the magnificent shade trees which now ornament our own town, and afford such a grateful shade during the oppressively warm summer months, and you would reduce the value of real estate, at once, very considerably. We call attention now to the subject, because shade trees now are appreciated.—Those, therefore, who realize how much pleasure they are denying themselves, will please remember at the proper time, in the fall or spring, to give this matter their prompt attention.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

THE END OF A FREE LOVER.—Chas. Letcher, the printer of the free-love paper at Berlin Heights Ohio, has committed suicide.—His mother, an excellent lady, residing in Iowa, did all she could to win her son from the seductive influences of a sensual fanaticism, but in vain; and the end has been despiration, insanity and suicide.

New Advertisements.

To the Voters of Northumberland County.

HAVING been solicited by many of my fellow citizens to become a candidate for the office of

REGISTER & RECORDER AND CLERK OF THE ORPHANS COURT.

I hereby announce that I present myself to the Democracy of the county for nomination at the approaching primary election. If nominated and elected I will use the best of my abilities to perform the duties of the office.

GEORGE C. WELKER.

Sunbury, June 3d, 1858.—te

To the Electors of Northumberland County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—We are authorized to announce THOMAS D. GRANT, of the Borough of Sunbury, as an Independent candidate for the office of

REGISTER, RECORDER &c.

at the ensuing election.

Mr. Grant is too well known to the PEOPLE of Northumberland county to need any commendation at our hands. No one questions his qualifications for the post; his character for morality, industry and sobriety is irreproachable—and his popularity as a man and efficiency as an officer undoubted. For the last six years he has been the principal clerk in this office, and his untiring industry and ability, his amiable manners and obliging disposition have elicited the confidence and esteem of all doing business there.—We confidently submit his name, and earnestly ask our fellow citizens to RALLY TO HIS SUPPORT. Respectfully,

MANY VOTERS.

Sunbury, June 24, 1858.

Register and Recorder, &c.

DR. J. B. MASSER, of Sunbury, respectfully offers himself to the electors of Northumberland county as a candidate for REGISTER AND RECORDER AND CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT, at the ensuing election, subject to Democratic Rules.

Sunbury, July 10, 1858.—te

To the Voters of Northumberland County.

HAVING been solicited by my friends, I hereby offer myself as the people's candidate for

ASSEMBLY.

Should I be elected by the suffrages of my fellow citizens I pledge myself to perform my duties with the utmost of my ability and to the best interests of my constituents and the public at large. A. H. BLAIR.

Milton, July 10, 1858.—te

MUSIC TEACHER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he will remain in this place for the purpose of giving lessons on the PIANO, to such as many desire instruction. His terms will be reasonable. He may be found at the Washington House in this place.

CHARLES DARING.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.—

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

JUST received by A. W. FISHER at his Drug Store, Sunbury, Pa.,

SCOOPS, SHOVELS, FORKS, LOG-CHAINS, MILL SAWS, CROSS-CUT SAWS.

Also, Screws, Butts, Door Knobs, Thumb Latches, and all hardware necessary for building.

A splendid lot of pocket and table cutlery, Scissors, German Silver Spoons.

Looking Glasses.

A large stock of Looking Glasses, received and for sale by A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.—

DRUG & CHEMICAL EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having received a large and well selected stock of

Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

Dyestuffs, Oils, Paints, Glass and Putty, is now ready to fill order at a moments notice.

In connection with the above you will find an assortment of Fancy Notions, Toilet Articles and Perfumery of all kinds, Tooth, Hair, Nails and Clothes Brushes of every variety.

Customers will find his stock complete comprising many articles it is impossible here to enumerate.

REMEMBER the place, next door to the People's One Price Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions compounded accurately and carefully.

A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.—

SAWS.—Wood, Cross Cut and Mill Saws.—Superior article at FISHER'S.

Sunbury, July 17th, 1858.—

FURNITURE POLISH.

S. RAU'S Premium Patent Enamel Furniture Polish.—This polish is highly valuable for restoring the polish on all kinds of Furniture, Glass, Carriage Bodies, Hair Cloth, &c. Also, for removing spots, hiding scratches, &c., &c. Warranted to dry immediately and retain its gloss.—Price 50 cts. per bottle. Sold by

A. W. FISHER.

July 17, 1858.

Citrate of Magnesia

OR

TASTELESS SALTS.

THIS preparation is recommended as an excellent laxative and purgative. It operates mildly, is entirely free from any unpleasant taste resembling lemonade in flavor, prepared and sold by A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.

PORT MONAIES, Teeth and Hair Brushes all qualities, and any quantity, for sale by

A. W. FISHER.

July 17, '58

New Drugs, Paints, &c.

A NEW supply of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Fluid, &c., just received and for sale by

A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.—

Tobacco and Segars.—20,000 Imported Segars of various brands, Eldorado, Fig, Cavendish and fine cut tobacco at

A. W. FISHER'S.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.

PORT and MADEIRA WINES, Schiedam Schnapps, Wild Cherry brandy, Blackberry and Lavender brandies for medicinal purposes at

July 17, '58. A. W. FISHER.

PURE CONCENTRATED LYE OR SAPONIFIER, for sale at FISHER'S Drug Store. Price 20 cts.

PATCHOULY, JOCKEY CLUB, SPRING FLOWERS, &c., of the best quality; a fresh supply just received and for sale at the Drug Store of A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, July 17, 1858.

Stationery.—A large supply of fancy Note Paper and Envelopes, Mourning, Letter, and Cap Paper, Pens, Ink, Sand, &c., at

July 17 '58 A. W. FISHER'S.

PURE OLIVE OIL for table use,—two size at 37½ and 62½ cents—just received by

A. W. FISHER.

July 17, '58.

BROWN'S and Breinig's Essence of Ginger and Husband's Magnesia at

July 17, '58. FISHER'S.

Fishing Tackle.—Red Cork, Grass, Cotton and Linen Lines, Out Lines, Sea Grass by the yard, Snoods, Flies, Kirby, Limerick and Carlisle Hooks, Rods, &c., for sale by

July 17, '58 A. W. FISHER.

TO INVALIDS.

DR. HARDMAN,

ANALYTICAL PHYSICIAN

AND

Physician for Diseases of the Lungs.

Formerly Physician to Cincinnati Marine Hospital and Invalids's Retreat, Corresponding Member of the London Medical Society of Observation Author of

"LETTERS TO INVALIDS," and Editor of the "MEDICAL STETHOSCOPE," may be consulted at

SUNBURY, "Washington House," Friday, August 13, 1858.

DANVILLE, "Montour House," August 18.

BLOOMSBURG, August 17.

DR. HARDMAN treats Consumption, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma, and disease of the Throat and Lungs by Medical Inhalation.

Dr. Hardman's claims to public confidence are founded upon the following facts:

1 His thorough and complete acquaintance with the practice of the most celebrated physicians of Europe as well as America.

2 The Peculiarities of his system of medication—differing from every other ever yet adopted—does not make sick to make well; nor tear down to build up again—eliminating all dangerous drugs and poisonous minerals.

3. His unprecedented experience in Hospital practice where every form of disease was presented for his treatment and in cases of death, on examination of the dead body made, and the appearances of the affected carefully noted down by his own hand for future reference. These notes and observations thus made when completed, will form two large volumes of five hundred pages each, which will be published for the benefit of the Medical profession.

4. In addition to this, his vast experience, acquired by twenty nearly five years, treating diseases incident, have afforded great advantages for observation and the study of all diseases incident to the human family. In this period of time he has traveled a distance nearly equal to two entire circuits of the globe, and has seen, prescribed for and been consulted by nearly 30 thousand invalids.

ALL DISEASES TREATED!

In relation to the following diseases, either when complicated with Long Affections, or existing alone, I also invited consultation—certainly find them promptly curable.

Prolapsus and all forms of Female complaints, Irregularities and Weakness.

Palpitation and other forms of Heart Diseases Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, and all other Diseases of Stomach and Bowels, Piles, &c.

☞ All diseases at the Eye and Ear; Neuralgia, Epilepsy, and all forms of Nervous Disease.

☞ No charge of Consultation.

June 19, 1858.— S. D. HARDMAN, M. D.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, July 5, 1858, the down morning Passenger train will leave Pottsville at 8.15 A. M., passing Reading at 9.51 A. M., and arriving at Philadelphia at 12.25, noon.

The down Afternoon Train will leave Pottsville at 3.30 P. M., passing Reading at 5.00, and arriving at Philadelphia at 7.40, P. M.

Morning and Afternoon Passenger Trains leave Philadelphia at usual hours as heretofore, 7.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M., passing Reading at 10.05 A. M. and 6.07 P. M.

LEBANON VALLEY BRANCH.

Passenger Train leaves Reading at 10.08 A. M., (after arrival of Down and Up Morning Passenger Trains from Pottsville and Philadelphia,) and arrives at Harrisburg at 12.35 noon, in time to connect with Passenger Trains for Sunbury, Williamsport, Elmira, Pittsburg, Cumberland, Baltimore and Lancaster. Returning, leaves Harrisburg at 2.25 P. M., after arrival of Passenger Trains from all above points, and arrives at Reading at 4.55, in time to connect with Up and Down Passenger Trains to Pottsville and Philadelphia, the same evening.

G. A. NICOLLS,

Engineer and Superintendent.

July 17, 1858.—tf

Catharine Zimmerman's Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Catharine Zimmerman, late of Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, deceased. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

SAMUEL H. ZIMMERMAN, Adm'r.

Lower Augusta tp., July 17, 1858.—6t

BUSHONG'S & SONS' Superior Burning Fluid, for sale at FISHER'S

Drug and Chemical Emporium.

Sunbury July 17, 1858.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the following named persons, that the Executors, Administrators and Guardians of the said estates have filed their accounts with the Register of Northumberland county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans Court of said county on Tuesday, the 3d day of August, A. D. 1858, in the forenoon of said day.

1. Engle John, deceased, settled by his administrator de bonis non Philip Weiser.

2. Lose Fretts, deceased, settled by her administrator William Sterner.

3. Hetrick Philip deceased, settled by his executors Michael and Nicholas Hetrick.

4. Reitz Ludue, deceased, settled by her executor Philip Reitz.

5. Dunkle Sarah, deceased, settled by her administrator Killian Dunkle.

6. Painter Jacob, deceased, settled by his executor Geo. A. Frick.

7. Maginness John, deceased, settled by one of his executors, John F. Dentler.

8. Reibsock Peter, deceased, settled by his executor Peter Bohner.

9. Metler William, deceased, settled by one of his executors, Lorenzo Metler.

10. Tweed William, deceased, settled by his administrator John Tweed.

11. Montgomery Mary, settled by her guardian John L. Watson.

12. Dunkleberger Catharine, Simon and Isaac, settled by their guardian Felix Maurer.

13. Koutz Harriet C. and Mary C., settled by their guardian William Siegfried

14. Miller David L., settled by his guardian William Everette.

15. Fox Emma, settled by her guardian Peter Strouse.

16. Fox Anthony, settled by his guardian Peter Strouse.

17. Kull George R., Henrietta R. and Celeste S., settled by their guardian John F. Wolfinger.

C. BOYD PURSEL, Register.

Register's Office, }
Sunbury, July 10.—4t }

1858. 1858.

NEW ROUTE FOR TRAVELERS!

Northern Central Railway!!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, JULY 5th, 1858, the Trains of the Northern Central Railway Company will leave Daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING NORTH.

BUFFALO AND NIAGARA EXPRESS TRAIN

From BALTIMORE to SUNBURY & ELMIRA

	Arrive	Leave
Calvert Station,		5.30 P. M.
York,	8 03	8 05
Bridgeport,	9 15	9 25
Harrisburg,	10 16	10 46
Marysburg,	10 23	10 24
Georgetown,	10 34	10 35
Trevorton Junction,	11 03	11 05
Selins Grove,	11 15	11 17
SUNBURY,	11 25	11 30
Northumberland,	11 31	11 35
Chillisquaque,	11 45	11 45
Lewisburg,	11 49	11 59
Milton,	11 57	11 57
Watsontown,	12 05	12 07
Uniontown,	12 14	12 14
Lycoming,	12 20	12 20
Montgomery,	12 22	12 22
Berger's,	12 31	12 31
Muncy,	12 39	12 39
Montoursville,	12 43	12 43
Williamsport,	12 54	1 10
Emma,	4 20	

GOING SOUTH

From ELMIRA to SUNBURY & BALTIMORE.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Elmira,		6 00 A. M
Williamsport,	9 00	9 10
Montoursville,	9 10	9 20
Muncy,	9 21	9 25
Berger's,	9 31	9 31
Montgomery,	9 33	9 43
Lycoming,	9 45	9 45
Uniontown,	9 51	9 51
Watsontown,	9 57	9 59
Milton,	10 07	10 08
Lewisburg,	10 16	10 17
Chillisquaque,	10 21	10 21
Northumberland,	10 31	10 33
SUNBURY,	10 37	10 40
Selins Grove,	10 59	10 51
Trevorton Junction,	11 03	11 04
Georgetown,	11 14	11 15
Mahantongo,	11 25	11 28
Halifax,	11 30	11 32
Bridgeport,	12 14	1 10
York,	2 00	2 05
Calvert Station,	4 30	

MAIL TRAIN.

GOING NORTH

From BALTIMORE to SUNBURY & ELMIRA

	Arrive.	Leave.
Calvert Station,		8 00 A. M
York	11 09	11 11
Bridgeport	12 22	1 10 P. M.
Clark's Ferry	1 50	1 50
Halifax	2 07	2 09
Millersburg	2 21	2 27
Harrisburg	2 32	2 32
Mahantongo	2 49	2 59
Georgetown	2 51	2 51
Trevorton Junction	3 03	3 03
Selins Grove	3 18	3 18
SUNBURY	3 30	3 32
Northumberland	3 37	3 37
Chillisquaque	3 49	3 49
Lewisburg	3 54	3 56
Milton	4 09	4 09
Watsontown	4 18	4 18
Uniontown	4 25	4 23
Exyter's	4 32	4 32
Montgomery	4 34	4 35
Berger's	4 37	4 38
Muncy	4 45	4 45
Montoursville	5 02	5 03
Williamsport	5 15	5 30
Elmira	9 00	

GOING SOUTH.

From ELMIRA to SUNBURY & BALTIMORE.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Elmira,		12 30 A. M
Williamsport,	3 30	4 00
Montoursville,	4 12	4 12
Muncy,	4 29	4 29
Berger's	4 36	4 36
Montgomery	4 38	4 38
Exyter's	4 44	4 41
Uniontown	4 48	4 48
Watsontown	4 55	4 53
Milton,	5 05	5 05
Lewisburg	5 15	5 15
Chillisquaque	5 20	5 20
Northumberland	5 33	5 35
SUNBURY,	5 41	5 45
Selins Grove	5 55	5 58
Trevorton Junction	6 10	6 11
Georgetown,	6 21	6 22
Mahantongo	6 32	6 32
Buchanan,	6 38	6 38
Millersburg	6 42	6 45
Halifax	6 57	6 59
Clark's Ferry	7 13	7 13
Dauphin	7 25	7 28
Bridgeport	7 51	8 40
York	9 05	9 07
Calvert Station.	1 15	

July 10, 1858.—

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims on Michael Graham, sub-contractor on Section 54, Northern Central Rail Road, for materials furnished or labor which they may consider me in any way holding for, will please present them to Dr. W. H. Marr who has bound himself in an instrument of writing with me to draw said Graham's estimates and keep me harmless against all claimed against said Graham.

R. BOGLE.

Sunbury, July 3, 1858.

HERRING'S SAFE.

AGAIN THE CHAMPION!!

The only Safe which, in every instance, preserved their entire contents in the late extensive fire.

At the burning of the Artizan Buildings, April 10th, and in the GREAT FIRE in Market street, May 1st, 1856, the genuine

HERRING SAFE

Preserved the Jewelry of Geo. W. Simons & Bro.; Books, Papers, &c., of Fisher & Bro., and Edward Seamans & Co., after remaining exposed in the burning ruins for nearly FORTY HOURS, and proving conclusively what we have always claimed for them, THEIR GREAT SUPERIORITY over all securities now known.

In these fires, THE HERRING'S SAFE, standing side by side with those advertised as "warranted to stand 10 per cent. more fire than Herring's," came forth the ACKNOWLEDGED VICTOR, not only preserving their contents in EXCELLENT order, but being in themselves in a condition to go through another ordeal, while the boasted "Salamanders" of other makers were badly used up in every instance, and in some cases their entire contents completely destroyed.

To the public he would simply say, that, during the fourteen years the HERRING'S SAFE has been before them, more than two hundred have passed through accidental fires without the occurrence of a single loss.

We would, therefore, CAUTION purchasers against the misrepresentation of interested parties. The HERRING'S PATENT is the only FIRE PROOF SAFE made in this city, which is protected by a PATENT RIGHT, and we will guarantee it to resist more then double the amount of heat of any other Safe now known.

Farrel, Herring & Co.,

Sole Manufacturers in this State of

"Herring's Patent Champion Safes."

31 Walnut St., Philada.

☞ "Evans & Watson's improved Salamanders," "Oliver Evans'," "C. S. Bayler's," and "Scott's Alnetos," Iron Chests, (a large assortment having been taken in part payment for "Herring's,") will be sold at low prices.

Philadelphia, July 10, 1858.—1y

SADDLE, OIL & LEATHER STORE.

D. KIRKPATRICK & SONS,

No. 21 South Third Street, between Market and Chestnut Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

CONSTANT Spanish Hides, Dried and Sealed Hides and Green Salted Patna Horses, TANNERS OIL, TANNERS' AND CURRIERS' TOOLS, and general assortment of Leather, Plaished and in the Rough.

ALSO BEG SOLE LEATHER

Also which will be sold low for Cash, or the usual Credit.

☞ All kinds of leather in the Rough wanted, for which the highest market price will be given, in cash, or trade in exchange for Hides.

Leather Stored Free of Charge, and Sales on Commission.

Philadelphia, July 3, 1858.—1y

NOBLIT, BROWN & NOBLIT.

Cabinet Makers' Finding Store

AND BEDDING WARE-ROOMS,

Having REMOVED to the new four Front Warehouse, No. 232 South Second Street, below Dock, West Side, PHILADELPHIA.

NOW offer to their customers and the public generally, a new and full assortment of

CABINET HARDWARE & MATERIALS.

They invite the attention of the trade to their stock of Hair Seating and Curled Hair, of their own manufacture; Also to a full assortment of BEDDING AND UPHOLSTERY.

Philadelphia, July 3, 1858.—1y

ICE CREAM!

MRS. MARIA WHALTON respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she will accommodate them with ICE CREAM, at her residence, on every evening (Sundays excepted) during the present summer.

Sunbury, July 3, 1858.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, sued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county and a Testatum writ of *Venditioni Exponas*, to me directed will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Sunbury on Saturday, the 31st day of July inst., (1858) at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described Real property, to wit:

The one equal undivided third part of a tract of land, situate in Cameron township, Northumberland county, adjoining lands of David Billman on the west and land of Daniel Long on the north, containing 20 acres more or less, about one half of which is cleared.

ALSO; the undivided moiety or half part of a certain lot or piece of ground situate in same township, adjoining the above described tract, and land of the estate of John Weary dec'd, Daniel Haupt and Mahanoy creek, containing about one acre and a half, all of which is cleared. Whereon are erected a Saw Mill and a small House.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Charles Henninger.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, }
July 10, 1858.— }

SHERIFF SALES.

By virtue of certain writs of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in Sunbury, on Saturday, the 24th day of July, inst., (1858) at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:—

Two Certain Lots of Ground, situate in the borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, in that part of said town commonly called "Hendricks' and Clement's addition," containing each 30 feet in front on Chestnut street, and about 130 feet in depth, adjoining lots of Daniel Henninger on the East, and Benjamin Hendricks on the West, whereon are erected a two-story frame house and a frame stable. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Atkins.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Sunbury, aforesaid, and marked on the general plan of said town No. 319, fronting on Wheatberry street on the North, and bounded by Bilberry alley on the South, on the East by lot No. 318, now owned by William Hoover, and on the West by lot No. 320, owned by Margaret O. Lyon; containing 60 feet in front and 230 feet in depth, whereon are erected a two-story frame house and kitchen. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry Petery.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury }
July 3d, 1858. }

Wholesale Grocery.

EBY & KUNKEL,

Opposite the Pennsylvania Rail Road Depot

HARRISBURG, PA.

KEEP a large stock of the following named articles, and will sell cheaper than any other house this side of Philadelphia. Call and see price of

Coffee,	Lard oil,	Fish oil,
Sugar,	Fish,	Tar,
Tea,	Salt,	Rosin,
Spices,	Hams,	Pitch,
Tobacco,	Shoulders,	Oakum
Cigars,	Flour,	Ropes,
Vinegar,	Fluid,	Calcined Plaster
Cheese,	Soap,	Candles &c.

S. H. Molasses, Syrups, N. O. Molasses.

Also, Cement, Safety Fuse, Crow Bars, Sledges, Iron and Nails, for sale at very small profits.

July 3, '858.—1y

FOR RENT.

THE Store Room in Market street, formerly occupied by P. W. Gray. Apply to the executors of H. Masser, deceased.

April 17 1858.

THE "OLD DOMINION" COFFEE POT.

Thousands of this new Coffee Pot have already been sold, and the demand from all parts of the United States is rapidly on the increase. Wherever introduced, it has given the most complete satisfaction.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT

Makes Better coffee than it is possible to obtain in any other way because, by an improved and simple arrangement, the housekeeper may boil her coffee for any length of time without loss of aroma, thus securing all the elements of the coffee in their natural and proportional combinations.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT

Gives a healthy beverage. Nervous, dyspeptic, and bilious persons who had not dared to use coffee for years, have been able to drink their favorite beverage again when made in this new boiler, and without an occurrence of any of the old unpleasant consequences. It is healthy, because by the use of a evaporator, evaporation is prevented, and the coffee can be boiled long enough to release all the natural elements of the berry, and get them in just proportion in the beverage.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT

Is the most economical, for nothing being lost by evaporation in boiling, one fourth less coffee is required while the beverage is stronger, more delicious.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT

Never fails to do its work right. Cook cannot spoil your cup of coffee by neglect or forgetfulness, after she has placed the boiler on the stove or range.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT

Is manufactured under the patent for the United States by

ARTHUR, BURNHAM & GILDOY,

117 & 119 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia.

☞ Also, manufacturers of the United States of Arthur's Celebrated Patent Air Tight Self-Sealing Cans & Jars.

July 3, 1858.—3t

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of VENDITIONI EXPONAS and LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Sunbury, on MONDAY the 23 day of AUGUST next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Property, to wit:

A certain lot of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, in Zerbe township, Northumberland county, being lot No. 6, in block no. 74, bounded on the north by the Railroad, on the east by vacant ground and the weigh-scales, on the south by ——— and on the west by other lots of the defendants,—whereon is erected a two story frame house and kitchen.

Also, another certain lot of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, aforesaid, being Lot No. 2, in block 140, bounded on the north by an alley on the east in lot No. 3, in said block, No. 140; on the south by Coal street, and on the west by lot No. 1, in said block, whereon is erected a two story frame House.

Also, another certain lot of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, aforesaid, being lot No. 3 in Block No. 56, bounded on the north by Mahanoy street; on the east by lot No. 4, in said block on the south by the railroad; on the west by lot No. 2, in said block, whereon is erected a Slaughter-house.

Also, Lots Nos. 1 & 2 in Block No. 137 in said town, bounded on the west by 5th street; on the south by Coal street; on the north by an alley and on the east by lot No. 3, in same block.

Also, Lots Nos. 5 & 6 in block No. 84, bounded on the west by lot No. 4; east by lot No. 7 in same block; north by Market street and south by an alley.

Also, Lots No. 4 & 5 in block No. 56 bounded south by the Railroad; north by Mahanoy street east by lot No. 3, and west by lot No. 6 in same block.

Also, Lots Nos. 8 & 9 in block No. 51.

Also, Lots Nos. 12 & 13 in block No. 50.

Also, Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, in block No. 4.

Also, Lots Nos. 7 & 8 in block No. 67, bounded on the west by lot No. 6; east by lot No. 9, in same block; by the railroad on the north and Market street on the south.

Also, lot