Telegraphic News.

Later from Utah.

Severe Snow Storms—Provisions becoming Scarce—Movements of Reinforcements.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—The Independence Despatch announces the arrival of Mr. Mason, who left Camp Scott March 30, but his news is not important. Gen. Johnston was anxiously awaiting the arrival of Capt. Marcy.

The health of the army continued remarkably good. Provisions were becoming scarce, but supplies were soon expected from Fort Laramie.

Mr. Mason was detained seventeen days in consequence of snow storms. He met Colonel Hoffman's command 140 miles beyond Fort Kearney. Twelve hundred troops have arrived here within three days, the great proportion of whom proceed immediately to Leavenworth.

The Republican's Leavenworth correspondent notices a rumor from Camp Scott that Captain Marcy's detachment and supply train cannot reinforce General Johnston until the end of June. The Republican discredits this statement editorially, and says that Capt. Marcy cannot be detained more than ten days awaiting the reinforcements ordered by General Garland, and would then be in a condition to accomplish the march to Camp Scott in forty days.

Several Santa Fe merchants arrived here on Saturday, but bring no news of importance. They suffered terribly from the storms and cold weather. Every train has lost a greater or less number of animals. All the streams are high, and the water had overflowed the plains.

The Indians encountered reported having lost nearly all their animals by the extreme cold. Immense herds of buffaloes had been met within a day's ride of the settlements in Kansas.

Major General Smith and staff leave here for Fort Leavenworth this afternoon. Gen. Smith's health is much improved.

WASHINGTON, May 10.

At noon to-day the Secretary of the Treasury opened the sealed proposals for the issue of that portion of the whole of $5,000,000 of Treasury notes in exchange for gold coin of the United States. The bids amount to over $15,000,000, of which $4,500,000 are under five per cent.

THE GRASSHOPPER PLAGUE.

According to Gonzales Inquirer of the 24th ult., the swarms of grasshoppers, so much complained of in Texas, are taking their departure from that region, the air being filled with the vast hosts, all flying northeast. It would take about two weeks to get rid of all as a very large number were young ones, not full grown. Great numbers were dying also all over the country, while others were still engaged in devastating fields of corn, cotton, and wheat, which had previously escaped. So complete and general has been the destruction that all the farmers will be compelled to replant. The counties which have been most afflicted are Bexar Guadaloupe, Caldwell, Hays, Comal, Karnes, Gollad, Nueces, De Witt, Lavaca, and Gonzales, and portions of Bastrop, Fayette, and Victoria. In two or three of these the wheat crop has been entirely devoured, and in all it will be necessary to replant. It is mentioned as a singular fact that the grasshoppers have everywhere spared the Sorgho, or Chinese sugar cane. The Belton Independent says that the grasshoppers have made their appearance in Williamson county. The San Antonio Ledger of the 24th says that the farmers of the Hondo have not suffered from the grasshoppers, and that their crops are doing remarkably well. On the Lucas in Atascoso county, several farmers saved their crops by arming all their people and turning out in a mass to fight the grasshoppers. On the San Antonio river the crops are all ruined. On the Medina the grasshoppers did not attack the growing corn though they damaged other crops; while on the Salado and Cibolo they destroyed the corn entirely. The Goliad Express of the 24th says that most of the grasshoppers have taken wing and fled from that region. They leave as soon as they get able to fly, and are daily seen rising from the ground going to an immense height, as if to take a long trip.

GOVERNOR YEK.—The following is an extract of a private letter dated Canton River, Feb. 26.

"In catching Yek, we have not caught a Tartar; he is a pure Chinese blood, and rose to his high position by great mental capacity. He first attracted the notice of the Emperor by an historical book he wrote, and since that period his rise became rapid. He took the highest Chinese degree when 29 years old, and may now be called the second wrangler in the empire. He is very simple and regular in his tastes and habits; highly courteous and polite in his manner; does not drink as a general rule; never smokes opium; never appears to evince the slightest concern about his fate; is a Bhuddist; prays regularly twice a day with his head eastward; sleeps a good deal; smokes a good deal; talks little, appears much esteemed by his attendants and the higher class of Chinese, of course, is as obstinate as a pig, and hates us cordilly.—His food is chiefly rice, ducks, pork salted eggs, and some other curious Chinese delicacies; of course he won't eat beef. His drink is chiefly hot weak tea. He has never tasted cold water in his life, and, swears a drink of it would kill him. I have twice had long chats with him, through the interpreter, of course."

THE PHILADELPHIA EDITORIAL CONVENTION.—In consequence of the action in Philadelphia, a card has been issued by the the officers and other members of the Keystone Editorial Union, rescinding the call for the meeting of this Association in Pottsville, on the 11th inst.

It is said some babies are so small that they can creep into quart measures. But the way in which some adults can walk into such measures is astonishing.

A young man in New York advertised for a wife. In less than two hours, we are told, eighteen married men sent in word that he might have theirs.

☞ SEWING MACHINES.—The sewing machine has become a regular institution in this country. Their utility and economy is now a fixed fact. We refer our readers to the advertisement of the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines in our columns. We have one of these in our possession, and can speak from our own experience. These machines are got up in the very best style of workmanship and the mechanical arrangements are such that they are not easily put out of order. As a family sewing machine it unquestionably has no superior.

☞ LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.—This excellent periodical is now published weekly, each number containing 80 pages of choice selected matter from the best publications of the day, at $6 per annum. A new series commenced on the 3d of April, inst. We are indebted to the publishers for the back numbers.

☞ The May number of Peterson, Counterfeit Detector contains descriptions of 98 new counterfeit Bank Notes which have made their appearance since April 1st. This semi-monthly Detector is a great safe-guard against new counterfeits.

THE AMERICAN.

VIRTUE, LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded if equalled by any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania.

Democratic State Nominations.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
WM. A. PORTER, Philadelphia.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WESLEY FROST, Fayette County.

☞ FOR RENT.—A house in Market street Apply at this office.

☞ The recent rains have raised the Susquehanna, and the lumbermen are again running down their rafts. The season has been favorable for lumbering purposes.

☞ The weather has been wet, cool and boisterous for nearly a week. On Tuesday evening we were visited with a violent storm of wind and rain. For nearly an hour the water fell in such torrents that our streets were covered in many places with sheets of water.

☞ THE SUNBURY AND ERIE RAILROAD.—The early completion of this great work is now a fixed fact. It will be completed to Lock Haven in November. Mr. Moorehead, the President, says that a locomotive and train of cars will pass over the entire road, from Philadelphia and Sunbury to Erie, before the expiration of Governor Packer's first term.

☞ George F. Miller, Esq., has bought the farm of Mr. Moore, near Lewisburg, for $21,000. Friend George was a farmer before he commenced the practice of the law, and, we venture to say, worked harder in his profession than on the farm. With how much success the above fact is an indication. A little recreation would, no doubt, do him good, and we therefore advise him to fall back again on farming.

☞ The contractors are vigorously at work in completing the connecting-link required by the Sunbury and Erie road, to unite with the Northern Central, in Market street. The heaviest and most important part of the work is the trussel work at the upper end. The contractors on the Northern Central are distributing the cross-ties through town. The grading of the whole road is about completed and the track layers are hard at work.

☞ The Chief Burgess and Council were sworn in and entered upon the duties of their office, on Monday evening last. The Chief Burgess stated that he intended to examine into the financial affairs, and report. We trust that it will be done, so that tax-payers may see how their funds are expended.

☞ GREAT SPEED.—Under the new schedule, to be run on the Northern Central road, a lightning train will leave Baltimore at 7 A. M., and arrive here at 11½ A. M., 138 miles in 4½ hours. This train makes but few stops, and will connect with the train from New York, at Elmira, at about 5 P. M.

Five hundred tons, of iron are on the way to this place, and the track laying will proceed from both ends, which can be completed in three weeks.

☞ COUNTERFEITERS OF COIN ARRESTED.—Two young men, who said they were from Pittston, Luzerne county, were arrested in this place on Friday last, for passing counterfeit coin on a number of persons in this place. They were taken before Esquire Lazarus, who instituted an examination of their persons, and found upon them forty dollars in spurious quarters. This bogus coin is plated and otherwise well got up, and calculated to deceive the unwary. It can be readily distinguished, however, by its light weight and snowy white appearance. In addition to the above, forty-six dollars of the same coin was found the same day in a coal heap, on the wharf of Beard, Bowen & Co., by Mr. Beard. The prisoners did not deny their guilt, but asserted that this was their first offence. On Monday John Piatt, the Deputy U. S. Marshal of the Western District, arrived, and took them in charge. They are now confined in the Jail at Williamsport, and will be tried by the U. S. District Court, at that place.

NEWSPAPERS—THEIR SERVICES AND REWARD.

We understand that a few individuals labor under a strange delusion that we charged the Borough for the publication of the proceedings of Council in 1855. Had they examined the record, they might have seen that no such charge was made. The Council at the time, desired their publication, and offered to pay, if necessary, but we refused to make any charge. Newspapers are seldom ever rewarded, or even thanked for the favors they confer, yet they often expend more time and means, in the advancement of the interests of their neighbors and the public, than half the citizens of a place put together. In some sections of country, the value of a well conducted paper is so well understood, that regular contributions are made to its support, while in other portions, some vainly imagine they are conferring a great favor, and take credit for great magnanimity, in becoming subscribers to a paper, that may be to them richly worth treble the amount paid for it, while others think they are doing pretty well by paying when convenient. Our readers, we know, will do us the justice to say that we have never been sparing in our time and means in the advancement of the interests of this place and neighborhood. The ordinary proceedings of Council should always be published, as a matter of course, and our columns are always open for that purpose. But what is of more importance is that the accounts of the Borough should not only be settled but be made public as the county auditors reports are, annually.

THE SALE OF THE CANALS.

The Luzerne county papers appear exceedingly wrathy on account of the sale of the State canals to the Sunbury & Erie railroad, as they contend, at a great sacrifice. Suppose this to be all true. Is not the northwestern portion of the State, from Lock Haven to Erie, entitled, to as much of a gift or aid from the State as the people of the Wyoming region, who have received from the coffers of the commonwealth over four and a half millions of dollars in getting up that hopeful structure called the North Branch extension, from Tunkhannock to the State line, 93 miles? Now if the same amount of money had been appropriated by the commonwealth to the Sunbury & Erie road, it would have been completed years ago, and the advantages that would have accrued to the whole State would have been ten fold greater than can ever be derived from the most successful operations of the North Branch extension.

And why were they not as much entitled to aid from the State as other portions of the commonwealth? Their isolated position, and their inability to construct a thoroughfare to market, by private enterprise, gave them, if anything a stronger claim than even our North Branch friends, to draw upon the public treasury. If this sale was for the benefit of individuals or foreign corporations, there might be some force in their arguments. But as the State is simply appropriating or loaning a portion of her means, or rather her unproductive property, to improve another portion of her domains, who has any right to complain?

STEAM vs HAND POWER.

As an evidence, if any were necessary, to show the superiority of steam over hand power, we will mention that we were on the Steam Ferry boat, on Saturday, at the landing on the Western side, when a flat with a buggy set out for the Sunbury shore. The flat was out about thirty yards, when the steamboat put out on her return trip to Market street wharf, where she landed several passengers and took on several others and then returned to the landing on the Snyder county side, before the flat and buggy reached the Sunbury shore. The distance from the Market street landing to the Ferry landing opposite is about one mile. Dr. Hottenstein claims the Ferry landing on the Snyder county side. Mr. Clement, the proprietor of the Steamboat contends that the landing on the tow path belongs to the commonwealth, and that he has a right, under the charter of the Steam Ferry Company, to use it. He has no disposition to deprive the Doctor of any of his just privileges, but thinks his rights are no better than the man who imagined the State had done him a great injury in constructing a canal on the route upon which he drove a conestoga team, which was superseded by the superior speed and cheapness of the canal boat, or the packet boat and stage proprietors, who in return must yield to the Railroad car. He has no objection to let the Doctor have an equal chance on equal terms, in running a steamboat. Should he refuse that proposition he certainly cannot complain, and the public most assuredly, will not.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

As the government, which had a large surplus of over twenty millions of dollars in the Treasury a year or two since, is now almost bankrupt, the Cabinet is now beginning to look about to replenish the same, and a revised tariff with specific duties is an event that may be looked for. Forney's *Press* says:

"Mr. Buchanan has always occupied a middle, conservative ground on the subject of the Tariff. He voted for the Tariff of 1842, though greatly opposed to some of its provisions. He was a member of the Cabinet of President Polk when the Tariff of 1846 became a law, and made no secret of his opposition to the unvaried *ad valorem* feature of that measure. A long and intimate knowledge of his views on this question, and a general acquiescence in them—indeed, the steady support which we always extended to these views, even while accepting the Tariff of 1846 as a party measure—enables us to speak somewhat distinctly at this time. We cannot doubt that he entertains them now—for they have always been unhesitatingly avowed, up to the latest moment."

The Philadelphia *Daily News* referring to the above, thinks the free traders are beginning to "smell a pretty big rat." We trust after they have smelt sufficiently they will see the necessity of promptly using some disinfecting and other agents to remove the cause of the unsavory odor.

☞ NEXT CONGRESSMAN.—We observe that the question of our next Congressman is already attracting attention. In Schuylkill county we observe that Joseph W. Cake, Esq., is earnestly recommended. In this county Col. James Cameron has been recommended from several quarters. Among these is the following, which appeared in the Milton *Democrat*, a few weeks since. The writer refers to the question of protecting our iron and coal interests by a revision of the tariff, which question will necessarily come up in Congress. On this question Colonel Cameron, we know, has always been sound.

THE NEXT CONGRESSMAN.

DEAR COL. ECK:—In a conversation with several of my neighbors, on the great political questions that are now occupying the attention of the public, the conversation turned upon our member of Congress, or rather, who among the many deserving democrats would be likely to unite the party at the next election. On this subject there seems to be but one opinion. The vast extent of iron, coal and agricultural interests of this Congressional district, makes it one of the most important in the State, and requires that it should be represented by one who understands those interests and has the ability to protest them. All these necessary qualifications, I believe are possessed by Col. James Cameron, of Chillisquaque township. Such are the opinions of the people in this part of the country and I feel warranted in believing that if his name is brought before the people it would receive a very cordial support.

It is not necessary for me to say any thing of Mr. Cameron. He is well known in this District and to the public men of the country generally. By giving this a place in your next paper you will confer a favor on many democrats of

DELAWARE.

☞ An accident occurred on the Catttawissa road, near Ringtown, a few days since, by the breaking of an axle. Three passenger cars were jammed and thrown across the track. Fortunately the passengers all escaped. J. S. Hall, the mail agent was somewhat bruised.

MR. ENGLISH'S LECOMPTON BILL.

Forney's *Press* thus condenses the iniquities and absurdity of this bill which was forced through Congress by the free use of government pap and patronage:

The action of the Congress of the United States on Friday week, decided the following propositions and contradictions. Inasmuch as this action is not a settlement, but a wicked re-opening of that which honest legislation would have forever tranquilized, it is desirable that the reader will preserve and remember these facts:

I. That although the people of Kansas have repeatedly rejected the Lecompton Constitution, with all its protection to slavery, they must take that Coostitution now, or wait till they have a population of 93,000 or 120,000.

II. That the people can have no vote upon this Lecompton Constitution under the English bill, as lately, most positively, and distinctly shown by Senators Douglas and Green in the Senate, and by Mr. Stephens in the House.

III. But in order to bribe them to take it, some four millions of acres of land are offered to them, which if they accept, they go into the Union with Lecompton, and which if they reject, they remain out an indefinite period of time.

IV. If they take Lecompton with the land bribe which is a slave Constitution, simply and wholly, they enter the Union with 30,000 of a population; if they refuse it, they will remain in a territorial condition under pro-slavery management, for years to come.

V. That the commission appointed to hold the election in Kansas, when the land ordinance (not the Constitution) is submitted, has been constituted by the English bill) to consist a majority of pro-slavery men, who will of course count only to suit themselves; the House bill made the commission stand two and two.

VI. That the clause so highly favored by the Lecomptonites, that the people of Kansas should alter the Constitution at any time outside of its forms, has been carefully excluded by the English legerdemain.

VII. That all the Southern men say there is no submission of the Constitution to the people of Kansas, while their partisans from the North say there is.

We oppose this last fraud, to use the language of Senator Stuart, of Michigan, on Friday, for the following, among other reasons:

"I oppose it on the same ground that I would oppose an accumulation of property in a dishonorable way; I oppose it as I would oppose the reception of stolen property knowing it to be stolen; I oppose it because it is unbecoming the magnanimity and generosity of a great people, and a Congress representing a great people; because while in effect the people may destroy this Constitution, those who report it here to-day in their places have said that the Constitution is not submitted; I oppose it, sir, upon higher principles than any possible personal consequences; I oppose it because it seeks to lay down in the admission of States into this Union one set of propositions of one character of States, and another set of propositions for a different character of States; I oppose it because, instead of giving peace to the country, which I most fervently desire, it will inevitably increase and promote excitement and discord throughout the confederacy; and because it is in plain violation of the letter and spirit of the organic law of Kansas, and the true principles of self-government.

"I have said, sir, and I beg leave to repeat it again from the very bottom of my heart, I wish to-day in the settlement of this principle that this Lecompton Constitution was a free State Constitution, that it might be seen how indignantly the Representatives of the North would despise and condemn, and deride and trample under foot such a proposition as this. Sir, I will never agree to any such unjust, despicable discrimination as is continued in this bill.

"Sir, we are called upon to say to the people of Kansas, "if you will take this obnoxious Constitution you may come in now, at once, by the proclamation of the President—a Constitution which we know is obnoxious to every impulse of your nature; but if you insist upon framing a Constitution that is agreeable to your judgment and your wishes, you shall not come in until you have doubled your population;' and yet I am asked to vote for it. Why, sir, if it were submitted to me as the only alternative, if I were so borne down by oppression or under duress, that I was compelled to falsify all my opinions of constitutional authority, and take the naked Senate bill or take this thing, infinitely would I prefer the original Senate bill, because that does stand, and can stand upon technical legal authority, if you choose to use that in opposition to the known will of the people. This can stand on nothing either human or divine. If you were to set it up, and apply the commandment to it, you could not make it out heresy to worship it, for it is not like anything in the heavens above or in the earth beneath, or the waters under the earth. It is an anomaly, a miserable, ingeniously-concocted pretence to smuggle through Congress, and fasten upon the necks of the people of Kansas, an obnoxious organic law."

MISSIONARY INSTITUTE.—We are pleased to learn that the managers of the Missionary Institute have resolved at a recent meeting of the board, in Baltimore, to locate their new Institute of learning at Selinsgrove. The selection is an admirable one and well deserved on the part of the good people of that place, who have exhibited a laudable degree of enterprise and liberality in this matter. Such an Institute will be worth a half dozen court houses and petty county offices. This Institute is under the auspices of the general synod of the Lutheran church of the United States. There was a meeting of the committee, at Selinsgrove, on Thursday, to decide upon the location.

☞ NATIONAL FOUNDRY.—The bill for the establishment of a National Foundry will not be acted upon the present session of Congress The Secretary of War, has expressed the opinion to gentlemen interested, that when the bill is passed it will be so framed as to require the President to appoint a joint committee of officers of the army and navy, to visit the prominent locations suitable for a site, and report to the President of the United States, who will select the most approved location.

☞ BOOK BINDERY.—We refer those who have any binding to do, to the advertisement of Messrs. Worden & Cornelius of Lewisburg, who, we have no doubt, will faithfully, execute all orders entrusted to them.

☞ DESTROYED BY LIGHTNING.—During the thunder storm which passed over York county, last Thursday night, the barn of Mr. Jacob Deisinger, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground with two hundred bushels of oats, also wheat, corn and hay. Insured for $900. A barn belonging to Mr. Cronister, in Adams county, was also struck and consumed.

☞ ROPE FERRY.—We understand a rope ferry will be put into operation at Selin's Grove, by Wm. Gaugler, of that place, on the completion of the Northern Central railroad, to accommodate the trade and travel from that point to the road.

Gleanings—Editorial and Selected.

Plenty—bad weather.

Increasing—the taxes.

Coming—the grass-hoppers.

There were 21 rainy days in May '57.

The Ohio Legislature adjourned April 13th.

Steam canal boats are being introduced on the Erie canal.

The Danville Bank, this week, declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent.

Whis-*key*—a key by which many gain entrance into prisons and alms-houses.

The next State Fair, which takes place in September, will be held in Pittsburg.

OYSTERS.—There was about 500,000 oysters in market, on Friday last, in Philadelphia.

A steam boiler exploded at Tamaqua on Wednesday of last week, killing a young man named Thomas Foster.

It is asserted—that the saying, "there is more pleasure in giving than receiving," applies chiefly to medicine, advice and kicks.

The citizens of St. Cloud, Minnesota, have bought a new press for Mrs. Swisshelm, to replace the one lately destroyed by the mob.

G. J. Ball, Esq., of Erie county, and former State Treasurer, has accepted the Cashiership of the Bank of Commerce, Erie, Pa.

Numerous counterfeits on the Northwestern Bank of Virginia are abroad, particularly of the denominations of five and ten dollars.

A band of filibusters is said to be concentrating near Yorktown, Dewitt county, Texas, preparatory to an irruption into Northern Mexico.

Prayer meetings in Independent Hall, Lewisburg, evenings as well as noon.—A daily prayer meeting is also held in New Berlin.

Gov. Packer will perfect the delivery of the Public Works, into the hands of the Sunbury & Erie Company, the 19th of this month.

He who marries for beauty only, is like the buyer of cheap furniture—the varnish that caught the eye, will not endure the fireside blaze.

Miss Helen Cunningham, daughter of Mrs. Cunningham-Burdell, was married in Jersey city, on Sunday last, to a young dentist of that city.

Mr. Urey, of Caldwell county, Ky., has manumitted twenty-five slaves, fourteen of whom will sail from Baltimore, May 1st, for Liberia.

The aggregate cost of printing, &c., ordered by the 33d Congress, amounted to $2,220,715, and that of the 34th Congress, to $1,618,292 64.

Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has commissioned the distinguished sculptor of Chicago, Mr. L. W. Volk, to execute a full length statue of Senator Douglas.

One hundred and eighty eight new members were added to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's Church, last Sunday. His congregation numbers 1,375 persons.

A country editor thinks that Columbus is not entitled to much credit for discovering America, as the country is so large that he could not well have missed it.

A young and pretty little lady remarked the other day that "a young man who didn't take a newspaper, was not deserving of the affections of an amiable lady.

AWFUL!A new work is advertised under ominous title, *A Woman's Thoughts about Women.* How could any publisher have undertaken anything so uncharitable!

Rev. B. T. Crouch, Sr., of the M. E. Church, South, died after one hour's sickness at Louisville, a few days ago. He had been an active minister for forty years.

RAILROAD TRAVEL.—On and after Monday May 10th, all the through trains, passenger and freight, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, will be run, both ways, through Columbia.

An inscription it is said, may be found in an Italian graveyard: "Here lies Etella, who transported a large fortune to heaven in acts of charity, and has gone thither to enjoy it.'

James Pollock has been suggested as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

Judge Jones of Reading, (J. Pringle Jones) is also urged, in that section of the State, for the same office.

The Union canal is now in a thorough state of repair, and ready for the most active operations. The tunnels, locks and channel of the canal have been enlarged for the passage of the largest sized boats.

On Saturday, when the banks of Lynchburg, Va., resumed specie payments, one of them paid out $40,000 and others $15,000 and $20,000 each, in coin, the demand for it coming from distant brokers.

Mr. English, of Indiana, by some pungent remarks of Senator Broderick, concerning his trickery, called on Mr. B. and asked him to retract. Mr. Broderick's response was: "Get out of my way you puppy." Mr. English obeyed.

ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday, the 4th inst., Mr. Andrew Romig, while engaged in helping to erect a barn for Mr. Pharos Gamberling, in Penns township, Snyder County, had his leg severely crushed by a log falling from the building.

A threshing machine is offered for sale in good order. Warranted to lick a school of fifty boys in twenty minutes, distinguishing their offences into literary, moral, and impertinent. Only parted with because the owner has flogged all his school away.

The Danville *Democrat* says that the ferry boat sank in the river about forty yards from shore with two loaded lime wagons and two buggies on board. Passengers and horses were rescued, frightened and wet, as the river was low.

John F. Bachman, a member of the Stockton Artillerists, of Mauch Chunk, died on Friday, the 30th ult., at Easton. He served with the Artillerists during the Mexican war, as drummer, although then only sixteen years old. He was buried with military honors.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION.—The contract made by the committee appointed in the early part of the session, for the purpose of purchasing a mansion for the Governor, has been ratified by the House. The dwelling is located on Second street, next to the Presbyterian church, and is in excellent repair. The price paid for the same is $10,000, including some furniture.

Geo. Donachy, Sexton of the Lewisburg Cemetery, furnishes the following statement of the burials there during the year ending 1st May, 1858:

	Borough.	Country.	Total.
20 and under,	36	24	60
20 to 60,	5	2	7
60 and over,	6	5	11
	47	31	78

The militia law passed by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor, gives to volunteers for six parades, one dollar and fifty cents per day. It also establishes a Military Department, with a large salary for the Adjutant General. The present enrollment is dispensed with, and the militia fines repealed. The law will infuse new spirit into the volunteer companies through the State. Commanding officers of regiments are authorized to order companies into the field for encampment parade, once each year, for a period not exceeding six days.

Theodore Parker says that when a real revival of religion takes place, "forts will be turned into public gardens, ships of war into penny posters across the sea, jails into hospitals, black slavery and white slavery done away with, there will be no more murder, no more prostitution, no more crime or drunkenness—not an Irishman will be drunk nor even a member of Congress."

The only slave, recorded in the census of 1850, as still existing in Pennsylvania, died on the 5th of April, aged about one hundred and three years. His name was Abraham Kirk, and he was the property of Stephen Porter, of Drumore township, Lancaster county, by whom he was some time ago manumitted. He retained his faculties to the last, and could relate many incidents of the Revolution, of which he was an eye-witness. Among others was one, that, in 1781, he rowed General La Fayette across the Susquehanna at Ball Friar, when, the boat running upon a rock, the General felt much uneasiness for the safety of his men.

FATAL MISTAKE.—On Monday evening last while Shillinglaw, of Hamilton (C. W.) was preparing a seidlitz powder, he mistook a quantity of arsenic for the carbonate of soda, which he had for the purpose of making the drink; he mixed the poison and ere he discovered, drank freely of the fatal draught.—He expired in a few minutes.

The Davenport (Iowa) News says that emigration up the Missouri river this season is unprecedented. It is estimated that emigrants are pouring into the Territories at the rate of 3,000 a day.

JURORS.—In Lower Canada the agreement of nine jurors out of twelve, is sufficient in all civil cases. This has long been the law of Scotland.

Rev. Theodore Parke said, in a recent sermon, that you couldn't transport a lady or a barrel of flour from New York to Boston without springing a hoop.

The fashion runs now on straw bonnets and hats for ladies and children. English Dunstables, as well as Leghorns and Italian straws, have all advanced some 25 per cent at New York in the wholesale prices.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
730 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

☞ These Machines are now justly admitted to be the best in use for Family Sewing, a new strong, and elastic stitch, which will not rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. Circulars sent on application by letter.

Agents Wanted.

Only those who have suffered all the miseries of Dyspepsia in its various forms can appreciate the value of a medicine that will *cure* this disease. To all who find a remedy we say, try the *Oxygenated Bitters.*

If you have a sore or painful disease, go and get a bottle of DR VALL'S GALVANIC OIL, and you will not rue it—no! you will purchase more; this has been the case, and will be so in time to come.

AGENTS FOR DR VALL'S GALVANIC OIL.—Billing & Grant, A. W. Fisher, W. Weimer, C. Wenk, H. D Maize, Bergstresser & Hull.

☞ $1,000 REWARD will be paid for any Medicine that will excel PRATT & BUTCHER'S MAGIC OIL for the following diseases:—Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affection, Contracted Joints, Chollic Pains, Pains in the Side or Back, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all diseases of the skin Muscles and the Glands. None genuine without the signature of PRATT & BETCHER attached to each Label.—Principal office, 299 Washington street, Brooklyn, New York. Sold by

Albert W. Fisher, Druggist, Market street, Sunbury,

☞ This is to certify, that I have made but one application of the Magic Oil on my fingers, which have been drawn from contraction of the cords, brought on by rheumatism. It was of seventeen months standing, and I now entirely cured. I cheerfully recommend it to all afflicted likewise.

J. M. FINBROOK,
Harrisburg, 72 Locust street.

July 25, 1857.—1y.

DEATHS.

In Shamokin, on the 28th ult., JACOB, son of Adam and Elizabeth Adams, aged 2 years, 6 months, and 13 days.

In Shamokin, on the 28th ult., of consumption, Mrs. SARAH CULP, aged 40 years.

Near Snydertown, on the 30th ult., ISABELLA, daughter of John L. and Catharine Miller, aged 4 years and 23 days.

In Shamokin, on the 4th inst., ROSE IDELIA, youngest daughter of Samuel and Catharine Moore, aged 6 months and 27 days.

The Markets.

Philadelphia Market.

May 13, 1858.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Wheat continue quite large, though the market is inactive Good red is held at $1 00 a $1 10, and $1 20 a $1 15 for good white. Rye is steady at 70 cents. Corn is scarce, and light sales are making at 60a61 cents. Oats are in demand at 35 cents.

SUNBURY PRICE CURRENT.

Wheat,	$1 40a1 50	Butter, - -	$ 20
Rye, - - - -	75	Eggs, - - -	10
Corn, - - - -	50	Tallow, - - -	12
Oats, - - - -	37	Lard, - - -	12
Buckwheat, - -	62	Pork, - - - -	8
Potatoes,	50	Beeswax, - -	24

New Advertisement.

Estate of PATRICK HUGHES, deceased.

Michael Hughes vs The heirs of Patrick Hughes, dec'd. } Writ of Partition and valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Northumberl'd county, returnable to August Term, A. D., 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs and legal representatives of said Patrick Hughes, late of Zerbe township, Northumberland county, deceased, that by virtue of the above writ, to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of said Patrick Hughes, deceased, in the town of Trevorton, in Zerbe township, aforesaid, on Tuesday, the 22d day of June, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of making Partition of, or to value and appraise the Real Estate of said deceased to wit: Of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the town of Trevorton, aforesaid, containing 25 feet in front and 125 feet deep, fronting on Shamokin street, adjoining lots of Thomas Riley on the West, and on the East of —— Detrick. At which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, May 15th, 1858.

SILVER PLATED-WARE.
MANUFACTURED BY
JOHN O. MEAD & SONS.

THE oldest Electro Plater in the United States, manufactures of every variety of Goods plated with pure silver, Albata, Brittania and Steele

Tea Setts, Urns, Waiters, Casters, Cake Baskets, Pitchers, Goblets, Communion Service, Spoons, Forks, Knives, &c. All goods warranted as represented.

North East corner 9th and Chesnut street.
Philadelphia, Penna.

May 8, 1858.—1y

PLAIN AND FANCY
BOOK BINDING.

THE subscribers, having bought the Bindery late of Stephen D and Lyman H. Wilson, of Milton, and added to it some superior implements, and having secured the superintendence of Mr. H. E DOWNING, who has for ten years been employed in one of the best Binderies in Philadelphia, and comes with the first recommendations for integrity and competency, are now prepared to

BIND OR RE-BIND

Books, Pamphlets Magazines, Newspapers, Music, &c., &c.,

in every style desired. Work may either bound or half-bound, in Calf, Roan, Turkey Morocco, Sheep, or other Leather, or Muslin of various colors and ornamented with Marble Paper of different figures, shades and colors.

Old Bibles and other Books or Papers which it is desired to preserve as memorials in a family, can be made more secure by the Binder's skill.

☞ Blank Books, Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Pocket Books, Albums, Diaries, &c., LETTERED WITH GOLD in legible and durable characters, to order.

MUSIC PORTFOLIOS, &c., made to suit customers.

A good Bindery has long been desired in this vicinity, and we can therefore most respectfully solicit the public patronage, trusting that it will be sufficient to repay the outlay and risk. ☞ Rent, tools, stock, and workmen all requiring money, we shall expect PAY ON DELIVERY of all work. ☞ We intend to charge moderate, reasonable and uniform prices, on the "Live and Let Live" principle—and hope to make it a permanent business.

Office in the center of Market Square, north side second story, adjoining the "Chronicle" and Telegraph offices, third door from the Post Office.

WORDEN & CORNELIUS, Prop'rs.

HENRY E. DOWNING, Agent.

Lewisburg, May 15, 1858.—1y

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises in Delaware township in said county, on THURSDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate to wit:—A certain Frame FLOURING MILL, with five acres of Land covered with water appurtenant thereto, situate in Delaware township, Northumberland county, and bounded on the north, south and east by land late of Isaac Vincent, deceased, and on the west by a public road. Also, one acre of land appurtenant, bounded by lands late of David Watson, dec'd on the west, and by a public road on the north. Being late the estate of Isaac Vincent, deceased and will be sold agreeably to the conditions and order of our said Court of Common Pleas thereupon, which will be made known on the day of sale.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, May 15, 1858.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland County.

Martin Weaver, vs William McCarty and William Shannon & Rachel his wife. } No. 39 August Term A. D. 1858. Breve de Partitione Faciendo.

NOTICE.

To William McCarty, and William Shannon and Rachel his wife.—You are hereby notified, that in pursuance of the above writ, to me directed, an Inquisition will be held upon the premises described in said writ, to wit:—A certain tract or piece of land, situate in Coal township, containing 70 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by land, now or late, of Ludwig Gass, Martin Gass, John Brady and others, on Tueskay the 20th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day for the purpose of making partition of or to value and appraise the same. At which time and place you may attend if you think paper.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Sunbury. May 15th, 1858.

Estate of William Bartholomew, deceased.

Daniel Bloom, Attorney in fact for David Bloom, vs The Widow and Heirs of Wm. Bartholomew, deceased. } Writ of Partition and valuation returnable to August Term, A. D. 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs of Wm. Bartholomew late of Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, deceased, that by virtue of the above writ, to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of said deceased, on Monday the 14th day of June next, 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of making Partition of or to value and appraise the Real Estate of said deceased. At which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JAMES VANDYKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, May 15th, 1858.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public in general that they have received at their Store, in Upper Augusta township, Northumberland county, Pa., at Kline's Grove, their

Spring and Summer Goods,

and opened to the public a full assortment of Merchandize, &c, consisting in part of Cloths, black and fancy Cassimeres, Checks, Kentucky Jeans, together with a general variety of Spring and Summer Goods, adapted to all grades of persons.

READY MADE CLOTHING very cheap.

Ladies' Dress Goods, Summer Shawls, Ginghams Challi Delains, Ducals, Robes A'Quille, Calicoes, Black Silks, &c.

Also, a fresh supply of Drugs and Medicines, Groceries, &c.

A new supply of Hardware, Queensware, Wooden ware, &c.

A large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, suitable for Men, Women and Children.

HATS and CAPS.—FISH and SALT.

And all goods usually kept in a country store. Our display is unsurpassed. The above named stock of goods will be sold at prices to suit the times for CASH or in exchange for country produce at the market price.

And shall be happy to meet our friends and the patrons of our establishment, and sell them goods at such prices as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

Thankful for past favors we hope by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same.

J. F. & I. F. KLINE.

Kline's Grove, Pa., May 15th, 1858.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the house of John Bingaman, in Georgetown, Northumberland county, aforesaid, on Tuesday, the 22d day of June, next, the following described Real Estate to wit:—Two certain LOTS OR PIECES OF GROUND, situate in