### The Sunbury American. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

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SUPERIOR WHITE ASH ANTHRACITE COAL, From the Mammoth Vein, for Furn aces, Found ries, Steamboats and Family use,

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May 8, 1850 .- if

### PHILADELPHIA Wood Moulding Will,

Willow Street above Twelfth, North Side. DULDINGS suitable for Carpenters, Builders, Calinet and Frame Makers, worked from the best and thoroughly seasoned material, always on hand. Any pattern work-

interest, will continue the business with increas- ber. 1846. Agents wanted in the various towns in

portion of the State, to whom opportunities will be offered for large profits to themselves. SAMUEL B. HENRY. July 18, 1857 .- 3m 210

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT!!

### Revolution in the Dry Goods Business !!! J. F. & I. F. KLINE.

Respectfully announce to their friends and the public in general that they have received at their store in Upper Augusta township, Northumber-land county Pa., at Klines Grove their Spring and Summer GOODS, and opened to the public

• general assortment of merchandize &c. Consisting in part of Cloths, black and fancy Case mers, Satinetts, Checks, Kentucky Jeans together with a general assortment of Spring and Summer Goods adapted to all classes of per-

Ready made Clothing, consisting of Costs and Ladies Bress Goods,

Samuer Shawls, Ginghame, Lawns, Ducals, Culicoes, black Silks &c. Also a fresh supply of Drugs and Medicines, Groceries 4c., of all kinds.

A new supply of Hardware. Queensware, wooden ware Brooms &c.
A large assortment of Roots and Shoes suitable for men women and children.

HATS AND CAPS. School Books, Stationery, Envelopes, Ink, &c.

FISH AND SALT. And all goods usually kept in a country store.

Come and see, Come one, come all.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. All of the above named stock of goods will be sold positively at low prices for cash, or in exchange for country produce at the highest mar-

ket price. Thankful for past favors we hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. Kline's Grove, Pa., May 16, 1957 .- if

### MERCO CODES, A. J. CONRAD. HOLLOWING RUN.

RSPECTFULLY informs the public that he has replenished his Store with an excellent assortment of New Goods just received from Philadelphia, which he will sell on terms as reasonable as any other establishment. His assortment consists in part of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & SATTINETT, Winter Wears for men and boys, all styles and

Ladies Dress Goods. Consisting of Black Silks, Merinos, Alpacas, De Laines, Calicoes, Ginghams, Muslins, Trim-

mings, &c.
Also a tresh supply of GROCERIES of all HARDWARE and QUEENSWARE, Cedarware, Brooms, &c. Also a large assort-ment of Boots and Shoes, suitable for Men Women and Children. Hats and Caps, Silk Hats, and all goods usually kept in a Country Store. All the above named stock of goods will be sold positively at low prices for cash, or in ex-

change for country produce, at the highest market price. Hollowing Run, Nov. 29, 1856 .-- 1v

PATENT WHEEL GREASE, FIGURE Grease is recommended to the notice of

Wagoners, Livery Stable keepers, &c., as being Surgaton to anything of the kind ever intened to the jeweler. troduced. As it does not gum upon the axles "Sir," said he, "you have caused the arrest the weather, remaining the same in summer as in winter, and put up in the consisters at 374 and 75 cents, for sale by A. W. FISHER.

## Select Poetry.

PRINTERS.

A mong the rank of human kind, Some go before and some behind, But mind them well and you will find, Not bindmost is the PRINTER.

The lessons which you learned at school, That you may grow up a fool, Had, all in scientific rule.

Been published by the PRINTER. How do your Presidents and Kings Govern so many thousand things?
'Fis by the types, the screws and springs
Belonging to the PRINTER.

The farmer and mechanic, too, Would sometimes scarce know what to do, Could they not get a certain view Of work done by the PRINTER.

The doctor cannot meet the crooks Of all the cuses till he looks Upon the pages of the books Supplied him by the PRINTER

The lawyer for a wit has passed. But high as his bend may be cust, He would be but a dunce at last. Were it not for the PRINTER.

Who is it that so neatly tells The various goods the merchant sells, Inviting all the beaux and belles? Who is it but the PRINTER?

The classes of the human race. Of different size, of different face, Appear in this and every place How obvious to the PRINTER.

One sings the base, one sharps and flats, Bedecked with pantaloons and hats, And longtailed coats and smooth cravats, Of this class is the PRINTER.

The other sings the treble sweet.
Adorned with frocks and bennets nest, And look! how beauteous and complete, And lovely to the PRINTER.

'Tis Hymen's will of course you know, These classes should in couples go, And since the world will have it so, "So be it," says the l'RINTER.

There's not a man below the skies Who better understands to prize The charms that grace a lady's eyes, Than does this very PRINTER.

Young maidens, then, without debate, 'l'is hoped you'll duly estimate, Before, in fact, it is too late, The value of the PRINTER.

# Select Tale.

### THE MUSICIAN'S MARRIAGE.

After having passed the summer is visiting ed from a drawing.

The subscriber having purchased the entire ted pisnist Listz, arrived at Prague in Octo-

The day after he came, his apartment was appearance indicated misery and suffering. The great musician received him with a cordiality which he would not perhaps have shown a nobleman. Encouraged by his kindness, his visitor said: "I come to you, sir, as a brother. Excuse me if I take this title notwithstanding the distance that divides us; but formerly I could boast some skill in playing on the piano, and by giving instruction I gained a comfortable livelihood. Now I am old, feeble, burdened with a large family, and destitute of pupils. I live at Nuremburg, but I came to Prague to seek to recover the remnant of a small property which belonged to my ancestors. Although nominally successful, expense of a long higation has more than This is a short preface to a short s swallowed up the trifling sum I recovered.

"And you have come to me? You have done well, and I thank you for this proof of your esteem. To assist a brother professor is to me more than a duty-it is a pleasure. Artists should have their purse in common ; and if fortune neglects some in order to treat others better than they deserve, it only makes it more necessary to preserve the equilibrium by fraternal kindness. That's my system; so don't speak of gratitude, for I feel that I only

discharge a debt." opened another drawer in his writing case, and started when he saw that his usual de pository for his money contained but three ducats. He summoned his servant.

"Where is the money?" he asked. "There, sir," replied the man, pointing to the open drawer. "There! Why, there's scarcely snything!" "I know it, sir. If you please to remem-ber. I told you yesterday that the cash was

nearly exhausted." "You see, my dear brother," said Listz, smiling, "that for the moment I am no richer than you; but that does not trouble me; I have credit, and I can make money start from the keys of my piano. However, as you are in haste to leave Prague and return home,

of funds." So saying, he opened another drawer, and taking out a splendid medallion, gave it to the Towne told him to shut his book. He did so, old man. "There," said he, "that will do. but instantly recoiled, and dodged his head. It was a present made me by the emperor of Austria: his own portrait set in diamonds. The painting is nothing remarkable, but the stones are fine. Take them and dispose of being asked if he had been accustomed to them, and whatever they bring shall be

The old musician tried in vain to decline so rich a gift. Listz would not hear of a refusal, and the poor man at length withdrew, invoking the choicest blessings of heaven on his generous benefactor. He then repaired to the shop of the principal jeweler in the city, in order to sail the diamonds. Seeing a miserably-dressed man anxious to dispose of magnificent jewels with whose value he appression which I once heard from the lips of peared unacquainted, the master of the shop very naturally suspected his honesty; and while appearing to examine the diamonds with close attention, he whispered a few words in the ear of one of his assistants. The latter went out and speedily returned, accompanied by several soldiers of police, who arrested the unhappy artist, in spite of his protestations of innocence.

"You must first come to prison," they said ; "afterwards you can give an explanation to the magistrate.

The prisoner wrote a few lines to his benefactor, imploring his assistance. Listz has-

of an innocent man. Come with me immeditely, and let us have him released. He is the lawful owner of the jewels in question, for I gave them to him."

"So much the better for him on whom I have bestowed them." "But in order to make such a present you

must be very wealthy."
"My actual fortune consists of three ducats." "Then you are a magician?"
"By no means; and yet, by just moving my fingers, I can obtain as much money as I

"You must be a magician !" "If you choose, I'll disclose to you the

magic I employ." Listz had seen a piane in the parlor behind the shop. He opened it, and ran his fingers over the keys; then, seized by sudden inspiration, he improvised one of those soul-touching symphonies peculiar to himself.

As he sounded the first chords, a beautiful

"This is the first time I have had the pleasure of seeing or hearing him." replied she; "but I know that none living, cave Listz, could draw such sounds from the piano."

than astonished at his talent. That night the musicians of the city sere-naded their illustrious brother. The next day the nobles and most distinguished inhabitants of Prague presented themselves at his door. They entreated him to give some concerts, leaving it to himself to fix any sum he pleased as a remoneration. Then the jeweler perceived that talent, even in a pecuniary light, may be more valuable than the most precious diamonds. Listz continued to go to his house, and, to the merchant's great joy, he perceived that his daughter was the cause of these visits. He began to love the company of the musician, and the fair girl, his only child, certainly did not hate it.

One morning the jeweler, coming to the point with German frankness, said to Listz, "How do you like my daughter?" "She is an angel!"
"What do you think of marriage?"

"I think so well of it, that I have the greatest possible inclination to try it." "What would you say to a fortune of three million francs ?" 'I would willingly accept it.",

"Well, we understand each other. My daughter pleases you, you please my daughter Her fortune is ready; be my son-in-law."
"With all my heart." The marriage was celebrated the

And this, according to the chronicles of Prague, is a true account of the marriage of the great and good planist, Listz.

# Miscellancons.

Mr. Marcy as a Schoolboy.

The following interesting anecdote, from the Boston Transcript of the first, is said to

This is a short preface to a short story, which interested me, when I heard it, many years ago, and which a recent event has freshened up in my memory. I cannot remember the year-it was long ago-that I passed the night under the hospitable roof of the Hon. Salem Towne, of Charlton, in the country of Worcester. As we sat together, in the evening, and were speaking of education and of schools, Mr. Towne informed me, that, about the year 1800, he taught a school in the southwestern district of Charlton. An inhabitant of Sturbridge the adjoining town, had a son of whose abilities the general character As he uttered these generous words, Listz he appeared to entertain a low estimate, and pened another drawer in his writing case, of whom he spoke to Mr. Towns "disparagingly as a boy who gave him trouble." Mr. Towne, notwithstanding his paternal forewarning, consented to receive the lad on pro-

On the evening of the very first day, the school agent came to the teacher, and told him that the boy was a bad boy, and would disturb the whole school, and must be turned out. The agent, very probably, received his impressions from the judicious parent, who seems to have made no secret of his opinions. Mr. Towne rejected his hasty counsel, and informed the agent that he should keep a watchful eye upon the lad, and that he thought it would be time enough to turn him out of school when he made any disturbance, you shall not be delayed by my present want and that he was entitled to a fair trial .-When the boy came, for the first time, to recite his lesson, and had gotten through, Mr but instantly recoiled, and dodged his head, as if he expected a blow. The teacher inquired what was the matter; the boy replied that he supposed he should be beaten; and such usage, he replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Towne then quieted his alarm, and assured him that he had nothing to fear, if he conducted himself well and encouraged him, this approbation that he ventured to say to a very intelligent Jesuit, and say that the teacher had found a master key to the soul of his deciple; but, from that hour, he had effectually the switch That beautiful appeal-"My son, give me thy heart," had not been thus silent or made in vain. The lad told his associates that, though others had said he was a bad boy. Mr. Town had told him he believed he was a good boy, and he was sure he wished to be a good boy

Not long after, the school agent came again and carnestly required that this boy should be dismissed from the school. With this request Mr. Towne refused to comply; and said that he "liked the appearance and con-

"But, sir," asked the merchant, "who are you?"

"My name is Listz."

"I don't know any rich man of that name."

"That may be; yet I am tolerably well known."

"Are you aware, sir, that these diamonds are worth six thousand florins—that is to say, about five thousand guineas, or twelve thousand guineas, or twelve thousand firms—that is to say, about five thousand guineas, or twelve thousand guineas, or twelve thousand guineas, or twelve thousand florins—that is to say, about five thousand guineas, or twelve the man who, however unworthy, is the Chief Magist

en instructor.

This course was followed; the boy went dition of Kansas?

Marcy, is no more!

Upon the tidings of Mr. Marcy's decease. I had a wish to tell this interesting story to the world. Unwilling to trust entirely to my memory. I addressed a letter to Gen. Towne and communicated that wish to him. His

Firmly believing, as I do, that, under God, "but I know that none living, save Listz, could draw such sounds from the pinno."

Expressed with grace and modesty, by a young person of remarkable beauty, this admiration could not fail to be more than flatter.

Firmly believing, as I do, that, under God, where God, where I was a well established to this kind, the Government of Kansas as well established as that of any other Territory.

So opportunely, I think the public will not agree with Gen. Towne, in ascribing to chance duty? Was it not to sustain this government; ing to the artist. However, after making his | what has obviously resulted from the exercise | to protect it from the violence of lawless men ;

best acknowledgments. Listz withdrew, in order to deliver the prisoner, and was accompanied by the jeweler.

to prevent it being overturned by force; in the language of the Constitution, "to take tice to all portions of the Union, and thus care that the laws be faithfully executed?"

Upon the occasion of a military review, necessary.

Upon the occasion of a military review, necessary.

In this state of affairs, would I not have and in the presence of the company, who had teacher's surprise-the effect upon his young 'Yes," said Mr. Marcy, "Towne made me!"

The Memorial of Prof. Silliman, and the Reply of President Buchanan. Washington, Sept. 2.

The following is the memorial of Professor | Whence did this necessity arise Silliman and forty-two others, of Connecticut, addressed to his Excellency, James Buchanen,

President of the United States : upon evidence that they never made, and produce universal anarchy. regation of our national character, as violaportion of the U.S.," by employing arms in Kansus to uphold a body of men and a code of enactments, purporting to be legislative, but which never had the election nor sanction, nor consent of the people of the terri-

We earnestly represent to your Excellency that we have also taken the oath to obey the Constitution, and your Excellency may be assured that we shall not refrain from the prayer that the Almighty God will make your lministration an example of justice and beneficence, and with His terrible majesty protect our people and her Constitution.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

Washington City, Aug. 15, 1857. GENTLEMEN :- On my return to the city after a fortnight's absence, your memorial, without date, was placed in my hands, thro' the agency of Mr. Horatio King, of the Post Office Department, to whom it had been entrusted. From the distinguished source whence it proceeds, as well as its peculiar character, I have deemed it proper to depart from my general rule in such cases, and to give it an answer.

You first assert that the fundamental principles of the Constitution of the United States, by commending his recitation; and was so and of our political institutions, is that the impressed by the lad's manner of receiving people shall make their own laws, and elect their own rulers. You then express your grief and astonishment that I should have viclated this principle, and through Gov. Walker, have employed an army, "one of the pur-poses of which is to force the people of Kansas, to obey laws not their own, nor of the United States, but which it is notorious and established upon evidence they never made, and rulers they have elected." And as a corollary from the foregoing, you represent that I am "openly held up and proclaimed, to the great derogation of our national character, as violating, in its most essential par-ticular, the solemn oath which the President has taken to support the Constitution of this

These are heavy charges, proceeding from gentlemen of your high character, and, if well ment. They refused to be either registered, founded, ought to consign my name to infa- or to vote, and members of the Convention my. But in propertion to their gravity, comduct of the boy, and thought, that, with some little illustration of the law of kindness, he would make himself known in the world, as a useful citizen."

This youth continued to attend the school.

The convention will soon assemble to perform the solemn daty of framework in the world, as a useful citizen."

This youth continued to attend the school.

from in after life.." Mr. Towne recommended the Rev. Mr. Lyman of Connecticut, as ed upon the duties of the Presidential office Walker, that the troops will not be employed

This Territory had been organized under judicious primary teacher have been verified—the boy was heard from in after life! After having filled many stations of the very first importance in our country and passed the seventieth milestone in the path of man, from the cradle to the grave, he is numbered with the dead—that Sturbridge boy, William L. Marcy, is no more!

This Territory had been organized under power of the civil magistrate shall prove unavailing. Following the wise example of Mr. Madison towards the Hartford Convention, such as Secretary of the Territory, a Chief Justice, as that of the Topeka Convention, will not be disturbed, unless they shall attempt to prefer more act which will bring them into sent of the Senate and were all engaged in laws. In that event the constitution are the control of the law; and this, not until the power of the civil magistrate shall prove unavailing. Following the wise example of Mr. Madison towards the Hartford Convention, will not be dead—that Sturbridge boy, William L. Marcy, is no more!

As he sounded the first chords, a beautiful young girl entered the room. While the melody continued she remained speechless and immovable; then, as the last note died away, she cried, with irresistible enthusiasm, "Bravo, Listz! 'tis wondrous!"

"Dost thou know him, then, my daughter?"

asked the jeweler.

"The assonance that you will not refrain from prayer that the Almighty viously arisen, respecting the validity of the election of members to the Territorial Legislature, and of the laws passed by them. But assist me in carrying out this blessed consummation of the laws passed by them. But at the time I entered upon my official duties. Congress had recognized this Legislature, in discover that he was a lad of a noble mind; and that proper direction and a change of asked the jeweler.

"Dost thou know him, then, my daughter?"

asked the jeweler.

"The delegate elected to the House of Representatives under the Territorial Legislature, in different forms, and by different enactments. The delegate elected to the House of Representatives under the Territorial Legislature, of justice and beneficence. You can greatly assist me in carrying out this blessed consummation by exerting your influence in allaying different forms, and by different enactments. The delegate elected to the House of Representatives under the Territorial Legislature, of justice and beneficence. You can can greatly assist me in carrying out this blessed consummation by exerting your influence in allaying different forms, and by different enactments. The delegate elected to the House of Representatives under the Territorial Legislature, of justice and beneficence. You can can greatly assist me in carrying out this blessed consummation of the laws passed by them. But the time I entered upon my official duties. Congress had recognized this Legislature, in different forms, and by different enactments. The delegate elected to the House of Representatives and the plant of the tast portion of the tast portion of the tast portion of the tast portion of the man, whose influence might, in after life, be sentatives, under the Territorial law, had just widely extended." completed his term of service on the day previous to my inauguration. In fact, I found

panied by the jeweler.

Grieved at his mistake, the worthy merchant sought to repair it, by inviting the two musicians to supper. The honors of the table were done by his amiable daughter, who appeared no less touched at the generosity of Listz

Mr. Marcy, he possessed and cultivated a genial and grateful temper. He never forgot his obligations to the teacher of the village school, in Charlton; and on numerous occasions, private and public, evidently took a particular pleasure in proclaiming them one less touched at the generosity of Listz

Mr. Marcy, he possessed and cultivated a care that the laws be faithfully executed?"

It was for this purpose, and this alone, that it ordered a military force to Kansas, as a posse comitatus, siding the civil magistrate to carry the laws into execution. The condition of the Territory at the time, which I need not portray, rendered this precaution absolutely

The process of the table were series and cultivated a care that the laws be faithfully executed?"

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and perfect gentleman, Gov. Brooks, observ-ing the very familiar and friendly relation be-shal and other officers of a like character imtween Mr. Marcy and Gen. Towne, who were potent to execute the process and judgments Present, inquired of Mr. Marcy how he and Towne had become so intimate; upon which Mr. Marcy replied, pointing towards General press authority; and thus have suffered the Towne: 'He made me-whatever I have at- government itself to become an object of Governor, "requires some explanation. Mr. yet this is what you designate as forcing "the Marcy then proceeded, in his happy manner, people of Kausas to obey laws not their own, nor of the United States," and for doing which, become interested in the recital, to narrate you have denounced me as having violated the story of his days of small things—his ear-

—how, expecting to be cuffed as usual, he had dodged from the anticipated blow—the teacher's surprise—the effect of the control of the contro to illegal violence, and thus renew the scenes heart of the first words of commendation he of civil war and bloodshed, which every pa-had ever received-the stirring of all his good triot had deplored? This would, indeed, purposes, upon hearing for the first time in his have been to violate my oath of office, and to that he was believed to be a "good boy." fix a damning blot on the character of my heart! All moved down in the prime of life, administration

I most cheerfully admit that the necessity for sending a military force to Kansas, to aid list. Coffee and women were his rain. He in the execution of the civil law, reflects no died away from his friends, away from his credit upon the character of our country. But let the blame fall upon the heads of the guilty.

A portion of the people of Kansas, unwilling to trust to the ballot box-the certain American remedy for the address of all griev-The undersigned, citizens of the United ances-undertook to create an independent States and electors of the State of Connecti- Government for themselves. Had this atcut, respectfully offer to your Excellency this tempt proved successful, it would, of course, their memorial. The fundamental principal have subverted the existing Government, preof the Constitution of the United States and scribed and recognized by Congress, and subof our political institutions is that, the people stituted a revolutionary government in its shall make their own laws, and elect their stead. This was usurpation of the same charto be allowed to stay all night. The next own rulers. We see with grief, if not with acter as it would be for a portion of the peoastonishment, that Gov. Walker of Kansas ple of Connecticut to undertake to establish openly represents and proclaims that the a separate government within its own limits both taken very sick with vomiting. I resident of the United States is employing, for the purpose of redressing any grievance, requested their guest to go for a phy through him, an army, one purpose of which is to force the people of Kansas to obey laws not their own nor of the United States, but laws which it is notorious and established

therefore, by the foregoing, your Excellency is held up and proclaimed, to the great dein general terms, requiring the presence of a thus saved the lives of the old people. military force in Kansas. The Congress of ting, in its most essential particular, the sol- the United States has most wisely declared it emp oath which the President has taken to to be the true interest and meaning of this support the constitution of this Union. We act-the act organizing the territory-not to one of the most intelligent and enterprising call attention further to the fact that your legislate slavery into any territory or State, Excellency is in like manner held up to this nation, to all mankind, and to all posterity. people thereof perfectly free to form and regin the attitude of "levying war against a plate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States. As a natural consequence, Congress has

also prescribed by the same act, that when the Territory of Kansas shall be admitted as a State, it shall be received into this Union with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission. Slavery existed at that period, and still exists in Kansas, under the Constitution of the United States. This point has at last been finally decided by the highest tribunal known to our laws. How it could ever have been seriously doubted is a mystery. If a confederation of Sovereign States acquire a new territory at the expense of their common blood and treasure, surely one set of the partners can have no right to exclude the others from its enjoyment by prohibiting them from taking into it whatsoever is recognized to be property by the common constitution. But when the people, the bona fide residents of such territory, proceed to form a State Con-stitution, then it is their right to decide the

they will continue to ratify or abolish slavery. To them, and to them alone, does this question belong, free from all foreign interference. In the opinion of the Territorial Legislature of Kansas the time has arrived for entering the Union, and they accordingly passed a law to elect delegates for the purpose of framing a State constitution. This law was fair and just in its provisions.

It conferred the right of suffrage on every

important question for themselves, whether

bena fide inhabitant of the territory, and for the purpose of preventing fraud and the intrusion of citizens of near or distant States, most properly confined the right to those who presented for all qualified resident citizens of the territory, to whatever organization they might have previously belonged, to participate in the election, and to express their opinions at the ballot-box on the question of slavery. But numbers of lawless men still continued to resist the regular territorial governor to vote, and members of the Convention were elected legally and properly without their intervention. The Convention will soon

except to resist actual aggression or in the execution of the law; and this, not until the

I thank you for the assurance that you will ceed in attaining its object, would ruin the slave as well as the master. This would be

worth genuine philanthropy. Every day of my life I feel how inadequate I am to perform the duties of my high station without continuing in the support of the Di-vine Providence. Yet placing my trust in Him, and in Him alone, I entertain a good

RUISED YOUNG MEN.—[From a Paris Let-ter.] Call the roll of the "young men of 1830," and ask where they are! De Balzac is dead-coffee killed him. Frederick Soulie is dead, the victim of coffee and licentiousness. Eogene Briffant died a madman in the Charenton Lunatic Asylum. Grandville went mad, and breathed his last in a private insane house. Lasally died at the Charenton mad house, a raving lunatic. Lowe Weimars died from opium eating and licentiousness. Rabbe, after suffering agony from a loathsome dis-ease, took poison to end his prolonged torture. Alfred de Musset died a victim to the bottle and the cigar. Count Alfred d'Orsay was killed by the cigar and licentiousn as. Charles de Bernard died from coffee and licentious ness. Henri Beyle died from coffee and women. Hippalite Royer Collard died from tobacco and coffee. Gerard de Nerval, after oscillation between plenty and want, abstemiousness and licentiousness, went mad and bung himself. All died of softening of the brain or spinal marrow, or swelling of the

in the meridian of their intellect and fame! Eugene Sue's name is added to the fatal with elaborate care, an exile in a foreign land, Who would have predicted such an end to Eagene Sue in 1841, when he was the favorite of Paris, rolling in wealth, courted by every one, a dandy of most aristocratic pretensions Ah! who can read the future?

Atroctors .- A few days since an Irish laborer, who had been employed on the Pan Handle Railroad, called at the house of Mr. David Finley, near Paris, Pa., and requested wife, two old people who resided alone, were requested their guest to go for a physician, which he refused to do, but soon after took On examining the coffee pot, arsenic enough

the Reading Gazette, that Major H. S. Kurr amongst whom was the facetious author. farmers of Berks county, drives his threshing ease and celerity as to surprise and gratify all who have witnessed its operations. farmers in the neighborhood are delighted with it. By it all hands admit horse-power is entirely thrown into the shade. Major Kupp will confer a lasting benefit upon the farming community in which he lives, by his liberality and foresight-A half dozen farmers might unite in purchasing a steam-power like this-its cost probably not being over \$400. With care it would last for twenty years with out much repairing.

Bishop Otey, of Tennesseee, is not opposed o the cultivation of innocent amusement. His pleasant disposition is illustrated by the following remark of his :- "Thirty years ago I came to Tennesse with my wife, my fiddle, and a horse and sulky. My horse and sulky are long since gone, but my wife and fiddle remain as good as new."

The edition of the London Times each morning makes a pile fifty feet high. Every four days it would make a column as high as the London Monument. The entire force employed in the printing department is three hundred including reporters and proof readers. We learn says the New-York Mirror, that

the handsome daughter of a late respected Prelate in the Episcopal Church, has eloped with an actor recently connected with Laura Keen's Theatre-a very fine-looking but, we fear, an unprincipled man. The parties are FREE NEGROES PUBCHASED BY A SLAVE .- A few days ago several free negroes were put

np at auction in Norfolk county and sold to labor for a term sufficient to liquidate their taxes. Singular to relate four of them were had resided therein three months previous to purchased by a slave in Portsmouth, who felt the election. Here was a fuir opportunity quite proud of the distinction and made quite proud of the distinction and made known his determination to get the full value of his money out of them, or know the reason why .- Norfolk Herald Aug. 28. LARGE YIELD .- Our townsman, Mr. HENRY MILLER, has raised 162 full grown potatoes,

weighing 224 pounds and measuring one-half

bushel, from a single pinkeye potato, on a lot

of Geo. A, Frick, Esq., just below Dauville, on the Northumberland road. The seed potato was cut into sixteen pieces, each of which had an eye, and was planted in a bill a ways wants mending.

THE MAIDEN'S PRAYER.

BY JOUN O. WHITRIER.

She rose from her delicious sleep, And put away her soft brown half.

As in a tone as low and deep,

As love's first whisper, breathed a prayer;

Her snow white hands together pressed,

Her blue eye sheltered in the lid,

The folded linen on her breast, Just swelling with the charms it bid; And from her long and flowing dress Escaped a bare and snowy foot, Whose step upon the earth did press Like a snow-flake white and mute; And then from slumbers soft and warm, Like a young spirit, fresh from beaven, She bowed that slight and matchless form,

And humbly prayed to be forgiven. Oh God! if souls unsoiled as these Need daily mercy from thy throne; If she upon her bended knees, Our holiest and purest one;

She with a face so pure and bright, We deem her some pure child of light; If she with those soft eyes in tears, Day after day in her young years Must kneel and pray for grace with Thee, What far, far deeper need have we?

How hardly if she win not beaven.

Will our wild error be forgiven?

# Recipes.

RHUBARB DUMPLINGS .- Take a quantity of flour, with salt sufficient to season; pour beil ing water into it, and stir it until it is a smooth dough; have ready a scalded cloth, lay it upon a paste-board, and spread plenty of flour upon it so as to prevent the dough from sticking; turn the dough on it and flatten it out with floured (clean) hands into a round cake, fill it up with cut rhubarb, gather up the cloth tightly, and serve them same us the roll. This paste is far more digestible than that made with shortening, and quite as good, provided all the flour used gets the benefit of the scalding water. All boiled puddings should be plunged for a moment into cold water before the clath is taken off, in order that it may be removed without stick-

CLEANSING SILK .- The following is said to be a certain process for cleaning silk : Pare and slice thin three washed Irish potatoes; pour on them a half pint of boiling water, and add an equal quantity of pure alcohol.— Sponge the silk on the right side, and when half dry iron on the wrong side. The lightest colored silk may be cleansed and brightened by this process, also cloth, velvet or crape.

HEALING OINTMENT .- Take a quarter of an ounce of white wax and half an ounce of sper-maceti and put them in a small basin by the side of the fire, till the wax and spermaceti are dissolved. When cold, the cintment is ready for use. This an article which it is much better to make than to purchase. When family, away from the home he had adorned you make it yourself you know that it has no irritating or inferior material in it.

# Humorous.

New TITLES .- One of Henry Fox's jokes was that played off on a lady who had a great fondness for making the acquaintance of foreigners. He first forged a letter of recommendation to her in favor of a German pobleman, the Baron von Seidlitz Powdertz, whose card was left at her door, and for whom a dinner was immediately planned by Mrs \_\_\_\_\_, and an invitation sent in form. After waiting a considerable time, no Baron appearing, the dinner was served; but during the second course, a note was brought to the lady of the house, with excuses from the Baron, who was unexpectedly prevented from coming by the sudden death of his aunt, the Duchess von Epsom Saltz, which she read out to the company without any suspicion of the joke, and to the entertainment of her guests,

A Western New York farmer writes as follows to a distinguished scientific agricul-turist to whom he felt under obligations for introducing a variety of swine :
"Respected sir :-- 1 went yesterday to the Fair at M —; I found several pigs of your species; there was a great variety of beasts and I was surprised at not seeing you there."

Widow Grizzle's husband lately died of cholera. In the midst of the most acute bod ily pain after the hand of death had touched him and while writhing in agony his gentle wife said to him, "Well Mr. Grizzle, you needn't kick around so and wear all the sheets out, if you are diving,"

"I Say, Sambo, does you know what mal the corn grow so fast when you put de a nure on it ?" "No. 1 don't know, 'cept it is de ground stronger for de corn." jist tell you; when do corn begins to smell manure, he don't like de 'famery, so be h ries out of de ground, so he can breathe o fresh air."

There is one gentleman in Philadely whose annual income is over seven hund thonsand dollars. What a trouble it m be to him to spend it!

A clergyman was consuring a young lad-for tight lacing. "Why." replied miss. "y would not surely recommend loose habits to your | arishioners

"Boy," said an ill-tempered old fellow to p noisy lad, "what are you hollerin' for when I am going by?" "Humph," replied the boy "what are you going by for an I am hollerin'?" A great change in life is like a cold bath

winter-we all hestitate at the first dunge. There are few tokens so truthful of a happy home as a display of fragrant flowers in

Felons generally appear at the end of the ingers; but sometimes at the extremity of

AGAINST TORACCO .- A Berlin corresponlent of the Stettin Gazette asserts that the Prussian clergy have privately been reques-ted by the higher authorities to abstain from smoking in public.

Every wooden leg that takes the place of a A character, like a kettle, once mended, leg lost in battle is a stump speech against