RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY MET, That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

Section 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

Section 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts shall be applied to no other purpose whatever.

Section 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

Section 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

Section 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder in any company, association, or corporation.

Section 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Section 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section seven, same article strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"Section 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof, except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal table population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight-hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

SECTION 26.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth, in such manner, however that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7. On the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8. On the third amendment, yeas 21, nays 4. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12. On the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34. On the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 22, and on fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

Extract from the Journal.

JACOB ZIEGLER, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed May 2, 1857. } A. G CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 27, 1857.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Fleming, Fraizer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shumm, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Speaker—21

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Cresswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Strother—7

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Fleming, Fraizer, Ingram, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shumm, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—23

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Scofield—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Crabb, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fleming, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Seller, Shumm, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24,

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fleming, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shumm, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 29, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Faunold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks) Imbrie, Innis, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Morehead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, *Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Powvall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Walter, Wastbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—97.

NAYS—Messrs. Aurthur, Augustine, Backus, Benson, Bishop, Brown, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Eyster, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hill, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Jacobs, Kerr, Lebo, M'Calmont, Mumma, Reed, Smith, [Cambria,] Smith [Centre,] Stevenson, Strathers, Thorn, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Wagoneller, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and Wright—34.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Faunold, Foster, Gibboney, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman (Berks) Hoffman (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Powvall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Wagoneller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty, Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenkins, Knight, Leisenring, M'Ilvain, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Roberts, Strathers, Thorn, Walter, Warner, Wharton and Wintrode—23.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Faunold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks) Hoffman, (Lebanon) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Powvall, Purcell, Ramsey, [Philadelphia,] Ramsey, (York) Reamer, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Tolan, Vail, Voeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—57.

NAYS—Messrs. Aurthur, Augustine, Backus, Benson, Bishop, Brown, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Eyster, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hill, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Jacobs, Kerr, Lebo, M'Calmont, Mumma, Reed, Smith, [Cambria,] Smith [Centre,] Stevenson, Strathers, Thorn, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Wagoneller, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and Wright—34.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Faunold, Foster, Gibboney, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman (Berks) Hoffman (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Powvall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Wagoneller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty, Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenkins, Knight, Leisenring, M'Ilvain, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Roberts, Strathers, Thorn, Walter, Warner, Wharton and Wintrode—23.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Clewer, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Faunold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks) Hoffman, (Lebanon) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Powvall, Purcell, Ramsey, [Philadelphia,] Ramsey, (York) Reamer, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagoneller, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz Speaker.—83

NAYS—Messrs Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Strathers, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright.—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857.

Witness my hand and seal of said office, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

July 4, 1857.

ISAAC M. WILKERSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

Of the most Fashionable Style.

Sofas, Divans and Lounges

Bureaus, Secretaries, Sideboards,

SOFA, BREAKFAST AND DINING TABLES

and also VENETIAN BLINDS, equal to Philadelphia manufacture.

BEDSTEADS, of every pattern and price

CUPBOARDS, WORK AND CANDLE-STANDS, TOILET TABLES AND EXTENSION TABLES,

In short, every article in this line of his business.

THE subscriber respectfully calls the attention of the public to his large and splendid assortment of every quality and price of

CABINET-WARE

which cannot fail to recommend itself to every one who will examine it, on account of its durable workmanship and splendid finish, made up of the best stock to be had in the city. No effort is spared in the manufacture of his ware, and the subscriber is determined to keep up with the many improvements which are constantly being made.

He also manufacture all kinds and qualitie of

CHAIRS,

ncluding varieties never before to be had in Sunbury, such as MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT AND CURLED MAPLE GRECIAN; AND WINDSOR CHAIRS, and FANCY PIANO STOOLS, which are of the latest styles, and warranted to be excelled by none manufactured in the Cities or elsewhere.

The subscriber is determined that there shall be no excuse for persons to purchase furniture in the cities, as every confidence can be entertained about the quality and finish of his ware and Chairs.

These articles will be disposed of on as good terms as they can be purchased elsewhere. Country Produce taken in payment for work.

☞ UNDERTAKING.—Having provided a handsome HEARSE, he is now prepared for Undertaking, and attending funerals, in this vicinity, or at any convenient distance from this place.

☞ The Ware Room is in Fawn Street, below Weaver's Hotel.

ISAAC M. WILKERSON.

Sunbury, April 18, 1857.—tf.

NEW CONFECTIONARY. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

M. C. GEARHART,

HAS just received a new and excellent assortment of goods at his Confectionary and Fruit Store in MARKET STREET, Sunbury, where he manufactures and keeps on hand, at all times, the most choice Confectionary, &c., Wholesale and Retail, at Philadelphia prices.

Among his stock of Confectionaries, may be found:

French Secrets,	Gum Drops, all kinds of scent,
Burned Almonds,	Love Drops,
Cream White,	Mint Drops, red and white,
" Lemon	Jelly Cakes,
" Rose,	Fruit Drops,
" Vanilla,	Stick Candies, of all scents
Common Secrets.	Rock Candy,
Liquorice,	Almond Candy,

FRUIT.

Bananas,	Prunes,	
Dates,	Figs,	
Currants dried,	Citrons,	
Almonds,	Raisons,	Nuts of all kinds.

LEMON SYRUP

of a superior quality, by the single or dozen. A superior quality of Segars and Tobacco, and a variety of Confectionaries, fruit, &c, all of which is offered cheap at wholesale or retail.

ICE CREAM.

He has also opened an Ice Cream Saloon, and will at all times be ready to serve his customers with Ice Cream.

Sunbury, May 24, 1856.—1y

SPLENDID OFFERS FOR 1856 AND 1857 TOGETHER.

UNLIKE the more ephemeral Magazines of the day, these *Periodicals* lose little by age. Hence a full year of the Nos. with no omissions, for 1856, may be regarded nearly as valuable as for 1857. We propose to furnish the two years at the following Extremely low Rates, viz:

For Blackwood's Magazine,	4 50
For any one Review,	4 00
For any two Reviews;	6 00
For Blackwood and one *Review*,	7 00
For Blackwood and the two Reviews,	9 00
For three Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	12 00
For the four Reviews,	11 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	14 00

To avoid fractions, $5 may be remitted for Blackwood, for which we will forward that work for both years, post paid.

N. B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is about $31 per annum.

As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducements as those here presented.

Now is the time to Subscribe!!

N. B.—Remittances must, in all cases, be made direct to the Publishers, for at these prices no commission can be allowed to Agents.

A Address, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54 Gold-street, New York.

April 4. 1857.—tf

ALMONDS, RAISONS, FIGS, LEMONS, &c., &c., just received a fresh supply and for sale at the Confectionary store of

M. C. GEARHART.

Sunbury, May 16, 1857.—

COUNTY ORDERS.—County orders taken as cash for goods, and on note or book account by E. Y. BRIGHT & SON.

Nov. 29, 1856.

BROWN'S and Breinig's Essence of Ginger and Husband's Magnesia at

March 14, '57. FISHER'S.

SALAMANDER FIRE AND

THIEF-PROOF SAFES.

The largest assortment in the United States. Warranted to be equal to any now made, and will be sold on as Good Terms, as can be obtained from any other house in the Country, at

EVANS & WATSON'S

26 South 4th Street, Philadelphia.

Truth is Mighty, and Must Prevail.

Report of the Committee appointed to superintend the Burning of the Iron Safes, at Reading, February 27, 1857.

READING, March 4.

The undersigned, members of the committee, do respectfully report, that we saw the two Safes originally agreed upon by Farrels & Herring and Evans & Watson, placed side by side in a furnace, viz: The Safe inuse by the Paymaster of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, in his office at Reading, manufactured by Farrels & Herring, and the Safe in use by H. A. Lantz, in his store, manufactured by Evans & Watson, and put in books and papers precisely alike.

The fire was started at 8½ o'clock, A. M., and kept up until four cords of green hickory, two cords dry oak and half chestnut top wood were entirely consumed, the whole under the superintendence of the subscribers, members of the Committee. The Safes were then cooled off with water, after which they were opened, and the books and papers taken out by the Committee and sent to H. A. Lantz's store for public examined and marked by the Committee. The books and papers taken from the Safe manufactured by Farrels & Herring were in our judgment, damaged fully fifteen per cent. more than those taken from Evans & Watson's Safe.

We believe the above to have been a fair and impartial trial of the respective qualities of both Safes.

JACOB H. DYSHER,
DANIEL S. HUNTER.

Having been absent during the burning, we fully coincide with the above statement of the condition of the papers and books taken out of the respective Safes.

G. A. NICOLLS,
H. H. MUHLENBERG,
JAMES MILHOLLAND.

March 21, 1857.—

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

Fresh Arrival of

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

THE undersigned having taken the store formerly kept by William A. Bruner, is now ready to fill orders and prescriptions at a moments notice. He has a large and well selected stock of fresh and pure

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

Dye-stuffs, Oil, Paints, Glass, Putty, and all kinds of Patent Medicines.

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONARY

Tobacco and Imported Segars of the choicest brands. Fancy Notions' toilet articles, and Perfumery of all kinds. Tooth and Hair Brushes of every variety.

Camphine and Fluid always on hand.

Customers will find his stock complete, comprising many articles it is impossible here to enumerate, and all sold at moderate prices.

Remember the place, next door to E. Y. Bright's Mammoth Store.

A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, March 14, 1857.

THE DAUPHIN & SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD.

CONNECTS the Reading Railroad at Auburn, on the Schuylkill, (10 miles below Pottsville,) with the Northern Central Railroad, at Dauphin, on the Susquehanna, and with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Rockville, (5 miles above Harrisburg,) and runs ONE passenger train in winter, and TWO passenger trains in summer through between Auburn and Harrisburg, each way, daily, (Sundays excepted,) on times arranged to connect properly with these roads; with the Cumberland Valley and Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroads, at Harrisburg, and with the Cattawissa Railroad, and its northern connections at Port Clinton.

ELLWOOD MORRIS, Eng. & Supt.

March 7, 1857.—6m.pd.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE

—AND—

The British Quarterly Reviews.

Great inducements to Subscribe!

COST REDUCED 50 TO 75 PER CENT.

L. SCOTT & CO., New York, continue to publish the following leading British Periodical, viz:

1
THE LONDON QUARTERLY, Conservative.

2
THE EDINBURG REVIEW, Whig.

3
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, Free Church.

4
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, Liberal.

5
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURG MAGAZINE, Tory

These Periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality and Religion, they stand as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensible to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.—The receipt of Advance Sheets from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, in as much as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS. (Regular Prices.)

	Per annum.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3.00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5.00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7.00
For all four of the Reviews,	8.00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3.00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews.	10.00

Payments to be made in all cases in advance. Money current in the State where issued, will be received at par

POSTAGE.—The Postage to any part of the United States will be but TWENTY-FOUR CENTS a year for "Blackwood," and but FOURTEEN CENTS a year for each of the Reviews.

At the above prices the Periodicals will be furnished for 1857.

SPLENDID OFFERS FOR 1856 AND 1857!

Unlike the more ephemeral Magazines of the day, these Periodicals lose little by age. Hence a full year of the Nos. (with no ommissions) for 1856, may be regard nearly as valuable as for 1857. We propose to furnish the two years at the following extremely low rates, viz:—

For Blackwood's Magazine,	$4.50
For any one Review,	4.00
For any two Review,	6.00
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	9.00
For three Reviews,	8.00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	12.00
For the four Reviews,	11.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	14.00

*To avoid fractions, $5 may be remitted for Blackwood for which we will forward that work for both years, post-paid

N B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is about $31 per annum.

As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducements as those here presented.

Now is the Time to Subscribe!

☞ Remittances must, in all cases, be made direct to the Publishers, for at these prices no commission can be allowed to Agents.

Address, LEONARD SCOTT & CO. No. 54 Gold Street New York.

April 25, 1857.—

C. BENKERT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT STORE,

40 South Fourth St, above Chesnut, Phil'a.

BOOTS, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., promptly made to order in the very best style, and of the best material.

Philadelphia, May 9, 1857.—

Saddle and Harness Maker.

HENRY HAUPT, JR.

Successor to A. J. Stroh,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Sunbury and the public generally, that he has taken the establishment lately occupied A. J Stroh and is prepared to turn out work in is line of business equal to any made in this, section of the country. Orders promptly executed and all kinds of produce taken in Exchange

Sunbury, May 9, 1857.—1y

FOR SALE.

A Good second-hand Buggy. Apply at this office.

NEW ARRIVAL OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

Ira T. Clement

NO. 1, CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE,

SUNBURY, PA.,

HAS just received a large supply of Fall and Winter Goods.

He will continue to sell Dry Goods and Groceries CHEAPER than ever, as his goods are bought cheap they will be sold cheap.

He feels confident with his experience and ability, that he can compete with the

World at large and Sunbury in particular.

He would enumerate articles if time and space would permit.

It is enough to say that he has everything in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

A large Stock of Ready-Made

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, &c., &c.,

that is kept in any other store in town, and

His banner is on the breeze.
And long may it wave
O'er land of the free,
And the home of the brave
While her Stars and her Stripes
Shine out like the Sun,
Telling all nations
That Freedom's begun.

This is a free country as was proved by the election of Buchanan over the Wooly Horse, therefore it is free for all to do their trading where they can BUY he CHEAPEST. All are invited to call and see.

THE COUNTRY,

as well as the town are respectfully invited, and every person, rich or poor, high or low, bond or free are invited to call at No. 1 Markket Square, opposite the Court House.

P. S.—He is not to be undersold by any man or combination of men. No charge for showing goods.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

Sunbury, Dec. 20, 1856.

Leather! Leather! Leather!

HENRY W. OVERMAN,

IMPORTER of French Calf Skins and general Leather dealer, No. 6 South Third street, Philadelphia.

A general assortment of all kinds of Leather Morocos, &c., &c.

Red and Oak Sole Leather.

February 28, 1858.—1y w

Fishing Tackle.—Red Cork, Grass, Cotton and Linen Lines, Out Lines, Sea Grass by the yard, Snoods, Flies, Kirby, Limerick and Carlisle Hooks, Rods, &c., for sale by

March 41, '57. A. W. FISHER.

DENTISTRY-GEORGE RENN,

ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he has opened an office in Sunbury, above H. J. Wolverton's office opposite C. Weaver's Hotel, where he is prepared to attend to all kinds of work belonging to the profession, in the latest and most improved style. All work well done and warranted.

December 13, 1856.—

R. DECOU & CO.

Clothiers,

No. 141 CHESTNUT ST., ABOVE FOURTH, PHILADELPHIA,

Keep constantly on hand a splendid affortment of

Ready-made Clothing.

GOODS MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Nov. 29, 1856.—y

Wall Paper & Window Shades.

J. L. ISAACS & BROTHER,

No. 133 North Second Street, below Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

HAVING completed their large assortment of the above Goods for Spring and Summer Trade; would respectfully invite the attention of Purchasers to the same. Their stock for beauty, cheapness and variety cannot be surpassed.

They have constantly on hand every description of Gold and Painted Shades, Buff Hollands, and Shade Fixtures. Wall Papers, Curtains, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which they offer at lower rates than can be had at any other establishment. Call and examine.

J. L. ISAACS & BRO.

133 North Second Street, below Race.

March 7, 1857.—6m w

Citrate of Magnesia

OR

TASTELESS SALTS.

THIS preparation is recommended as an excellent laxative and purgative. It operates mildly, is entirely free from any unpleasant taste resembling lemonade in flavor, prepared and sold by A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, March 14, 1856.

ALEXANDER HERR

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in SALT.

38 South Wharves, Philadelphia.

ASHTON Fine, Liverpool Ground, Turks Island and Dairy Salt, constantly on hand and for rale in lots to suit the trade.

April 4, 1857.—6m

HOVER'S LIQUID HAIR DYE.

This hair dye needs only a trial to satisfy all of its perfection as a Dye, add the following testimonial from that eminent Analytic Chemist, Professor Booth, of the U. S. Mint, will only confirm what thousands have previously borne testimony to

"LABORATORY FOR PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY, St. Stephen's Place, PHILADELPHIA, February 17th, 1857.

"Being well acquainted with the substances composing HOOVER'S LIQUID HAIR DYE, I am satisfied that by following the simple directions given for its use, it will not injure the Hair or Skin, but will give a natural and durable color to the Hair.

JAMES C. BOOTH, Analytic Chemist."

HOOVER'S WRITING INKS, including Hoover's Fluid, and Hoover's Indelible Inks, are too well known and introduced to require any additional testimony of their character. The sales have been increasing since their first introduction, giving evidence that the articles truly possess that intrinsic merit claimed at first for them by the Manufacturer.

Orders, addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street above FOURTH, (old No. 144,) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH F. HOOVER, Manufacturer

Philadelphia, April 25, 1857.—1y

PORT and MADEIRA WINES, Schiedam Schnapps, Wild Cherry brandy, Blackberry and Lavender brandies for medicinal purposes at

March 14, '57. A. W. FISHER.

New Drugs, Paints, &c.

A NEW supply of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Fluid, &c., just received and for sale by

A. W. FISHER.

Sunbury, May 2, 1857.—

FURNITURE POLISH.

S. RAE'S Premium Patent Enamel Furniture Polish.—This polish is highly valuable for restoring the polish on all kinds of Furniture, Glass, Carriage Bodies, Hair Cloth, &c. Also, for removing spots, hiding scratches, &c., &c. Warranted to dry immediately and retain its gloss.—Price 50 cts. per bottle. Sold by

A. W. FISHER.

March 14, 1857.

A SHANTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his SHANTY, Cook-Stove, &c., on the Rail-Road below Trevorton Bridge. Apply soon to

H. B. MASSER.

Sunbury, April 25, 1857.

Tobacco and Segars.—20,000 Imported Segars of various brands. Eldorado, Fig, Cavendish and fine cut tobacco at

A. W. FISHER'S.

Sunbury, March 14, 1857.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

BRIMFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the consultant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of UTICA, N. Y., writes: "I have used your PECTORAL myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, MISS., Feb. 7, 1856.

BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your PECTORAL is the best remedy we possess for the cure of *Whooping Cough, Croup*, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTERRY, IA., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your PECTORAL by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one-half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, PA., Feb. 4, 1856.

SIR: YOUR CHERRY PECTORAL is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M.D., ALMON, MONROE CO., IOWA, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your CHERRY PECTORAL for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the CHERRY PECTORAL affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, March 5, 1856.

DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your CHERRY PECTORAL has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill, for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

YOURS with gratitude and regard,

ORLANDO SHILLBY, of SHILLBYVILLE.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass